civilian, was interviewed on 12 February

2 2004, as follows:]

- 3 Q Has anybody informed you as to the nature of your
- 4 presence here with us this morning?
- 5 A No
- 6 Q I'm amazed. Okay, so you were basically told to just
- 7 show up?
- 8 A It's the extension of a 15-6 and I'm not Army, so I'm
- 9 not familiar with the extent of what a 15-6 is.
- 10 Q That's fair. Let me go ahead then and inform you of the nature of this interview. I'm Major General Taguba, the
- 12 Deputy Commanding General of the Coalition Land Forces Component
- 13 Command, readquartered at Camp Doha, Kuwait. My Commanding
- 14 General, Lieutenant General David McKiernan, appointed me as the
- 15 investigating officer under the provisions of Army Regulation
- 16 15-6, which gives us the authority to conduct the investigation,
- 17 and also the direction of General John Abizaid, the Commander of
- 18 CENTCOM, Central Command This investigation is to gather all
- 19 relevant facts and circumstances surrounding the recent
- 20 allegations of maltreatment of detainees at the Abu Ghurayb,
- 21 also known as the Baghdad Central Confinement Facility, as well
- 22 as detainee escapes and accountability lapses as reported to
- _3 CJTF-7 Now, we were also directed to investigate the training

- 1 standards, employment, command policies and internal policies
- 2 concerning the detainees held at Abu Ghurayb Prison. And we're
- 3 also to assess the command climate and the supervisory presence
- 4 of the 800th Military Police Brigade Chain of command.
- I also want to advise you that the course of our
- 6 Interview will be recorded so we can capture the accuracy of the
- 7 questions and the responses for the record. So, do you have any
- 8 questions before we continue?
- 9 A [Negative response.]
- 10 Q Sir, for the record, would you please state your full
- name, your social security number, your job position and of
- 12 course your unit of assignment.
- 13 A Sure My name is
- 14 I am I am I was a second of the second of
- 15 as well an interrogator, who is employed by CJTF-7, to support
- 16 operations, KMI operations throughout theater, specifically, Abu
- 17 Ghurayo
- 18 Q Thank you When were you assigned to conduct your
- 19 present duty assignment?
- 20 A I arrived in country, in Iraq, on 5 October 2003, and
- 21 on 5 October, we arrived at the prison, as well

- 1 Q Prior to that, were you informed of the--I would
- 2 assume, back in the United States, as to the nature of your duty
- 3 assignment?
- 4 A. To the extent of....
- 5 Q What you were going to be----
- 6 A Yes, I was informed that I was going to be an
- 7 interrogator, possibly at Abu Ghurayb or other facilities in
- 8 country
- 9 Q What was your jor position back in the United States
- 10 prior to being informed that you were coming to Iraq?
 - 1 A For 6 months, I was off, roughly 6 months, prior to
- 12 that, I was off And prior to that, I was mobilized from
- 13 November 01 until March of '03
- 14 © Doing what?
- 15 A I'm a Navy intelligence specialist. I was working
- 16 with DIA, Defense Attache System
- 17 Q But you're no longer associated with the Navy, or are
- 18 you still on----
- 19 A I'm on Inactive Ready Reserve status, so I could come
- 20 out here on this deployment
- 2! Q Was your background pretty much on Navy intelligence,
- 22 HUMINT?

- 1 A My last, basically 2 years, have been involved on the
- 2 HUMINT side. And prior to that, between intel analyst, as well
- 3 as imagery.
- 4 O Now, did you have a previous assignment that's
- 5 coincidental, even relative to what you're conducting today,
- 6 like a GTMO or Bagram or aryplace else?
- 7 A You mean interrogation assignment?
- 8 O Yes.
- 9 A In a military setting, no, but my commercial training,
- 10 If that's what you're alluding to, has come from what I've done,
- ' International Recruitment, similar training from my DIA
- 12 counterpart, I was a case officer, running sources, do business
- 13 development is the same thing as dividing and gathering your
- 14 networks, interviewing your possible staff that you might hire
- 15 or hire for other companies. It's the same hiring and
- 16 questioning process that you would through, an interrogation,
- 17 questioning or screening series
- 18 Q Training, that sort of thing?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q Did you have any experience whatsoever being directly
- 21 involved with interrogation of a detainee?
- 22 A When I was operational, or provided operations and
- 23 supervision support out of the USDA [inaudible].

- 1 Q So you're out here on the 5th of October, on or about,
- 2 there about, and you were directly assigned to the Abu Ghurayb
- 3 confinement facility.
- 4 A Yes
- 5 Q Who was your supervisor at that time, if you recall?
- 6 A Within the JDIC Ice operations?
- 7 Q Sure
- 8 A The...who was the NCOIC.. I can't recall the NCOIC's
- 9 name They were part of the--when we were arriving, there was a
- 10 turnover there. So he was only there for about a week. From
- that point, Chief was the secondary OIC, and
- 12 then Captain Carolyn was the OIC
- 13 Q Now, the JDIC did not exist at that time, or did it
- 14 exist when you arrived?
- 15 A From my understanding, it did exist.
- 16 Q All right, to your understanding. Did you receive any
- 17 in-briefs or set of instructions on the operating environment
- 18 and what the nature of the, specific nature of your duties would
- 19 be?
- 20 A Yes, sir
- 21 Q Who gave you that instruction?
- 22 A Captain

- Captain did' Did that set of instructions
- 2 include any familiarity at all or refresher training on the
- 3 Geneva Convention?
- 4 A No.
- 5 Q No? Did you, since you were in that particular set of
- 6 experiences previously as a Naval officer in the Reserves, in
- 7 the context of other training that you conducted prior to your
- 8 assignment here, did you have any knowledge whatsoever or
- 9 training, interaction with detainees or through interrogative
- 10 means or detention include some knowledge or familiarity with
- the Geneva Convention?
- 12 A Yes, I have In fact, I read up on that on my own, as
- 13 well as provided the -- recently, I've used them again to refresh
- 14 and provide guidance for a friend of mine.
- 15 Q But when you arrived here, there was nothing...
- 16 A There was nothing formal in place pertaining to the
- 17 Geneva Convention, that's correct
- 18 Q But you were informed or at least had knowledge of the
- 19 contents of the provisions of .
- 20 A Yeah.
- 21 Q Did you have any assumption at all or any knowledge
- 22 that you, being a civilian contractor, also could be held liable

- for any violations that might be consistent with the Geneva
- 2 Conventior?
- 3 A. Absolutely. That was one of the first questions prior
- 4 to my arrival And once I did arrive in country within our
- 5 organization, as well as within the military setting what
- 6 statutes the civilians fall under versus mulitary members, which
- 7 are purishable by the UCMJ. Civilians are punishable, from my
- 8 understanding, under the Federal court system.
- 9 Q Did you inquire as to what your status would be while
- 10 you're in a combat operating area, that your status, if you were
- ' ever captured by anti-coalition forces, did you inquire into the
- 12 rature of what your status will be if you were captured or
- 13 detained?
- 14 A From my understanding, since we are contracted, I just
- 15 assumed, because or my CAC card, it says we're covered under the
- 16 Geneva Conventions
- 17 Q But nothing beyond that.
- 18 A No.
- 19 © So in a case where you may be held or detained or
- 20 killed or wounded in a combat area, it was never stipulated to
- 21 you in any clear terms?
- 22 A No, not at all.

- Q Okay, all right. Let me move forward You've beer
- 2 there since the 5th of October.
- 3 A. Yes
- 4 Q And conducting interrogations or whatever you're being
- 5 directed to do, I'm not asking you--let me preface this, not
- 6 asking you the contents of any interrogation, but could you
- 7 elaborate a little bit on the typical operation of an
- 8 interrogation? I mean, when do you--is there a plan of sorts
- 9 that you discuss previously with a translator? Is there a plan
- 10 of sorts that you discuss with anybody from the MPs that are
- ' holding the detainee, time, that sort of thing?
- 12 A All the interrogators are assigned to teams, Alpha
- 13 through Charlie, through Echo We're giver--we'll just start
- 14 with a new case file
- 15 Q Sure
- 16 A Find the assessment, let's see where the detained has
- 17 derived from, what the circumstances of capture are. As the
- 18 interrogator, you sit down with your analyst. You go through,
- 19 find out as much information about the detainee as possible, the
- 20 capturing unit, check with the magistrate's office, review what
- 21 they have on file, collect whatever you need from to put in your
- 22 file to build up the foundation At that point in time, you
- 23 schedule with your section chief as to the time of

- I interrogation. In most of the cases I work in, I usually have
- 2 an analyst there with me, so I brief the analyst prior to going
- 3 into the interrogation. To what depth and what extent, that
- 4 will vary with what the interpreter will receive. And also,
- 5 It's a matter of comfort and level of trust with the
- 6 interpreter, as well. Some, we use specifically as just--if you
- 7 want an umbilical cord of the interrogator. Others can become
- 8 more in depth who are assigned to more of your high value
- 9 targets who will become more actively involved and read up on
- 10 reports, etceteras
- 1 Q Basically, do you typically work with the same
- 12 interpreter, or do you change around based on the nature of----
- 13 A Recently, I've worked with the same interpreter due to
- 14 the significance of the case and the level of his expertise
- 15 But prior to that, I had used a reasonable amount of the
- 16 interpreters.
- 17 Q. Is there an established or a set schedule, written or
- 18 otherwise, that says, "These are the detainees I want to
- 19 interview today?"
- 20 A Depending on your case load, you work with your
- 21 section chief and you're organizing your schedule throughout the
- 22 time period

- 1 Q Let me be a little bit more specific. The detainees
- 2 that are held at Tier 1 A, they're held there for a specific
- 3 purpose that you're familiar with. In your interaction with the
- 4 MFs that are holding, or at least a company or a unit that is
- 5 holding that particular detainee, when you have a set schedule,
- 6 is that schedule articulated to them verbally or is it
- 7 articulated to them in a written form?
- 8 A It's not articulated to them at all.
- 9 Q Sc how does that happen?
- 10 A Ir terms--you do your prep and planning. Depending on
- the reaction and the information received or not received from
- 12 the previous interrogation is how you'll schedule and time your
- 13 next interrogation. Ir some cases, it could be late at night
- 14 due to the fact that the detainee is less alert and is apt to
- 15 get more information because all they want to do is go back to
- 16 b∈d
- 17 O Sure.
- 18 A Versus a midday one when they're nice and relaxed and
- 19 had a good night's sleep. They're more responsive and are able
- 20 to countermeasure us and etceteras. So, in terms of putting
- 21 those efforts, they're done within the operations section. I'm
- 22 not outside with the MPs

- 1 Q And is that an established or a standard operating
- 2 procedure that's provided and approved by----
- 3 A. That has been the operating procedure that's been
- 4 presented to us upon my arrival and I've assumed to be the norm
- 5 since ther
- 6 Q. And that was briefed to you by whom?
- 7 A It wasn't briefed, that's just what was.
- 8 Q What was, so that was your understanding. Was that in
- 9 a written form or common practice?
- 10 A. Common practice, nothing written.
- 1 Q. Nothing written; so that was basically left to your
- 12 approach or a common approach within----
- 13 A swell as the coordination with your section chief.
- 14 C Sc that was an approved process. So there's no
- 15 guestion in your mind that that was the approved process?
- 16 A For setting a time period for coordinating
- 17 interrogations in isolation--or segregation, as it's referred to
- 18 now⁻
- 19 Q. Sure
- 20 A [Affirmative response.]
- 21 \(\) Was there ever a requirement in the unit or the
- 22 battalion that you belonged to, that you were associated with,
- 23 which is I believe at that time, the 165th MI Battalion.

- A Prior to that, it was the 519th.
- 2 Q Was it the 519th MI Detachment?
- 3 A Right.
- 4 Q Was there a requirement to put ar interrogation plan
- 5 in writing?
- 6 A Yes, you have to have a double-sided interrogation
- 7 plan, what your approach is, whether or not the detainee's
- 8 information has been researched, whether it needs national
- 9 agency check and background check etceteras, exploitation, any
- 10 type of requirements that are outstanding for collection against
- 1 HCRs, things along that nature Then you turn it over and you
- 12 write our ar interrogation plan. The one currently being used
- 13 now is an evolutionist one that was being used previously. So
- 14 it's been an ongoing living document. That's how they've been
- 15 documenting the process
- 16 Q Who approved that plan?
- A Section chief reviews it. Then it goes to either the
- 18 NCOIC or the OIC
- 19 Q What governs that interrogation plan?
- 20 A The rules of engagement
- 21 Q The rules of engagement How long has that rules of
- 22 engagement been published?
- A As far as I know, since the time I've arrived.

- It's been posted? 1
- 2 A Yes
- Do you recall that being briefed to you when you first 0 3
- 4 arrived?
- We were given a -- everybody, from a Khaki perspective, 5 A
- and any people we bring in on board are given the rules of 6
- 7 engagement brief. We have to sign that. Now, we've signed
- multiple variations since we've arrived, but everybody has had 8
- 9 to read them and re-sign them
- 10 Does that interrogation plan look anything--I'm sorry, Ç
- rules of engagement, look something similar to that [while 1
- 12 showing document to Mr
- This is the copy that was posted in the ISO. 13
- 14 Okay It was posted in October when you first С
- 15 arrived?
- 16 No, this was posted--I'm not quite sure when they A
- They've had an 8 1/2 by 11 piece of paper up on a 17 posted it
- bulletin board And then recently, I think it was in December, 18
- 19 I can't remember the actual time, it was early December, end of
- 20 February--November, when you go out through the doorway, there's
- 21 a bunch of pieces of ..
- 22 This particular interrogation rules of engagement was
- 23 posted, I believe, after Colonel Tom Pappas assumed command of

- 1 the Forward Operating Base Abu Ghurayb. And this particular
- 2 interrogation rules of engagement was approved by General
- 3 Sanchez because of differing and inconsistent practices done
- 4 during interrogation. Was that explained to you?
- 5 A No.
- 6 Q So you just took it at face value that this was
- 7 revised due to other things that had occurred. Have you had any
- 8 knowledge of interrogators being disciplined for going beyond
- 9 the bounds of their authority?
- 10 A Just recently.
- 12 A Just seen members, I'm not sure from where--I was told
- 13 right when we arrived, there was an incident in the segregation
- 14 section where a soldier was----
- 15 Q Segregation in the hard site?
- 16 A Yeah, alpha section. It used to be isolation, but now
- 17 the new term is "segregation," the hard site. And they came in
- 18 for their final, I guess, I wasn't sure if it's Article 15 or
- 19 what the procedure was, and people I had seen when I first
- 20 arrived were coming back in and reintroducing. ..
- 21 Q Based on those infractions, do you recall the
- 22 Battalion Commander, Detachment Commander, the Brigade Commander

- 1 gathering all the interrogators and amplifying any kind of
- 2 corrective actions to be taken?
- 3 A You mean right after this----
- 4 Q Right.
- 5 A I mean, nothing strikes the mind. We've had recent
- 6 refreshers on rules of engagement. But citing, "Hey, this, X, Y
- 7 and Z happened. Do not do this. Do not repeat the behaviors,"
- 8 arc lessons learned from it? No
- 9 O So you don't recall any of that. Moving a little
- 10 faster here. You made a statement that was dated the 22d of
- 1 January of the events or the 20th of December. It was you,
- 12 Sergeant Eckron, you also mentioned John Israel in there, of
- 13 remanding or returning a prisoner back to the custody of the
- 14 MFs Ι believε you mentioned Sergeant see and Staff
- 15 Sergeant if I'm not mistaken. Can you describe for us
- 16 the events, what was going on?
- A After conducting our interrogation that evening, which
- 18 at that point in time, common practice was, we were afforded the
- 19 option to interrogate in the upstairs shower facilities or a
- 20 rear stairwell down in the far left corner of the isolation.
- 21 Alpha wing. When we had concluded our interrogation, we had
- 22 handed of the detainee to the MPs who came back to the
- 23 stairwell to receive the detainee. We proceeded forward. The

- 1 MP and the detainee were behind us, handcuffed, restrained,
- 2 walked hiπ back to what we call the hole, which is a complete
- 3 segregation cell, no walls, there's no wires. The MPs placed
- 4 the detairee in the room. As we were getting ready to walk up
- 5 the steps, heard suspicious sounds. They were suspicious. I
- 6 didn't see anything. We heard something suspicious enough that
- 7 we confrorted the MPs
- 8 Q What kind of sounds? Yelling? Choking?
- 9 A Not a yelling, not a choking sound, an "Umph." You
- 10 know, say if--the only way I can equate it to is if you're--and
- ' you're getting in you're getting in a fist fight and somebody
- 12 hits you in the stomach, and "Umph," and they knock the wind out
- 13 of you
- Now, the MPs would not have weapons on them at any
- 15 time, a baton or firearms or anything that you observed?
- 16 A Batons, no, I've never seen an MP with a baton in that
- 17 wing at all. The MPs, it was common practice for an MP to carry
- 18 a weapor They would have weapons in there in their staging
- 19 area
- 20 Q Although firearms are not included [inaudible] SOP on
- 21 allowing firearms in there while they're handling a detainee,
- 22 but there are other items that could be construed as a weapon
- 3 A Yes.

-) Q A knife....
- 2 A. Everybody--my rules are, meaning MI, no knives, no
- 3 Gerbers, rothing.
- 4 O None of that
- 5 A So we are sanitized And that's strictly enforced on
- 6 a regular basis Everybody's checked. I've gotten to the point
- 7 I don't even carry a Gerber anymore because it's not worth the
- 8 problem of taking it on and off throughout the day. So if they
- 9 were wearing one, you actually couldn't see if they were or not.
- 10 At the finish, when we had walked, went upstairs and we signed
- ' the detainee in the log, from that point, when the MPs were
- 12 standing around waiting for them to come back up, we confronted
- 13 them, "What was that all about?" They weren't happy or
- 14 comfortable with the fact that we questioned them on that Once
- 15 that was done, we presented that to them, we went back into the
- 16 operations area. I spoke directly to Chief and
- 17 then we also----
- was your ICE there?
- 19 A Yes, he was the OIC at the time Captain was
- 20 gone She has been redeployed Chief was the OIC for
- 21 the evening, and presented it to him, as well as we went with
- 22 that to Chief who was in operations, and we presented it
- 43 to both of them

- i Q That was a verbal report to them.
- 2 A Yes
- 3 Q. Do you have any knowledge, whatsoever, of the use of
- 4 dogs ir interrogation or in the detainees' cells?
- 5 A. In the detainees—for interrogation purposes?
- 6 Q Right, to intimidate the detainee or other than for
- 7 what the purpose is to search?
- 8 A I know, just the searching aspect, I have not used
- 9 them as part of--using dogs to intimidate----
- 10 Q Not you, per se, but rumors or anything of that sort,
- but the use of military working dogs----
- 12 A The only thing I've been a part of is walking down and
- 13 seeing the dogs doing the searches and in that capacity.
- 14 Q Did you physically observe that, or did you just have
- 15 knowledge of it?
- 16 A Had knowledge of it and one instance where I did
- 17 observe, was in one of my written statements, which I indicated
- 18 when I came down, my detainee was on three sessions of a managed
- 19 program. So given that, he was then under medical supervision,
- 20 trying to determine if the doc was in yet for the psychological
- 21 supervision. It was right around the time when then the
- 22 psychologist came on board. So we had been monitoring all the
- 43 different facets, mental, physical well-being. And he had

- 1 problems with his feet swelling up, so I went down to check or
- 2 him, check his condition. And at that instance is when they
- 3 were doing the cell checks, the detainee was not in his cell.
- 4 The detairee was still in the hole at that point. He was in
- 5 between the sleep management program in which he was put into
- 6 his isolation cell, or I should say, in the hole. And from
- 7 there, the MPs were going to check him, the hole, and that's
- 8 where I seen the dogs. They were barking at him; they went in
- 9 and checked his area The dog continued to bark. And given a
- 10 normal operating environment, seeing--since he was my detainee,
- I did do esk the detainee two or three questions pertaining
- 12 particularly to the operation as to why we were checking the
- 13 detainee And from that point, walked out, the MPs, the dog was
- 14 still working, barking and going through. So I don't know--I've
- 15 never gone through and seer what they do when they search his
- 16 cell and what have not And once that pretty much finished, sit
- 17 around and watch for a little while longer, and then I went up
- 18 to my area
- 19 Q Just for clarification, where in that hole then, the
- 20 detairee was in his cell with the dogs in his cell?
- 2! A The only time that the detainee was in the hole with
- 22 the dod was for about a brief 8 to 10 seconds. The detainee was

- I on the back side of the wall The dog was being held on a short
- 2 leash
- But then, in other words, you assumed or at least were
- 4 informed that a search was being conducted?
- 5 A Yes
- 6 Q Did you know that when they do a search of a
- 7 particular cell or particular area that the detainee is not
- 8 supposed to be in his cell with the dog present?
- 9 A That I did not know
- 10 Q Because that could be construed as using a military
- dog as part of the search, or could be construed as part of the
- 12 interrogation process
- The night there was some shooting incidents in there,
- 14 riots that you may have known about or have direct or indirect
- 15 knowledge about, were you asked to at least participate or react
- 16 to that particular shooting incident that happened on or about
- 17 the 24th of November?
- 18 A I was down there for a brief time, a short time span
- 19 The night of the shooting, I wasn't there for the shooting. I
- 20 was working in the JDIC, the ICE. They called the majority of
- 21 the interrogators down, with "they," meaning the command, that
- 22 was Colonel and Chief They requested a large
- 23 number of interrogators to go down because they just did a

- 1 shakedown of the Iraqi police and they were suspected of
- 2 arresting seven, eight Saddam Fedayeen members, and they were
- 3 doing on-the-spot interrogations in the passageway that leads
- 4 down toward the segregation section.
- 5 Q. There is a gate there that separates the rest of the
- 6 hard site, I believe, with the tier. Was the inspection being
- 7 done there?
- 8 Yes, from that section all the way up to the--you come
- 9 in from the Alpha, Bravo section, that tier, from where that
- 10 gate is up until the Iraqi police, first tier there.
- ' Q So they mobilized all the interrogators. Were you
- 12 inside Ter 12
- 13 A No.
- 14 Q Not at all
- 15 A The only time I went in was, shoot, I don't know if it
- 16 was the next day or that night, because I wanted to see where
- 17 the shocing was
- 18 C Sure
- 19 A That's also a detainee that I had been working on from
- 20 the time in which he was brought in.
- 21 Q The guy who got shot
- 22 A Yes And actually, I was supposed to go in and
- 23 interrogate that night with that person

- 1 Q But somebody else interrogated him
- 2 A No, not from my understanding
- 3 Q Comments were made by MPs that there were two civilian
- 4 interrogators who were inside his cell, that one was a female
- 5 translator, along with a military working dog detachment. Were
- 6 you aware of that?
- 7 A No, I'm not
- 8 Q Were you ever informed that that existed during that
- 9 period of time?
- 10 A [Negative response.]
- ' Were you aware that Colonel was there at the
- 12 time, as well?
- 13 For that interrogation? No
- 14 C Let me go back to locations of interrogations. Where
- 15 are the authorized sites for interrogations normally conducted?
- 16 A As of today?
- 17 Q As of them
- 18 As of then? I believe we had the steel site, which
- 19 was located right outside Camp Vigilant, the wood site, which is
- 20 behird the isolation--segregation section. And then three
- 21 locations within segregation, itself, two showers on the upper
- 22 floors, and then the stairwell in the back corner of the first
- z3 f`oor

- Those sites are outside, those are separate and
- 2 distinct from the cell area, themselves.
- A Well, separate in what way? Separate in they're not--
- 4 --
- 5 O. Separate from the immediate location----
- 6 A Yeah, separate from the cell, itself, yes.
- 7 O Is it common practice or a practice as far as a matter
- 8 of expediency to do any kind of interrogation immediately in
- 9 their ce_]?
- 10 A From my understanding--oh, actually, yeah, that's the
- ' other one It's been common practice to go in and question a
- 12 detainee in his cell, yes.
- 13 C In his cell
- 14 A Yeah
- 15 Q Typically, who is present in the cell?
- 16 A Your interpreter, interrogator, analyst.
- 17 Q That's a standard operating procedure in the absence
- 18 of other guidance? Well, let me rephrase that Those times
- 19 when they were being interrogated, the detainees were being
- 20 interrogated in those sites you just described, I believe the
- 21 facility at Abu Ghurayb just experienced mortar shelling. And
- 22 those that I interviewed, was the reason why those sites were

- 1 being usec, utilized for interrogation was both to protect the
- 2 interrogators, and this is for safety requirements.
- 3 A Right.
- 4 0 But let me understand then, but is it an approved,
- 5 established procedure in your experience as an interrogator that
- 6 interrogations are done in the cells, themselves. There's no
- 7 prohibition, whatsoever----
- 8 A No, it wasn't prohibited. It wasn't in writing
- 9 saying, "No not go in there and do that " That was presented
- 10 from when I arrived as, that's an area in which you could go in
- ' and interrogate the detainee
- 12 Q In terms of training though, were you experiencing
- 13 that or a' least folks knew it was common practice of doing an
- 14 interrogation immediately in the cell?
- 15 A We reviewed our plan as to where the detainee would
- 16 sit or stand. So in terms of other than like personal knowledge.
- 17 of self α fense and knowing that my number one protection of the
- 18 team that goes in with me is the protection of my interpreter,
- 19 which is always closest to the doorway for safety reasons,
- 20 followed by the analyst, if you have a supporting analyst there,
- 21 and then myself, or the interrogator last In that term, when I
- 22 have util zed doing an interrogation in the cell, the detainee
- _3 would sil down and you would be standing, so to make it not a--

- 1 at least you have a partial advantage if there were something to
- 2 gc awry
- 3 Q Well, it's pretty confining in that particular area.
- 4 A Yes
- 5 Q Are the doors typically closed when the interrogations
- 6 are being conducted?
- 7 A When the segregation section was full and you had say,
- 8 for an example, four people brought in, you know, suspicious or
- 9 caught in the act of placing IEDs. They have personnel that had
- 10 been in segregation that were customarily in the same general
 - ' area So, you would close the door to try and muffle some of
- 12 the sounds of the interrogation because once it goes out,
- 13 everybody talks and there's so much cross-chatter as far as the
- 14 environment of the intermogation. Because at that point in
- 15 time, we didn't have a hard site so----
- 16 Q Exactly, that's my point
- 17 A Year
- 18 Q You were pretty much in a commor area, regardless of
- 19 the situation
- 20 A Yes
- 21 Q And we visited the JDIC, the interrogation room is
- 22 rather confined there, as well. In other words, contents and
- _3 other individuals are viewable on the other side of the tier are

- 1 pretty much held in strict conference. So I'm rather curious as
- 2 to why the practice, whether common or not, of doing the
- 3 interrogation in the site themselves, where exchanges, questions
- 4 and answers could potentially be heard by the other detainees,
- 5 in that regard.
- 6 A My feeling was, it was a push for operations, keep
- 7 operations going.
- 8 O But at the same time though, it's also safeguarding
- 9 information Sc I convey that to you because the contents of
- 10 your interrogation and the contents of the information that you
 - 1 gather are of a sensitive nature. Is that right?
- 12 A Yes.
- 13 Q Is there a practice today about conducting
- 14 interrogations in the cell?
- 15 A. I would say short of going up and asking questions,
- 16 not for interrogations as previous. Like it's not uncommon for
- 17 me to go in and visit my detainee I would report to the
- 18 detainee I'd go in and ask common questions. I don't ask
- 19 tactical or strategic questions. So, once we've been afforded
- 20 the opportunity to expand our interrogation setting, the
- 21 sensitive questions are dealt with in that environment, the
- 22 general familiarities and rapport building are what the focus
- -3 is, and only the focus.

- Post-interrogation, you've concluded the interrogation
- 2 of a particular detainee, and then the additional information is
- 3 conveyed to the MPs in terms of a sleep management, meal plan or
- 4 terms of isolation, segregation, that sort of thing. How is
- 5 that conveyed and to whom is that conveyed to?
- 6 A Post-interrogation, you conclude, you go back, you
- 7 return the detained to the possession of the MPs. Regardless if
- 8 things went well or unwell, say, a lot of times the MPs will--
- 9 you don't discuss the details of the interrogation.
- 10 C Sure
 - ' A What they will ask, you know, "Was he cooperative?
- 12 Was he rot?" "He was all right, so, so," whatever. And
- 13 pertaining to the meal management, because, at least in my
- 14 situation, I've beer in the visibility of the detainees, I've
- 15 had to continue to be diligent as to what we do. I brief the
- 16 MPs as to. "Okay, what's the reaction been when you check on the
- 17 detainee," as to the commor characteristics. "Has he been
- 18 responsive? Has he been staying awake? What's the response
- 19 been to, you know, on an approved plan where he gets 20 minutes
- 20 c' sieep ' A few hours later, he gets a 50-minute block of
- 21 sleep And we want to know how he's responding. Is he staying
- 22 awake? Is he fighting, resisting? Trying to get feedback and

- 1 go either way. So that, in terms of debriefing, and that's what
- 2 we're doing, we want to make sure.
- 3 Q In your statement, you mentioned that, you described a
- 4 sleep management, meal plan, that the instructions are given to
- 5 the MPs, that this particular detainee would get only 4 hours of
- 6 sleep over a 24-hour period.
- 7 A That's correct.
- 8 C You stated that that's provided to them in written
- 9 form----
- 10 A That is provided--yes, that's provided to them in a
- I written format that has to be approved. I write it up, it goes
- 12 to the GID From there, it does to Colonel Pappas. As long as
- 13 everything is within the rules of engagement, which he's
- 14 approved to sign off on, then signed back to me. They do look
- 15 at the schedule of what the hours are, when it starts, when it
- 16 finishes and when the detainee will get sleep. We calculate the
- 17 minutes and make sure it's 240 minutes every 24-hour period of
- 18 time
- 19 C Total
- 20 A Total And as well as, after 72 hours of the sleep
- 21 management program, or sleep, meal management program, then they
- 22 get 12 uninterrupted hours of sleep. And then they can resume
- _3 the program again

- 1 Q. One more time. And then it's given back to you, do
- 2 you give that to the MP guard or do you give that to their
- 3 supervisor?
- 4 A From when I've joined him--when I first started doing
- 5 it, it was handed to the Alpha/Bravo NCO who was located there.
- 6 And that's just been a customary practice, is to give it to them
- 7 and they verbally hand it over when the shift changes.
- 8 C And they execute it
- 9 A. Right.
- 10 Q The only reason why I say that is because, you give it
- to a quard, a quard during the day, let's just say for example,
- 12 is that his understanding may not be conveyed to the next guard
- 13 relieving him on the shift. And if it's understood that it's 4
- 14 hours to every 24 hours and not counting for all the minutes to
- 15 accumulate to 240 minutes, you know, don't you think--curiosity,
- or do you care whether that's being conducted properly or do you
- 17 monitor that or do you leave that to the conveyance of the guard
- 18 that's executing that set of instructions?
- 19 A My experience has been when I've given it to the
- 20 NCOIC, they've reflected that they are the one in charge and
- 21 that it was their responsibility to hand it over to the next
- 22 shift, except they do shift briefs. So when that's conveyed to

- 1 me, and that was the operating procedure from what I understood
- 2 from a VOCO, verbal, that's the language that I proceeded----
- 3 O Did they show you any kind of record of all that they
- 4 are--10 minutes here, 20 minutes there? Did they show that to
- 5 you?
- 6 A Given that it's on the schedule, they have--you know,
- 7 wher I do down and ask, "How's everything going? How's the
- 8 program geing?" They say, "Yup, fine, things are going fine "
- 9 Some MFs check off the times, making sure they go through and do
- 10 it Others, I've never seer a logbook of them monitoring and
- manacing, that sort of thing
- 12 C Provided it's conveyed to you that you've accomplished
- 13 the mission. What about isolation and segregation? Two
- 14 different things, is it isolation and segregation, or just
- 15 isclation ---
- 16 A I've been informed that the new word for Alpha wing is
- 17 "segregation" We don't use "isolation" in our terminology.
- When were you informed of that, the new terminology?
- 19 A The last couple weeks
- 20 Q Just the last couple of weeks? But the distinction
- 21 wasn't made then, it's just one terminology----
- 22 A One terminology for Alpha Wing, Alpha/Bravo Wing,
- 23 that's isolation.

- 1 Q But in terms of isolation though, I'm sure you're
- 2 involved with providing that type of a recommendation, approve,
- 3 whatever the case may be, as part of the post-interrogation
- 4 process. When you gave that sort of instruction, did you
- 5 stipulate anything of a special treatment, especially in the
- 6 sense of a negative as a matter of punishment?
- 7 A In terms of a punishment in a special treatment, as I
- 8 clarified in my written statement earlier, my definition of a
- 9 special treatment was to--I have one particular detainee I've
- 10 been working for a good reasonable amount of time. The detainee
 - didn't like getting a shower. There was no reason why the
- 12 detainee couldn't have a shower in a reasonable, timely fashion
- 13 and made sure he had well grooming standards. The reason was
- 14 for that was because the way in which the detainee was at the
- 15 point of capture and significance of the facial hair, the hair,
- 16 in and of itself on the being, and what that represented as part
- 17 of the approached plan. So, to neutralize that in the setting
- 18 c the interrogation was why that was recommended.
- 19 Q To isolate him
- 20 A His special treatment was, I had quite often said,
- 21 "Please make sure his beard is shaved. Please make sure his
- 22 head is shaved Please make sure he gets a shower. Please make
- _3 sure he takes care and brushes his teeth, because he has really

- l bad oral hygiene." When you're close and interrogating in a
- 2 small room, it's rather pungent. So, that is what my definition
- 3 of special treatment is and was very well defined.
- 4 (In terms of isolation, have you ever given
- 5 instructions to the MPs that isolation is required for a
- 6 specific detainee or any detainee for that matter, to be
- 7 interrogated?
- 8 A You mean, throw him in the hole?
- 9 Q Right.
- 10 A Only if had that, you know, if it's part of my plan.
- ' Q If it's part of your plan.
- 12 A Yeah
- 13 Q Let me ask you this, in your experience as both in the
- 14 military and civilian. What is your understanding of isolation
- 15 and for how long would you isolate----
- 16 A A detainee, in terms of this environment, through my
- 17 experience has been according to our rules of engagement, is 30
- 18 consecutive days. After that, it needs a written statement,
- 19 memorandum for the record It needs to go up to General Sanchez
- 20 asking for an extension for an additional 30 days.
- 21 Q Is there any understanding whatsoever of the
- 22 requirements of checking a detainee every so often within a
- _3 period of 30 days?

- A You mean have I ever left a detainee down there just
- 2 for 30 days and not check on them?
- 3 O Not you, per se, but the MPs.
- 4 A No----
- 5 Q Because you're the experience one and all the MPs are
- 6 going to do is follow your instructions as approved by competent
- 7 authority A detainee is placed in the hole, as you call it,
- 8 for 30 days. Is it common understanding or your assumption that
- 9 the MP is supposed to check on them every 15 minutes----
- 10 A If you're talking about "the nole," the MPs are
- ' supposed to--the MPs have informed me verbally that they take
- 12 the detainee out for regular bathroom breaks. They make sure
- 13 the detainee is fed, unless it's specifically requested by an
- 14 interrogator as something, for ar approach, that they have the
- 15 appropriate amenities that go with them in the hole, such as
- 16 water, food, they are fed They're not to remove that unless
- 17 it's part of an approach where they're on bread and water or
- 18 something along that line. I've never seen--I've seen extreme
- 19 cases, but I've never encountered that
- 20 Q You've never encountered that at all.
- 21 4 No.

- 1 Q Have you ever given a set of instructions to the MP to
- 2 put anybody in isolation during the course of your employment
- 3 here from the 5th of October until now?
- A Not without my approval plans, not that I can recall.
- 5 Q Since you have access to Tier One A and Tier One B,
- 6 are you ramiliar with the guards and their guarding those
- 7 detainee; in those cells? I'm not interested in----
- 8 A No, I mean, when I go down there, I say "H1," and see
- 9 their faces and things along that level.
- 10 Q Could you name some of those guards that were guarding
- those detainees in those cells?
- 12 A Given the nature, I rarely use my name down there, and
- 13 only probably four of the MPs, I only use their surname.
- 14 Because of security reasons, I don't want anybody to know my
- 15 name down there So, I know Sergeant he's one of the
- 16 strong ther leaders, Sergeant who works the other shift,
- 17 excellent strong tier leader, Sergeant and
- 18 there's I can't remember the name of the other one. Then I'm
- 19 familiar with the faces of other people down there and I can
- 20 point them out and say, "Yup, I know the guy may have worked
- 21 this shift," or "I've seen him or this shift"
- 22 Q Is it a commor practice for you as approved by the
- 23 chair of command not to reveal your identity?

- 1 A. It's a common practice to use a pseudo name, if you
- 2 need to, especially in that environment. At least that's been
- 3 verbally portrayed to me.
- 4 Q Portrayed to you as approved by the chain of command?
- 5 A If it's in writing, that I don't know.
- 6 Q Did you ever ask?
- 7 No, I have not.
- 8 Q Have you used that technique before?
- 9 A I only go by my name in Arabic, is and that's
- 10 my proper name
- Well, you're a pretty imposing individual, large
- 12 individual, could be construed as very intimidating and you have
- 13 beer named by some of the people as and there are other
- 14 in the lieve, that are also interrogators in that regard
- 15 Was it to your self protection not to be identified? I think
- 16 you also wear civilian clothes.
- 17 A Yes, I do.
- 18 Q It's a common practice?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q And you don't think, or you do not know whether that
- 21 particular practice is approved by your chain of command.
- 22 A To use a pseudo name?
- _3 Q To use a name, to use your real name.

- A It's something I've never addressed I've just known
- 2 other people to use other names, other interrogators, military
- 3 and civilian. I like to use different names when I go in a
- 4 booth
- 5 Q. But you're not CIA or DIA, you're a civilian
- 6 contractor
- 7 A That's correct.
- 8 Q The reason why I ask that is because I've asked
- 9 commander: if that was common practice, and they said it was not
- 10 a common practice.
- It's very different amongst the troops then
- 12 C This is going to be one of my recommendations, that
- 13 there be a standard operating procedure because the MPs that you
- 14 know that you're interacting with, you know them, or at least
- 15 their rank because they're wearing----
- 16 A Their uniform.
- 17 Q Within the context of those MPs, in the performance of
- 18 their duties, do not know who you are. They commonly refer to
- 19 you as an MI interrogator They think Mr Israel, for that
- 20 matter, 15 an interrogator, when in fact, he is not. He is part
- 21 of the interrogation team. And for that matter, he's not
- 22 _rvolved with your plan other than what you brief him on. So, I
- -3 think _t' rather unusual that it's commonly practiced here,

- 1 especially in the context of what we call "detainee operations,"
- 2 Mr especially in the context of your understanding
- 3 of the Gereva Convention, and without checking into the legal
- 4 implications of that particular context, you could be held
- 5 liable for anything as an employee of the United States
- 6 Government Protection, obviously, is okay, but this being a
- 7 common practice, and my recommendation would be that it be made
- 8 a commor practice to govern and protect the interest of the
- 9 United States Government inasmuch as we protect the interest of
- 10 the detainee
- ' Have there been any changes--I'm sorry, let me go
- 12 back Art you aware of all the allegations that were made or at
- 13 least the investigation that was conducted by the Criminal
- 14 Investigation Division of allegations of detained abuses by
- 15 quards that you know of that were associated with performing
- 16 their duties in Tier One A?
- 17 A No, I'm not, only by rumer
- 18 Q Orly by rumor.
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q So you don't know what Corporal did or what
- 21 Sergeant did?
- 22 A No.
- _3 Q Or Sergeant did, none of that?

- 1 A No.
- O. What was those rumors? What did you hear?
- 3 A. The rumor I've heard is that videos and pictures were
- 4 taken of detainees, some performing illicit sex acts, or some
- 5 other type of act, and it was filmed.
- 6 O It was filmed?
- 7 A Yes
- 8 Q Other than taking photographs of detainees for
- 9 identification, have there been instances of detainees being
- 10 photographed for other than identification purposes that you
 - ' know of?
- 12 A That I know of, no
- 13 Q Not any videotape or not in the conduct of an
- 14 interrogation?
- 15 A No, because at this point, we don't do--other than
- 16 when they first come in screening, that's their only picture.
- 17 Q Not at all
- 18 A No
- 19 C Okay, based on what you heard through rumor of
- 20 detainee allegations--I'm sorry, detainee abuses and
- 21 maltreatment, was it conveyed throughout the command, 205th or
- 22 whoever else that you were placed under, of any changes

- l whatsoever to be made with regards to detainee and interrogation
- 2 operations?
- 3 P From that, we were no longer would conduct
- 4 interrogations in segregation, Alpha/Bravo. There was no formal
- 5 command gathering and saying, "These are what the allegations
- 6 are These are the things that are happening." It felt like a
- 7 type of non-discussion
- 8 Q Were those changes conveyed in a written form or a
- 9 formation of sort or a briefing by the commander or chain of
- 10 command?
- ' A The--I was told by the section sergeant that we are no
- 12 longer doing interrogations in segregation.
- 13 Q When you first were informed of that, were you in a
- 14 meeting of some sort?
- 15 A No, I was with my sergeant--my section chief.
- 16 Q Provided you that information that you were no longer,
- 17 as a matter of practice----
- 18 A That's correct.
- 19 | The interview paused at 1217, 12 February 2004, and reconvened
- 20 at 1225, 12 February 2004 1
- 21 Q We just want to refer back to a previous question I
- 22 asked you with regards to the implementation of the treatment
- 23 plan, what I'll refer to as a treatment plan after an

- 1 interrogation, that would be in the context of a sleep
- 2 management, meal plan, SMMP, or placing somebody in the hole, as
- 3 you referred to. But before I do that, what exactly is "the
- 4 hole"?
- 5 A It's the--when you went into the Alpha wing, just
- 6 say.

- 9 door--or a metal door, and it's just a room in the wall, a
- 10 concrete room
- ' Q A concrete room, no light, it would be just a bare-
- 12 sided wai with a steel door. Is there any other access to that
- 13 like besides the door, itself, that you recall?
- 14 P You can't--I don't think you can lift it up, because
- 15 they've always opened it up to check in on the detainee. I
- 16 don't know if----
- 17 Q Is there a little peephole----
- 18 A Yeah, I don't know if that works I've never seen
- 19 arybody use it I actually think it's welded shut.
- 20 Q Okay So, it's welded shut today. Was it welded shut
- 21 before
- As long as I know, that hasn't worked. A lot of the
- _3 mechanical components in certain areas haven't worked.

- ! Q But it was typically referred as "the hole," or
- 2 "throwr _n the hole."
- A. Right.
- 4 Q. Do you know if anybody else, any of your
- 5 interrogators, associates referred to it as--or even intimated
- 6 to an MP to place somebody in there?
- 7 A I mean, it's commonly used. I mean, I've known, like
- 8 the MPs, they've had a detainee who stuffed their toilet full of
- 9 a whole mattress that they tear up into pieces, they will take
- 10 the detainee out, and ther as a form of punishment, will throw
- ' the detainee in the hole
- 12 Q All right, so it's not exclusively just the
- 13 interrogators
- 14 A No, I mean, it's been for behavioral discipline,
- 15 people from Ganci, detainees coming over from Ganci who--and
- 16 things along that nature
- 17 Q Let me ensure, for a point of clarity here, that when
- 18 you gave a set of instructions to an MP to implement the sleep
- 19 management meal plan or whatever other set of instruction, you
- 20 mentioned that you conveyed that to the guard once it's approved
- 21 by the chair of command, typically a warrant officer or
- 22 [inaudible], up until that time, it was only approved up to
- _3 whom, Colonel Pappas?

- A If it was within the--like the sleep--like staying in
- 2 segregation for more than 30 days, everybody knows that goes to
- 3 General Sanchez.
- 4 O But before.
- 5 A That has been the whole case Colonel Pappas, you get
- 6 your--you fill out the request to put the detainee in
- 7 segregation You put the detainee in segregation--well, you'd
- 8 send forward your request, give it to the chain of command. And
- 9 when it came back, then you'd put the detainee in segregation.
- 10 Q But your understanding was that General Sanchez was to approve that.
- 12 A Fight.
- 13 Q But before then, has it always been like that since
- 14 you arrived----
- There's been circumstances where they've been able to
- 16 put the--they said, "It's okay, go ahead and put the detainee
- 17 in----
- 18 Q Pending approval?
- 19 A Right So that, I have seen in the past
- 20 Q Because Colonel Pappas was not there until after the
- 21 19th of November.
- 22 A Right

- 1 Q ' So typically, then, the--would approve such a
- 2 practice, or at least give authority----
- 3 A. It would be Colonel
- 4 Q So, that's provided, given to the MPs, assuming it was
- 5 done properly. Then you mentioned that then he would rely then,
- 6 without your interaction on that being executed with the
- 7 intention----
- 8 A Uhm hum
- 9 Q And there's no checks by you whatsoever.
- 10 P Other than on our own accord to go down and look after
- ' our----
- 12 C Checks
- 13 A I mean, there are no other--no, there isn't a regular
- 14 schedule to go down and make sure the detainee has received
- 15 this I mean, it's the initiative of the team or the operation,
- 16 itself
- 17 Q So, that procedure is where a set of instructions
- 18 identifying the term, provided to the MP for execution with
- 19 a .. how would you call it, precise supervision other than what
- 20 the MP understood his instructions to be. In other words,
- 21 everything is relegated to the MP to execute that term.
- 22 A Yes

- And that's common practice, I take it. But do you
- 2 feel that kind of strange that I'm giving my own set of
- 3 instructions for somebody else to execute, that in the case
- 4 where something happened to that detainee and that MP is then
- 5 held liable for that set of instructions?
- 6 A. I feel it strange that when I've asked for rules of
- 7 engagement for the MPs and standard operating procedures for the
- 8 MPs, that they requested one, the people who work the hard side
- 9 requested one from the chain of command and they didn't have one
- 10 to provide myself.
- The MPs
- 12 A Yes
- 13 You requested what their detention rules of engagement
- 14 Were?
- 15 A Exactly Yes, I find it curious, and I have asked.
- 16 Have I written it up? No, but I have asked on numerous times as
- 17 to the specifics in detail for the rules of engagement other
- 18 than what is on the rules of engagement in the signature block
- 19 that we go through.
- 20 Q I would find it curious, as well.
- 21 A As you should
- 22 C. You're providing a set of instructions to someone to
- 23 execute, and if something ever happened to that detainee, you

- 1 would find it curious, as well, and interesting that you would
- 2 be held liable for that. Of course, a lot of that could be
- 3 either misinterpreted or misunderstood or just easily
- 4 understood
- Now, the rules of engagement here today that you said
- 6 were not the same, were somewhat revised based on things that
- 7 have happened in the past. The improved interrogation
- 8 operations and operation procedures, were those the same ones or
- 9 somewhat adjusted to meet the current operating environment?
- 10 A I guess these are the ones we use now or the ones we
- ' usec back then
- 13 A I can't answer the question because we've had at least
- 14 five iterations that I've signed on rules of engagement changes.
- 15 Q Just your best
- 16 A. I think they're pretty much the same. Actually no, I
- 17 think those are the one--Colonel Pappas came on board, these
- 18 came on. I mean, the intent was there, they're just written on
- 19 a different format This, like I said, this didn't come out
- 20 until.
- 21 Q After he showed up.
- 22 A Right

- Notice in the right-hand column there, there are two
- 2 trings that come to mind right now, the use of military working
- 3 dogs, you made a statement that said basically that you
- 4 commented on that you noticed dogs that were either conducting a
- 5 search or just their presence, that indicate on here, the use of
- 6 military cogs today must receive CG's approval. So your
- 7 understanding was, the presence of military dogs was a common
- 8 practice at that point in time, whether they're being held or
- 9 being used for searches or for other purposes?
- 10 A My interpretation was, if you were going to be in a
- ' formal interrogation setting in the booth with a planned
- 12 interrogation procedure, that's where that approval needs to be
- 13 met in terms of, if you're in the environment of whether it's
- 14 in Vigilant, Ganci, we used to be--in the civilian population
- 15 until they modified our access for safety reasons. We're not
- 16 allowed to go into Ganci or Vigilant, that presence of military
- 17 working dogs was a normal occurrence. That was my
- 18 understanding
- 19 Q That's your understanding. Relative to that, there
- 20 was Ganci, Vigilant----
- 21 A As well as isolation, meaning all the detention
- 22 facilities

- The process that which just the operating environment
- 2 there today, Ganci is pretty much ar open environment, even
- 3 though you had Camp Vigilant exposed, so is Vigilant for that
- 4 matter So the only ones that are confined in the term of this
- 5 part_cular environment was that at JDIC where you hold the
- 6 interrogation, or even the hard site was exclusively separated,
- 7 confined, and not exposed. Do you agree with that?
- 8 A That it's an exclusively confined space?
- 9 Right, you're not exposed to any observation
- 10 whatsoever because you're not conducting, at least that we're
- ' aware of, including interrogation inside of Ganci or Vigilant,
- 12 because any interrogations, the detainee is removed from that
- 13 particular site to another site
- 14 A At one point, you could conduct an interrogation at
- 15 Ganci
- 16 Q Is there a facility at Ganci to----
- 17 A Each Ganci compound, I think, I don't know if there's
- 18 more than eight now, I know it's grown a lot since it's been off
- 19 limits---
- 20 Q It's a big compound
- 21 A Each compound has its own command tent. And within
- 22 the command tent, you could probably fit three or four, you
- .3 know, in a living space. You know, a couple tables and you

- 1 could sit in there and ask the detainee questions and
- 2 interrogate the detainee there.
- 3 Q. But in the same environment as that, you would find
- 4 the JDIC In other words, they're confined----
- 5 A You can find---
- 6 Q ----enclosed so nobody else could hear comments or
- 7 answers or responses to the questioning associated with that
- 8 particular interrogation?
- 9 A I mean, let me make sure I didn't--yes, they're
- 10 complete;
- Just so I understand, have you ever done any
- 12 interrogation in Ganci or Vigilant?
- 13 A Yes, I have
- 14 Q But not in a setting where people could hear the
- 15 questioning and the responses
- 16 A In the back of the tents right there, it's right next
- 17 to the compound and the detainees are walking around I mean,
- 18 they're only 10 feet away. You ask the MPs to keep the
- 19 detainees away and they pretty much just go about their
- 20 business
- 21 Q Sc that's kind of a common practice, an established
- 22 practice
- _3 A Right

- 1 Q. So in all of the guards now, based on your
- 2 understanding today on these current rules of engagement, things
- 3 like chance of scenery, dietary manipulation, sleep adjustment,
- 4 isolation for longer than 30 days, sleep management, 72 hours
- 5 max, sensory deprivation, 72 hours max, must be approved by the
- 6 Commanding General, as you know it today. This is how you
- 7 understand it? Since it's posted in the common area----
- 8 A Right, yeah. I mean, sleep management. .
- 9 Q In excess of----
- 10 A In excess of 72 hours.
- ' Ç Right.
- 12 A And any of the ones I've done, they're never in excess
- 13 of 72 hours They've always mandated--I've always made sure
- 14 they have actually had more time than the 12-hour minimum And
- 15 usually, it's been, on average, one day.
- During our tour of the facility, you mentioned that
- 17 instructions are given to the guards. In one particular
- 18 document that we saw that was signed by a warrant officer
- 19 basically said, prisoner isolation, segregation, dated the 4th
- 20 of February. You mention it is now, the terminology that is now
- 21 used, "segregation" This particular memo, we saw "segregation"
- 22 and "isolation" signed by the warrant officer. Now, you said
- 23 that they might approved by the chain of command. In this

- 1 particular memo, it didn't stipulate how long for isolation or
- 2 how long for segregation. Are you aware of maybe perhaps there
- 3 is still a misunderstanding of sorts common to the chain of
- 4 command that establish procedures when they have not been
- 5 clearly understood?
- 6 A Yes. And the reason--when that was clarified to me it
- 7 was by the JAG officer, Captain who specifically--
- 8 when I worked with him. More recently, prior to his departure,
- 9 was "No, the proper terminology is 'segregation'."
- 10 C Not both.
- A No, it was spelled out very clearly to me. We don't
- 12 use that word, it doesn't exist. It is segregation. I've even-
- 13 -tre way in which I wrote my notes and everything, it comes out
- 14 "segregation '-
- 15 Q All right, I just want to confirm the commonality of
- 16 consistency
- Well, I don't have any more comments, sir. So, I'd
- 18 like to ask you though, your recommendations to improve the
- 19 environment with regards to detention operations. I mention to
- 20 you that detention operations is not an isolated operation
- 21 There is a purpose to why those people are being detained, and
- 22 that's, cf course, your role in that matter of collecting
- information, collecting intelligence whereby it is a useful set

- 1 of circumstance for them.... So what will be your
- 2 recommendation now that you've been here for 4 months?
- 3 A The MP mission, whether that remains an MP mission or
- 4 becomes commercialized, the MI operation, they need to
- 5 amalgamate in one form or another.
- 6 C One centralized
- 7 A The MPs, if they're going to be running it, as far as
- 8 I know today, there is not a JAG officer on site to advise the
- 9 MPs I asked, "Do you have a JAG officer? Where's your JAG
- 10 office: "Because we refer to ours, if needed. And she said,
- "We don't have one on-site" So, they didn't have access to
- 12 their tooks. Having them meet an operating procedure that works
- 13 for both and everybody's clear or it, everybody's briefed on it.
- 14 And a continuous, no verbal deviations of the rules of
- 15 engagement That's--why have the rules of engagement if you're
- 16 going to verbally change something or approve something or to
- 17 approve something verbally It totally throws your rules of
- 18 engagement off and makes them void, in my eyes Having a
- 19 liaison rep that works and dedicated if they're going to
- 20 maintain a large presence of people in segregation, that they
- 21 are coordinating with the MPs, they're coordinating with MI, and
- 22 they are briefing the teams If that thing does happen, that
- 13 they brief the whole section The International Red Cross just

- came through not that long ago Not one brief, and I've asked
- 2 all the way up to the JAG, from the MI, "Please give us a brief
- 3 so the troops and everybody else can learn what the value of the
- 4 Red Cross visit was. They're not bad guys They're good guys."
- 5 And they're saying "Yes, yes, we'll do one." Well, they're
- 6 gone Not ody knows why the Red Cross was here. The 202d is in
- 7 now They will not gain any value from the Red Cross visit
- 8 other than the command who, what was transferred over to them,
- 9 but the troops won't The information is not flowing down. You
- 10 dc a formation They do them two, three times a week for the
- ' military members They could do a better job of disseminating
- 12 information from a strong command presence, not necessarily just
- 13 from an MCCIC or OIC of the operation.
- I think the training that, you know, techniques,
- 15 things from Huachuca for interrogation, analyst skills, the
- 16 development skills are coming along really well. There's a lot
- of seli-initiated programs, so I give him hats off for that.
- 18 But maintaining with what we are protecting our assets and
- 19 protecting the detainees, we really, continuously need to
- 20 reemphasize And you know, I offered and have helped
- 21 participate in providing that, you know, going into the
- 22 direction If you have a complaint, you need to muster up and
- _3 have a solution if you're going to jump in and do it. So, I

- 1 think everybody who works in there needs to--it's the same
- 2 attitude for everybody.
- 3 Q A common understanding is what.... Were you aware--
- 4 just one more question, please. Were you aware of a visit by
- 5 Major General Miller, who is the Commanding General of GTMO? At
- 6 least his presence or anything that was cascaded down to you.
- 7 That happened in October or November
- 8 A I remember hearing of--I think that was right when we
- 9 received a lot of DVs, and he--I heard that he was coming in. I
- 10 don't know if he ever came in, because I never seen or met the person I don't know.
- 12 Q Nothing was conveyed as to the purpose of his visit
- 13 or----
- 14 F The purpose of his visit was not conveyed.
- 15 Q What about General Ryder, who was the Provost Marshal
- 16 of the Army, who has also visited the facility?
- 17 A I am not aware of that
- Q Okay, do you have any other closing comments that you
- 19 want to convey?
- 20 A No, sir.
- 21 (Mr was duly warned and the interview concluded at
- 22 1245, 12 February 2004.]