

١.

UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE 4000 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301-4000

INFO MEMO

December 23, 2003 - 3:00 PM

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: DAVID S. C. CHU, UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

(PERSONNEL AND READINESS) / WILL S. Chn attocc 69

SUBJECT: National Security Personnel System (NSPS) Implementation Plan

- We have established the NSPS Program Implementation Office to coordinate implementation throughout the Department. Initial plans will focus on actions and timelines, critical path analysis, and assignment of action officers.
- We will begin implementing immediately certain discretionary provisions that
 do not require joint action with the Office of Personnel Management, e.g.,
 voluntary early retirement and separation incentive pay authority, and
 elimination of pay offsets for reemployed annuitants. The Deputy Secretary
 has the first of these packages for signature, which will help the Navy in
 phasing out Roosevelt Roads.
- First NSPS implementation is set to begin in the third quarter of FY04. Both the Air Force and the Navy have asked to be included in the first wave. (The statute limits the first wave to 300,000 employees.)
- Components plan to convert approximately 10,000 military billets in each of fiscal years 2004 and 2005 to civilian performance (public or private), in the areas of law enforcement, personnel support, installation management, training range support, communications, logistics, health services, civil works, and homeland defense. The Services have identified offsets of \$136M (FY04) and \$390M (FY05) to pay for the conversions.
- We can brief the Senior Level Review Group early in the New Year.

RECOMMENDATION: Information Only

COORDINATION: None

Prepared by: Brad Bunn, ODUSD(CPP),

(b)(6)

November 1, 2003

TO:

David Chu

CC:

Ken Krieg

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Personnel Legislation

If we get this personnel legislation through, which it looks like we have, I need to see the plan as to how we are going to implement it in the Department.

Clearly, it is going to take some money to implement.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 110703-20

Please respond by 12/12/03



READINESS

UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

4000 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301-4000

204 10 12 10 9:10

December 12, 2003, 1:30PM

INFO MEMO

OR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE	DEPSEC Action

FROM: DR. DAVID S. C. CHU, UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
(PERSONNEL & READINESS)) Described C. Dhur Fram of

SUBJECT: Governor of Connecticut and Family Day Care Licensing - Snowflake

- Following field hearings at Groton, CT, a concern surfaced that spouses who want to provide family day care are waiting an excessive amount of time to be licensed.
- Initial letter was sent in September 2003 to Governor Rowland requesting his assistance in facilitating discussion between the family day care staff at New London Naval Base and the licensing office for Connecticut.
- Connecticut licensing personnel, Director of OSD Office of Children and Youth, and Navy staff met on October 22, 2003. Since that time initiatives have been taken to reduce the length of time for processing background checks and to provide required training earlier in the process.
- Because this process appears to be improving at this time, we have not accepted your offer to help.
- Navy will provide regular updates to OSD reporting on the goal of reducing time for licensing providers from 9 months to 3 months.

RECOMMENDATION: None. For information only.

ATTACHMENTS:

None

COORDINATION: None.

PREPARED BY: Jan Witte, Director, Office of Children and Youth, ODUSD(MC&FP), (b)(6)

10/23/03

TO:

David Chu

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

DATE:

October 22, 2003

SUBJECT:

Letter to Governor Rowland

I just read your letter to Governor Rowland of September 9th and his response of September 17th. If you want me to weigh in with him, draft a letter from me to send on top of yours.

Thanks.

DHR/azn 102203.08

Please respond by: 6

SNOWFLAKE

DR. CHU FOR ACTION
Special distriction in the second
ASSIGN ACTION TO METER
SUSPENSE DATE BACK TO DR. CHU 3900.
SUBJECT: Little to Lowerron Rowland



TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld W

SUBJECT:

Writing to the Military

Here is a letter from a woman asking us to reinstate the program of writing to the military. Why don't you have someone look at that, now that the anthrax scare has calmed down—if it has.

£

Thanks.

Attach.

Christmas card from 1 (b)(6)

DHR:4 122703-14 (te computer)

Please respond by ///6/04

Charlie Abell: Please respond.

OSD 01664-04

11-L-0559/OSD14064

Thank you for doing all you to

for our Military. I am very

proud of them and the actions

they do. I started writing to the

"Any Mulitary Member program ins

1990. It was discontinued after

anthrop. I'm still writing some of

anthrop. I'm still writing some of

the priends I made before the

the priends of made before the

program was stopped. I hope you

program was stopped. I hope you

will be able to reinstate the program

will be able to reinstate the program

Low

Bast wishes for a happy holiday season.

December 27, 2003

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Writing to the Military

Here is a letter from a woman asking us to reinstate the program of writing to the military. Why don't you have someone look at that, now that the anthrax scare has calmed down-if it has.

Thanks.

Attach.

Christmas card from

(b)(6)

122703-14 (to computer)

1/16/04 Please respond by

Charlie Abell Heare respond.

OSD 01664-04

11-L-0559/OSD14066

INFORMATION RETENTION

December 16, 2003

TO:

Powell Moore

CC:

Larry Di Rita

PAYL WOLFOWITZ

Doug frank

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

US-Japan Parliamentary Exchange Program

I would like to have the two co-chairmen of the US-Japan Parliamentary Exchange Program, Jim Sensenbrenner and Jim McDermott, in for breakfast, lunch or a meeting sometime. I would like to see their background sheets, and then I would like to have that meeting set up.

Thanks.

Attach.

12/4/03 ASD(LA) memo to SecDef 11/24/03 SecDef memo to ASD(LA) [112403.03]

DHR:dh 121603-2

Please respond by

12/18/03

Call Gaddock.

Isn't McDernott the gry who said the President could

have larght Seddah

earlier but chose to

11-L-0559/OSD14067

INFORMATION RETEN

OSD 01687-04

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

GENULAL,

SIR, Capt Sayez from Mr Feith's office delivered the attached protectly of from Mr Feith. It questions the ther year sec Det should neet w/ Congressionage Me Dermatt in light of completely he made regarding the timing of What Capture of Saddam.

Tab a is the early bird clipping that documents his comments.

Tab b provides the attachments of earlier snowflakes between Mr Moore and See Def on the Us. Japan Parliamentary Exchange Program

You may wish to follow up w/ Mr.
Di Rita or Mr Feith regarding the
concerns Mr Feith raises. I will be
happy to respond to Capt Sayer if
you'd like.

Steve Linder

Seattle Times
December 16, 2003

McDermott Questions Timing Of Arrest

By Alex Fryer, Seattle Times Washington bureau

WASHINGTON — On Seattle radio yesterday, Rep. Jim McDermott questioned the timing of Saddam Hussein's capture, saying, "I'm sure they could have found him a long time ago if they wanted to."

His comments came during an interview on "The Dave Ross Show" on KIRO-FM.

"I've been surprised they waited, but then I thought, well, politically, it probably doesn't make much sense to find him just yet," he said.

"There's too much by happenstance for it to be just a coincidental thing that it happened on this particular day," he continued.

Later yesterday, the Seattle Democrat said he did not know whether the Pentagon had manufactured the arrest of the Iraqi leader. "I think the fact is that the administration has been desperate to find something (positive), and this came up.

"I don't have any knowledge if they knew about it (Saddam's hideout). I think they (Bush administration) got a Christmas present early."

State Republican Party Chairman Chris Vance quickly launched a statement condemning McDermott's earlier statements. "Once again McDermott has embarrassed this state with his irresponsible ranting."

Despite the capture of the Iraqi leader, McDermott said Americans should remain concerned about the welfare of U.S. troops.

"My worry is that problems will be just as bad tomorrow," said McDermott, who has represented the 7th District since 1988.

"... It is not the end of the problem. The fact that he is in captivity does not change things."

McDermott's comment stands in contrast to other members of the state's delegation, who lauded Saddam's capture.

In September 2002, McDermott made news when he traveled to Iraq and told television interviewers that President Bush would mislead the public to justify an invasion.

It's an incident that continues to reverberate on Capitol Hill.

Two months ago, House Majority Leader Tom DeLay, R-Texas, wrote McDermott a personal letter after McDermott denounced a comment by a member of DeLay's office. The staffer said McDermott had attacked the U.S. while he visited Iraq.

Instead of an apology, DeLay wrote: "Your words, had they been spoken in the United States, would

have amounted to mean-spirited but predictable mediocre hackery. That they were uttered in Saddam's Iraq, however, perhaps within shouting distance of a torture chamber or mass grave, elevated (or lowered) those remarks to the sickening embarrassment they were."

Seattle Times staff reporter J. Patrick Coolican contributed to this report.



THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1300 UNCLASSIFIED

INFO MEMO

December 11, 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Powell Moore, Assistant Secretary of Defense

For Legislative Affairs, 697-6210

SUBJECT: Snowflake -U.S. - Japan Parliamentary Exchange Program

As a follow-up to your snowflake dated November 24, attached is the list of participants attending this Exchange Program (ast week.

Attachments:

1. List of U.S.- Japan Parliamentary Exchange Program Participants.

2. Original response to Snowflake.

Prepared By: COL Noreen Holthaus, Director House Affairs, OSD(LA), 695-4132

The 30th US-Japan Legislative Exchange Program Tokyo Meeting December 2nd-4th, 2003

in alphabetical order of countries

Korean Member

Jay Kun Yoo

Member of National Assembly Millennium Democrat Party

Japanese Members

Otohiko Endo

The House of Representatives

New Komei Party

Proportional Representative

North Kanto Block

Yoshimasa Hayashi

The House of Councillors Liberal Democratic Party Yamaguchi District

Wakako Hironaka

The House of Councillors

Democratic Party Chiba District

Banri Kaieda

The House of Representatives

Democratic Party Tokyo 1st District

Yoshitake Kimata

The House of Councillors

Democratic Party Aichi District

Yutaka Kobayashi

The House of Councillors Liberal Democratic Party

Kanagawa District

Yuriko Koike

The House of Representatives
Liberal Democratic Party

Proportional Representative

Kinki Block

Kenji Kosaka

The House of Representatives

Liberal Democratic Party

Nagano 1st District

Co-chair Iwao Matsuda

The House of Councillors Liberal Democratic Party

Gifu District

Asahiko Mihara

The House of Representatives Liberal Democratic Party Proportional Representative

Kyushu Block

Co-chair

Jin Shinobu Murai

The House of Representatives Liberal Democratic Party Proportional Representative Hokuriku-shinetsu Block

Co-chair

Yoshinori Ohno

The House of Representatives Liberal Democratic Party Kagawa 3rd District

Kazuya Shinba

The House of Councillors

Democratic Party Shizuoka District

Yasuhisa Shiozaki

The House of Representatives
Liberal Democratic Party

Ehime 1st District

Seiken Sugiura

The House of Representatives Liberal Democratic Party

Aichi 12th District

Naokazu Takemoto

The House of Representatives Liberal Democratic Party Osaka 15th District

Isamu Ueda

The House of Representatives

New Komei Party Kanagawa 6th District

Hideki Wakabayashi

The House of Councillors

Democratic Party

Proportional Representative

US Members

Eni Faleomavaega

The House of Representatives

Democrat

American Samoa

Mike Honda

The House of Representatives

Democrat

California lõth

Co-chair

Jim McDermott

The H

The House of Representatives

Democrat
Washington 7th

Tom Petri

The House of Representatives

Republican Wisconsin 6th

Co-chair

F. James Sensenbrenner, Jr.

The House of Representatives

Republican Wisconsin 5th

Harald Malmgren

President

The Malmgren Group

Henry R. Nau

Professor

The George Washington University

Sandy Snider-Pugh

Administrative Assistant

The George Washington University

LEGISLATIVE

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1300

4 har cons

TO: THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Powell A. Moore, Assistant Secretary of Defe

6210)

SUBJECT: U.S.-Japan Parliamentary Exchange Program

- Pursuant to your snowflake request of 24 November, I am attaching information on the U.S.-Japan Parliamentary Exchange Program. House Members participate in the Exchange Program, which is organized by Professor Henry Nau at the Elliott School of International Affairs, George Washington University. The Senate has chosen not to participate.
- The congressional co-chairmen of the Exchange Program are Jim Sensenbrenner (WI) and Jim McDermott (WA). The American congressional delegation is in Tokyo today for the winter meeting of the Legislative Exchange Program. For the second time, South Korean Parliamentarians were also invited to attend. The spring meeting, which will be held in Washington, has not been scheduled.
- The Exchange Program is congressionally endowed. Meetings are held twice a year.
- As all of the George Washington University (GWU) coordinators are in Tokyo for the winter meeting, I have been unable to get a list of Diet Members. Upon the return of the GWU administrators, I will forward the list to you.

Attachments:

- 1. Snowtlake
- 2. Agenda for U.S.-Japan-Korea Tri-Lateral Meeting
- 3. General Information on U.S.-Japan Parliamentary Exchange

Prepared by: Jeanine Esperne, DASD, House Affairs

(b)(6)

TO:

Powell Moore

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

DATE:

November 24, 2003

SUBJECT:

See if the US/Japan Parlimentary exchange still exists. If so, who the members are, how often they meet, who funds it and how it works. I would like to know who is on the US side and who is on the Japan side.

Thanks.

DHR, azn 110403 53

Please respond by:

U22348\$/03

The 30th U.S.-Japan Legislative Exchange Program and The First US-Japan-Korea Tri-Lateral Meeting December 2-4, 2003

*Sponsored by the U.S.-Japan Economic Agenda, Sigur Center for Asian Studies, Elliott School of International Affairs. The George Washington University, under a grant from the Japan-U.S. Friendship Commission

December 2nd, Tuesday

US Members arrive at New Tokyo International Airport, Narita and proceed to ANA Hotel, Tokyo

Accommodations at ANA Hotel, Tokyo <u>ANA Hotel, Tokyo</u> 12-33, Akasaka 1-chome Minato-ku, Tokyo 107-0052

Tel: 81-3-3505-1111 Fax: 81-3-3505-1155

1800-2000 Dinner hosted by Japanese Cowlhair at ANA Hotel, Tokyo,

December 3rd, Wednesday

Roma from Steaklast neeting discording

09:15	Leave the hotel and proceed to The Parliamentary Museum by coach. The Parliamentary Museum				
	I-1. Nagata-cho I-chome				
	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo (00-0014				
	Tel: 03-3581-165:				
09:45-12:30	Session i - Political Issue				
12:45-14:00	Luncheon Meeting at the Parliamentary Museum				
14:15-16:15	Session 2 - Security Issue				

December 3rd (continued)

16:15-18:15	Session 5 - Economic Issue
18:15	Leave for ANA Hotel by coach
(9:00-19:50	Welcoming Cocktails with Korean Parliament Members at ANA Hotel.
19:30-21:00	Tri-Luteral Dinner hosted by Japanese Co-Chair at ANA Hotel.
	Necommodutions at XNA Hotel

December 4th, Thursday

18	if }= 1}if	? The Moral	Breuklast Begin	fater,
٠,	ř	mgmas (jeg	nga Tipingan pinga Tanggaran	en e

09:45-12:30 The 1st Tri Lateral Session

Economic and Political Issues of South Korea and

North Korean Issue

12:45-14:00 Tri-Lateral Luncheon Meeting at the Parliamentary Museum.

14:00 . Transfer to ANA Hotel by coach.

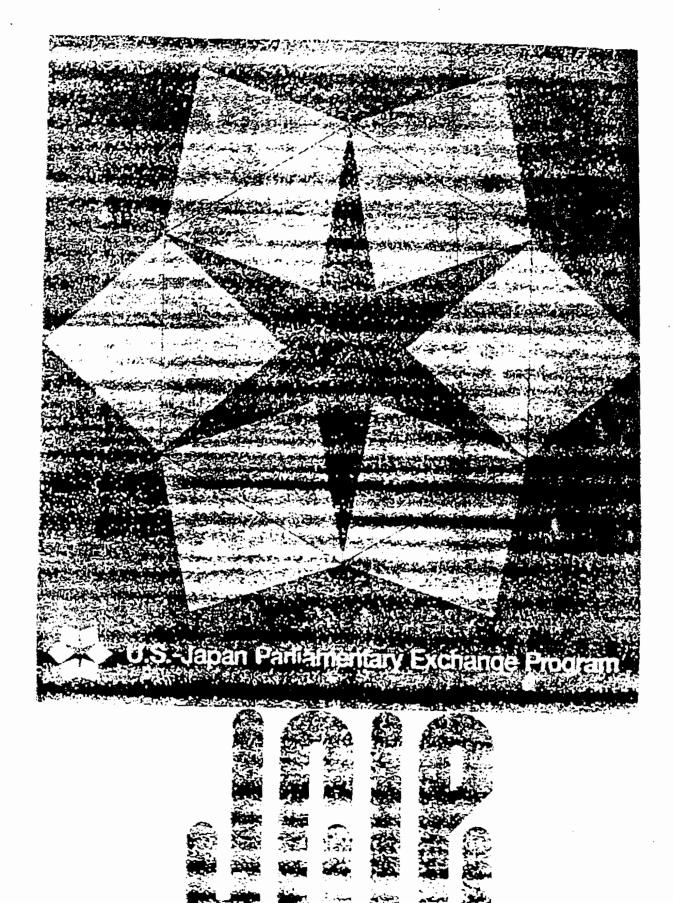
December 5th, Friday

08:00-09:30 Breakfast with Young Japanese Leaders (optional)

Room in ANA Hotel to be announced

* * * * End of the 30th Meeting * * * * *

Accommodations at ANA Hotel



11-L-0559/OSD14080



The Japan Center for International Exchange (JCIE), based in Tokyo, was established in 1970 as an independent, nonprofit, and nonpartisan organization dedicated to strengthening Japan's role in international affairs. JCIE plays an important role in broadening debate on Japan's international responsibilities by engaging Japanese from different sectors in privately sponsored programs of exchange, research, and dialogue with their foreign counterparts.

One of the central elements of JCIE's efforts over the past three decades has been the Political Exchange Program. This program began in the late 1960s, even prior to the formal creation of JCIE, when its precursor, the Japan Council for International Understanding, cosponsored the first fall-fledged, nongovernmental policy dialogue between Japan and the United States, the Shimoda Conference. What emerged from that meeting was a growing consciousness that the U.S.-Japan relationship cannot be handled solely by the governments. There is a need for the involvement of leaders from diverse sectors, and particularly from the world of politics JCTE's subsequent activities—including the continuation of the Shimoda Conference series-have sought to address precisely that need

As one of very few independent, nonprofit organizations in Japan. JCE is in a unique position to promote substantive, nonpartisan political exchange between Japan and other countries. [CIE's programs are also enhanced by the presence of its American affiliate, the Japan Center for International Exchange, Inc. (ICE/USA), which was established in 1975 in New York as a tax-exempt organization. Among its most important functions, JCE/USA plays a networking role among members of Congress, foundations, and think tanks in the United States and their counterparts abroad. In addition, ICIE/USA serves as an informal information center to CIE/Japan and other friends by compiling resources and tracking current developments in politics and civil society in North America. This presence in the United States has enabled JCLE to play a critical role in promoting exchange between political, intellectual, and grass-roots leaders from the United States and Japan.

The closing decades of the 20th century witnessed dramatic changes throughout the global community that have changed the way nations are able to govern themselves. Globalization and greater interdependence are making it ever more emical that policymakers have a thorough grasp of international afairs, even when considering domestic policy andices. In Japan, another significant shift in the mode of governance has been a decime in the role of dureations; and a simultaneous and conspictious use in the role of goldicians. in the policymaking process. This has further reinforced the need for substitutive exchanges derween jupanese policymakers and their counterparts ribroso. In companison to the tradi-Conal models of dautical exertange and promotive proceed network-boulding [CIE has worked to otesta there issue-triented exercitizes instanta dialogicas herveen political landers on מפתר בן ומתייבות במוסכר

Exchanges of Political Leaders

In light of the new requirements of the globalized age, JCIE's exchanges of political leaders seek to promote greater breadth and depth of knowledge on the part of policymakers through the promotion of interaction and dialogue with their counterparts in other countries. These programs also seek to engage a broad range of individuals—the staff of politicians, members of local and state governments, and leaders in the community—all of whom are playing an increasingly important role in relations between countries.

By taking a flexible and responsive approach in its political exchange program, JCIE has enjoy-d an exceptional degree of continuity and longevity in its programs. The U.S.-Japan Parlii lentary Exchange Program, founded in 1968, is the oldest bilateral exchange of national legislators. In all, JCIE's various exchanges have involved well over one thousand political leaders over the past thirty years, offering them programs that reflect their changing needs and providing substantive learning opportunities as well as opportunities for networking with other policymakers.

U.S.-Japan Parliamentary Exchange Program

Over the past three decades, a total of 24 Congressional delegations and 21 Diet delegations—comprised on aggregate of roughly 200 members of Congress and 160 Diet members—have traveled across the Pacific to meet with their counterparts in the legislature, key government officials, and other experts. As economic and political interdependence has deepened over the past decades, and as the scope and scale of Issues requiring policy coordination between the two countries have steadily increased, the program has sought to provide a better and more nuanced grasp of the domestic dynamics in each country. In 1997, the program was expanded to include a Joint Parliamentary Study and Dialogue Project on U.S.-Japan Security Relations in Asia Pacific, conducted in cooperation with the Brookings Institution, and a Study Group for Young Members of the Diet

U.S. Congressional Delegations to Japan (1968-2000)

Senate
Howard Baker (R-TTF)
Max Douctar (D-MT)
Blents Besid (R-MD)
Henry Bellmon (R-DK)
[-rff Battamun (D-NM)
Bill Brauley (D-Nf)
Tilliant Case (R-NR)
Dick Clark (D-NA)
Sonn Durton (D-NH)
Faul Francis (R-NZ)
Total Harron (D-NH)

Vance Hartke (D-IN)
James McClure (R-ID)
Lee Metculf (D-MT)
Zonert Morean (D-NC)
Frank Mons (D-UT)
Frank Munkershid (R-AK)
Edmund Munker (D-ME)
Jam Nunn (D-GA)
James Person (R-ID)
Jav Nacherber (D-NA)
Zühun Koch (R-ID)

Paul Surtunes (D-MD) jim Sasser (D-TN) Hugh Scott (R-PA) Robert Sarlbru (R-VT) Nehuru Schweiker (R-PA)

House

Thomas Ailen (D-ME)
Sill Archer, 3-TIG
Les AuCorn - D-DR)
Herbert Bateman, 9-VA;
Doug Beneutor (8-VE)

rusiper i agreroxé viscomalise i nagali. Si u

Howard Berman (D-CA) Sherwood Booklers (R-NY) Rick Boucher (D-VA) (XT-C) raports Not) Coldwell Buder (R-VA) Tota Campbell (3-CA) P/Illian Clay (D-MC) William Clinger (3-7A) jeffery Cahelan (D-CA) Thomas Caleman (R-MO) Renald Coleman, D.T.C. Michael Collins (R-GA) James Corpus (D-CA) John Culver (D-IA) Peter DePa≥o (C-OR) Diano DeGette (D-CC) Butler Demick (D-SC) Livrence DeNursis (R-CT) Norman Dieks (D-WA) Thomas Downey (D-NY) Robert Duncan (D-CR) Dennis Educat (D-QH) John Erlenborn (R-IL) Alan Enel (D-7A) Frank Evans (D-CC) Eni Faleomovoego (O-Delegale, American Samos)

Bob Filmer (D-CA)
Bill Frenzel (R-MN)

Thomas Foloy (D-WA)

Wyche Fowler (D-GA).
Albert Core (D-TN)

Somey Frank (D-MA)

Donald Fruser (D-MN)

Martin Frest (D-TX)

Saro Gerdenson (D-CT) Richard Gepharck (E-MO) Sare Gibbons (D-FL) San Glickman (D-KS) San Gordon (C-T:/1) Bill Gradisch (R-OH) Jude Great (7-NH) Teny Hall (D-CH) Lee Hamilton (DAM) Simes Haves (D-LA) Esti Hilliam (D-AL) Janus Howard (D-NJ) William Hungate (D-MC) Henry Hyde (R-IL) Mancy Johnson (R-C.) Robert Legyett (D-CA) Sander Levin (D-MI) William Mailliard (R-CA) Robert Mathias (R-CA) Robert Matari (D-CA) Spark Materiage (D-HD) (AS-F) speCoM rigoro) Passy Mink (D-KIL) Jim McSermott (D-WA) Poten McEwen (R-NY) Masthew McMugh (D-NY) Thomas McMillett (D-MD) Robert Michel (R-IL) Bartara Milaulski (D-MD) John Miller (R-WA) Norman Minera (D-CA) Howard Nickon (R-UT) James O'Hars (D-MI)

John Porter (R-W.) Joel Princhard (R-WA) David Privor (D-AR) Dan Quavle ! REY) Albert Quie (R-MEN) Thomas Raulsback (R-(1) Bill Richardson (D-NM) Charlle Rose (D-NC) Donald Rumsfeld (R-11) 是面景的时候(R-MD) Herman Schneebell (R-PA) Junes Sensenbrenner (R-WI) (AM-CD normatic series) Fhilip Sharp (D-CN) Norman Shumway (R-CA) David Skapps (D-CO) Denny Smith (R-OR) John Soroti (D-SC) William Steiger (R-WI) Lauis Stokes (D-OH) Samuel Stratton (D-NY) Gennie Thumpson (D-MS) Morns Uduli (D-AZ) Joicne Universit (D-WA) PSt WILLIAM (D-MT) Timothy Winh (D-CO) Robert Wise (D-WV) Lyun Wholsey (D-CA) "Yendell "Fon (R-OR) Andrew Young (D-GA)

(Affiliations given are those at time of participation.)

Lapanese Diet Delegations to the United States (1974-2000)

Yukuhiko Skeda

Chican Xakazu

Leon Panera (D-CA) Tiscomas Perá (R-WT)

Members of the Mouse of Councillors are marked (). All others are memners of the House of Representations.

Liberal Democratic
Party (LDP)
Nation Alchi
Ioniro Alzioni
Xoso Chuma
deisnim Bio
Takgo Publi
Kon Punda
Takgoro Hamaua

Yasasaki Bullim

TO ADMINIST HONORALE

. ಶಿಲಾರಣು ಗೆಲ್ಲ

YEARING HENEVELDS

Koli Kolozawa
Genyro Koneko
Kazuyoshi Kaneko
Koluni Kato
Mono Kumuru
Takashi Kosugi
Hiroshi Kumagai
Noburaka Machamuru
Hiroshi Miyayima *
Kyeshi Mizumo
fulime Monti
Tioszanuro Nakumaru

Tetal Novami Fukushiro Nukagi Keizo Obuchi Haune Cgawa Sentractil Circle Jumon Osiuma סונלוים חשתולב Kenichian Obubo Tashin Saun Auko Samo • lys thioners รับผมการต อำเภมผิงกา Fuerviki špnous deneo Sufuri ວິກແຕເຕນ ວັນສະເສດ Drame Takasan

Takeshi Noos

🞝 u 3. Japan Porlamenton. Exorgina Program

BRIFING

Senator
Lieberman Keynotes
Homeland Security
Seminar

Joseph Stiglitz's Brings
Discontent Talk to GW

Money to Move
Discussion Into Space

Students, Iraq, and a TV Camera

CISTP Shakes Hands with South Xorea

Developments in the Works

ESIA Launches New U.S. Foreign Policy Institute

For Liberty or Security?

The Sigur Center Shines

A Very Public Staff

Japan-U.S. Legislative Exchange Program Still Going Strong

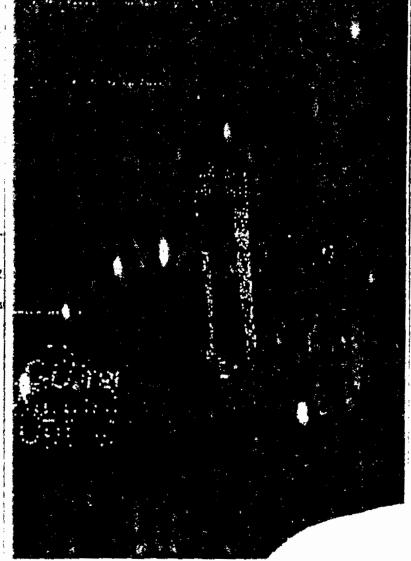
Hall to the Chief?

Stupents on Tour

Yew isudens Policy Group Tackles Lecurity York

ر (Suc_ink to مشرعuc) ، (Suc_ink to

dattung iver number Rights with the Australy Japan-U.S. Legislative Exchange Program Still Going Strong



WHY THE U.S.2

Meeting with China

Paying Attention to Culture in the World

MATO's Kurt Volker Visits with Students

Speaking Out for Children

Everth Continues to Think Ahead

David Rockefeller Chats with Dean Harding

Nau and Mearsheimer Debate Policy

Access Transcripts
Online

Want to Find Out What's Happenine?

Graduate Students Take
Office

Bringing International Education to K-17

Public Diplomacy or Propaganda?

Pelosky Series Hosts
Thomas Homer-Dixon

The New Leonard Nagier Soom Honored

Speaking Out for Timbabwe

Eacuity Notes

Faculty Profile: Kitk

Brown Bag Series Starts |

Remembering

Amenbering

Amenbering

wice a year members of the U.S. Congress meet with members of the Japanese Diet to talk, chat, debate, and yes, even raise their voices. In the spring they congregate in Washington DC and in the fall they meet in Tokyo for informal conversations on the state of world affairs. By working outside official channels they can develop a more personal relationship and better understanding between the two nations and their policies, says Professor Henry Nau, Director of the U.S.-Japan Economic Agenda, the program that hosts this Legislative Exchange Program.

The Legislative Exchange Program began hearly 14 years ago as an offshoot of the U.S.-Japan Economic Agenda, which was implemented in 1985. "In the late 80s it was apparent that there was little real dialogue on the issues," says Nau. Gaston Sigur approached Henry Nau with the idea of the U.S.-Japan Economic Agenda in order to nurture a better, less business focused relationship with Japan.

Today, the Legislative Exchange Program continues offering further development toward Japan's understanding of U.S. democracy and U.S. understanding of Japan's policies. In its 28th session, Nau remarks that its regular participants have established candid and friendly relations that allow for real talk. In many cases, American senators will spend time with their counterpart's family or a Japanese politician will join an American senator on the campaign trail in the United States.

During their most recent meeting this past October, the Japanese and American officials discussed security issues like U.S. bases in Okinawa, the potential threat of Korean nuclear power, environmental issues, such as the Kyoto Protocol, and a number of other pressing issues. The next

scheduled meeting will take place in Washington DC in late April.

HISTORY OF THE U.S.-JAPAN LEGISLATIVE EXCHANGE PROGRAM

Introduction

The U.S.-Japan Economic Agenda began in 1985 as a research and public policy activity jointly sponsored by the Elliott School of International Affairs at The George Washington University in Washington, D.C. and the Camegie Council on Ethnic and International Affairs in New York. In 1990, the Agenda became an independent program at the George Washington University, and in 1991, it became associated with the newly created Gaston Sigur Center for Asian Studies.

Over the past seventeen years, the Agenda has conducted a variety of activities. These include public policy seminars and conferences, research projects with various counterpart institutions in Japan (covering a range of topics from energy to agriculture to high technology policy-making), and various publications to include a newsletter, monograph series, two edited books published by New York and Columbia University Presses, and various conference papers and proceedings.

For the first nine years, the GWU Agenda was co-directed by Henry R. Nau, Professor of Political Science and International Affairs at the Elliott School of International Affairs, The George Washington University, and Gaston Sigur, Distinguished Professor of International Relations and Counselor at the Sigur Center in the Elliott School. Professor Sigur, a former Assistant Secretary for Far Eastern and Pacific Affairs in the U.S. Department of State and long-time scholar and commentator on U.S.-Japan and U.S.-Asian affairs, died in Spring 1995. Professor Nau continues as the Agenda Director. He is a former staff member of the National Security Council and author of numerous publications in areas of technology, political economy and U.S. foreign policy. His most recent book, to be published by Cornell University Press in March 2002, is At Home Abroad: Identity and Power in American Foreign Policy. Other books include The Myth of America's Decline, published in 1990 by Oxford University Press, and Trade and Security, published in 1995 by The American Enterprise Institute Press. Mike Mochizuki, Associate Professor of Political Science and International Affairs, is the director of the Sigur Center. He is the holder of the chair in V.S.-Japan relations established in honor of Gaston Sigur.

The Agenda's principal, ongoing program is the Legislanve Exchange Program LEP), carried out in cooperation with the Japan Economic Foundation in Tokyo." In

The LEP was referred to in a survey conducted in 1995 by the Japan Content for International Exchange as one of only two Imodets for orieteral partiamentary exchanges between Japan and the United States" (the other being the Bradley-Shifta II Sussaan Legislators. Committee — discontinued in 1996). These models are characterized by anademic administration origing majorite among legislators in develop personal has rather than one-shot conferences), and candid, informat discussions on substantive topics of the moment. See ICIE, A Survey and Shifty Report on Inter-Part internation and Pounces Teachings (reflection in 1994).

2000, the LEP completed its thirteenth year. The LEP brings together on a semi-annual basis the same core group of U.S. Congressional Members and Japanese Diet Members for in-depth and informal discussions of the broad range of political, economic and security issues affecting U.S.-Japan relations. Conducted initially in English, the exchanges have created strong personal and social ties among the members, enabling them to debate controversial political issues without rancor. This type of exchange did not, and still does not, exist elsewhere in U.S.-Japan parliamentary relations. For this reason, in a survey in fall 1997, Congress identified the LEP as the preferred forum for expanding U.S.-Japan parliamentary exchanges, both to include non-English speaking Diet Members and more of the leadership of both parliaments. Accordingly, the LEP's program expanded significantly in 1999. The meetings now include simultaneous translation and higher level parliamentary representation. The new Speaker of the House, Dennis Hastert, has been a regular member of the LEP since 1995. After becoming speaker, he hosted breakfast meetings for the LEP and has been directly involved in ongoing discussions to include the leadership of Japan's parliament. In December 1999, Taku Yamasaki, then one of the leaders of the LDP and now Secretary General of the LDP under the new Koizumi government, participated in an LEP discussion with simultaneous translation. In 2000, the Speaker of the Japanese Diet attended an LEP dinner. Thus, the current LEP builds on the solid personal and social relationships, which the English-speaking group developed between 1989 and 1998, and now includes expanded meetings with non-English speaking Japanese Members and leaders of both parliaments.

As before, the LEP plans two meetings during Calendar Year 2002. The first meeting takes place in Washington, D.C. in April/May 2002. The second meeting takes place in Tokyo in November/December 2002. At the second meeting, the LEP is exploring a low cost means of linking a parliamentary exchange among U.S., Japanese and South Korean legislators with the bilateral U.S.-Japan LEP meeting. Japanese colleagues would invite friends in the South Korean parliament to attend the last day of the LEP session (usually a meming session and lunch). The topic for discussion would be trilateral security and economic issues. Initially, the South Korean members might cover their own travel costs, and the Japanese the meeting costs. Eventually, the Japanese might work these costs into their regular budget. (The LEP also maintains contact with Congressman Ed Royce (R-CA), who chairs the U.S.-South Korea parliamentary exchange. The possibility of a joint meeting of the two bilateral exchange programs has been suggested.)

Background of the Agenda

In its early years, the GWU II S.-Iapan Economic Agenda conducted a variety of research projects with Iapanese counterparts. Initially funded entirely by the Iapan-U.S. Friendship Commission, the Agenda received supsequent support from other sources.

The Paw Charitable Trusts funded the Agenca's high technology policy-making project, partied out in propertion with the Mitsubstit Research Institute (MRI). The

project featured two conferences on U.S. and Japanese high technology policy-making in the controversial sectors of high-definition television (HDTV) and the FSX fighter aircraft. The conferences developed and published case studies of U.S. and Japanese policy-making processes in these two controversies.

The United States Agency for International Development funded an Agenda project on U.S.-Japan energy and environmental cooperation in third world countries. This project was conducted jointly with the MITI-related institute, Global Industrial and Social Progress Research Institute (GISPRI). It featured a workshop of 25 participants (10 from Japan) and culminated in the joint preparation of twelve working papers on various aspects of U.S. and Japanese energy and environmental priorities, policy-making and possible cooperation in third countries.

In recent years, the Agenda has confined its activities to the Legislative Exchange Program.

Background of the Legislative Exchange Program (LEP)

The LEP was headed at its inception by Congressman Norman Shumway (R-California) on the American side and Diet Member Iwao Matsuda (LDP-Gifu Prefecture) on the Japanese side. Congress Shumway retired from the U.S. Congress in January 1991, and Congressman Donald Pease (D-Ohio), a key member of the Trade Subcommittee of the House Ways and Means Committee, became chair. Congressman Pease retired from Congress in January 1993, and Congressmen Amo Houghton (R-NY) and Tom Sawyer (D-OH) served as co-chairs from 1993 to 1998. In 1999, Congressmen James Sensenbrenner (R-WI) and David Minge (D-MN) took over leadership of the LEP, in 2000, David Minge left the Congress, and James McDermott (D-WA) became the Democratic Co-Chair. On the Japanese side, Matsuda (originally LDP, then New Frontier Party and independent, now LDP again) was chair until 1996, when he was defeated in lower House elections. Thereafter, Jin Murai (LDP) and Yoshinori Ohno (LDP) assumed the leadership. Mr. Matsuda became the third co-chair when he was reelected to the upper house of the Diet in 1998. Today, the Japanese delegation is led by three co-chairs.

Over the years, participation by U.S. Members in the LEP meetings has steadily increased. At the first meetings, fewer than ten Members participated. At the meeting in May 2001, twenty-one Members participated (i.e. physically showed up, not just indicated they would come). In total, over the past ten years, some eighty-five Members of Congress have attended one or more of the LEP sessions. On the Japanese side, anywhere from six to seventeen Diet members have participated in individual sessions. In May 1999, the Japanese sent their largest delegation to Washington — fifteen Diet Members. In May 2001, seven Japanese Members participated. Altogether, more than mirry-five Diet Members have attended one or more of the meetings. With recent changes in Japanese politics, the participants now represent the range of political parties in Japanese

The participants over the years have expressed frequent and enthusiastic support for the exchanges. The original English format developed a direct and spirited form of exchange, which helped to overcome cultural formalities and build personal ties. Shumway and Pease, when they retired, went out of their way to find successors and ensure that the program continued. A number of the American and Japanese legislators (Sawyer, Houghton, Sensenbrenner, McDermott, Hastert, Murai, Ohno, Matsuda, Yamamoto, Miyamoto) attend the sessions regularly and make up a core group that enjoys personal rapport and attracts a wider circle of participants. In one communication in 1994, Mr. Matsuda suggested how frank and valuable the LEP discussions are. He wrote: "I count the number of times that voices are raised as positive indicators of the intensity and ultimately the value of our exchange programs."

THE CONGRESSIONAL STUDY GROUP ON JAPAN

233 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, S.E., SUITE 200 Washington, D.C. 20003-1107 (202) 543-8676

(b)(6)

March 12, 2001

ADVISORY BOARD

CO-CHAIRMEN DIANNE FEINSTEIN STEVE HORN

2000 CO-CHAIRMEN CRAIG THOMAS HOWARD L. BERMAN

1999 CO-CHAIRMEN JEFF BINGAMAN HOWARD CORLE

1998 CO-CHAIL MEN THAD COCH AN NICK JOE RAHALL, IL

1996-97 CO-CHAIRMEN MAX BAUCUS___ THOMAS E. PETRI

CO-CHAIRMEN WILLIAM Y. POTH, JR. LEE H. HAMILTON

Dear Colleague:

We would like to invite you and/or a member of your staff to attend a luncheon meeting on Tuesday, March 20, 2001 with a group of seven young policy-oriented Japanese Diet Members who are participating in the 23rd U.S.-Japan Parliamentary Exchange Program run by the Japan Center for International Exchange (ICIE). The Diet Members will discuss the current political situation and future outlook in Japan, and are interested in hearing Members' and staff views on the new Congress and future directions for U.S. foreign policy. Please note that staff are particularly welcome to attend this FOUNDING AND HONORAPPROGRAM. The luncheon meeting will be held in Room S-115 (Senate Family Dining Room) in the Capitol, beginning at 12:30 p.m.

LINDA A. REED Executive Director

President. East-West Center

DANIEL E, BOB Independent Counsultant

Robert M. Hathaway Director, Asia Program

CONSULTANT SABINA G. JAVITS

STUDY GROUP DIRECTOR The Diet delegation (all members of the House of Representatives) will be led by Mr. Ichiro Aisawa of the Liberal Democratic Pary (LDP). Other U.S. Association of Forme participants are: Mr. Yukio Edano, Democratic Party of Japan (DPJ); Mr. Members of Congress participants are: Mr. Yukio Edano, Democratic Party of Japan (DPJ); Mr. CHARLES E. MORRISON Kazubiro Haraguchi (DPJ); Mr. Hakubun Shimomura (LDP); Mr. Takuya Tasso (Liberal Party); Mr. Kazuyoshi Akaba (New Komeito Party), and Mr. Tatsuya Ito (LDP). The delegation will be accompanied by Mr. Tadashi Yarnamoto, President, JCIE, and Mr. Hiroshi Peter Kamura, Executive Director, JCIE/USA.

Woodrow Wison International We hope that you and/or a member of your staff will join us for a stimulating discussion meeting, which is funded by the Japan-U.S. Friendship Commission. Please have your office either return the enclosed form to the Congressional Study Group on Japan (fax: 543-7145), or call 543-8676 to let us know if you will be able to attend.

With kind regards.

Sincerely.

Dianne Feinstein

Steve Horn

Enclosure

TO:

Powell Moore

CC:

Larry Di Rita

DOUG FEATH

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

US-Japan Parliamentary Exchange Program

I would like to have the two co-chairmen of the US-Japan Parliamentary Exchange Program, Jim Sensenbrenner and Jim McDermott, in for breakfast, lunch or a meeting sometime. I would like to see their background sheets, and then I would like to have that meeting set up.

Thanks.

Attach.

12/4/03 ASD(LA) memo to SecDef 11/24/03 SecDef memo to ASD(LA) [112403.03]

DHR:dh 121603-2

Please respond by

30 04

He wante to meet of McDernott - the guy who just paid we "staged"
the capture of SH ofor ????

- Delonne

Powell Moore:
Where one we we harden thanks

OSD 01687-04

11-L-0559/OSD14091



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999



INFO MEMO

CM-1511-04 10 February 2004

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJCS

SUBJECT: Reporting on Reducing Stress on the Force

- You requested a periodic report on how we are doing in reducing stress on the force (TAB A).
- Program Budget Decision 712 directs the Services to convert 20,070 military billets to civilians and/or contractors in FY 04 and FY 05.
- Services are rebalancing the Active and Reserve Component mix to relieve stress and realigning billets as follows: Army – 100,000, FY 04-09; Navy – 2000, FY 04-05; Air Force – 7000, FY 04-05; Marine Corps – 2029, FY 04-05.
- Defense Agency Manpower Review Process is identifying positions in defense agencies that could be eliminated or civilianized, resulting in military billets returned to the Services: Defense Finance and Accounting Service – 20, FY 05; Defense Contract Management Agency – 24, FY 05; Defense Threat Reduction Agency – 257, FY 03.
- General Defense Intelligence Program converted 305 military billets to civilian and returned those to the Services: Army – 142; Navy – 73; Marine Corps – 8; Air Force – 82.
- Long-term efforts, such as the Integrated Global Presence and Basing Strategy, force modularity and global force management could provide a significant capability to further reduce stress on the force.
- Under Secretary of Defense (Personnel and Readiness) will provide periodic reports on other stress-related indicators such as impacts on recruiting and retention, family satisfaction, etc.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Attachments: As stated

Prepared By: Brigadier General Maria C. Owens, USAF; Director, J-1;

(b)(6)

OSD 01976-04

TAB

A

TAB A

204 FER 10 71 2: 58

December 27, 2003

TO:

David Chu

Gen. Dick Myers

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Reporting on Reducing Stress on Force

We need to have a periodic report on how we are doing in reducing stress on the force.

For example, Dov Zakheim told me the other day that he has returned to the Services for reassignment 300 military personnel that he doesn't need in the Comptroller's shop.

We need to see where else that is happening.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 122703-37 (is computer)			

Diagra warmond bu	1/31/04		

OSD 01976-04

Tab A

TAB

B

TAB B

OSD(P)	Mr. Richard Davison	January 29, 2004
OSD(P&R)	Mr. Al Gallant	January 29, 2004
OSD(PA&E)	Mr. Greg Wise	January 26, 2004
OSD(RA)	Mr. Dan Kohner	January 26, 2004
USA	COL Randy Wright	January 22, 2004
USN	CAPT D. Thompson	January 27, 2004
USAF	Col Shelby Ball	January 27, 2004
USMC	Col Van Dyke	January 26, 2004
DIA	Ms. Barbara Mays	January 29, 2004

TAB A

SECRETANT OF BETEVE

281 FEB 10 PR 2: 58

December 27, 2003

3

TO:

David Chu

Gen. Dick Myers

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Reporting on Reducing Stress on Force

We need to have a periodic report on how we are doing in reducing stress on the force.

For example, Dov Zakheim told me the other day that he has returned to the Services for reassignment 300 military personnel that he doesn't need in the Comptroller's shop.

We need to see where else that is happening.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 122703-37 (ta computer)

Please respond by 1/31/04

OSD 01976-04

Tab A

7 Dec 03

2-

Dear Mr. Rums feld,

My huntiand and I winn you and gave family a cary loanderfiel Christman, loe aiso want to thankyour for keeping his safe and being a man of frimeigal. I feel very disheartens when I hear thou who criticize you and can only hope it makes your and can only hope it makes your and can gree there who done your and sleep and sleep and some your and sleep and sleep and spear your and sleep and sleep are your and sleep and sleep are to

" '...THEY SHALL CALL HIS NAME EMMANUEL...
GOD WITH US." MATTHEW 1:23 KJV

MAY THE GIFTS

THAT ONLY CHRIST CAN GIVE

BE YOURS THIS CHRISTMA

AND MAY HIS LOVE, JOY, AND I

CONTINUE TO BE ABUNDANTLY Y

THROUGHOUT EACH DAY

OF THE NEW YEA

Werry Christma

(b)(6)

7 Dec 03

11-L-0559/OSD14098

0

December 27, 2003

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Thank You Letter

Someone ought to write a nice letter to (b)(6)

thanking them

for their card.

Thanks.

Attach.

Christmas card from (b)(6)

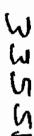
DHR on 122703-15 (to computer)

- All untilled in entrod in CID always to Bernadette.

Thank-

010

2/5/04



THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE WASHINGTON

FEB 11 2004

(b)(6)	
Dear Mr. and Mrs	(b)(6)

Thank you so much for your holiday card and your words of support. It was kind of you to think of me.

You have my best wishes for the New Year.

Sincerely,

OSD 02009-04



THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE WASHINGTON

(b)(6)		

Dear Mr. and Mrs (b)(6)

Thank you so much for your holiday card/It was kind of you to think of me.

You have my best wishes for the New Year.

Sincerely,

Som Som

(b)(6)		
Dear Mr. and Mrs.	(b)(6)	1

Thank you so much for your holiday card. It was kind of you to think of me.

You have my best wishes for the New Year.

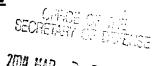
Sincerely,



MANAGEMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE 1950 DEFENSE PENTAGON

WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1950



INFO MEMO

204 MMR -3 Fil 5: 38

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Raymond F. DuBois, Director, Administration and Management

SUBJECT: HHS Command Center

- Based upon your positive impressions during a visit to Secretary Thompson's Command Center, I visited the facility to determine the potential use of their capability in your new Unified Command Center.
- While the HHS Command Center is limited in scope and size, they have done an impressive job constructing it in 59 days at a cost of \$3.7M. Essentially, they use two large video walls with one wall having four large screen monitors tuned to live news TV stations (domestic and international), and the other wall having ten projector screens in a two-down and five-across matrix as a "knowledge wall."
- On the knowledge wall, each projector can display a single image or multiple images, such as video teleconferencing images, multiple health crises, multiple hospital statuses during an event, etc. This would be similar to you concurrently tracking information and talking to multiple Combatant Commanders, Service Secretaries, other Department Secretaries, the President, etc.
- I have directed my IT team, responsible for developing and implementing your Unified Command Center, to meet with Secretary Thompson's IT staff to better understand how we can utilize the HHS Command Center's capability and their expertise in integrating a "knowledge wall" into the new Unified Command Center, your new office on the Mall Terrace in 2005, and other areas occupied by you.
- If desired, I am available to discuss further at your convenience.

COORDINATION: None

Prepared By: Michael R. Sullivan

(b)(6)

OSD 03192-04



19 December 18, 2003

TO:

Ray DuBois

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

HHS Command Center

Please go over and take a look at the HHS command center. I am told it was done in 59 days and only cost \$3.5 million. It is amazing.

Please go over, get a full briefing on it and see if you think we ought to do something like that.

Thanks.

DHR:db [2(803-11

19 December 18, 2003

TO:

Ray DuBois

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

HHS Command Center

Please go over and take a look at the HHS command center. I am told it was done in 59 days and only cost \$3.5 million. It is amazing.

Please go over, get a full briefing on it and see if you think we ought to do something like that.

Thanks.

DHRigh 121803-13

Please respond by 1/23/194

OSD 03192-04





UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

4000 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301-4000

2002/2017 1917 1918 2017/2014 1919:53

INFO MEMO

March 3, 2004 - 3:00 PM

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE	4		
FROM: David S. C. Chu, Under Secretary of Defense (P&	R)	ands C. Chmy	Marcif
		Signature & Date	

SUBJECT: Mandatory Retirement--SNOWFLAKE (Tab A)

- There are several remedies applicable to Captain (b)(6) and others like him:
 - He can be recalled to active duty. The Secretary of a Military Department may order most retired officers to active duty (10 U.S.C. §688). No more than 25 officers can serve concurrently and they cannot serve more than 12 months in a 24-month period. (During periods of national emergency these restrictions are lifted, which is the current situation.)
 - If selected by a selection board, an officer who would otherwise be required to retire following completion of 30 years service may have retirement deferred and be continued on active duty for up to 5 years or until age 62, whichever is sooner (10 U.S.C.§637).
- The real problem is that officers like Captain (b)(6) may not wish to be retained, because there is little financial incentive to stay. Indeed, it could be argued the current incentive is negative, since delayed retirement may damage second career earnings.
- We are pursuing a set of legislative remedies to this dilemma for flag officers (raising maximum age to 68, and providing for an increased pension if they serve beyond 30 years). Your speaking out in support will help us, since we failed to win their acceptance last year.
- RAND is helping us evaluate alternatives for officers below flag rank. To enable us to try these out without having to justify each in advance, we are seeking military personnel demonstration authority. OMB has not yet cleared this, but I am hopeful they will soon do so. (I will let you know if by the end of next week we have not yet succeeded.)

Attachments:	
As stated	
	(h)(e)
Prepared by:	Lt Col Francine Blackmon, ODUSD(MPP/OEPM): (b)(6)

COORDINATION: TAB B.



TAB

A

13/10/103

December 11, 2003

TO:	David Chu
CC:	Paul Wolfowitz
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld T
SUBJECT:	Incentives
	net the Executive Assistant to (b)(6) He is a Navy Captain s of service. He is 51 years old, and he is retiring. He is first-rate.
All the incen	rives in our system are wrong. Why don't we get them fixed?
Please come	back to me with a proposal by January 5.
Thanks.	
DHR:dh 121103-18	NO CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF T
Please resp	ond by1 5/54

TAB

B

Coordination

General Counsel

Prepared by: Lt Col Francine Blackmon (b)(6)

11-L-0559/OSD14110

13/19/03 201 100 -11 FIL 1: 55

December 11, 2003

210 nay

11 Dec 03

TO:	David Chu
CC:	Paul Wolfowitz
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld
SUBJECT:	Incentives
	met the Executive Assistant to (b)(6) He is a Navy Captain s of service. He is 51 years old, and he is retiring. He is first-rate.
All the incen	ntives in our system are wrong. Why don't we get them fixed?
Please come	back to me with a proposal by January 5.
Thanks.	
DHR:dh 121103-18	NPP
Please resp	ond by

0 SD 03235 - 04

CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999

INFO MEMO

CM-1632+04 19 March 2004

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJCS 19413/19

SUBJECT: Congressman Marshall

- Question. "Congressman Marshall has some interesting ideas about using the Guard and Reserve to fight three-week wars and not for much else. He says they like to do it and do it well. He says they have the skills for civil affairs and so forth. Why don't we arrange to have Pete Schoomaker talk to him and see what he has to say?" (TAB A)
- Answer. General Peter J. Schoomaker, USA, and I are meeting with Congressman Jim Marshall regarding this matter on 23 March.
- Analysis. After the meeting, we will report on insights from Congressman Marshall at your earliest opportunity.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Attachments:

As stated

Copy to:

CSA

Prepared By: MG Clyde A. Vaughn, USA; ACJCS/NG; (b)(6)

December 27, 2003

•		•	
- 1	7		ŀ
_ 1	•	,	

Gen. Dick Myers

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

Powell Moore

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Congressman Marshall

Congressman Marshall has some interesting ideas about using the Guard and Reserve to fight three-week wars and not for much else. He says they like to do it and do it well. He says they have the skills for civil affairs and so forth.

Why don't we arrange to have Pete Schoomaker talk to him and see what he has to say. He is an interesting man, very bright. He is the one who wrote such a good op-ed piece after he came back from the Middle East.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 122703-27 (ts computer)		~~
	1/31/04	

TAB B

COORDINATION PAGE

Office of the Chief of Staff, US Army

COL Campbell

16 March 2004

Tab B

326

December 27, 2003

TO:

Gen. Dick Myers

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

Powell Moore

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld V

SUBJECT: Congressman Marshall

Congressman Marshall has some interesting ideas about using the Guard and Reserve to fight three-week wars and not for much else. He says they like to do it and do it well. He says they have the skills for civil affairs and so forth.

Why don't we arrange to have Pete Schoomaker talk to him and see what he has to say. He is an interesting man, very bright. He is the one who wrote such a good op-ed piece after he came back from the Middle East.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 122709-27 (to computer)		
Please respond by	1/31/04	

27 Aco

0SD 04082-04

December 4, 2003

201 100 -2 31 2:50

TO:

Gen. Dick Myers

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Collins Film on Irish Insurrection

Attached is a note from Newt. I am going to get the film he refers to.

After I have looked at it, I will let you see it, and we will decide whether we think it is worth Abizaid seeing it.

Thanks.

Attach.

12/2/03 Gingrich e-mail to SecDef re: Irish Insurrection of 1916

DHR:dh			
120403-30	âε	COM	outer)

Please respond by

Page 1 of 2

(b)(6)

CIV. OSD

From:

Thirdwave2@aol.com

Sent:

Tuesday, December 02, 2003 7:23 AM

To:

(b)(6) @osd.pentagon.mil; Larry.DiRita@osd.pentagon.mil;

John.Craddock@OSD.Pentagon.mil; Shep3804@tol.com; jack.patterson@osd.mil

Cc;

damicorj@js.pentagon.mit

Subject: first copy had editing errors-new

for secdef depsecdef from newt 12/02/03

visiting Dublin on the way home from Brussels

you should stop in Dublin on the way home from Brussels and look at the lessons of the Irish war against the British Empire 1916-22.

After six days in Dublin I highly recommend you visit its historic sites and study the lessons of its 1916-1922 war against the British Empire..

The Irish were the first successful insurrection of the 20th century. They forced the British Empire to accept their independence after a six year struggle (1916-1922), The British could not defeat a local insurgency as long as it had local support and was willing to die.

In effect the Irish nationalists were saying "we are willing to die longer than you are willing to kill us and even a few of us can kill enough of you to make your system agree to our independence."

Mao Tse Tung, Tito, Ho Chi Minh and others were all aware of the Irish experience. (Peter Hart, The LR.A. at War 1916-23 Oxford University Press 2003).

Michael Collins is a pretty good film on this topic and worth the two hours of viewing (an alternative to visiting Dublin).

The key to defeating an insurgency is building up our alllies in the local population. Killing the insurgents is necessary but not sufficient. The headline below from the New York Times illustrates how far we are from understanding this war and getting it right.

Using heavy firepower and killing a lot of people is going to end up allenating the local population not intimidating them. We are currently rejecting a century of lessons learned in fighting societal wars (what some would call guerrila or terrorist

cht.

Page 2 of 2

campaigns but in essence are societies at war with professional military and professional police from another culture).

Dublin Castle in 1921 resembles the CPA fortress in 2003.

It is going to take a profound change of doctrine and stratregy to win this war.

Let me repeat because this will be hard for the existing system to accept: it is going to take a profound change of doctrine and strategy to win this war, NY Times article:

U.S. Sees Lesson for Insurgents in an Iraq Battle By DEXTER FILKINS and IAN FISHER Americans vowed that the killing of as many as 54 insurgents would serve as a lesson, but Iraqis disputed the death toll.





UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

4000 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301-4000

INFO MEMO

PERSONNEL AND READINESS April 7, 2004; 10:00 AM

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: David S. C. Chu, USD (Personnel & Readiness)

SUBJECT: SNOWFLAKE - Recruiting that Accurately Reflects Deployment

- You recently asked (Tab A) for a sense of how well the Services' recruiting efforts reflect the likelihood of deployments. This responds.
- The topic of deployments is a standard part of training and information provided to recruits during discussions with the recruiter and through Delayed Entry Program activities.
- The Air Force is the most explicit. All Air Force recruits are required to review the Air Force Expeditionary Force Policy prior to accession. Each applicant must indicate with initials or signature that he or she received information on the policy, which clearly states that, although most Air Force personnel are away from their home stations less than 120 days per year, some may be required to exceed this level. Air Force advertising and marketing also depict Airmen in deployed environments.
- Similarly, Navy advertising and marketing prominently feature sailors on sea duty or in a warrior context.
- Army recently shifted its communications strategy away from a focus on tangible benefits, such as money for college and bonuses, to a more balanced approach. Army advertising and marketing reflect all aspects of Army training, including the combat arms, and portray the full rigor of Army service, including mobilizations and deployments.
- We will use our next survey of active personnel to ensure recruits understand these messages accurately.

COORDINATION: None.

Attachment: As stated

Prepared by: Capt Angela Giddings, ODUSD(MPP)AP;

Maj Heidi Schwenn, ODUSD(MPP)AP (b)(6)

OSD 05055-04

11-L-055970SD14119

(b)(6)

TAB

 \mathbf{A}

December 27, 2003

TO:

David Chu

CC:

Gen. Dick Myers Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Recruiting

We need to make sure our recruiting accurately reflects the kinds of deployments we expect.

Do you have a sense of how closely the Services are with respect to the accuracy and likelihood of deployments?

Thanks.

DHR:4h 122703-32 (ts computer)

1/31/04

December 27, 2003

TO:

David Chu

CC:

Gen. Dick Myers

Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld V

SUBJECT: Recruiting

We need to make sure our recruiting accurately reflects the kinds of deployments we expect.

Do you have a sense of how closely the Services are with respect to the accuracy and likelihood of deployments?

Thanks.

DHR:4h 122703-32 (ts computer)

Please respond by //31/04

rZ	`
	- 11 1

Steve Cambone

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld O.L.

701 / 12 M 0:53

DATE:

December 20, 2003

SUBJECT:

Cables

Please look at the attached two cables on the French dealing with the Taliban and let me know what you find out the facts are.

Æ

Thanks.

DHR/azn 122003 01tscomp

Attach: Unclass 190839Z Dec 03 Unclass 190816Z Dec 03

Please respond by:

INTELLIGENCE

Joke-Help, plean-8K

OSD 05210-04

11-L-0559/OSD14123

SOURCE:

PRIS

DOCINO:

SAP20031219000011

CLASS:

UNCLASSIFIED

DTG:

190839Z DEC 03 FM FBIS RESTON VA

FROM: CONTROLS

UNCLAS

WARNING: TOPIC: DOMESTIC POLITICAL, INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL,

LEADER, MEDIA, TERRORISM, URGENT

TEXT

SERIAL: SAP20031219000011

PASS.

ATTN WIRE SELECT

COUNTRY: AFGHANISTAN, PRANCE, PAKISTAN

SUBJ:

PAKISTAN: FRENCH JOURNALISTS REPORTEDLY FAKE FILM ON

MULLAH OMAR, TALIBAN

REF:

1. PAKISTAN ARRESTS FRENCH JOURNALISTS FOR INTERVIEWING

MULLAH ONAR SAP20031218000098 KARACHI UMMAT URDU 18 DEC 03

SOURCE:

ISLAMABAD KHABRAIN IN URDU 16 DEC 03 PP 1, 8

TEXT:

(REPORT BY AZEEM NAZIR: "CONSPIRACY TO DEPAME PAKISTAN; FRENCH JOURNALISTS PRODUCE FAKE FILM OF TALIBAN'S TRAINING") (FBIS TRANSLATED TEXT)

LAHORE -- SOME JOURNALISTS FROM WESTERN COUNTRIES ARE ON THE PAYROLL OF ANTI-PAKISTAN FORCES INCLUDING INDIA AND ISRAEL AND WANT TO PROVE THAT PAKISTAN IS HELPING THE TALIBAN. HIGH-LEVEL OFFICIAL SOURCE, ANTI-PAKISTAN FORCES ARE ALSO encouraging some pakistani elements who are providing shelter to PERSONA NON GRATA ELEMENTS IN TRIBAL AREAS. IN THIS CONNECTION, TWO FRENCH JOURNALISTS WERE ARRESTED IN KARACHI ON 17 DECEMBER. BOTH OF THEM ARE ON THE PAYROLL OF ENEMIES OF PAKISTAN WHO HAD PROVIDED A HUGE AMOUNT TO A MAN IN QUETTA TO GATHER PEOPLE IN A MOUNTAINOUS AREA ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF THE CITY. THEY DRESSED THESE PEOPLE LIKE TALIBAN AND PREPARED A FAKE FILM. IN THIS WAY THEY WANTED TO PROVE THAT TALIBAN ARE BEING GIVEN TRAINING IN DIFFERENT AREAS OF BALOCHISTAN. THEY INTENDED TO CREATE AN IMPRESSION THAT TERRORIST TRAINING CAMPS EXIST IN PAKISTAN.

ACCORDING TO SOURCES, THE PAKISTANI GOVERNMENT, IN VIEW OF ITS RELATIONS WITH THE FRIENDLY COUNTRY OF FRANCE, HAS ADOPTED A LENIENT ATTITUDE TOWARD THE JOURNALISTS, AND BY IGNORING THEIR DESIGNS HAS REGISTERED A CASE OF VIOLATION OF THE FOREIGN ACT. HOWEVER, THE PAKISTANI GOVERNMENT WILL FORMALLY LODGE A PROTEST WITH PRANCE OVER THIS INCIDENT BECAUSE IT WAS A CONSPIRACY TO DEFAME PAKISTAN. ACCORDING TO SOURCES, AN IMPRESSION IS BEING INTENTIONALLY GIVEN THAT THESE JOURNALISTS INTERVIEWED MULLAH OMAR.

WHICH IS A WHITE LIE. IN THIS WAY, AN ATTEMPT WAS MADE TO CONCEAL THE REAL DESIGNS.

(DESCRIPTION OF SOURCE: ISLAMABAD KHABRAIN IN URDU --SENSATIONALIST DAILY, GENERALLY OPPOSES PARISTAN PEOPLE'S PARTY. CIRCULATION OF 30,000.)

THIS REPORT MAY CONTAIN COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. COPYING AND DISSEMINATION IS PROHIBITED WITHOUT PERMISSION OF THE COPYRIGHT OWNERS.

(ENDALL)

END OF MESSAGE

UNCLASSIFIED

SOURCE:

PRIC

DOCNO: CLASS: SAP20031218000098 UNCLASSIFIED

DTG: FROM: 190816Z DEC 03 FM FBIS RESTON VA

CONTROLS

UNCLAS

WARNING: TOPIC: DOMESTIC POLITICAL, INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL, MEDIA,

TERRORISM, URGENT

TEXT

PASS:

SERIAL: SAP20031218000098

ATTN WIRE SELECT

COUNTRY: AFGHANISTAN, PRANCE, PAKISTAN

5UBJ :

PAKISTAN ARRESTS PRENCH JOURNALISTS FOR INTERVIEWING

MULLAH OMAR

SOURCE: KARACHI UMMAT IN URDU 18 DEC 03 PP 1, 7

TEXT:

(UMMAT CORRESPONDENT REPORT: "TWO FRENCH JOURNALISTS ARRESTED FOR INTERVIEWING MULLAH OMAR*)

(FBIS TRANSLATED TEXT)

PAKISTANI AUTHORITIES HAVE ARRESTED TWO FRENCH JOURNALISTS WHO INTERVIEWED TALIBAN LEADER MULLAH MOHAMMAD OMAR. THEY ARE ACCUSED OF VIOLATING PAKISTANI IMMIGRATION LAWS. THE FIA (FEDERAL INVESTIGATION AGENCY) HAS REGISTERED A CASE AGAINST THEM FOR COMMITTING VISA IRREGULARITIES.

ACCORDING TO DETAILS, FIA PASSPORT CELL PERSONNEL RAIDED THE AVARI TOWER HOTEL ON LATE TUESDAY (16 DECEMBER) NIGHT AND ARRESTED MARK EPSTEIN AND JEAN PAUL GUILLOTEAU, WHO ARE ASSOCIATED WITH THE FORTNIGHTLY "L EXPRESS." TALKING TO NEWSMEN IN HIS OFFICE. MOHAMMAD MALIK, PIA PASSPORT CELL DEPUTY DIRECTOR, SAID THE FRENCH JOURNALISTS HAVE BEEN ARRESTED FOR VIOLATING THE INSTRUCTION HE SAID THE ACCUSED OBTAINED A VISA FROM PRINTED ON THEIR VISAS. THE PAKISTANI EMBASSY IN PARIS IN SEPTEMBER, WHICH WAS VALID UP TO 28 MARCH 2004. THE ACCUSED ARRIVED IN KARACHI ON 7 DECEMBER. ACCORDING TO VISAS ISSUED TO THE FRENCH JOURNALISTS, THEY COULD ONLY VISIT KARACHI, LAHORE, AND ISLAMARAD. BUT THE ACCUSED WENT TO QUETTA ILLEGALLY AND AGAIN STAYED AT AVARI TOWER HOTEL ON THEIR RETURN TO KARACHI. UPON RECEIVING INFORMATION OF THE BREACH OF LAW, THEY WERE ARRESTED AND CASE NO. 270/2003 WAS REGISTERED AGAINST THEM. A LOCAL COURT HAS REMANDED THEM TO FIA CUSTODY UNTIL 24 DECEMBER.

HOWEVER, IMPORTANT SOURCES SAY THE ACCUSED STAYED IN QUETTA FOR ONE DAY AND THEN CROSSED THE BORDER INTO AFGHANISTAN, WHERE THEY RECORDED AN AUDIO AND VIDEO INTERVIEW OF MULLAH MOHAMMAD OMAR.

AFTER CONDUCTING THE INTERVIEW, THEY AGAIN REACHED QUETTA. RECEIVING THE INFORMATION ABOUT THE INTERVIEW IN AFGHANISTAN, AN IMPORTANT GOVERNMENT AGENCY STARTED SEARCHING FOR THE JOURNALISTS. THEY RECEIVED INFORMATION THAT THE JOURNALISTS HAD LEFT FOR KARACHI BY ROAD, UPON WHICH SECURITY PERSONNEL DEPLOYED AT OTHAL CHECK POINT WERE DIRECTED TO SEIZE THE LUGGAGE AND CAMERAS FROM THE ACCUSED. THEREFORE, BORDER GUARDS SEIZED THEIR LUGGAGE AND EQUIPMENT. ACCORDING TO THE SOURCES. THE FRENCH CONSULATE GENERAL WROTE LETTER NO. 162/APK TO THE MINISTRY OF POREIGN AFFAIRS, CAMP OFFICE KARACHI, WHICH SAID THAT THE ARTICLES SEIZED FROM THE JOURNALISTS INCLUDED ONE LAPTOP COMPUTER; ONE RED NOTEBOOK; ONE FLOPPY DISC; ONE VIDEOCASSETTE; SIX DIGITAL CAMERAS; IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS; HOTEL RECEIPTS; TICKETS FOR KARACHI, ISLAMABAD, AND QUETTA; AND THE NATIONAL IDENTITY CARD OF ONE KHAWAR MEHDI.

ACCORDING TO SOURCES, THE IMPORTANT AGENCY CHECKED THE ARTICLES CAPTURED FROM THE JOURNALISTS BUT THEY CONTAINED NOTHING ABOUT AFGHANISTAN. LATER, THE AGENCY DIRECTED FIA PASSPORT CELL DEPUTY DIRECTOR MOHAMMAD NALIK TO ARREST THE FRENCH JOURNALISTS FOR VIDLATING THE DIRECTIVES PRINTED ON THEIR VISAS. AFTER THEIR ARREST, A FRENCH EMBASSY OFFICIAL REACHED THE PASSPORT CELL, BUT THE FIA HAD REGISTERED THE CASE BY THEN. OFFICIALS FROM IMPORTANT AGENCIES ARE INVESTIGATING THE NATTER.

MEANWHILE, FIA DEPUTY DIRECTOR MOHAMMAD MALIK HAS DENIED THAT THE ACCUSED WENT TO AFGHANISTAN.

(DESCRIPTION OF SOURCE: KARACHI UMMAT IN URDU -- SENSATIONALIST, PRO-USAMA BIN LADEN URDU DAILY. HARSHLY CRITICAL OF THE US AND OF INDIA. CIRCULATION OF 20,000.)

THIS REPORT MAY CONTAIN COPYRIGHTED MATERIAL. COPYING AND DISSEMINATION IS PROHIBITED WITHOUT PERMISSION OF THE COPYRIGHT OWNERS.

(ENDALL)

END OF MESSAGE

UNCLASSIFIED

5	n	01	W.	P	al	k	e



201 /07 12 /11 9: 03

December 30,200

п	┍╱	٦
	ı	,

Steve Cambone

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

Doug Feith

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Missile Defense

Please read this J.D. Crouch memo on missile defense and see me.

Thanks.

Attach,

12/10/03 Crouch memo to SecDef re: "Missile Defense Way Ahead"

DHR:42 123003-3 (to computer)

Please respond by 1/16/04

TEN 1/9

30 Dec 03

0 SD 05211-04

UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR INTELLIGENCE

DATE	1/9/2004	4:20 PM

MEMO FOR SecDef

I have read J.D.'s memo.

I agree with his approach. We agreed to <u>add</u> \$500M in new money for FY05 and \$1B in FY06 to support the next phase of deploying ground-based missile.

Gen Kadish has found an additional \$336M (FY05 \$177M & FY06 \$159M) within his program to ensure sufficient funds for this next deployment phase.

The challenge before us, if we want to deploy abroad, is now work out agreements with allies.

I agree with J.D. on the need for a fresh look at the missile defense progress. I've discussed such an effort with Gen Kadish, and he agrees one is needed. We should do it before he leaves in June.

Key to continued success with missile defense is the knowledge of and commitment to it by the next ASD/ISP.

As always, I stand ready to p

6

(b)(6)

rp

December 10, 2003

Memorandum for the Secretary of Defense

From: J.D. rouch II

Subject Missile Defense Way Ahead

Dရာ\$ၹ_____

I have heard that an effort is underway in the department to "pause" the evolutionary approach to missile defense briefed to the President the last two years in Crawford. I am aware of the arguments in favor of such a pause, but I think it would be a mistake.

The evolutionary approach was deliberately designed not to commit us to a large, costly deployment but slowly to begin fielding modest capability. Its benefits are that for a relatively small investment we can:

- Begin to assure allies and dissuade opponents.
- · Gain valuable experience in the organization and operation of global defenses.
- · Provide a forcing function to organize, train, and equip for missile defense.
- Demonstrate real capability out of an \$8+ billion dollar budget while continuing an aggressive R&D effort.
- · Keep our deployment options open for the future.

The dollars we are talking about for Crawford II are not huge (3-8% of the MDA budget), but sustaining this new approach to fielding systems has broad implications for missile defense, and how the department fields systems more generally.

Pausing now would:

- Be used by opponents of the program as evidence that the President's decision last year was premature and politically motivated.
- Delay the fielding of any new capabilities beyond Crawford I until after the end
 of the President's second term, thus:
 - Undermining the dissuasive impact of our MD program on key states of interest at a time of critical negotiations.
 - Make it difficult to sustain congressional interest in an \$8+ billion dollar budget in the out-years.
- Instill doubt in allies and friends who have recently come on board or are thinking about doing so, with implications beyond missile defense.
- Be seen inside the military as stepping away from the MD mission at a time when we are just now getting traction with the Combatant Commanders and the uniformed military.
- Cost significant amounts of money to restart production lines.

cc: LD Craddock

7

1-<u>L-0559/OGD14130</u>

Continuing the program as briefed at Crawford would:

- Demonstrate continued confidence in the cautious, evolutionary approach we briefed to Congress.
 - We need not make a new public announcement of our intention to deploy specific capabilities in FY 06. Internally, budget and schedule planning will need to occur, yet our public rhetoric can simply emphasize our intention to continue to move forward to field additional capabilities, while preserving some flexibility concerning dates and numbers.
- Lock in allied support for the program as it becomes increasingly "real" to them.
 - A European site that provides limited protection for both the U.S. and Europe from longer-range missiles would further demonstrate the President's commitment to the alliance and differentiate the U.S. as an ally of choice in the NATO-EU debate.
 - It would also make it much more difficult to reverse the track toward greater MD capabilities because of the foreign policy and alliance management implications.
- Help force needed trade-offs and belt tightening within the MD program. A pause will be interpreted as a breathing space between hard decisions.
 - O There is money to be found in the MDA budget, and Steve Cambone and Dov Zakheim originally reserved an additional funding wedge outside the MDA budget in the FY06-09 timeframe for fielding new capabilities.
 - o. Three years in, a look at what programs deserve continuing is in order.
 - The tooth to tail ratio also needs examination. There is almost one billion dollars in SETA contract support in the budget!

ACTION: If you agree, I suggest you direct Dov Zakheim to work with Ron Kadish to parse this year's MDA budget and present you with options to sustain the evolutionary approach to missile defense.

£

SECRETATION 12 AT 9:03

December 27, 2003

TO:

Snowflake

Gen. Dick Myers

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

PACOM and CENTCOM

Here is a Vern Clark e-mail on the lines between PACOM and CENTCOM that we ought to think through. Please see me on it.

Thanks.

Attach.

10/24/03 CNO e-mail re: India/Pakistan Trip Thoughts

DHR:db

122703-79 (ts coreputer)

Please respond by 1/23/04

Sir, met w/ seclet.
CICS not w/ e 0835.

0 SD 05214-04

11-L-0559/OSD14132

4

27 Dec 03

£

December 17, 2003

201 APR 12 AM 9: 04

TO:

Jim Haynes

CC:

Gen. Dick Myers

Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld A

SUBJECT:

Philippines

I want to find out what is going on with respect to this fellow from the Philippines who killed one of our soldiers.

Thanks.

DHR:dh

Please respond by _____ 1/5/04

17 Dec 03

Sir,
Response attached.
vr/cor Noseny1/16/03

0 SD 05220-04

TAB A

2回 482 19 图 12: 50

December 27, 2003

TO:

Gen. Dick Myers

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: PACOM and CENTCOM

Here is a Vern Clark e-mail on the lines between PACOM and CENTCOM that we ought to think through. Please see me on it.

Thanks.

Attach.

10/24/03 CNO e-mail re: India/Pakistan Trip Thoughts

DHR:dh 122703-29 (ts computer)

0 SD 05625-04

Tab A

11-L-0559/OSD14134

270ec 03

No Classification in Message Body

Craddock, John J, LTG, OSD

From:

Clark, Vern (N00) [Clark.Vern@cno.navy.smil.mll]

Sent:

Friday, October 24, 2003 6:16 PM

To:

'john.craddock@osd.smil.mil'; 'meyersrb@js.pentagon.smil.mil'

Cc:

Subject:

'fargotb0@hq.pacom.smil.mil'; 'abizaijp@centcom.smil.mil' India/Pakistan trip thoughts

Importance:

High

Sensitivity:

Personal

John.

-- Please pass to Secretary Rumsfeld --

Mr. Secretary and Chairman,

You may recall I recently visited India and Pakistan. It was a terrific trip and very fruitful.

Two major issues for me:

- * One: the disconnect in both countries with how the UCP divides sensible relations with these two nations.
- Our dividing lines are impacting them.
- * India wants to be engaged to the west. They have real national interests in that direction.
- * We are protective to the west because, in CENTCOM, we protect the feelings of Pakistan. (I'm not casting blame; just addressing perceptions)
- * So...India is not as engaged in the Gulf as they would like to be and they told me they sense a lack of connection with CENTCOM. They feel they have no entrance to deal in that AOR, e.g. exercises, liaisons, etc.
- * They don't see themselves as "belonging" to PACOM only.

 * It is less true for Pakistan looking east. As you know, Pak is keeping score of every move we make with India, but in naval stuff, they played in PACOM's submarine rescue event and liked it.
- * Recommendation: We need to figure out how to fuzz the lines between these kinds of boundaries.
- Two: Recovering from sanctions.
- Lots of frustration. This is familiar to you I know.
- o We need to figure out how to lock proactive in a post sanctions window. We don't.
- c Example: Pak already has the HARPOON surface-to-surface missile. During the years of sanction their HARPOON missiles became inoperable ...lack of support, parts, test equipment, etc. They are unable to obtain much needed parts and support equipment for legacy systems like this without starting over through our formal, multiagency approval process.
- * Recommendation: When we lift sanctions, we should consider a fundamental change to our interagency approval process and issue, pre-emptively, a list of items already approved. We should not force the nation to go through the approval process again.

All in all a good trip. I told each of them you had given me, and each of the Chiefs, the direction to get engaged. That message was well received.

11-L-0559/OSD14135
No Classification in Message Body

VR, Vern

_

Pakistan

1500 03

TO: Steve Cambone

FROM: Donald Rumsfeld V

SUBJECT: Pakistan Issues

Could you please get me a report on what the Russians the Indians and the Iranians are doing in Afghanistan? The Pakistanis raised the question with me, and I am curious.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 101503-65

Please respond by 11/1/3

Steve / Taylor Seardon

Mothet HOT Southerly

August 1, 2003

TO:

LTG Craddock

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Corrected Transcripts

I would like to see the transcript we are correcting on the Pryor issue and the Ted Kennedy issue. I need to see what we are submitting, so please dig it out before it goes up there. I have to get it fixed, and I have to see that it is fixed right. This is very important to me.

Further, I need the retouched text of my letter to Ted Kennedy. The time is passing. I have to get that fixed fast, and if you cannot get it out of Jim Jones, please get it out of somebody else. If you need help from me, ask me, but we have to get it fixed.

T	ħ	21	٦Ĺ	r	¢	
	114	aл	u	L	3	

DHR:dh 080103-1

Please respond by 8/4/03

LA

) Do you have the Pryor Letter

2) How do we have the transcript ammended

3) kennedy teamsoript is coming must de

4) Need copy of the trancript

OSD 10628-04

Questions and Inserts for the Record

- Upon completion of each hearing, it takes about seven to ten days before a "transcript" is made available to the committee. They will call OSD/LA, who dispatches a courier to pick up the Department's copy.
- OSD Comptroller is responsible for transcripts associated with hearings before
 the Senate and House Appropriations Committees and ASD (C3I) takes
 responsibility for the Intelligence Committees. OSD/LA handles all other
 committees.
- Transcripts are logged in, assigned a control number, receipted for and sent to the appropriate DoD organization. The organizations ensure the transcripts are reviewed for accuracy and questions taken for the record by the witness are assigned to the correct organization to answer.
- There are two types of additions made to the record.
 - Ouestion for the Record (OFR) at the end of the hearing the Chairman will announce how long the transcript will be kept open for Members to provide questions to the witness. The staff will collect any questions Members may have and forward them to OSD/LA. LA logs the QFRs in and assigns them to the appropriate organization to answer with a suspense date.
 - o <u>Insert for the Record (IFR)</u> when the witness tells the Committee he will have to take a question for the record or wishes to correct his testimony, the information is added to the record through an IFR.

Transcript Review

- Transcripts for OSD witnesses (other than Appropriations and Intelligence) are reviewed by the organization in which the witness is associated.
- Transcripts for hearings where the Secretary or Deputy Secretary appeared as
 a witness are reviewed by the Senate/House Directors in OSD/LA.
 Additionally, General Craddock is provided with an advance copy of the
 transcript for review. Any IFRs are answered when identified via
 correspondence in order to provide a timely response.

Tracking

- Suspense dates for each item is established by the various committees.
- QFRs and IFRs are tracked by OSD/LA (less Appropriations/Intel) for timely submittal.
- As the information is received from the various organizations, it is forwarded via security review to the committee clerks who then insert it into the record.
- Once the information is gathered, the committee will close out the hearing and publish the official transcript.
- The Committee does work with us and tries to get all our information in before closing out the Hearing. If there are questions outstanding when the committee sends the transcript to print, then the phrase "OSD did not respond" is inserted into the record.
- Connie Wachsmuth is the POC in OSD/LA. I will be glad to show you her tracking chart is you are interested.

Weak Points in the Process

 Connie has a pretty good tracking sheet and rapport with the clerks on the Hill. The biggest problem we have is witnesses failing to adhere to the suspense dates assigned by the Committee.

THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE WASHINGTON



JUL 30 2003

The Honorable Mark Pryor United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator Pryor,

During the July 9 hearing before the Senate Armed Services Committee, you posed some questions regarding the reports that Iraq had sought uranium from Niger and asked when I became aware that the reports might be questionable.

After the hearing, I asked the CIA briefer to provide me the background. He said that shortly after Mr. ElBaradei of the IAEA raised questions publicly in a report to the United Nations Security Council on March 7, I had asked my CIA briefer what the facts were. After checking, he tells me that I was advised on March 11 that the CIA believed ElBaradei could be correct in his suspicions regarding the validity of the documents in question.

A question similar to the one you asked me came up on "Meet the Press" on July 13, and I clarified the situation.

Attached is the transcript of the relevant portion of that interview. I will correct the transcript of my hearing before your committee now that I know the facts, but I wanted you to be aware of my correction.

With best wishes,

Enclosure

200010

RUSSERT: In March.

RUMSFELD: In March, a U.N. IAEA person, and said that he felt that there was a forged document, that the intelligence community then said they agreed with ElBaradei after looking at it, at which time obviously it became clear that that fragmentary evidence may not have been right. Whether it is or not I still don't know. We know that the U.K. still believes it is correct. But -- and I just simply don't know. That's not --

RUSSERT: When Senator Pryor asked you on Wednesday, "When did you know that reports about uranium coming out of Africa coming out of Africa were bogus?" -- you said, "Oh, within recent days."

RUMSFELD: I should have said within recent weeks, when ElBaradei came out.

RUSSERT: Back in March.

RUMSFELD: Right, in March, exactly, because I am told that I was -- that after ElBaradei came out with his statement publicly, I read it, and I am told by the CIA briefer who brief me that I on that next day said, "Who is right on this?" And they said, "We'll check." And it was shortly thereafter that they came out with a piece of paper saying that they thought that ElBaradei was right, and --

RUSSERT: The whole issue of intelligence is so important because --

RUMSFELD: It is.

RUSSERT: There's a theory now put forward that says the administration made the central rationale for the war disarming Saddam Hussein. And then the administration, from the president, yourself on down, said that Saddam Hussein was reconstituting his nuclear program -- and as evidence from that, uranium from Africa, aluminum tubes, which is also questionable, the purchase of those -- and that because of that threat, that potential nuclear threat, the reconstruction of a nuclear program, that we needed a preemptive war, that we could not wait, and that if we wait for a smoking gun, it could be a mushroom cloud. In hindsight -- in hindsight, do you wish that the administration had been more careful in its presentation? And did you massage or hype intelligence data?

RUMSFELD: I think the answer is no to both questions. The question about the intelligence, it seems to me that it has been a very healthy discussion within the administration, where policymakers have looked at the intel and asked questions, and that's good. You need feedback, that process. But has it been politicized? Certainly not. I mean, every one of the intelligence estimates where there was a disagreement, for example on the aluminum tubes or on the cake, yellow cake, it says it right in it. It says, "This agency thought this," "This agency thought that." No one changed their views for any reasons.

Then you go back to the question -- you cast it as though it were nuclear, and as you'll recall, if you think back, the weapons of mass destruction was always chemical, biological and nuclear. And in no instance did anyone in the administration that I know of suggested that they had a nuclear weapon. We did believe, and do believe, that they had reconstituted their program, and

2of5

03-60

Stenographic Transcript Before the

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

UNITED STATES SENATE

HEARING TO RECEIVE TESTIMONY ON "LESSONS LEARNED" DURING OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM IN AFGHANISTAN AND OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM, AND TO RECEIVE TESTIMONY ON ONGOING OPERATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES CENTRAL COMMAND REGION

Wednesday, July 9, 2003

Washington, D.C.

ALDERSON REPORTING COMPANY 1111 14TH STREET, N.W. SUITE 400 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20005-5650

(b)(6)

To be edited and returned to the U.S. Senate Armed Services Committee by:

11-L-0559/OSD14142

UNITED STATES SENATE COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Sir/Madam:

There will be a meeting of the Committee on

ARMED SERVICES

Room SH-216 Hart Senate Office Building

Wednesday, July 9, 2003 - 9:30 a.m.

OPEN/CLOSED*

To receive testimony on "lessons learned" during Operation Enduring Freedom in Afghanistan and Operation Iraqi Freedom, and to receive testimony on ongoing operations in the United States Central Command region.

Witnesses:

Honorable Donald H. Rumsfeld Secretary of Defense

General Tommy R. Franks, USA Commander United States Central Command

*There will be a CLOSED session in SH-219, the hearing room of the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence, following the OPEN session. Staff attendance at the CLOSED session will be restricted.

1	CONTENTS	
2	STATEMENT OF	PAGE
3	HON. JOHN WARNER, U.S. SENATOR FROM VIRGINIA	5
4	HON. CARL LEVIN, U.S. SENATOR FROM MICHIGAN	11
5	HON. DONALD H. RUMSFELD, SECRETARY OF DEFENSE	17
6	GENERAL TOMMY R. FRANKS, USA, COMMANDER, UNITED	
7	STATES CENTRAL COMMAND	27
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
) E		

	·
1	HEARING TO RECEIVE TESTIMONY ON "LESSONS LEARNED"
2	DURING OPERATION ENDURING FREEDOM IN AFGHANISTAN
3	AND OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM, AND TO RECEIVE
4	TESTIMONY ON ONGOING OPERATIONS IN THE
5	UNITED STATES CENTRAL COMMAND REGION
6	
7	Wednesday, July 9, 2003
8	
9	U.S. Senate
10	Committee on Armed Services
11	Washington, D.C.
12	
13	The committee met, pursuant to notice, at 9:31 a.m., in
14	Room SH-216, Hart Senate Office Building, Hon. John Warner,
15	chairman of the committee, presiding.
16	Present: Senators Warner, McCain, Inhofe, Roberts,
17	Allard, Sessions, Collins, Talent, Chambliss, Dole, Cornyn,
18	Levin, Kennedy, Byrd, Reed, Akaka, Bill Nelson, Ben Nelson,
19	Dayton, Bayh, Clinton, and Pryor.
20	Committee Staff Members Present: Judith A. Ansley, Staff
21	Director; Cindy Pearson, Assistant Chief Clerk and Security
22	Manager; Kenneth Barbee, Security Clerk; Pendred K. Wilson,
23	Receptionist.
24	Majority Staff Members Present: Charles W. Alsup,
25	Professional Staff Member: I David Cherington Counsel: Pries

- 1 R. Green, Professional Staff Member; Ambrose R. Hock,
- 2 Professional Staff Member: Gregory T. Kiley, Professional
- 3 Staff Member; Thomas L. MacKenzie, Professional Staff Member;
- 4 Lynn F. Rusten, Professional Staff Member.
- 5 Minority Staff Members Present: Richard D. DeBobes,
- 6 Democratic Staff Director; Daniel J. Cox, Jr., Professional
- 7 Staff Member; Kenneth M. Crosswait, Professional Staff Member;
- 8 Richard W. Fieldhouse, Professional Staff Member; Jeremy L.
- 9 Hekhuis, Professional Staff Member; Maren R. Leed,
- 10 Professional Staff Member.
- 11 Staff Assistants Present: Leah C. Brewer, Andrew Kent,
- 12 and Sara R. Mareno.
- 13 Committee Members' Assistants Present: Cord Sterling,
- 14 Assistant to Senator Warner; Dan Twining, Assistant to Senator
- 15 McCain; John A. Bonsell, Assistant to Senator Inhofe; James
- 16 Beauchamp, Assistant to Senator Roberts; Jayson Roehl,
- 17 Assistant to Senator Allard; Arch Galloway II, Assistant to
- 18 Senator Sessions; James P. Dohoney, Jr., Assistant to Senator
- 19 Collins; D'Arcy Grisier, Assistant to Senator Ensign; James W.
- 20 Irwin, Assistant to Senator Chambliss; Clyde A. Taylor IV.
- 21 Assistant to Senator Chambliss; Christine O. Hill, Assistant
- 22 to Senator Dole; Russell J. Thomasson, Assistant to Senator
- 23 Cornyn; Sharon L. Waxman, Assistant to Senator Kennedy; Mieke
- 24 Y. Eoyang, Assistant to Senator Kennedy; Jarret A. Wright,
- 25 Assistant to Senator Kennedy; Erik Raven, Assistant to Senator

Senator Akaka; William K. Sutey, Assistant to Senator Bill Nelson; Eric Pierce, Assistant to Senator Ben Nelson; William Todd Houchins, Assistant to Senator Dayton; Mark Phillip Jones, Assistant to Senator Dayton; Todd Rosenblum, Assistant	1	Byrd; Aaron Scholer, Assistant to Senator Lieberman; Elizabeth
Nelson; Eric Pierce, Assistant to Senator Ben Nelson; William Todd Bouchins, Assistant to Senator Dayton; Mark Phillip Jones, Assistant to Senator Dayton; Todd Rosenblum, Assistant to Senator Bayh; Andrew Shapiro, Assistant to Senator Clinton; Terri Glaze, Assistant to Senator Pryor. 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	2	King, Assistant to Senator Reed; Richard Kessler, Assistant to
Todd Houchins, Assistant to Senator Dayton; Mark Phillip Jones, Assistant to Senator Dayton; Todd Rosenblum, Assistant to Senator Bayh; Andrew Shapiro, Assistant to Senator Clinton; Terri Glaze, Assistant to Senator Pryor. 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	3	Senator Akaka; William K. Sutey, Assistant to Senator Bill
Jones, Assistant to Senator Dayton; Todd Rosenblum, Assistant to Senator Bayh; Andrew Shapiro, Assistant to Senator Clinton; Terri Glaze, Assistant to Senator Pryor. 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	4	Nelson; Eric Pierce, Assistant to Senator Ben Nelson; William
to Senator Bayh; Andrew Shapiro, Assistant to Senator Clinton; Terri Glaze, Assistant to Senator Pryor. 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	5	Todd Houchins, Assistant to Senator Dayton; Mark Phillip
8 Terri Glaze, Assistant to Senator Pryor. 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	6	Jones, Assistant to Senator Dayton; Todd Rosenblum, Assistant
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	7	to Senator Bayh; Andrew Shapiro, Assistant to Senator Clinton;
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	8	Terri Glaze, Assistant to Senator Pryor.
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	9	
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	10	
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	11	
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	12	
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	13	
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	14	
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	15	
18 19 20 21 22 23	16	
19 20 21 22 23	. 17	
20212223	18	
21 22 23	19	
22 23	20	
23	21	
	22	
24	23	
	24	

25

1	OPENING STATEMENT OF HON. JOHN WARNER, U.S. SENATOR PRO
2	VIRGINIA
3	Chairman Warner: The committee meets this morning to
4	receive the testimony from the Secretary of Defense and
5	General Tommy Franks, who has just stepped down as the
6	Commander-in-Chief of the forces that are now CENTCOM. We
7	also step aside from a very sobering and important hearing to
8	congratulate the Secretary on reaching his 71st year. Today
9	is his birthday.
10	Secretary Rumsfeld: You didn't need to do that.
11	Chairman Warner: I know that. And you're joined, I
12	understand, by members of your family this morning, which is
13	wonderful. And General Franks, we hope the opportunity comes
14	for us to meet your wonderful wife.
15	General Franks: Sir, thank you very much.
16	Chairman Warner: The American public, indeed the world,
17	are awaiting this testimony this morning, and consequently,
18	I'm going to put my full statement into the record and make
19	but a very few brief opening remarks out of deference to my
20	colleagues, who are anxiously awaiting to hear the testimony
21	and participate in the questions and indeed the public that
22	are following the hearing.
23	First we open being mindful of the loss of life, loss of
24	limb, and the families who have suffered the consequences as
25	they have throughout the history of this nation and other

- 1 nations in times of war. They've paid a great price, and
- 2 those risks continue, as we well know, each day. They showed
- 3 courage, the men and women of the coalition forces, they
- 4 showed commitment. Our delegation of nine Senators witnessed
- 5 that just days ago when we spent time in Basra, Baghdad,
- 6 Kirkuk. And we thank you, Mr. Secretary, and your staff,
- 7 Tommy Korologos, Secretary Cambone, and others who made this
- 8 trip very successful.
- 9 So we salute all the men and women of the coalition
- 10 forces and their families. The leadership that has been shown
- 11 is remarkable -- our President, Secretaries of State and
- 12 Defense, our military, General Franks, all those in your
- 13 command. And our hearing this morning covers not only Iraq,
- 14 but Afghanistan, and indeed the possible military commitment
- in Liberia, so I hope each of you, that is you, Mr. Secretary
- 16 on Liberia, touch on that issue.
- 17 Civilian control of the military has been a part of our
- 18 history, but I look upon the relationship that you, Mr.
- 19 Secretary, had with General Franks as really one of
- 20 partnership. And I guess that's the way it should be. The
- 21 buck finally stopped on your desks, but having watched the two
- 22 of you as partners, conducting the operations in Iraq and in
- 23 Afghanistan is truly remarkable.
- When Senator Levin and I, on two occasions, visited
- 25 Afghanistan, and I think to an extent in the Iraqi campaign,

we were impressed by the leadership of the non-commissioned 1 officers, and indeed the junior officers, but the non-2 commissioned officers, how groups of 15, 20, 25, would go in 3 on a mission at night with one officer, and that officer 4 5 knowing full well that each man, or woman as the case may be, knew exactly what their missions were. A remarkable chapter 6 7 in history, and also of jointness, joint operations between 8 the Army, the Navy, the Marines, the Air Force. 9 While the major field maneuvers of our troops, division level, regimental level, have stopped, nevertheless the 10 11 fighting continues at the company level. When we visited the 12 4th ID, the commander went into great detail -- three 13 operations, General Franks, I think one is still continuing, 14 taking to the remaining enemy the battle, not waiting for the enemy to come, but taking it to them. And to meet that 15 16 challenge, we would like to have your views this morning on 17 the fourth levels, the adequacy, the rotation policy, and how 18 other coalition nations are joining, Mr. Secretary, I 19 personally felt that tremendous efforts have been made from 20 Washington and the other capitals of the world to bring in 21 other troops, not only to augment our existing force 22 structure, but hopefully to provide and facilitate for the 23 rotation of our forces and those of Great Britain back home. 24 The intelligence is a matter of great interest.

-

25

views on the adequacy of that intelligence from a military

- 1 standpoint -- troop commanders told us when we asked the
- 2 question they had a high degree of confidence in the
- 3 intelligence that they received. Nevertheless, Mr. Secretary,
- 4 the issue of intelligence is of importance, as you well know,
- 5 and how the intelligence was utilized in the policy-making
- 6 levels, at your level, and with your subordinates as you
- 7 address in the American public in open forums, and as you
- 8 address the Congress, how you utilize that intelligence in
- 9 such a manner to -- I certainly feel, to remain accurate at
- 10 all times.
- The Task Force 20, which is performing, General Franks,
- 12 the specialized mission of searching out Saddam Hussein, a
- 13 bounty quite properly now having put on his head, and how they
- 14 are operating to not only find him and his two sons, but
- 15 indeed the others that had significant roles in perpetrating
- 16 the horror throughout Iraq and the threat to the world with
- 17 their weapons of mass destruction. And on weapons on mass
- destruction, Mr. Secretary, you've brought in David Kay, a man
- 19 with impeccable credentials and a long background and history
- 20 in this subject, working with General Dayton. And you've
- 21 given them a charter to go out and use every asset that they
- 22 need to uncover the mystery of these weapons of mass
- 23 destruction.
- 24 Lastly, I want to credit Ambassador Bremer. I'd know him
- 25 through the years, but I think he's doing an extraordinary

1 job, and he laid down the three objectives that he has at this

2 time to try and lessen the risk to our troops and at the same

3 time bring about the fulfillment of our mission to provide

4 freedom for the Iraqi people. First was to take the battle to

the enemy and that's being done, to root out the last pockets

6 of resistance.

5

21

22

23

24

25

of that constitution.

.

7 Secondly, to utilize every effort to find Saddam Hussein 8 and the other principals, and thirdly, to form an interim 9 government, composed initially of two parts: one, a governing 10 council of Iragis who will elect their own chairman of that 11 council to supervise the several ministries, whether it's the 12 creation of a policy force, whether it's education, whether 13 it's the preservation of artifacts, whether it's sewers, 14 whether it's electricity; and secondly, to formulate a group 15 of individuals that will sit down, Iragis, and write a 16 constitution, because without a constitution, we can not 17 expect elections to be held nationally. There's just no infrastructure on which an election can be established until 18 19 that constitution is put in place and candidates can address 20 their views with respect to the fulfillment of the provisions

Now, while our delegation was there we met in Kirkuk with Iraqis who are assuming local office as mayors, assistant mayors and so forth, and Bremer's to be congratulated in pockets here and there where possible putting together groups

1	of Iraqis who sort of elect themselves and take over the
2	responsibilities of community matters. But the national
3	elections have to await the constitution.
4	So on the whole, speaking for myself, I feel very
5	positive on my return from this inspection trip, and I once
6	again salute those in uniform, the coalition forces, who night
7	and day are taking the risks, and their families at home who
8	are sharing in those risks.
9	Senator Levin?
10	[The prepared statement of Senator Warner follows:]
11	[COMMITTEE INSERT]
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	STATEMENT OF HON. CARL LEVIN, U.S. SENATOR FROM MICHIGAN
2	Senator Levin: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and I'll also
3	shorten my statement and ask that the entire statement be made
4	part of the record.
5	Chairman Warner: Without objection.
6	Senator Levin: First, General Franks, let me thank you
7	for your life of commitment to this nation. In your public
8	service as a solider, you've proven yourself time and time
9	again during a unique period in our history. Historians will
10	someday judge the military campaigns that you led in
11	Afghanistan and Iraq that swiftly defeated the Taliban and the
12	forces of Saddam Hussein as brilliantly planned and executed
13	examples of the military art, and as foreshadows of future
14	military tactics. While you would be the first to acknowledge
15	that most of the credit and thanks must go to all who assisted
16	you in that effort, and especially to the fighting men and
17	women of the U.S. Armed Forces, who executed those campaigns,
18	your role as their commander was indispensable.
19	Any inquiry into lessons learned will inevitably tend to
20	emphasize areas of concern, and will tend to spend less time
21	on the innumerable things that were done well. It is
2 2	essential that that be done, but it must not detract in any
23	way from our appreciation for the superb performance of duty
24	by the men and women of our Armed Forces as they continue to
25	conduct stability operations in Afghanistan and Iraq and

- prepare to execute other missions in support of our national military strategy.
- 3 We must succeed in this endeavor, this post-conflict
- 4 stability effort of ours, and we need to understand the
- 5 strategy for ensuring that success. Part of that strategy
- 6 hopefully will be an attempt to internationalize the security
- 7 and nation-building efforts. To achieve that end, I hope that
- 8 we will seek NATO and United Nations support and endorsement.
- 9 That will facilitate the recruitment of their member nations
- 10 to our effort in terms of providing troops, resources,
- 11 expertise, and international legitimacy. The whole world has
- 12 stake in the stability of Iraq.
- It is a mystery to me why apparently we have not reached
- 14 out to NATO and to the United Nations as institutions. Their
- 15 support could bring significant additional forces, such as
- 16 German and French forces through NATO, and Indian and Egyptian
- 17 forces through a U.N. endorsement.
- 18 We're going to be in Iraq a long time. A large number of
- 19 troops are going to be needed, as the President acknowledged
- 20 last week. There are a number of advantages to having a
- 21 significant number of additional forces from other countries
- 22 join us in the stability operations in Iraq. First, some U.S.
- 23 forces, including Reserves, have seen extended combat and
- 24 other exhausting duty. With U.S. forces stretched thin around
- 25 the world, increasing the number of non-U.S. forces who can

- substitute for us in Iraq would reduce the numbers of, and the
- 2 burden on, U.S. forces. As of now, the number of troops of
- 3 other countries present on the ground will increase from the
- 4 present number of 12,000 to a total of only 20,000 by the end
- of the summer, an increase of a mere 8,000 troops out of about
- 6 165,000. That is difficult to sustain.
- 7 Second, I would hope that internationalization would
- 8 serve to reduce the threat to U.S. forces in more ways than
- 9 reducing the quantity of our forces on the ground. Up until
- 10 now, we have been the main target of those Ba'athists who
- 11 stand to lose most when democracy is established in Iraq
- 12 because we were the ones who brought down Saddam's regime
- 13 which provided privileged status to the Ba'athist minority.
- 14 It would be harder for those Saddam loyalists to sustain
- 15 attacks on forces wearing NATO or U.N. patches on their
- 16 shoulders, because it would be dramatized to the people in
- 17 Iraq that this is not a U.S./British occupation, but is an
- 18 international effort to bring stability to the nation and to
- 19 the region.
- Just as reaching out to the world is necessary, so is
- 21 reaching in to the Iraqi people to help this effort succeed.
- 22 As our chairman has indicated, that means turning over the
- 23 civilian government as quickly as possible to the people of
- 24 Iraq so that they understand that they are deciding their own
- 25 future. It also means making better use of our TV capability

in Iraq, so that Iraqis can be interviewed about, and talk to 1 their fellow countrymen about the thousands of projects that 2 3 we are engaged in to help rebuild their nation. We are rebuilding schools, we are bringing back water, we are fixing up neighborhoods, we are supplying food, we are moving 6 garbage, and doing many other tasks needed to reconstruct 7 Iraq. But we have done an inadequate job of getting that 8 information to Iragis. 9 False propaganda that we blew up a mosque must be 10 countered by Iraqis speaking about our rebuilding efforts in 11 their communities, and assuring Iraqis that we are not there 12 for domination, but to help them rebuild. And Mr. Secretary, 13 we talked to Secretary Cambone about speeding up that 14 television presence and projection to Iraq during our trip, 15 and I know that he's probably by now already discussed that 16 with you. The chairman and I and all the members of the 17 delegation had some strong feelings about the importance of 18 speeding up that effort. 19 The United States has taken upon itself the daunting task 20 of nation building in both Iraq and Afghanistan. administration and Congress must work together to ensure 21 22 success in those endeavors. It's essential in that regard for 23 our nation to understand the strategy and the milestones for 24 achieving our objectives, and surely we need to know how we

will continue over the foreseeable future to maintain a large

25

1	American military presence in your former region of command,
2	General. It's been now, what, two days or one day?
3	General Franks: Two days.
4	Senator Levin: I know that the relaxation in your face
5	is palpable. Just kidding. You did that with great glory.
6	You handled it absolutely brilliantly, and never even showed
7	the stress. But we have to let the American people know how
8	we're going to be able to execute other missions of our
9	national military strategy as well as maintaining the large
10	presence in the CENTCOM region.
11	Mr. Secretary, we very much look forward to your
12	testimony as well as that of General Franks. We thank you for
13	your service, your commitment, and I know you're grateful for
14	the presence of your family today.
15	[The prepared statement of Senator Levin follows:]
16	[COMMITTEE INSERT]
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	Chaliman warner:	Inank you,	Senator	DE A TITY	VII. •
2	Secretary?				
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
5					

•	STATEMENT OF HOM. DONALD H. KOMSPEDD, DEGLETTER OF
2	DEFENSE
3	Secretary Rumsfeld: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, members of
4	the committee. I would ask that my complete statement be put
5	in the record.
6	Chairman Warner: Without objection. The statements of
7	both witnesses will be included in the record.
8	Secretary Rumsfeld: And I'd like to make a brief
9	statement. I'll begin by saying a few words about the
10	remarkable man seated next to me, General Tom Franks. On
11	Monday, I was in Tampa to attend the change of command
12	ceremony there. It was an occasion to reflect on General Tom
13	Franks and what the CENTCOM leadership that he put together
14	has accomplished during his tenure as combatant commander.
15	Think back to September 11. It was a dark day for our
16	country, to be sure, but how fortunate our country was to have
17	General Franks and his team in command at CENTCOM. In the
18	period since September 11, consider what's been accomplished.
19	In just weeks, they developed and were executing a war plan
20	for Afghanistan, they'd employed a range of capabilities from
21	the most advanced, such as laser-guided weapons, to antique
22	40-year old B-52s that had been updated with modern
23	electronics, to rudimentary cavalry charges, driving the
24	Taliban and al-Qaeda from power in a matter of months.
25	The plan they developed for Operation Iragi Freedom was

even more innovative and transformational, employing an 1 unprecedented combination of speed, precision, surprise, and 2 flexibility. One of the most interesting aspects of the 3 campaign was mentioned in the opening statements about the 4 lessons learned process. It began before the war ever began. 5 There were something in excess of 50 to 70 people that General 6 7 Franks installed as a team from Joint Forces Command in his 8 command from the very start. And they did a lot more than 9 take notes to improve our performance for the next war. actually provided immediate feedback, allowing CENTCOM 10 11 leadership to apply lessons in real time and improve coalition performance in this war. General Franks has said to me that 12 13 there wasn't a day that went by that there wasn't value added. 14 I'll leave it to General Franks to describe the lessons he believes are most important. I've listed some in my 15 16 testimony. 17 We're still in the early stages of studying these 18 lessons, and the conclusions that are drawn will most 19 certainly affect how the Armed Forces of the United States and 20 the services organize, train, and equip for many years to 21 This will be one of General Franks' truly enduring 22 legacies. He led the coalition forces that liberated two 23 nations, but how he liberated those two people, the tactics,

to the freedom of our country and our people for years to

the strategies that he developed and employed will contribute

24

25

1 come.

ا به **بس**ور داد داد ع

> So while General Franks may be leaving the service, the 2 Army, his service to our country will live on in the impact of 3 Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom that it 4 will have on our budgets, our procedures, our training, our 5 doctrine, and our joint war fighting. And the people he led, 6 those who served with him in Iraq and Afghanistan will now 7 take those transformational experiences to their next -8 important commands and teach them to the next generation of 9 So General Franks, I salute you and thank you for 10 11 your truly remarkable service to our country. 12 Today Iraqis do face the enormous challenge of rebuilding from decades of tyranny. Coalition forces are helping the 13 14 Iraqi people get on the path to stability and democratic self-15 government by helping Iragis reestablish security and 16 commerce, restore power and basic services, reopen schools and hospitals, and establish the rule of law. With each passing 17 18 week, more services come online. Power and water are restored 19 in more of the country, gas lines disappear, and more Iraqi 20 police are on the streets. 21 But we must not underestimate how difficult the task is 22 Yet despite the difficulties they face, most 23 Iraqis are far better off today than they were 4 months ago. 24 Let there be no doubt about that. The residents of Baghdad 25 may not have power 24 hours a day, but they no longer wake up

- 1 each morning in fear wondering whether this will be the day
- 2 that a death squad would come to cut out their tongues, chop
- 3 off their ears, or take their children away, for questioning,
- 4 quote, unquote, never to be seen again.
- 5 It's true there are some Iraqis who are not better off
- 6 today. For the most part, they comprise a small, elite
- 7 segment of Iraqi society that benefitted from the Saddam
- 8 Hussein dictatorship, and they are understandably unhappy now
- 9 that the regime that favored them, at the expense of the
- 10 population, has been removed from power. Today some of them
- 11 are in hiding, others are engaging in acts of sabotage and
- 12 violence.
- 13 Let me say a word about the security situation in Iraq.
- 14 There seems to be a widely held impression that the regime
- 15 loyalists are operating freely throughout the country,
- 16 attacking coalition forces at will. That's clearly not the
- 17 case. Large portions of Irag are stable. If one looks at
- 18 this map beside me, while there have been isolated incidents
- in other parts of the country, most of the recent attacks have
- 20 been concentrated in Baghdad and in the three corridors that
- 21 reach to the west, the north, and the east out of the Iraqi
- 22 capital.
- 23 At this moment, coalition forces are engaged in
- 24 operations to deal with the threats in these areas. Indeed, a
- 25 number of recent incidents in those regions are the result of

offensive operations by the coalition, cases where the 1 coalition forces have been seeking out and engaging pockets of 2 enemy fighters. Mr. Chairman, the problem is real, but it's 3 being dealt with in an orderly and forceful fashion by 4 coalition forces. 5 In Irag, coalition forces drove the country's leaders 6 7 from power, but unlike traditional adversaries in wars passed that sign a surrender document and hand over their weapons, 8 the remnants of the Ba'ath regime, Fedayeen death squads, and 9 the special Republican forces did not surrender. Some were 10 killed or captured, but many others, particularly in Baghdad 11 and to the north faded into the population, and are now 12 forming pockets of resistance against coalition forces. 13 14 now dealing with those remnants of the regime just as we are 15 dealing with the remnants of al-Qaeda and the Taliban that are 16 hiding in the border areas of Afghanistan. In addition to the remnants of the former regime, 17 18 coalition forces in Iraq are also dealing with tens of 19 thousands of criminals, some estimate up to 100,000 that were 20

In addition to the remnants of the former regime, coalition forces in Iraq are also dealing with tens of thousands of criminals, some estimate up to 100,000 that were let out of the prisons into the streets prior to the beginning of the war. And they're dealing with foreign terrorists who have crossed into Iraq, in many cases from Syria, looking for an opportunity to harm the coalition and to try to shake our resolve in the war on terror. Well, they'll not succeed.

21

22

23

24

25

So there are a number of sources of instability, but this

- 1 much is certain: Iraq has been liberated, the Ba'athist 2 regime has been removed from power and will not be permitted 3 to return. But our war with terrorists, the remnants in Iraq, the remnants in Afghanistan and terrorist networks across the 5 globe continues. It will take time, but we will prevail. President Bush made clear last week, there will be no return 6 7 to tyranny in Iraq. Those who threaten the order and stability of that country will face ruin just as surely as the 8 9 regime they once served. 10 One of the challenges facing the coalition is finding Irag's weapons of mass destruction, as the chairman mentioned. 11 We're still early in that process, so the task before is 12 13 sizable and complex. Major combat operations ended less than 14 10 weeks ago. The Iragi regime had 12 years to conceal its 15 programs, to move materials, hide documents, disperse 16 equipment, develop mobile production facilities and sanitize 17 known WMD sites, including 4 years with no U.N. weapons 18 inspectors on the ground. Needless to say, uncovering those 19 programs will take time. 20 The coalition did not act in Irag because we had
- 21 discovered dramatic new evidence of Iraq's pursuit of weapons 22 of mass murder. We acted because we saw the existing evidence 23 in a new light through the prism of our experience on September 11. On that day, we saw thousands of innocent men, 24 25 women, and children killed by terrorists, and that experience

1 changed our appreciation of our vulnerability, and the risks

2 the U.S. faces from terrorist states and terrorist networks

3 armed with powerful weapons.

The United States did not choose war, Saddam Hussein did.

5 For 12 years, he violated 17 U.N. resolutions without cost or

6 consequence. His regime had an international obligation to

7 destroy its weapons of mass destruction and to prove to the

8 world that they had done so. He refused to do so. If he had

9 in fact disarmed, why didn't he take that final opportunity to

10 prove that his programs were ended and his weapons were

11 destroyed? Why did he continue to give up tens of billions of

12 dollars in oil revenue under U.N. sanctions when he could have

13 had those sanctions lifted simply by demonstrating that he had

14 disarmed? Why did he file what all agreed was a fraudulent

15 declaration of his weapons with the United Nations? Why

16 didn't he cooperate with the international community as

17 Kazakhstan, Ukraine, and South Africa did?

18 Had he done so, war would have been avoided. If he had

in fact disarmed, he had everything to gain and nothing to

20 lose by cooperating with the United Nations, yet he did not

21 cooperate. He continued to lie and obstruct U.N. inspectors.

The logical conclusion is that he did so because he wanted to

23 keep his weapons, and he believed that he could continue to

24 outwit the international community for another 12 years, just

as he had for the past 12.

1	The objective in the global war on terror is to prevent
2	another attack like September 11 or a biological, nuclear, or
3	chemical attack that would be worse before it happens. We can
4	say with confidence that the world is a better place today
5	because the United States led a coalition of forces into
6	action in Iraq and because of General Tom Franks' skilled
7	execution of the President's orders.
8	Mr. Chairman, that completes my statement.
9	[The prepared statement of Secretary Rumsfeld follows:]
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	Chairman Warner: Mr. Secretary, before we hear from the
2	General, I think it's important that you interpret in some
3	detail this important map. While we hear daily the stories of
4	attacks, my understanding of that map, based also on my trip,
5	is the green indicates those sections of Iraq which are
6	relatively secure. The dark center brown is where the most
7	intense number of attacks are coming, and the lighter shade of
8	green are between the two in terms of level of threat. Is
9	that correct?
10	Secretary Rumsfeld: That is correct and if you'll
11	recall, when the U.S. and coalition forces moved up from the
12	south, most of the fighting occurred south of Baghdad and in
13	Baghdad, and to a considerable extent, the forces in Baghdad
14	and north, in the Saddam Hussein strongholds, in many cases
15	disappeared into the countryside and still are there. So they
16	still need to be dealt with.
17	Chairman Warner: And those forces did not witness the
18	maneuver of our heavy forces which at one time were
19	anticipated. Had our relations with Turkey been such, we
20	could have inserted heavy forces in the north. Is that not
21	correct?
22	Secretary Rumsfeld: It's true. We did end up, General
23	Franks did, of course, with forces in the north and there was
24	fighting up in that area, but it was not as extensive as it
25	was in the areas to the south.

-	Chairman	warner:	Thank	you.	Peller ar	rranks.
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25						

- 1 STATEMENT OF GENERAL TOMMY R. FRANKS, USA, COMMANDER, 2 UNITED STATES CENTRAL COMMAND General Franks: Mr. Chairman, thank you very much. 3 Senator Levin, it's an honor to appear again before the 5 committee. I'd ask that my full statement be entered into the record, Mr. Chairman. 6 7 Chairman Warner: Without objection. General Franks: Since we last sat in this room, much has 9 taken place in the Central Command area of responsibility. A 10 brutal regime has been removed in Iraq to be sure, and efforts 11 are ongoing to help Iraqis build a new future. Forces have 12 continued to help Afghanistan and those people make strides 13 toward independence and have continued to seek out and destroy 14 terrorists and their networks in that country as well as 15 across the central region as part of the global war on 16 terrorism, and I look forward to discussing these important 17 subject today with the committee. 18 Let me begin by bringing a message to this committee from 19 some 280,000-plus members of our coalition, those that I have 20 been privileged to command. And that message for the 21 committee is very simple, it's thank you. These men and women
- their behalf, Mr. Chairman. 25 As you know, earlier in this week, General John Abizaid

22

23

24

in uniform very much appreciate the support of this body and

the support of this committee and all that you have done on

took the reins of Central Command, and in fact he is a 1 principled leader as this committee knows, and a soldier who 2 brings a great deal to United States Central Command, and I am 3 proud to relinquish command to him, and to consider him a I'd like to begin today by recognizing coalition 5 friend. nations whose contributions of forces, equipment and economic support have signaled worldwide commitment to the eradication 7 of terrorism. 8 9 Over the past year, the coalition has been steadfast, and today there are 63 nations represented in Tampa at our 10 headquarters, perhaps the largest coalition we have ever seen. 11 A force has been built in the Central Command area of 12 13 responsibility to continue to move forward to the complete 14 achievement of all of our objectives in Operation Iraqi Freedom as well as in Operation Enduring Freedom, as the 15 16 Secretary said, to prevent recurrence of the events we saw on 17 9/11/01, to deny terrorists opportunities to use weapons of 18 mass destruction on our people, to bring terrorists to 19 justice, to dismantle their networks. 20 We've also established a visible and viable presence in 21 the horn of Africa, Mr. Chairman, since we last met in order 22 to continue that work. And work in the central region is 23 underway, but as I'll discuss in a moment, the environment

volatile, as the Secretary said. Securing U.S. interests in

within Central Command's region remains challenging and

24

- 1 the future and ensuring regional stability will continue to
- 2 involve risks in this region and will continue to require the
- 3 commitment of our resources.
- 4 This area encompasses 6.4 million square miles and about
- 5 a half a billion people, as the committee knows, and it runs
- from the horn of Africa, the Arabian Peninsula to Pakistan and
- 7 South Asia up to Central Asia, as far north as Kazakhstan,
- 8 including the waters of the Red Sea, the northern Indian
- 9 Ocean, the Persian Gulf, key maritime chokepoints of Suez, the
- 10 Bab el-Mandeb and the Straits of Hormuz. This is an area that
- 11 represents all of the world's major religions and at least 18
- 12 major ethnic groups. National economies in this region
- 13 produce annual per capita incomes which vary from very little,
- 14 perhaps a few hundred dollars a year, to tens of thousands of
- 15 dollars. The area includes dictatorships, absolute
- 16 monarchies, failed states, democracies, and governments in
- 17 transition toward democracy.
- 18 Humanitarian crises, resource depletion and overuse,
- 19 religious and ethnic conflicts, demographic challenges, and
- 20 military power imbalances create social, economic, and
- 21 military volatility. These factors are particularly
- 22 significant given the geographical and economic importance of
- 23 the region where national resources provide extraordinary
- 24 opportunities, but they also give rise to a range of
- 25 socioeconomic problems.

1	In the past 2 years, Central Command has been at the
2	leading edge of the global war on terrorism and the context I
3	just provided makes it perhaps understandable why the initial
4	focus on the war on terrorism would be in this region. The
5	command is engaged with U.S. and coalition forces today in
6	both Afghanistan and Iraq, and the commitment, as the
7	Secretary said, remains strong as our leaders and our troopers
8	continue to work to bring security across the region.
9	On the ground today in Iraq, our troops are conducting
10	ongoing operations. We're combining civil military work with
11	direct offensive military action which will continue to seek
12	out and bring justice to leaders of the fallen regime and
13	other as mentioned, Mr. Chairman, by yourself as well as
14	Secretary Rumsfeld.
15	Priorities will continue to include forming and training
16	police and security forces as well as the creation of a new
17	Iraqi army. We'll continue to work to improve the
18	infrastructure, working with Iraqis to support the
19	establishment of local governance, providing emergency medical
20	care and other humanitarian assistance. Much dangerous work
21	remains to be done, but millions of Iraqis have freedoms today
22	which 4 months ago were only a dream.
23	Our troops continue to work closely with Ambassador Jerry
24	Bremer and the entirety of his civilian team to provide the
25	tools he needs to be successful. Progress is being made and

- our country is justifiably proud of what's been accomplished.
- 2 AS I think about lessons learned, as the Secretary mentioned,
- 3 I'll talk to just a few. The combat work inside Iraq saw a
- 4 maturing of joint force operations in a number of ways. Some
- 5 capabilities we saw reached new levels of performance. From a
- 6 joint integration perspective, our experience in Operations
- 7 Southern Watch, Northern Watch, and Enduring Freedom in
- 8 Afghanistan contributed to the jointness and the culture
- 9 within the headquarters of our area.
- These operations helped to improve our interoperability,
- 11 they also helped to improve our command, control,
- 12 communications, computer and intelligence networking. Our
- 13 forces were able to achieve operational objectives by the
- 14 integration of maneuver forces, special operations forces,
- 15 other government agency assets, precision lethal fires, and
- 16 non-lethal fires. We saw for the first time integration of
- 17 forces rather than deconfliction of forces. I believe perhaps
- 18 most transformational is that particular notion, the business
- 19 of the integration of forces rather than, as we have seen in
- 20 the past, simple deconfliction of forces.
- It seems to me that this integration of the conventional,
- 22 as you said, Mr. Chairman, air, ground, sea forces to leverage
- 23 special operations capabilities dealt effectively with
- 24 asymmetric terrorist-like threats and enabled precision
- 25 targeting simultaneously in the same battle, in the same

- 1 battle space. Similarly we have seen in both Afghanistan and
- 2 Iraq the ability of special operators to use conventional
- 3 forces in order to set conditions for the success of those
- 4 forces. Operational fires have been used to spearhead ground
- 5 maneuver, and our forces have been able to sustain the
- 6 momentum of the offensive while defeating enemy formations in
- 7 all kinds of terrain, open desert terrain, complex terrain,
- 8 and urban terrain.
- 9 We saw jointness, precision munitions, command and
- 10 control, the readiness of our equipment, the state of training
- of our troops, and coalition support as very clear winners
- during Operation Enduring Freedom. The Secretary said that I
- 13 would also mention some of the lessons in my remarks and I'll
- 14 do that briefly now. We also identified a number of areas
- 15 where we believe we require additional work.
- 16 Fratricide prevention suffered from a lack of
- 17 standardized combat identification, so fratricide prevention
- 18 remains work that we're going to have to focus on in the
- 19 future. Deployment planning and execution were cumbersome and
- 20 were much more closely akin to those required during the Cold
- 21 War than to those required for force projection by our country
- 22 in the 21st century. And coalition information sharing needs
- 23 to be improved at all levels. When we operate a coalition, we
- 24 need the ability to reach back and forth, to and with
- 25 coalition members. Human intelligence and communications

bandwidth also represent areas where we're going to be 1 required, Mr. Chairman, to focus effort in the future. 2 A few comments on Iraq and where we stand today. As the 3 Secretary says, security continues to improve. Portions of 4 Iraq are now and will remain for some time however very 5 dangerous. The term stability operations does not infer that 6 combat operations have ended, indeed they have not. Our 7 forces are engaged in offensive work as member of this 8 committee saw during a recent trip all over Iraq today. 9 10 As we move forward, the composition and size of the 11 forces that we have in that country will change to match the conditions, and it will ever change to match the requirements 12 13 recognizing that the enemy we see there also has a vote. 14 so we will size ourselves, as we have in the past, in order to 15 meet the conditions that we see developed in the future. 16 Factors that will influence our force mix inside Iraq 17 will have to do, as Senator Levin said, with coalition 18 They will have to do with what we see in the contributions. 19 way of the enemy threat. They will have to do with what we 20 see in the success of the Iraqi people themselves as they 21 field their security forces, police forces, infrastructure 22 security forces, single site protection capabilities, and as

Alderson Broaden Consessed

The United Kingdom and Poland are committed at this

Integration of coalition forces is a major near-term

Alderson Reporting Company
1111 14th St., NW 4th Floor Washington, DC 20005
11-L-0559/OSD14176

we assist them in fielding a new Iragi army.

23

24

25

effort.

- 1 point to leading divisions in southern Iraq and many partner
- 2 nations have offered forces to fill those units. Deployment
- 3 of those forces has already begun, Mr. Chairman. We continue
- 4 discussions today with India and Pakistan. At this moment, 19
- 5 coalition partners are on the ground in support of operations
- 6 in Iraq with deployment of an additional 19 countries pending.
- 7 An additional 11 nations are conducting military-to-military
- 8 discussions with the Secretary's staff, the joint staff, and
- 9 my staff in Tampa today.
- 10 At this point, we see some 35,000 policeman as having
- 11 been hired, Iraqi policemen. This represents 55, perhaps 60
- 12 percent of a total requirement, around 60,000 policemen in
- 13 that country. Until we see the complete standing up of that
- 14 number of security forces and policemen, we will continue
- joint patrolling, we'll continue to train with and work with
- 16 these Iraqi forces as we bring them on.
- 17 Creation of a new Iraqi army is also moving forward. The
- 18 plan envisions three divisions located near Mosul, Baghdad,
- 19 and Basra. They will provide for territorial defense and they
- 20 will conduct stability operations. Over the next year, our
- 21 goal is to field approximately nine battalions in order to do
- 22 that work, and initially those forces will focus on performing
- 23 security at fixed sites, assisting in the movement of convoys,
- 24 and providing border control. As it develops, this force will
- 25 work with coalition forces to contribute to stability and

security throughout Iraq.

. . .

25

Underlying all security functions is the need to continue 2 humanitarian assistance and the conduct of civil military 3 operations to improve the quality of life for Iraqi people. 4 It is obvious to all that in order to see Iraq move forward 5 into the future, security must in fact come along at a pace 6 that sees the betterment of the conditions of life for the 7 Iraqi people and the establishment of Iraqi qovernance, the 8 placing of an Iraqi face on the government there. 9 our interest to move these items forward as quickly and 10 thoughtfully as we can, and we'll continue to do that. 11 I can't overstate the value of coalition contribution to 12 Hospitals, medical success we have seen up to this point. 13 supplies, water, food, transportation, expertise in rebuilding 14 is being provided by coalition members. The fact that there 15 has been no humanitarian disaster in Iraq, no widespread 16 outbreak of disease, no hunger, no refugees, or massive 17 problems with displaced persons, or any other predicted 18 consequence of war, all of that is due in large part to the 19 20 contribution of our allies. 21 The coalition provisional authority, Ambassador Jerry 22 Bremer, and our forces will continue to work in concert with 23 international and nongovernmental agencies to reverse the 24 result of more than three decades of a brutal regime.

Mr. Chairman, let me conclude by saying the global war on

terrorism is ongoing. The precision, determination, expertise 1 of our military forces and our coalition partners has brought 2 about the liberation of both Afghanistan and Iraq in lightning 3 speed with minimum bloodshed. However, these two nations have 4 only taken the first steps toward freedom. The United States 5 and our coalition partners must be there to support the whole 6 journey. 7 While we have accomplished a lot, the potential for 8 terrorist acts and other setbacks remains very real. 9 Afghanistan has a new fragile government, a new army, and with 10 coalition support the nation is making strides toward long-11 12 term stability. In Iraq, Saddam Hussein's regime was 13 destroyed and regime supporters are being rooted out. 14 focus has changed from military destruction of a regime to 15 providing security and humanitarian assistance assisting the 16 Iraqi people to grow a representative form of government. 17 Decisive combat operations have been completed but much 18 work remains to be done. I, as every member of this 19 committee, Mr. Chairman, am very proud of each and every one 20 of the men and women who have continued to serve selflessly 21 and tirelessly in the execution of our mission from Egypt to 22 Kazakhstan, from Suez to Pakistan, regardless of the uniform 23 of service they wear or the nation from which they come. 24 I thank Congress and the American people for the

tremendous support you have shown and what you have done for

1	me, Mr. Chairman.	I'd be pleased to join the Secretary in
2	answering your que	stions.
3	[The prepared	statement of General Franks follows:]
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

Chairman Warner: Thank you, General. All of us join the 1 Secretary in his commendation of your distinguished career, 36 2 years I believe, am I not correct? And the contribution of 3 4 your family. Excellent statement by both witnesses, very balanced, 5 what went right and what we've got to learn to do better in 6 the future, and we'll probe that in these questions. We'll 7 have a 6-minute round, colleagues. We have almost full 8 attendance of the committee and I'll move out guickly. 9 10 Mr. Secretary, as I departed the one thing that was 11 foremost in my mind is how can we proceed and what steps are being taken to reduce the risk to the individual and groups of 12 13 our soldiers and civilians, coalition civilians who are in support of this in the face of these repeated daily attacks 14 and losses? The most encouraging information that I received 15 16 was from Bremer, and that is -- Ambassador Bremer -- that he 17 hopes by this July, within weeks, to have concluded putting in place the initial steps of the interim authority with Iraqis, 18 19 as I mentioned a council and a constitutional group. Is that 20 on schedule and do you concur in my view that that's perhaps 21 the strongest tool that we have to reduce these attacks, put 22 an Iraqi face, a degree of Iraqi responsibility on this 23 situation as we move towards securing their freedom? 24 Secretary Rumsfeld: Mr. Chairman, I do. I think it's a

. سر ماري

25

combination of political progress and, as you suggested,

- 1 Ambassador Bremer is hopeful that sometime next week or the
- 2 week thereafter there will be the governing council set up
- 3 with some 30, 25 to 30-plus members. There are a number of
- 4 city councils, as you know, that have been stood up in Baghdad
- 5 and other portions of the country.
- 6 I think it is, however, a mixture of the political
- 7 progress, where Iraqis begin to assume responsibility for some
- 8 of the ministries and some of their activities, economic
- 9 progress as General Franks said so people see their lives
- 10 improving, and military security. And I don't think any one
- 11 can be separated. I think all three are critical and they all
- 12 have to move forward.

1. ..

- 13 Chairman Warner: I agree with that. But as soon as we
- 14 can begin to hold some Iraqis responsible for these killings
- 15 and constant attacks all the better, in my judgment. And they
- 16 can publicly address the need to have them stopped.
- Mr. Secretary, with respect to questions of augmenting
- 18 the coalition forces, and specifically as my colleague Mr.
- 19 Levin said, and as I raised with Ambassador Bremer, the
- 20 inclusion of elements of NATO. Can you address that?
- 21 Secretary Rumsfeld: I'd be happy to. I keep hearing
- 22 people say things and people write things to the effect that
- 23 this is the U.S. and the U.K., and it's not. As General
- 24 Franks said, we've got 19 countries on the ground. We have
- 25 commitments from another 19 countries. We are in discussions

- 1 with another 11 countries. That would bring the total up to
- 2 49 nations. My understanding is that we currently have on the
- 3 ground some 19,000 coalition forces with commitments for
- 4 another 11,000, which would bring the total to 30,000. In
- 5 addition, the work is going forward to develop an Iraqi army,
- 6 former Under Secretary of Defense Walt Slocum is working hard
- 7 to achieve that goal and we expect to have thousands of Iraqis
- 8 back in uniform, functioning in a responsible way as well as
- 9 the police evolution that you've discussed.
- 10 Now, what about the U.N. and NATO? The United Nations
- 11 passed a resolution, they've assigned an individual, Mr. de
- 12 Mello, who works closely with Ambassador Bremer. I believe,
- 13 Senator Levin, you indicated that it was a mystery why we
- 14 hadn't reached out to NATO. We have reached out to NATO.
- NATO is assisting Poland, which has agreed to take a sector in
- 16 force generation. In addition, there are discussions that
- 17 have been taking place in NATO about the possibility of taking
- 18 on an additional role. At the current time, as you know,
- 19 they're planning to take over responsibility in Afghanistan
- 20 this August.

- 21 So they have a lot on their platter. But we have reached
- 22 out to just about everybody I can think of asking for
- 23 assistance of various types and it is coming in. Is it as
- 24 much as we'd like, as fast as we'd like? No, it isn't. But
- are we hopeful it will continue to increase? Yes.

1	Chairman Warner: Mr. Secretary, all of us are very
2	mindful of the need to maintain a rotation base of our forces
3	back. We recognize that probably the OPTEMPO of our military
4	forces of all branches are at a very high point at this time,
5	and yet our nation and other nations are faced with a
6	contingency operation in Africa, most notably Liberia. I
7	think the President quite properly is facing this issue, has
8	sent teams out to make an assessment of what needs to be done,
9	he'll evaluate it and then make a presidential decision.
10	Could you share with us this morning some of the options
11	that are being considered and how those options in terms of
12	our forestructure might impact on our troop redeployments out
13	of Iraq or troop redeployments in other areas? In other
14	words, can our military accept in your professional judgment
15	I know they will, but what are the consequences of
16	accepting a presidential decision, should it be made, of a
17	deployment force? And we bear in mind that if you deploy, say
18	1,000 individuals, you've got to have 1,000 in transit, 1,000
19	in training, so it's a multiple of the force that actually
20	goes in the country.
21	Secretary Rumsfeld: You're quite right, of course, Mr.
22	Chairman, that when you have 1,000 troops deployed overseas
23	you do need a rotational base, and it ends up like a multiple
24	of three rather than just the 1,000. First let me say that it
25	is critically important that the department manage the forces

in a way that we can continue to attract and retain the people 1 2 we need, that the Reserve who have just done a superb job are not stressed or called up so frequently or kept there so long 3 that it affects their commitment to serve in the Reserves. 4 need them badly, and we have to be attentive to that, and we 5 intend to be. 7 The rotation out of Iraq is already starting. 8 know what the number is, but I think it's something like 9 140,000 have already been -- 142,000 have already been 10 redeployed. For the most part, there were large numbers of 11 Air Force and Navy. There also have been some Army and 12 Marine. 13 Chairman Warner: Redeployed back home, put in home? 14 Secretary Rumsfeld: Redeployed back home, back to their 15 bases, wherever they were, mostly in the U.S. The 3rd Brigade 16 of the 3rd Infantry Division is now in Kuwait, it's been taken 17 out of Iraq and it should be back home in July. The 2nd 18 Brigade is -- the plan is that they would return in August, 19 having been there something like 10 months, and the 1st 20 Brigade of the 3rd Infantry Division is scheduled to return in 21 September and they would have -- they've been in there since 22 about January, so that would be a total of about 9 months. 23 And the services and the Joint Staff have been working

with Central Command to develop a rotation plan so that we can

in fact see that we treat these terrific young men and young

24

women in a way that's respectful of their lives and their 1 2 circumstances and they wonderful job they did. 3 With respect to Liberia, the President is considering the appropriate U.S. role. He has indicated to world leaders that 4 he intends that the United States assist in some way with 5 respect to Liberia. He has asked the Department of Defense to 6 dispatch assessment teams in two locations, one in Liberia and 7 8 it's currently there, several dozen people, and in addition he 9 is sending assessment teams to the so-called ECOWAS nations to determine the readiness of the ECOWAS forces and the extent to 10 11 which they may or not be ready to deploy and over what period 12 of time, with what type of equipment, having had what type of 13 training. 14 The United States, Great Britain, and several other 15 countries have been in the process for many months now training ECOWAS forces, and some have been used in Sierra 16 17 Leone, some are currently committed. So until the assessment 18 teams come back, it seems to me that we will not have a good 19 grip on what we would propose to the President. 20 Chairman Warner: Thank you. Your staff briefed this 21 committee yesterday and you'll be briefing yourself the Senate 22 tomorrow, so I commend you on keeping us informed on it. 23 General Franks, lastly, the level of conflict that 24 continues, in your planning did you anticipate this level?

25

You've been very candid with us this morning, and had you put

- in place the preparations to deal with it, and have you
- 2 considered perhaps while we're standing up an Iraqi army,
- 3 between now and the stand up of that army, utilizing some
- 4 Iraqi soldiers that can be trusted to go along on the patrols
- 5 with our own, so that we have not only the coalition helmet,
- 6 but something that the citizens can clearly perceive as one of
- 7 their own helmets?
- 8 General Franks: Mr. Chairman, the latter point first.
- 9 Yes, as we begin to work to build with Walt Slocum, whom the
- 10 Secretary mentioned a minute ago, the Iraqi army, we will as
- 11 those forces are brought on position them, work with them in a
- 12 very operational way because as you said that serves to put an
- 13 Iraqi face on the security assets that are being used
- 14 throughout the country. And so, yes sir that is part of the
- 15 plan. With respect to the level of violence, Mr. Chairman I
- 16 will tell you, I think in a war and in post-conflict, one
- 17 never knows how to gauge what may be expected in the aftermath
- 18 of major combat.
- 19 Was it anticipated, Mr. Chairman? I would say yes sir,
- 20 it was. And perhaps the way I'll justify that statement is to
- 21 say that the footprint that we see in Iraq today is not the
- 22 same footprint that was in Iraq on the day the President
- 23 announced the cessation of major combat operations. In fact,
- 24 the deployment orders, which had been approved by the
- 25 Secretary prior to the time, I believe it was the 1st of May,

1	when our President said that the major combat operations had
2	ended, the deployment orders which had already been signed, in
3	fact adjusted the footprint for Iraq in terms of military
4	policement, in terms of civil affairs people, in terms of
5	humanitarian assistance type forces, in terms of engineers.
6	The plan called for the removal of forces that are much
7	more inclined to be used during major combat operations than
8	during stability operations, for example, armor formations.
9	And so I believe, Mr. Chairman, that we did anticipate a level
10	of violence and I can't tell you whether we anticipated that
11	it would be at the level that we see right now. You know, Mr.
12	Chairman, I think that when a war begins one can always hope
13	for a very quick transition to peace, to see a nation begin to
14	rebuild itself without a great deal of friction and without a
15	great deal of messiness. But on the operational side, on the
16	military side we must always be prepared to handle whatever
17	level of violence may come along, and Mr. Chairman I believe
18	our forces have been and will continue to be able to handle
19	the levels of violence that we see as this nation tries to
20	bring itself together.
21	Chairman Warner: Thank you very much. Senator Levin.
22	Senator Levin. Thank you Mr. Chairman. Secretary
23	Rumsfeld, going back to the NATO issue just for a minute, back
24	in April you were asked about a possible role for NATO, a
25	formal role for NATO in the post-war effort in Iraq and this

is what you said, that you suggested to the Secretary General 1 that I thought that would be a good thing. If NATO wanted to 2 do that, obviously France would be opposed I am told. 3 are opposed to a lot of things so that shouldn't be a problem 4 5 because you can do it at 18 instead of at 19 countries, since they're not a member of the Defense Planning Committee. 6 7 Now, we have apparently not asked NATO to formally decide 8 to raise a force for deployment in Iraq similar to what they've done in Bosnia and in Kosovo. Why have we not made 9 that request of NATO as NATO, not just to support Poland for 10 11 instance as they've done as an individual country, but why have we not asked NATO to formally decide as NATO to raise 12 13 that force and to give its endorsement to our action? 14 because we're afraid France might not go along, or what? Or 15 we don't want to ask France. 16 Secretary Rumsfeld: No, first of all, it's not clear to 17 me we haven't. I was told this morning that the discussions 18 taking place in NATO include a discussion about a possible 19 NATO role in Iraq. Now to what extent the Department of State 20 or the United States has or has not issued a formal request I

don't know, but I know the discussions are going forward and I

individual countries in NATO, but NATO as an institution is

something that has been discussed, approved, and under way.

know that the assistance that NATO is providing, not

providing to Poland, is a NATO institutional action.

21

22

23

24

- 1 I also know as I said that NATO is preparing to take over 2 responsibilities in Afghanistan so how many things like that they're going to be able to do at one time remains to be open. 3 But I have no problem, as I indicated then and I indicate now 4 some months later, in having NATO involved. Indeed, I think 5 6 it would be a good thing. Senator Levin: NATO involved as NATO, formally being 7 8 asked and deciding as an organization to raise and to deploy 9 forces in Iraq? You have no problem with that? 10 Secretary Rumsfeld: I have no problem with that. Indeed, I'm very pleased that NATO has been assisting and is 11 currently discussing assisting in additional ways. 12 13 Senator Levin: But if that request to NATO had been 14 made, wouldn't you know about it? 15 Secretary Rumsfeld: I don't know technically what you're 16 getting at, but whether the Department of State has instructed 17 the U.S. Ambassador to NATO, or Permanent Representative as 18 he's called, to issue some sort of a formal request I don't 19 know. I know NATO has seized the issue, is discussing it, I 20 was told that this morning after Pete Pace, General Pace, had a phone call with the Supreme Allied Commander of Europe, 21 22 General Jones.
- 25 Secretary Rumsfeld: Our goal is to get large numbers of

France to provide forces in Irag?

23

24

Senator Levin: Would you support asking Germany and

- 1 international forces in from lots of countries, including
- 2 those two, but we have requests out to a large number of
- 3 countries.
- 4 Senator Levin: But you would specifically support
- 5 requesting Germany and France to provide forces in Iraq?
- 6 Secretary Rumsfeld: We have made requests to, I don't
- 7 know what it is, something like the Department of State has
- 8 issued requests to something like 70 or 80, 90 countries.
- 9 Senator Levin: Is Germany and France on the list?
- 10 Secretary Rumsfeld: I'll have to ask. I would suspect
- 11 they are.
- 12 Senator Levin: But would you support it?
- 13 Secretary Rumsfeld: Why certainly.
- 14 Senator Levin: Good. The troop level, General Franks,
- 15 you've indicated that that is going to depend upon conditions
- 16 that exist in the future. General Abizaid at his confirmation
- 17 hearing recently said that he believes that we would have
- 18 large number of troops in Irag for the foreseeable future. Do
- 19 you agree?
- 20 General Franks: I do, sir.
- 21 Senator Levin: And would you -- could you give us just a
- 22 range of troops, I mean would it be from 100-150,000 for many
- 23 years, give us some kind of -- I'm not asking for any kind of
- 24 precise figure, but what's your current best estimate?
- 25 General Franks: Mr. Chairman, that actually is not as

- 1 hard to answer as it might seem. We have about 145,000 troops
- 2 in there right now. As I have talked to commanders at every
- 3 level inside Iraq one finds that that footprint appears to us
- 4 on the operational side to be about what that footprint needs
- 5 to look like. There has been suggestion that perhaps there
- 6 should be more troops, and in fact I can tell you in the
- 7 presence of this Secretary that if more troops are necessary,
- 8 this Secretary is going to say yes. And we have talked about
- 9 this on a number of occasions and when the tactical commanders
- on the ground determine that they need to raise force levels,
- 11 then those forces in fact will be provided. The Secretary may
- 12 want to comment on that, but what we --
- 13 Senator Levin: That's reassuring though. In other words
- 14 the current footprint to your best estimate -- and what that
- 15 be for the foreseeable future?

- General Franks: Sir, it is for the foreseeable future.
- 17 Senator Levin: On the weapons of mass destruction issue.
- 18 which is back in the press in many ways, in the media this
- 19 week, Secretary Rumsfeld, as you know, earlier this week the
- White House acknowledged that, quote, the reference to Iraq's
- 21 attempt to acquire uranium from Africa should not have been
- included in the President's State of the Union speech on
- 23 January 28. On the 29th, you said on CNN something very
- 24 similar to what the President had said the night before when
- you said that the Iraqi regime, quote, recently was discovered

seeking significant quantities of uranium from Africa. 1 Now Condi Rice just a few weeks ago said the following, 2 that we did not know at the time, no one knew at the time in 3 our circle, maybe someone knew down in the bowels of the 5 agency, but no one in our circles knew that there were doubts and suspicions that this might be a forgery. And I'm just 6 curious as to whether or not you've determined as a policy 7 maker how the facts, the falsity of that claim of uranium sale 8 9 to Iraq from Africa remained in the bowels of the agency for 9 10 months after you made your statement on the 29th. Did somebody come to you, the intelligence community come 11 12 to you and say, my gosh, we've got facts that show that that 13 just simply is inaccurate? Have you determined how those 14 accurate facts, in other words, the knowledge in the bowels of 15 the intelligence community that it was wrong that Africa was 16 solicited by Iraq for uranium and that those documents were 17 forged? Have you determined how it happened that that 18 information about the forgery stayed for so long in the, 19 quote, to quote Condi Rice, the bowels of the agency? 20 Secretary Rumsfeld: No, I can't give you a good answer. 21 I can try to get an answer for the record if you'd like. 22 must say that as someone who reads intelligence every day as 23 you do, I find that corrections are being made fairly 24 continuously, that you review a week's worth of intel, and two 25 months later they come back and say, well we said this on this

المعتم إهار دو دو

- date, but we have new information that suggests this or that.
- So the fact that the facts change from time to time with
- 3 respect to specifics does not surprise me or shock me at all.
- 4 It's to be expected, it's part of the intelligence world that
- 5 we live with is uncertainty and less than perfect knowledge.
- 6 I must say, however, that as we've gone through this period I
- 7 think the intelligence has been quite good, and I don't think
- 8 the fact that there is an instance where something was
- 9 inaccurate ought to in any way paint a broad brush on the
- 10 intelligence that we get and suggest that that's a pattern or
- 11 something. It's just not.
- 12 Senator Levin: Could you find out for this committee for
- 13 the record? This is a significant piece of intelligence, it
- 14 was relied on at the highest level, very publicly, very
- 15 visibly by the President and by you within two days of each,
- 16 right before the war. A very significant statement about
- 17 seeking uranium in Africa, it was based on intelligence, at
- 18 the same time the intelligence community knew in the depths of
- 19 their agency that this was not true, it seems to me is
- 20 absolutely startling and I think we would all want to know how
- 21 it could possibly have stayed there in the basement of the
- 22 agency while policy makers on the upper floors were making
- 23 these statements.
- If you could do that for this committee, I think we'd all
- 25 appreciate it.

1	Secre	etary	Run	ısfel	.d:	1,11	try	to	do	that.
2	[The	infor	mat	ion	refe	erred	to	foll	Lows	;]
3	[COM	MITTE	ee 1	NSEF	(T)					
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13										
14										
15										
16										
17										
18										
19										
20										
21										
22										
23										
24										
25										

Senator Levin: Thank you. 1 2 Chairman Warner: Senator Allard. Senator Allard: Thank you Mr. Chairman. I'm interested, 3 in light of recent attacks and everything, your assessment as to what's happening with the -- are they more organized than 5 say they were 3 or 4 weeks ago, and if they are becoming more organized, is there any evidence of some -- how central is 7 this organization? Is it be region or is it countrywide? I'd 8 like to hear your assessment on that, General Franks. 9 General Franks: Senator, because we see more of the 10 activity, you know, I ask myself are we seeing more of this 11 violent activity in the areas that are shaded on the map that 12 13 the Secretary turned around a minute ago? Are we seeing more of this violent activity because some of these Jihadist 14 15 extremists, Ba'athists, Saddam Fedayeen are coming together or are we seeing more violence there because we are more 16 17 offensive and because we are placing more patrols in there? 18 And so the answer that I give you I will caveat with that 19 because I suspect that we're seeing increased violence in some 20 of these areas because we are more present. We are out 21 looking for it because that's our charter, that's what our 22 force is going to do. Now in terms of networking among these 23 groups or between these groups, Senator, I'm not comfortable 24 right now saying that I believe that there is operational 25 control between factions operating in Tikrit, Ar Ramadi,

Masul, Bayji, I'm not sure. I recognize the same thing you 1 recognize which is that we see increased violence, sir, but 2 I'm not ready yet to tell you that I see evidence that these 3 violent acts are being coordinated. I might tell you that 4 next week, Senator, but I do not yet see evidence of it. 5 Senator Allard: Do you see any outside influences coming 6 7 into the country, for example, Iran? Is there any coalition 8 forces from any of the neighboring countries that you can pick up or any suggestion that there may be? 9 10 General Franks: Sir, as you know, since the war started 11 we have seen infiltration of elements through Syria, and we have encountered those on a number of occasions. I believe 12 13 that there continue to be efforts by Iran, by Teheran, to 14 influence activities inside Iraq. We see evidence in there of 15 the intelligence services, Iranian intelligence services. 16 see evidence in there of political forces. So, yes, I do see 17 attempts by nations in the region, I named those two, to 18 influence activities that are going on inside Irag. 19 Senator Allard: Mr. Secretary, I'm aware that Ambassador 20 Bremer is trying to get some members on their Iragi governing 21 council and get this put together rather quickly, at least in 22 Do you have any idea what we're thinking the near future. 23 about in terms of makeup of the council? Are we going to 24 include Islamic clerics, are we going to have former exiles

and Kurdish leaders, and when do you anticipate national

1 elections?

22

23

so it takes some time.

ing services.

Secretary Rumsfeld: I saw the pool of names and it's 2 large and diverse, in answer to your question. It includes 3 folks from all across the spectrum, the Iraqis. And elections 4 are something that it seems to me will have to be determined 5 as we go down the road. The goal in life is not to have one 6 election one time as happened when Adolf Hitler was elected 7 The goal is to have a process and to have true 8 for example. representation and true respect for the various elements, 9 10 diverse elements in that country. And the steps would be something like this, although I 11 can't even be certain of that: that there will be a governing 12 13 council, there will be some sort of an interim authority, there will be a constitutional convention to develop a 14 constitution. The constitution and the Iraqis who develop the 15 constitution will make a judgment as to when and at what pace 16 they think their country is ready to have elections in a way 17 18 that would be reasonable and create a representative system for them. 19 20 And that's out some way. If you think back to 21 Afghanistan, we still have a provisional government in that

24 Senator Allard: The Kurdish problem in the north I think 25 continues to be a problem and the question I have is, from

country and their elections are expected next year sometime,

It's not an easy transition.

- 1 your assessment, Mr. Secretary, do you think the Kurds in the
- 2 north are more interested in rebuilding Iraq or are they more
- 3 interested in forming a separate country at this particular
- 4 point in time?
- 5 Secretary Rumsfeld: Oh, I think the former. Everything
- 6 I've heard is that the individuals from the Kurdish section of
- 7 Iraq are in fact participating in this process, that they've
- 8 behaved in a reasonably constructive way and that they're
- 9 relieved that the regime of Saddam Hussein is gone and that
- 10 they intend to play a political role in the evolution of a new
- li Iraq.
- 12 Senator Allard: Mr. Chairman, I see my time is expired.
- 13 Thank you.
- 14 Chairman Warner: We'll recognize Senator --
- 15 Secretary Rumsfeld: Mr. Chairman, could I make a
- 16 response to Senator Levin on this subject that General Franks
- answered on footprint? He responded, for the foreseeable
- 18 future about such as it is, as I recall. I would just amend
- 19 that slightly by saying exactly. We see no reason to think
- 20 that that footprint isn't the right one for the moment. But
- 21 the composition of U.S. forces could change and we could end
- 22 up with different types, as he suggested. And second, the
- 23 numbers of U.S. forces could change while the footprint stayed
- 24 the same, in the event that we have greater success in
- 25 bringing in additional coalition forces, in the event we are

- 1 able to accelerate the Iraqi army.
- So the exact number of U.S. forces might change as well
- 3 as the composition even though the footprint, as General
- 4 Franks said, would be roughly the same until we see evolution
- 5 in the political and economic spheres. Thank you.
- 6 Chairman Warner: Two administrative announcements.
- 7 colleagues. We have two votes coming circa 11:30. It is the
- 8 intention of the chair to catch the end of the first vote and
- 9 remain and do the second, and then return and resume the
- 10 hearing.

general \$eveneral

- 11 Following the open hearing, we will have a closed hearing
- 12 in 26 -- I mean the Intelligence Committee next door. Thank
- 13 you very much.
- 14 Senator Kennedy.
- 15 Senator Kennedy: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, Secretary,
- 16 General. We're all tremendously proud of the troops'
- 17 effectiveness in Operation Iraqi Freedom. It's a great credit
- 18 to you, Mr. Secretary and to General Franks. I'm now
- 19 concerned that we have the world's best trained soldiers
- 20 serving as policemen in what seems to be a shooting gallery.
- 21 The President declared an end to major combat operation,
- 22 but the war's not over for the men and women who are on the
- ground in Iraq or their families here at home. And the lack
- of a coherent plan is hindering our efforts at
- 25 internationalization and aggravating the strain on our troops.

- Our troops are tired and want to return to their families who
- 2 are at home coping with the absence and the loss of income.
- 3 They've been gone close to a year and this truly is a
- 4 hardship. They and the American people want to know what the
- 5 strategy is to stabilize Iraq, bring the promise of democracy
- 6 to the Iraqi people and alleviate the strain on our troops.
- Now I've heard in response to Senator Levin's questions
- 8 about the NATO forces, there are 2 million troops in NATO.
- 9 Clearly not all of them are qualified to go here, but you have
- 10 the Italian carabiniere and the French gendarmes and the
- 11 Spanish guardia civil that are superbly trained troops in riot
- 12 control and dealing with barriers and fire and explosives.
- 13 Have we made a specific request to try and get some of the
- 14 best trained police that exist in the NATO countries to come
- over and provide some relief to these American troops that are
- in the process of being attacked almost daily?
- 17 Secretary Rumsfeld: Yes, in fact, Italy and Spain have
- 18 both made commitments.
- 19 Senator Kennedy: And when will they come, can you tell
- 20 us --
- 21 Secretary Rumsfeld: I can't tell you --
- 22 Senator Kennedy: -- what the expectation is and how many
- 23 are going to be there?
- 24 Secretary Rumsfeld: I can't tell you precisely. It's up
- 25 -- I've always believed that it's up to those countries to

1 make their own announcements. Senator Kennedy: I'm asking about what's been requested. 2 Secretary Rumsfeld: We have requested of them exactly 3 the kinds of forces you've described and they have made 5 commitments to do so. The dates generally for these forces are going to be in the latter portion of this summer and into 7 September and certainly by October. So I'm guessing that some 8 will be coming in next month, and then it will be August, 9 September, and October that they will be flowing in, but I 10 don't want to refer specifically to those countries, because 11 I'm speaking to the 19 countries that have made commitments. Senator Kennedy: Well that's true. But these three 12 13 certainly, among others, have some of the best trained in terms of the police function. 14 15 I was troubled just by your earlier response about the 16 knowledge of the request of troops from NATO. It would seem 17 that you would be the person that would be on the phone to 18 NATO to ask these troops to be available and we just want to 19 know, are you on the phone talking to NATO, to General 20 Robertson, to request troops, have you done that? You 21 indicated in an earlier response, we want to reach out to 22 everyone. Is it as much as we would like? No, in terms of 23 response to NATO. It's not clear that we have announced to 24 other countries. I have no problem if they want to provide

را المعمور والمعمور

25

more help and assistance. I think families want to know what

TAB

- 1 are we doing? If they have 2 million troops over there, what
- 2 are we doing to bring a major chunk of those troops through
- 3 NATO into Iraq. Is that part of our plan now in
- 4 internationalizing the military phase of it?
- 5 Secretary Rumsfeld: We have made requests of NATO. I
- 6 don't know quite what you're asking --
- 7 Senator Kennedy: I'm asking when have you talked ---
- 8 Secretary Rumsfeld: The 2 million troops, Senator --
- 9 Senator Kennedy: -- have you picked up the phone?
- 10 Secretary Rumsfeld: The 2 million troops I believe
- 11 include the United States of America.
- 12 Senator Kennedy: Well, then you've got, what, 1,700,000
- over there, out of the 1,700,000 over there?
- 14 Secretary Rumsfeld: And we have asked, I believe, months
- 15 ago, the United States through the Department of State made a
- 16 request to something like 70 or 80 countries for assistance.
- 17 There have been force generation meetings that have been
- 18 taking place, one that took place very recently, there's
- 19 another taking place I believe in New York --
- 20 Senator Kennedy: But your answer, I gather Secretary, is
- 21 you're doing everything that you possibly can as a Secretary
- 22 of Defense --
- 23 Secretary Rumsfeld: We believe we are.

- 24 Senator Kennedy -- to make every request of NATO for
- 25 combat troops as well as for the kind of guard functions, and

that you're satisfied you're doing everything you can within 1 2 NATO and you have made that request yourself, or you're conscious of the administration, or if you don't know that, 3 you're going to find out whether they have made that? 5 Secretary Rumsfeld: We certainly want assistance from NATO and from NATO countries and we have commitments from a 6 7 good large number of NATO countries already and NATO is already assisting. 8 9 Senator Kennedy: In the other area of the development of 10 Iraq, as I understand the U.S. Government has talked about the future of Iraq working groups. But I'm told by the people on 11 the ground that there's no formal plan for reconstruction. 12 13 Can you provide us with the operational plans for 14 reconstruction? Who are the people, the level of resources 15 that are committed, how many Iraqis will be involved in the plan to build, police, justice system, the media, the schools, 16 17 the other institutions? And are there plans on paper and 18 where are those plans? Or are we shooting from the hip and 19 taking a piecemeal approach when American lives are at stake 20 in terms of the broader security issues? 21 Secretary Rumsfeld: There certainly are plans for the 22 reconstruction of Iraq. I would, however, say that the plans 23 are not for the United States or the coalition to reconstruct 24 Iraq's circumstance today is the result of 30 years of

repression by the Saddam Hussein regime and a Stalinist type

economy and a denial of the people of that country and the

2 infrastructure of that country, the kinds of opportunities and

3 investments that a wealthy country like Iraq is perfectly

4 capable of doing.

5 Today if one goes from the Gulf States, from Kuwait or

6 Qatar or any of those nations into Iraq, it's like going in

7 the old days from Romania into West Germany. It's just stark

8 how damaging that regime has been to that country to say

9 nothing of the mass graves of people that were killed by that

10 regime.

11 The plans do exist, but it will be the Iraqi people that

12 will have to build back their country and reconstruct their

13 country. A reference was made earlier to nation-building. I

14 suppose it's mostly semantics, but I think it's a little heady

15 and arrogant to think that you can build another people's

16 nation. I think the Iraqi people are going to build their own

17 nation back and they're going to build it in a distinctly

18 unique Iraqi way.

19 And our task is to try to create an environment to get

20 rid of that repressive regime and to try to create an

21 environment within which the Iraqi people can put themselves

on a political and economic path towards a future and not to

23 think that we're going to go in there and send the American

24 taxpayers' dollars, and billions of them, trying to rebuild a

25 country in a way that fits our image because that's just not

- 1 going to happen.
- Senator Kennedy: Well you're not suggesting we're not
- 3 going to be spending billions of dollars of American taxpayers
- 4 --
- 5 Secretary Rumsfeld: Of course we are. Of course we
- 6 will.
- 7 Chairman Warner: Senator, the light's on. Thank you
- 8 very much. I didn't mean to interrupt you Senator, but we
- 9 have to -- Senator Sessions.
- 10 Senator Sessions: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and General
- 11 Franks, I want to express my congratulations along with the
- 12 others for your leadership, appreciation for your career, and
- 13 for the great troops that you led, how they performed under
- 14 extraordinarily difficult circumstances, they performed so
- 15 well.
- 16 You know, when we think about what has occurred, a lot
- 17 has occurred. We could have as a nation stayed right here and
- 18 tried to build up defenses at home or we could have gone after
- 19 the bases of terrorism that were plainly out there in the
- 20 world. The President made a decision, this Congress supported
- 21 him overwhelmingly to eliminate those bases, we saw those in
- 22 Afghanistan. You've liberated that country and we've removed
- 23 al-Qaeda and the Taliban from authority there. We've now
- liberated the people of Iraq and our prayer is and our hope is
- 25 that we can help them establish their own nation. It

certainly will be, as the Secretary said, ultimately their challenge to do that.

I wanted to ask you a couple of things. One of the 3 concerns I have is how quickly we can bring on the Iraqi 4 indigenous army that will be a servant of the Iraqi army and 5 6 the Iraqi nation. How difficult is that? Do we need more resources? What can we do to speed along the creation of a 7 healthy, well-trained army that serves the people of Iraq? 8 General Franks: Sir, first thank you for your kind 9 remarks. We do want to bring the Afghan -- pardon me, the 10 Iraqi national army online as quickly as we can. I think the 11 vision is for an order of magnitude of 12,000 or so within the 12 initial 12 months, if my memory serves. We want to have as 13 14 much Iraqi army as we can, but we want a professional Iraqi army when we build it. And what I mean by that is we want the 15 16 training of the troopers from the bottom up to be done in a 17 very competent way, and we have reinforced for ourselves in Afghanistan that we know how to do that, that we can do it. 18 19 But what we also learned in Afghanistan is that we do not 20 want to create an army that has no place to go. We want to be 21 sure that the Iraqis themselves bring along the infrastructure 22 for the positioning of those forces as we bring them online 23 and at the same time we want to be sure that we work from the 24 top down to create a Ministry of Defense and the operational

level for an army that can manage them. I would like, Senator

- 1 Sessions, to see this thing, the Iraqi army come along as fast
- 2 as we can actually control it and put it to work and I am
- 3 satisfied with the pace that Walt Slocum intends to work on
- 4 that project right now, sir.
- 5 Senator Sessions: General Franks, if you would just
- 6 briefly share with us the status of our commitment to
- 7 containing Saddam Hussein before this war started, that
- 8 resources that we've been committing for over a decade to
- 9 keeping it in a box, including patrolling the Persian Gulf,
- 10 air flights and Northern Watch and Southern Watch. You know,
- 11 we think about the cost of the operation and the effort to
- 12 help Iraq rebuild, but tell us about the costs we were
- 13 incurring annually?
- 14 General Franks: Sir, if you think about Operation
- Northern Watch, Operation Southern Watch, and the maritime
- intercept operations that were ongoing between 1992 and 2002,
- 17 I can't give you with precision the math associated with that.
- 18 The number that I would give you would probably be -- Northern
- 19 Watch, Southern Watch, \$1- to \$2 billion a year, depending on
- 20 the year, and that does not factor what it costs coalition
- 21 members like the state of Kuwait, for example, who paid in
- 22 assistance in-kind perhaps another \$200- to \$250 million a
- 23 year during the course of containment.
- 24 Sir, I attempt to justify nothing with respect to
- 25 containment and I make no comment about whether that was good

- or bad. From an operational perspective, our job was to
- 2 control the skies over Iraq and to ensure as best we could in
- doing that the sanctity, if you will, of 786, 787, and
- 4 security council resolutions, some 17 of them that the
- 5 Secretary mentioned earlier. That was the policy, that's what
- 6 our forces worked to do for that period of time. I will offer
- 7 the operational fact, sir, that at this time, those operations
- 8 are no longer necessary and in fact there are no longer jets
- 9 and air defense systems shooting at American men and women and
- 10 them returning to the sanctity of bases belonging to the
- 11 regime.
- 12 Senator Sessions: I think that's an important thing for
- us to consider, and I always felt that in fact the Gulf War
- 14 never ended, that there was sort of an agreed-upon peace that
- 15 was not holding, and to me something had to be done, and I
- 16 think those actions have been taken. Would you just share --
- General Franks: Sir, if I could insert one thing in
- 18 response to a comment Senator Kennedy made a minute ago about
- 19 troops having been committed a year and in many cases being
- 20 very tired. I believe, having been there, sir, that troops
- 21 are tired at two levels. One is a tactical level where one
- 22 becomes tired, and the other is a level where people do not
- 23 believe in what they're doing. I believe members of this
- 24 committee who recently visited our troops on the ground in
- 25 Iraq found none of the latter and it's my job and our job to

- 1 be sure that we provide the tactical relief, rest, and quality
- of life for our troops as best we can. But my comment is that
- 3 I believe that our young men and women who are deployed in
- 4 Iraq working in a very dangerous circumstance believe in their
- 5 responsibilities and are doing them remarkably well. I'm
- 6 sorry, sir, please.
- 7 Senator Sessions: Thank you.
- 8 Chairman Warner: Senator Reed.
- 9 Senator Reed: Well thank you very much, Mr. Chairman.
- 10 First, General Franks, let me add my commendation for an
- 11 extraordinary career in the Army and service to the Nation,
- 12 and I think you know that we're all sincerely appreciative,
- 13 but I think you also know that the appreciation of the
- 14 soldiers that you've served with, their respect is much more,
- 15 I think, gratifying to you and it should be. Thank you, sir.
- 16 Mr. Secretary, I had the privilege to go with Chairman
- 17 Warner and Senator Levin to Iraq and I had a chance to meet
- 18 lots of soldiers and I would agree with General Franks, they
- 19 are proud of what they're doing, they will do it as long as we
- 20 ask them to do it, but they had one question of me I couldn't
- 21 answer, particularly the troops in my home State, the 115th
- 22 military police company, the 119th military police company,
- 23 the 118th military policy battalion -- when are we coming
- 24 home?
- The answer to that question relies upon having troops

- available to replace these troops, because as you've both
- 2 indicated our footprint in Iraq will be significant. This
- 3 burden falls particularly with impact upon the Army. Today
- 4 the Army has 370,000 troops in 120 countries. In Iraq, the
- 5 footprint has the 3rd ID, the 4th ID, the 1st Armored
- 6 Division, 101st Airborne, 173rd Airborne Brigade, the 2nd
- 7 Brigade of the 82nd, the 2nd Light Cavalry Squadron, the 3rd
- 8 Army Cavalry Squadron, in addition 5 National Guard enhanced
- 9 battalions in Iraq and 2 in Kuwait. That's a significant
- 10 footprint.
- In Afghanistan, shortly we'll have almost two full
- 12 brigades with the 10th Mountain Division to take the mission.
- 13 In the Balkans, we have the 34th National Guard Division from
- 14 Kansas. In Kosovo, we have the 1st Infantry Division which
- 15 will be replaced by the 28th National Pennsylvania National
- 16 Guard Division. We have forces in Korea, the 2nd ID, we have
- 17 contingency forces in the United States and there are other
- 18 areas in the world that are dangerous.
- In addition to that, the normal doctrine years ago when I
- was serving was for every deployed unit you had to have a 3-
- 21 to-1 ratio. That I think has changed to 5-to-1 now because we
- 22 also have preparation, exercise phases, training center
- 23 missions, reintegration and then the actual mission. We are
- 24 dangerously stretched thin in the Army and other services
- 25 also.

I know the answer to this will be multinational forces 1 2 will take the place of these troops in Iraq, but so far we've been unsuccessful in arranging those forces. And it seems to 3 me that we have to be prepared to increase our Army, number of 4 5 brigades in our Army, or to activate National Guard Divisions, 6 and we have to make that decision soon because of the training 7 these troops will need before they're deployed. 8 So Mr. Secretary, are you planning or prepared to 9 increase the size of the Army to meet these commitments? 10 Secretary Rumsfeld: First I would say that I talked to 11 General Abizaid this morning and he is sensitive to the 12 importance of troops knowing what the rotation plan will be so 13 they have some degree of certainty in their lives. And he's 14 sensitive to the importance of the quality of their lives, 15 whether they get mail and those types of things, and is determined to continue the fine work that General Franks has 16 17 done and now that we've completed major combat operation in 18 Iraq, begin to get greater clarity as to exactly how that 19 rotation will take place. 20 It would be incorrect to say that we expect that 21 international forces will replace all of U.S. forces. 22 don't anticipate that. We're going to have to replace U.S. 23 forces with U.S. forces in large measure, and we understand 24 And the Joint Staff and the services have been asked to 25 make a presentation to me -- the request went back many, many

weeks, and they have been working in the tank with the 1 services and they expect to bring that forward sometime this 2 month, in which case they'll get clarity as to what people can 3 expect in terms of their circumstances. Then the question comes, do you need to increase force 5 levels, particularly in the Army or Marines, the ground forces, I would add. And that answer -- the question to that 7 is if we believe that's the case, obviously we would come to 8 the Congress and make that request. At the moment we are 9 attempting to bring down our force commitments in a number of 10 11 countries in the world. We have proposals with respect to what's taking place in Bosnia and Kosovo, which are through 12 13 NATO, in together and out together, as you're familiar. We 14 have been working to try to reduce our force in the Sinai. 15 have discussions going on with Korea as to how we can have our 16 footprint there arranged. We have discussions taking place in 17 Europe. We also have, I'm told, by Dr. Chu and I don't know if 18 19 we've ever gotten the exact list, but something in the neighborhood of 300,000 men and women in uniform doing jobs that aren't for men and women in uniform. They're doing

neighborhood of 300,000 men and women in uniform doing jobs
that aren't for men and women in uniform. They're doing
civilian functions, and they shouldn't be doing civilian
functions. So we've got to continue to try to manage the
department in a way that we make the best use of people who
serve in the armed services.

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1	If, at some point, it looks as though what you suggest
2	might be the case turns out to be the case, clearly we will
3	come to Congress and ask for an increase, but at the moment we
4	do not see that that's the case.
5	Senator Reed: Let me address the question a different
6	way. Since September 11, 42,000 National Guard troops have
7	been on active duty. That's before Operation Iraqi Freedom.
8	Doesn't that suggest to you that there is a need for a
9	increase in active forces?
10	Secretary Rumsfeld: First, I don't have the number at my
11	fingertips and I regret that, but there are a very large
12	number of Guard and Reserve that have been on duty that are
13	volunteers. They are individuals who were not called up,
14	they're not required, but a non-trivial fraction of the total
15	have been individuals who were asked, would you like to come
16	on and serve on an active service for a period and they have
17	said yes.
18	So it is you're right, except that within that mix of
19	numbers of Reserve and Guard, a lot of them are there because
20	they want to be, not because they're being forced to be.
21	Senator Reed: Well, you need them Mr. Secretary.
22	Secretary Rumsfeld: You bet we need them.
23	Senator Reed: Then the question goes, if you need that
24	many National Guardsman over an extended period of time,

stretching back over a year, doesn't that suggest that the

- 1 active forces have to be increased?
- Secretary Rumsfeld: Well, of course, we have increased
- 3 the active forces. We have a provision the Congress passed
- 4 and the President has taken advantage of the 2 percent plus,
- 5 and under an emergency even the 2 percent ceiling is not a
- 6 requirement for us, and we are in some cases above the 2
- 7 percent. So the force levels have increased during this
- 8 period, you're quite right.
- 9 Senator Reed: Well, Mr. Secretary, my time has expired,
- 10 but I think this issue of the size of our forces is rapidly
- 11 approaching a decision point, and from what I've seen from the
- 12 extended deployment of our Army particularly, and I agree the
- 13 Marine Corps also, and I would suspect the Navy and the Air
- 14 Force could make similar cases, is that we're reaching the
- 15 point where we have to go ahead and bite the bullet and put
- 16 more forces in our force structure so we can rotate those
- 17 troops who are doing so well and serving so proudly out of
- 18 Iraq.
- 19 Chairman Warner: Thank you Senator. Senator Collins.
- 20 Senator Collins: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. General
- 21 Franks, let me begin my remarks by joining my colleagues in
- 22 thanking you for a truly outstanding career. Our country owes
- 23 you an enormous debt of gratitude and I join my colleagues in
- 24 saluting you.
- Mr. Secretary, I was honored to be part of the Armed

Services Committee trip to Iraq recently and like my 1 2 colleagues, I had the opportunity to talk with many of our I want to echo the impressions that Senator Reed 3 received in his conversations. To a person I found that our 4 troops' morale was very high despite the harsh conditions 5 under which they're serving and despite the dangers to which 6 7 they are exposed. But I also found a weariness among our troops, and over 8 and over I heard, I'm proud of our mission, I helped free the 9 Iragi people, but when do I get to go home? So I think it is 10 important that we communicate to the men and women who are 11 12 serving so that they will have some expectations. One soldier 13 from Maine told me, I can deal with another three months, I 14 can deal with another six months, but I just need to know. 15 I would encourage you, and I know that General Abizaid is 16 working on this, but to share that information with our men 17 and women in uniform as quickly as it is available so there 18 can be some certainty. 19 I would also ask you, Mr. Secretary, to project for us 20 what you see as the percentage mix of American troops versus 21 troops from other countries as part of the coalition forces by 22 the end of the year. Obviously we can rotate troops home more 23 quickly if we can replace them not just with American troops, 24 but with troops from other countries. Could you give us some

rough estimate of what you see as the percentages of American

1 troops versus troops from other countries as part of the coalition forces by the end of the year? 2 Secretary Rumsfeld: Well, as General Franks and I have 3 indicated, we now have about 148,000 troops there. We're 4 5 hoping to get -- have the non-coalition forces up to something like, at the moment we're looking at 30,000 sometime late 6 summer, early fall. We intend to have the Iraqi army grow as 7 rapidly as we can do so, and there's actually a fourth source 8 9 of forces and that's contract forces for site protection to 10 the extent that that might make sense. That's roughly what it looks like to me going out toward the end of the year. 11 12 Senator Collins: You mentioned, Mr. Secretary, in your 13 statement that Iragis no longer wake up every morning and fear 14 wondering whether this will be the day that the death squads 15 come and indeed all of us feel a great pride in freeing the 16 Iraqi people from the breathtaking brutality of Saddam Hussein 17 and his regime. But nevertheless what I found during the trip 18 is that there still is very much a climate of fear in Iraq. 19 There's the fear that the Americans and the coalition forces 20 will go home too soon and that Saddam Hussein will return to 21 power. 22 I was struck by a conversation that we had with an Iraqi 23 who was running an oil refinery in Basra whom, whenever we 24 asked any question that involved Saddam Hussein would not

How important is it that we capture or kill Saddam

25

respond.

- 1 Hussein and how high a priority is it for the coalition
- 2 forces?
- 3 Secretary Rumsfeld: The President has said, and we all
- 4 agree, that the United States and the coalition forces are
- 5 committed to stay as long as is necessary and not a day
- 6 longer. So the idea that we would leave too soon and Saddam
- 7 Hussein come back is not a realistic concern that anyone ought
- 8 to have. Saddam Hussein's not coming back.
- 9 How important is it that he be caught or killed and that
- 10 closure come to that? It would be helpful, there's no
- 11 question that this individual has created such fear on the
- 12 part of the Iraqi people because of his brutality and the
- 13 numbers of tens of thousands of people he's killed, and the
- 14 willingness to use chemical weapons on his own people and on
- 15 his neighbors, that there is a fear not just in Iraq but in
- 16 the region that we have to be certain that he is not going to
- 17 be around.
- 18 I think that that will take some time. People don't get
- 19 over that fear immediately. But he's not coming back. He's
- 20 through. That regime is over.
- 21 Senator Collins: You and I know that, you and I know for
- 22 certain that Saddam Hussein is not coming back, but I am
- 23 convinced that the fear that Saddam will come back is impeding
- 24 our progress in reconstructing Iraq. Prior to this trip, I
- would have said that as long as he's out of power, that's

- sufficient. I came back with a very different feeling, a
- 2 determination that unless we capture or kill Saddam that our
- 3 progress is going to be far slower.
- 4 Secretary Rumsfeld: I agree with that and I will say,
- 5 however, that in answer to your question of what's the
- 6 priority, the priority is very high, as I'm sure you were
- 7 briefed.
- 8 Senator Collins: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 9 Chairman Warner: Thank you very much Senator. Senator
- 10 Akaka.
- 11 Senator Akaka: Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman. I
- want to add my pride of the troops as well as the leadership
- 13 to the record here, General Franks. What you've done out
- 14 there with our troops is extraordinary and I want to say thank
- 15 you and I want to praise you for all of that. I also want to
- 16 commend Secretary Rumsfeld for all he has done with us as well
- 17 as with you and the troops out there during this period.
- I want to continue to pursue the question of when are we
- 19 coming home because although I didn't make the trip to Iraq,
- 20 I've heard it at home as well. Secretary, you mentioned in
- 21 response to Senator Warner's questions that CENTCOM is
- 22 developing a rotational plan for forces in Iraq and it appears
- 23 at this point that we don't have detailed answers to that. My
- 24 question to you is when do you expect that plan to be
- completed and will it include troop rotations in Afghanistan

- as well? I would appreciate if you could brief me on that
- 2 plan when completed as well. As ranking member of the
- 3 Readiness subcommittee, I am deeply interested in this issue.
- 4 Secretary Rumsfeld: Senator, CENTCOM's responsibility is
- 5 to communicate the force requirements that they believe they
- 6 need to do the job that they've been asked to do. The Joint
- 7 Staff and the services then work with them to determine what
- 8 kinds of forces and what kinds of rotation schedules make the
- 9 most sense. That work is currently being done, it's going to
- 10 be presented to me this week, and I expect to be able to make
- 11 some decisions.
- The certainty question is clear to the extent we can get
- 13 that work done, tell them as we've now told the 3rd Infantry
- 14 Division what their certainty is, to the extent we can do that
- 15 with the other forces there. I should add, however, we have
- redeployed over 140,000 troops already including some Army,
- 17 including some Marines, some ground forces, as well as Navy
- 18 and Air Force.
- 19 Senator Akaka: In regard to this deployment, Mr.
- 20 Secretary, I recently visited some of our fine marines at Camp
- 21 Lejeune and our great soldiers at Ft. Bragg. Many of them had
- 22 just returned from deployments in Iraq and Afghanistan, and we
- 23 spent a lot of time just talking about what they will need to
- 24 reconstitute their forces after returning home. In past
- 25 operations it has sometimes taken units up to a year or more

- 1 to fully regain high levels of readiness. Do you expect these
- 2 timelines to be about the same after Iraqi Freedom? If not,
- 3 how do you expect to accelerate them and how much additional
- 4 funding will this require?

. . . .

- 5 Secretary Rumsfeld: We've asked for some funds already
- for reconstitution and I don't doubt for a minute that we'll
- 7 have to ask for additional funds for reconstitution and it's
- 8 important that that be done. It varies from unit to unit how
- 9 much time it takes and how much the cost is, but that work is
- 10 all being done by the Joint Staff. And the other thing that
- 11 happens, however, is that the combatant commanders around the
- 12 world look at what took place in CENTCOM, in Afghanistan and
- 13 Iraq and they begin to change their judgments about the
- 14 numbers of precision weapons they would use, for example,
- 15 relative to dumb bombs, and how they might conduct their
- 16 campaigns, and as they involve their contingency plans they
- 17 then alter their needs and those kinds of things will be
- 18 coming in in the budget that's being prepared at the present
- 19 time for presentation next year.
- 20 Senator Akaka: Mr. Secretary, I'm quite concerned about
- 21 the problem, and I'm shifting to dirty bombs. The General
- 22 Accounting Office recently completed a report for me on the
- 23 availability worldwide of radioactive material that can be
- 24 used to construct such a weapon. Because of this the looting
- of the Iraqi nuclear sites has been a matter of great concern.

- I thank you for letting an International Atomic Energy survey 1 team into Iraq. I would appreciate it if you could provide me 2 an update, either now or for the record, as to whether all the 3 missing radioactive sealed sauces at the sites have been 4 accounted for. 5 General Franks: Sir, would you repeat the last part of 6 7 the question, just the last phrase sir, I missed the last 8 part. 9 Secretary Rumsfeld: It's the percentage of -- materials. 10 Senator Akaka: I would appreciate it if you could update either now or for the record as to whether or not all the 11 missing radioactive sealed sauces at the sites have been 12 13 accounted for. 14 General Franks: We actually are very pleased with the 15 results of that and having brought the IAEA in to check the work of our troops and some people who had been working that 16 17
 - results of that and having brought the IAEA in to check the work of our troops and some people who had been working that very, very hard. And Senator I will provide for the record the exact math, but the amount of yellowcake specifically is what we're talking about from two different sites that was unaccounted for at the end of bringing all this together actually Senator is infinitesimal. Virtually all of the drums and the substances, the substance yellowcake, was recovered, and I will give you with precision the math on it.
- 24 [The information referred to follows:]
- 25 [COMMITTEE INSERT]

18

19

20

21

22

- Senator Akaka: Thank you very much.
- 2 Chairman Warner: Senator Inhofe.
- 3 Senator Inhofe: Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman.
- 4 Again let me, General Franks, echo what Senator Akaka and
- 5 Senator Collins and all the rest of us have said about the
- 6 great contribution you've made.
- 7 In the very beginning of this hearing, Senator Levin
- 8 mentioned that weapons of mass destruction are now back in the
- 9 press and I feel compelled to share at least my feelings, and
- 10 I think some others up here, that they've never been out of
- 11 the press. It's so obvious that this whole notion that
- weapons of mass destruction they claim that are not found,
- 13 therefore we should not have gone in and done what we have
- done is nothing but an absurd media-driven diversionary tactic
- 15 and I've never seen the likes of it before. And what these
- 16 people are saying is that if we didn't find these, therefore
- 17 we should not have gone in.
- Well, first of all, I think that could have been, if it
- 19 hadn't been for the media, would have been put to bed way back
- in the beginning when they found 11 chemical rockets with the
- 21 capability -- and I'm recalling this from memory now -- of 140
- 22 liters of some type of chemical, and as Richard Butler said,
- 23 140 liters of VX could kill a million people. Now to me, we
- 24 know there are 15,000 more like that out there but we found
- 25 those. That should have put it to sleep.

1	General Franks, when you said three decades of bloody
2	regime, that's an understatement and we all know that and I
3	know that Secretary Rumsfeld has tried to articulate how bad
4	that really has been. But what you folks have done is end
5	this monstrous bloody regime. When you stop and think and
6	envision if we hadn't gone in, thinking about the in one
7	day, 3,000 women and children tortured to death using nerve
8	gas, and I understand that's one of the most painful ways of
9	dying, to envision 317 kids under 12 years old lined up and
10	executed, and I recall right after 1991 when the war was
11	supposed to have been over, I think 2 days before that we had
12	the first freedom flight into Kuwait. Alexander Haig was on
13	it, there were about six of us on this flight. I recall going
14	to the headquarters that Saddam Hussein had used and walking
15	through the torture chambers and seeing the body parts,
16	running into a little boy that had his ear cut off because he
17	had a picture of an American flag that was in his pocket.
18	This fear, and now when I think about how gratifying it
19	must be to the two of you to know, the two of you more than
20	anyone else and the team that you put together has brought
21	this bloodiest regime since Adolf Hitler to a close. It has
22	to be gratifying that people can now have weddings, women can
23	now walk the streets without worrying about being summarily
24	dragged out and raped and tortured to death, parents can send
25	their kids out without fearing that they'll have their tongues

1 cut out. And so I just would say that, General Franks, as you

.....

- 2 cap off a career, I don't think you ever in your wildest
- 3 imagination would have thought that you'd be doing such a
- 4 liberation the way that you have done.
- 5 There are a lot of things that we'd like to talk about
- and you've covered quite a few, but I would say this. Before
- 7 I came in 1994, I was on the House Armed Serves Committee and
- 8 all I heard all those years was jointness, jointness,
- 9 jointness, we're going to have to get to jointness and get rid
- 10 of this mentality of each one out there doing his own thing,
- 11 and we've come so far. I think that the effort in Iraq is the
- 12 greatest achievement and I might also say Afghanistan in
 - jointness, and I'd like to have your response, either one of
 - 14 you, to your impression as to where we can go, how much
 - 15 further of this effort of jointness we can go and with the
 - 16 successes that we enjoyed.
 - 17 Secretary Rumsfeld: Well, I'll start. You're right.
 - 18 The pattern in the past has been for the services to try to do
 - 19 their own thing and deconflict too in large measure, and what
 - 20 took place in Iraq was the most joint war fighting operation I
 - 21 believe in the history of the world. And I think the team,
 - 22 General McKiernan, General Moseley, Admiral Keating, Dell
 - 23 Daley, and General Franks and his deputies, Mike DeLong and
 - 24 General Abizaid have set a pattern for the future that will
 - 25 dramatically leverage our capabilities for the future.

1 General Franks: Sir. the only thing that I would add to 2 that is I think Afghanistan initially and Iraq later gave us some insight into what joint can be. I think that expansion 3 of that across all our services, all our combatant commands is 4 the future. I think that that would fall under probably what 5 6 the Secretary would call transformation, I mean, I actually believe that the notion of this level of jointness is 7 8 tranformational. And I think Joint Forces Command, Admiral Ed 9 Giambastiani, my buddy down at Norfolk, will be and has the 10 support of the Secretary to bring this level of jointness all across our uniformed services in the years ahead. 11 12 Senator Inhofe: I appreciate that very much. Let me get 13 on record as saying I agree with much of what Senator Reed 14 said concerning a concern on end strength and you've heard me 15 say this before and it's something that I hope you'll keep 16 your minds open. And I know your close communications with 17 the Reserve component will convince you as it's convinced me 18 and many of the members of this panel that there's got to be 19 relief and I hope that will continue to stay open. 20 I had occasion to be in Vicenza the other day and talk to 21 some of those in the 173rd, about half of those who were 22 deployed up to northern Iraq. That was a contingency that we 23 didn't know that would be there. We thought we'd be able to 24 come down through Turkey and it wouldn't be necessary, but 25 they are there. One of the minor things that we have learned,

1	and this nearing is supposed to be about respons we have
2	learned, and since my time is expired I'm going to ask you to
3	give this response in the record.
4	I know that in Vicenza when the 173rd was to deploy they
5	went to Aviano. Fortunately, we had good weather so that the
6	staging area which is out in the open could accommodate them
7	which it would not have if it had been rainy weather. They're
8	now looking at some MilCon projects that are going to ensure
9	that. That's just one of many, many lessons I'm sure we've
10	learned. I'd like to get as many of these examples so that we
11	and this committee, as we look at MilCon in the future and at
12	our activities in the future will be able to isolate these and
13	get your impression on all of these things that now we realize
14	maybe should have been done before but we should address as a
15	result of our experiences.
16	[The information referred to follows:]
17	[COMMITTEE INSERT]
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

- 1 Chairman Warner: Senator Byrd.
- Senator Byrd: What is our situation, Mr. Chairman, with
- 3 respect to the votes on the floor?
- 4 Chairman Warner: Yes, the vote has commenced and at the
- 5 conclusion of your questioning, we will adjourn.
- 6 Senator Byrd: Would you prefer to go now?
- 7 Chairman Warner: I think we would like to have you
- 8 complete yours.
- 9 Senator Byrd: All right. Mr. Secretary, what is the
- 10 current monthly spend rate to support our ongoing military
- 11 operations in Iraq?
- 12 Secretary Rumsfeld: I'll have to get you that for the
- 13 record. It's a combination of appropriated funds as you, sir,
- 14 know better than any plus the expenditures of funds that are
- 15 taking place from Iraqi frozen assets, from Iraqi seized
- 16 assets, and from U.N./Iraqi assets under the Oil for Food
- 17 program, and I can certainly have Dr. Zakheim come up and
- 18 provide a very precise answer as to what's currently being
- 19 spent.
- 20 Senator Byrd: Do you have, do you recall a figure? Can
- 21 you give us an estimate? I've heard a figure of \$1-1/2
- 22 billion a month.
- 23 Secretary Rumsfeld: I would not want to venture a quess
- 24 and be wrong sir.
- 25 Senator Byrd: Well somebody ought to know.

Secretary Rumsfeld: Well they do know and we'd be happy 1 2 to brief you on it. Senator Byrd: Well, I'd like to know now. 3 [Laughter.] Secretary Rumsfeld: Well, we'd have to adjourn and I'd 5 have to get on the phone with Dov Zakheim. 6 Senator Byrd: Well, we'll be back won't we Mr. Chairman? 7 8 Chairman Warner: Yes we will, Senator. Senator Byrd: And along with that, what is the -- how 9 much are we spending a month to support U.S. military forces 10 11 in Iraq? The expenditures for Iraq are in a 12 Secretary Rumsfeld: 13 variety of categories. You might include the salaries of the 14 people that are serving there. Those salaries would be paid whether they're serving there or they're back in Germany or 15 16 back in the United States. It might include funds as I 17 indicated that are coming from other sources. 18 include funds for reconstitution that are currently being 19 spent but for spending on restocks of bombs, for example, and 20 weapons that were used during the conflict. 21 So it is not a question that can be posed and then 22 answered with a single number. I wish I were able to do that, 23 but it falls into a variety of different baskets under our 24 appropriated funds.

Senator Byrd: I understand that, Mr. Chairman, but I've

- been around here going on 51 years and I'm on the
- 2 Appropriations Committee and we want to fund our military
- 3 certainly and meet the needs, but there must be some figure,
- 4 some amount that we can cite as an amount that we're spending
- 5 monthly in Afghanistan and the same with respect to Iraq.
- 6 Secretary Rumsfeld: I'm sure there is and we'll get it
- 7 for your.
- 8 Senator Byrd: Well, that'll be another figure we'll hope
- 9 to have after when we return, Mr. Chairman, I would hope.
- 10 Chairman Warner: Well, in that case --
- 11 Secretary Rumsfeld: Not likely -- that fast?
- 12 Senator Byrd: Well, you like to have figures fast when
- 13 it comes to appropriating money.
- 14 Secretary Rumsfeld: That's for sure.
- 15 Senator Byrd: I would like to know on behalf of the
- 16 Appropriations Committee and the Congress how much we're
- 17 spending.
- 18 Secretary Rumsfeld: We'll try and get it for you.
- 19 Senator Byrd: I hear and I read that it's something like
- 20 \$3- to \$3-1/2 billion a month to support U.S. military forces
- 21 in Iraq. Now where are these figures coming from that we read
- 22 about and that we in the Appropriations Committee are told
- from time to time? Well, anyhow so much for that for the
- 24 present.
- 25 Chairman Warner: Mr. Byrd, the warning for 7 minutes has

- 1 stopped. We'll recess now and when we come back, you'll be
- 2 immediately recognized to finish those questions.
- 3 Senator Byrd: Very well. Thank you.
- 4 Chairman Warner: We're recessed.
- 5 [Recess.]
- 6 Chairman Warner: We will continue the hearing. Senator
- 7 Byrd will be recognized if here following Senator Roberts.
- 8 Senator Roberts.
- 9 Senator Roberts: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. General
- 10 Franks, from a Kansas Aggie to an Oklahoma Aggie, you've done
- 11 pretty darn well.
- 12 General Franks: Thank you sir.
- 13 Senator Roberts: And we truly appreciate your service
- 14 and I echo all the comments of my colleagues in that regard.
- 15 Mr. Secretary and General Franks, I want to tell you two
- 16 accounts from the chairman's CODEL over to Iraq of which I was
- 17 privileged to be a member, and in which I was trying to
- determine the intelligence capabilities since I am the
- 19 chairman of the Intelligence Committee.
- 20 One is in regards to a massive grave site near Hillah
- 21 where there is a site about the size of a football field.
- 22 It's my understanding there are about a hundred of these grave
- 23 sites around the country and that we have, I think, been
- involved with this task force justice on the accountability
- 25 and the forensic job that remains on about 14 and that will go

1 up to about 32, so it's a massive job. And it was with

. . .

- 2 anguish and despair that our delegation stood on a mound of
- 3 sand and overlooked this pit, half of which has been smoothed
- 4 over, that contained 15,000 Iragis. They brought them in by
- 5 truck, three a day, and in this pit would disgorge these
- 6 people and they would rape them, they would torture them, they
- 7 would shoot them. If somebody from the neighboring villages
- 8 would try to rescue the kids, why they were simply buried
- 9 alive. Three thousand were excavated when Saddam fell. One
- 10 thousand were identified and then finally one of the clerics
- 11 simply declared the whole ground holy ground.
- 12 I stood there and I wondered about man's inhumanity
- 13 against man. Saddam Hussein is a Hitler, a Pol Pot, a Stalin,
- 14 and it gets back to Senator Collins' comment in regards to the
- 15 palpable fear on the part of Iraqis. I underestimated that.
- 16 I know that you have made the statement that he is not coming
- 17 back, we have made the statement he's not coming back, and by
- 18 damn he's not coming back. But I don't think the Iragis fully
- 19 comprehend that or fully grasp it or fully believe it.
- 20 And that is why I think having been through that and
- 21 having learned that he basically executed at least 300,000,
- 22 probably closer to 1,200,000 of his own people and things as
- 23 graphic as I have described that we must capture or kill him
- 24 -- must capture or kill him. I know Task Force 20 that you
- 25 can't really talk about much, if at all, has that duty, has

- 1 that mission. You say it is a priority. I would urge you sir
- 2 to say that it is the highest level priority because I don't
- 3 think that we're going to get the cooperation that we need and
- 4 the full partnership and have Iraqis enjoy liberty and
- 5 democracy until we kill or capture Saddam Hussein and his two
- 6 sons.
- 7 I'm not asking you to comment on that. You've already
- 8 responded to it, but I feel very strongly about that. The
- 9 next account that I'd like to bring to your attention is that
- 10 there is a Colonel A.J. Kessel who is operating out of the
- 11 Saddam palace or headquarters there. He is working with the
- 12 Minister of Culture who is an Italian. And Colonel Kessel got
- 13 the bright idea that there might be an opportunity to
- 14 reconstitute the Iraqi symphony of all things, and after 30
- 15 years there had been no symphony, and was able to do so by
- 16 relocating and locating people who played in the symphony and
- 17 obviously some replacements because it's been 30 years. They
- 18 were in evening dress that was provided. Some of the members
- 19 of the symphony found their instruments that had been hidden
- 20 for 30 years, and those that did not have them were provided
- 21 and they had a symphony. It was a packed house. Tom
- 22 Korologos was at that performance and Tom did a magnificent
- 23 job over there in Iraq.
- 24 The last piece they played, Mr. Secretary, was the Iraqi
- 25 national anthem, prior to Saddam Hussein. And when they did

- that, the crowd stood, applauded and cried tears of joy.
- 2 There is Iraqi nationalism right below the surface that can
- 3 flourish and there is hope for Iraq. Now I've not asked you a
- 4 question. Those are just two observations that I would make
- 5 -- one, anguish and despair on what that man did to brutalize
- 6 his country and the need to bring him, either killed or
- 7 captured, and his two sons to justice, so that we can
- 8 cooperate with Iraqis because they have graffiti, you've heard
- 9 the tapes, you've heard the pamphlets, anybody that is
- 10 cooperating lives in fear that he could come back.
- And then on the other hand, here we have a symphony of
- 12 all things that is going to be a regular performance, by the
- 13 way, from now on. And God bless Colonel Kessel, who by the
- 14 way goes by the name of Buttons. So Buttons did his job, and
- 15 that is one of the projects -- 1,500 wide that we are
- 16 conducting in that country that is the untold story because
- 17 the media doesn't cover it. I wish that symphony had been on
- 18 CNN, or for that matter any other network. It was very
- impressive. If you have any comment, I'd be happy to have you
- 20 comment.
- 21 Secretary Rumsfeld: Well, Senator Roberts, I agree with
- 22 you fully on the importance of capturing and bringing to
- 23 justice Saddam Hussein, his sons, and the senior al-Qaeda --
- 24 correction the senior Iraqi leadership just as we've been
- working to try to bring the senior al-Qaeda and Taliban

- 1 leadership. We will continue to do it. We recognize the
- 2 problem it poses, and the story you've just recounted on the
- 3 symphony is an important one and I thank you for doing it.
- Senator Roberts: One hour and 28 minutes ago, it was
- 5 announced over Associated Press we have now captured number 23
- on the U.S. most wanted list and number 29, the high ranking
- 7 party of the Ba'ath party regional command the former Interior
- 8 Minister were taken into custody, so the noose draws tighter
- 9 and that's good news.
- 10 My time is expired, Mr. Chairman.
- 11 Chairman Warner: Yes, Mr. Secretary, you wish to
- 12 respond?
- 13 Secretary Rumsfeld: Mr. Chairman, I was asked repeatedly
- 14 by Senator Levin and others, including members of the press,
- 15 about whether or not the United States has made an explicit,
- 16 specific detailed request to NATO for NATO's participation.
- 17 did not know the answer as to what precisely had been done.
- 18 It turns out that my deputy Paul Wolfowitz did travel to
- 19 Brussels in December of '02 and at least in that one instance
- 20 he made a specific request to the North Atlantic Council to
- 21 consider contributions that the Alliance could make to post-
- war stability in Iraq, and that's the answer to the questions.
- 23 There may have been other requests, which I suspect there have
- 24 been through the Department of State.
- 25 General Franks: And Mr. Chairman, if I could just add a

1	Senator Levin: None since the war?
2	Secretary Rumsfeld: I have no idea. I'll be happy to
3	run around and try to find out the answer to that but I do
4	know there was this one specific one. There may have been
5	some before, there may have been some since.
6	Senator Levin: If we could get a complete list if
7	there's more than one, it'd be helpful.
8	[The information referred to follows:]
9	[COMMITTEE INSERT]
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

- 1 Chairman Warner: Senator Byrd.
- Senator Byrd: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Now if we may
- 3 continue with my questions concerning the amounts of spend out
- 4 monies that we're expending in Afghanistan and in Iraq
- 5 monthly, Mr. Secretary.

ا به العجم الا الادارات

- 6 Secretary Rumsfeld: Senator Byrd, I've been given a
- 7 number by Dov Zakheim that says that in the fiscal year '03
- 8 supplemental there is, our funds for the United States
- 9 Government appropriated funds to spend in connection with Iraq
- 10 -- that between January of '03 and projected through September
- of '03 will average something in the neighborhood of \$3.9
- 12 billion spend rate per month.
- 13 Senator Byrd: In Iraq?
- 14 Secretary Rumsfeld: In Iraq.
- 15 Senator Byrd: 3.9
- 16 Secretary Rumsfeld: Right.
- 17 Senator Byrd: Okay. Now what has the spend out rate
- 18 been for Afghanistan?
- 19 Secretary Rumsfeld: The estimate that I was given is
- that it's something in the neighborhood of \$700 million per
- 21 month.
- 22 Senator Byrd: \$700 million. That doesn't square with
- 23 the press reports that I read which as I indicated earlier
- 24 amounted to about \$1.5 billion.
- 25 Secretary Rumsfeld: The 1.5 number that I've seen is a

Alderson Reporting Company
1111 14th St., NW 4th Floor Washington, DC 20005
11-L-0559/OSD14238

- number that people used 4 or 5 months ago as the projected 1 figure for Operation Enduring Freedom, the non-Iraq portion of 2 the global war on terror. I don't know what you saw in the 3 press, but I have seen that same number in that connection. But you say that the amount that you're 5 Senator Byrd: stating before this committee today is around \$700 million? Secretary Rumsfeld: For Afghanistan. 7 Senator Byrd: For Afghanistan, per month. Secretary Rumsfeld: Yes, sir. And the numbers that I've 9 been given by Dr. Zakheim of other funds is they anticipate 10 \$1.7 billion from frozen assets to be expended by the end of 11 12 this fiscal year and \$800 million in seized assets to be expended by the end of this fiscal year. And then there are 13 14 some additional contributions from various other countries that are going on and the last time I saw that, it was a 15 number of something like \$2.3 billion committed by other 16 17 nations to assist with the work that's going on in Iraq. Senator Byrd: Well, now it would seem then that we're 18 19 spending about five times as much per month, a little over 20 five times as much per month in Iraq as we're spending in 21 Afghanistan, \$700 million as against \$3.9 billion, I'd say
- 23 10,000 men, I believe, in Afghanistan, do we not, and 24 something like 150,000 in Iraq, 15 times as many men in Iraq 25 but we're only spending five times as much money.

five-and-a-half times. Yet the numbers there are we have

1	Anyhow, do you believe that the spending rate for Iraq
2	and Afghanistan will continue to remain at the current rate
3	for the next year?
4	Secretary Rumsfeld: I don't know what the administration
5	intends to propose to the Congress by way of funding for that,
6	and that's something that is funded out of a whole host of
7	different portions of your Appropriations Committee, as you
8	know, AID, Department of State, Department of Defense and
9	others. And what OMB and the President will recommend at some
10	point in the future I just don't know, sir.
11	Senator Byrd: All right. I see my time is up but let me
12	ask this follow-up question which my line of questions leads
13	me to. When do you expect to see another supplemental
14	submitted to Congress and how large a supplemental should we
15	expect it to be?
16	Secretary Rumsfeld: I am under the impression that the
17	Office of Management and Budget is looking at a supplemental
18	but I do not know when they would decide to submit it or what
19	the amounts would be either from my department or from other
20	departments because they've not made any recommendations to
21	the President on that to my knowledge.
22	Senator Byrd: But you have some recommendations to make
23	to OMB?
24	Secretary Rumsfeld: At some point we will, yes sir.

25

Senator Byrd: Do you have any idea how much that's going

- 1 to be.
- Secretary Rumsfeld: I don't. I'm sure that Dr. Zakheim
- 3 has some preliminary work that he's done with the services in
- 4 terms of reconstitution and we can try to provide some of that
- 5 to you personally if you wish, but I don't have anything at my
- 6 fingertips.
- 7 Senator Byrd: Well, I'll be pursuing this as a member of
- 8 the Appropriations Committee. Mr. Chairman.
- 9 Chairman Warner: Thank you very much, Senator Byrd.
- 10 Senator Dayton.
- 11 Senator Dayton: Thank you, Mr. Chairman and I might say,
- 12 Mr. Secretary, if you need reinforcements, having been on this
- 13 trip with the chairman and the ranking members, their ages are
- 14 classified but they are in extraordinary shape and energy and
- 15 enthusiasm. It was a privilege to be on the trip with you,
- 16 both of you.
- 17 Chairman Warner: Glad to have you with us, Senator.
- 18 Thank you.
- 19 Senator Dayton: Secretary, General Franks, I salute both
- 20 of you for your extraordinary success and military victory in
- 21 Iraq. Mr. Secretary, you were very complimentary of the
- 22 General and those who worked with him but from the published
- 23 reports I've read you were integrally involved as well, and I
- 24 think you should share in that. The strategy that you
- 25 developed and the success which -- I remember saying

beforehand the optimistic but realistic scenario would be to 1 be 3 weeks, but that was very optimistic and I believe it was 2 3 weeks exactly from the day that you crossed the border to 3 the day that you occupied Baghdad, so I think that's an 4 extraordinary success and I salute both of you for it. 5 I'm not qualified to draw lessons, I'm not experienced in 6 military affairs but it would seem to me that at least a 7 similarity in both Afghanistan and Iraq is that the dispersal 8 9 of opposing forces rather than a surrender. I don't believe in either case there was a formal surrender and as General 10 11 Sanchez told us in our meeting in Iraq, he said the Iraqi forces dissolved near the end of the advance because of the 12 extraordinary lethality and precision of our firepower and the 13 14 overwhelming force which suggests to me that the follow-15 through and the continuation of that after -- there was a risk 16 of prematurely declaring the victory has been won and the 17 hostilities are over when in fact this continuation of the 18 need to track down people, the principals as well as those who 19 have not really in their own minds surrendered but are just 20 running away to fight another day. That in fact leaves our 21 troops even more exposed often than perhaps in the initial 22 stage of combat and that's sort of what seems is occurring 23 now, which is coming as a surprise to the American public who

thought that this matter had been declared over and in fact

24

25

was.

1	And that leads me again, Mr. Secretary, to my concern
2	about the follow-through in terms of winning the country after
3	winning the war. And the progress that you cite, we witnessed
4	some of that with the economic development of the country, the
5	social rehabilitation, which I totally agree with you sir, is
6	not ultimately the responsibility of the American taxpayer or
7	anyone else in the world but the Iraqi citizens themselves.
8	At this point in time it seems that there's a direct
9	correlation between the progress that's being made in the non-
10	military areas of let's call it social and economic
11	rehabilitation and the feelings of the populus toward the
12	American forces and even the number of attacks on them.
13	So I guess in my view, and I don't think this is
14	necessarily the Department of Defense, but there doesn't seem
15	to be, and we were not briefed and obviously we didn't see
16	everything, but I'm not aware of the same magnitude of non-
17	military projects and initiatives being undertaken that are
18	going to make any kind of difference in the standard of living
19	in that society, and I fear without that kind of parallel
20	effort to the military that our forces are going to be in a
21	holding pattern trying to preserve this military victory but
22	not able to be extricated because this unrest is going to
23	continue.
24	Secretary Rumsfeld: Well, Senator I agree completely
25	that it takes progress on all three fronts, the political, the

- 1 security, and the economic, and no one is likely to get very
- 2 far out in front of the other. In the last analysis, either
- 3 people will be willing to vote with their dollars, and I don't
- 4 mean U.S. dollars but dinars or whatever and invest in that
- 5 country and people will come back to that country because they
- 6 have confidence in it and because it has a well-educated
- 7 population. It has a population that has energy, it has
- 8 resources in oil, and it's not a poor country like
- 9 Afghanistan. It has wealth, and there isn't any reason it
- 10 can't be as prosperous and as successful as its neighbors in
- 11 the Gulf States.
- 12 So I think it's going to take some time, it's going to
- 13 take some effort and that in the end it will happen, it will
- improve, and we'll see progress.
- 15 Senator Dayton: I would assert that that question is
- 16 about when are our troops going to be able to come home, that
- 17 the speed with which we show some visible signs of improvement
- 18 across the country, socially and economically, and obviously
- 19 we're not going to see those through to completion, those will
- 20 take decades, but to get things started is going to be a major
- 21 determinant in how quickly our troops are going to be able to
- 22 come home, and I don't see, and we were not informed in my
- 23 recollection of a magnitude of effort and initiative, which I
- 24 think is going to have be U.S.-started anyway, or it's not
- 25 going to happen in the near term, to get people to start to

- 1 have faith in the future and also to look at us more
- 2 favorably.
- 3 I would commend the report in the New York Times this
- 4 morning which talks about a city Abu Ghraib, if I'm
- 5 pronouncing correctly, and it talks about the absence of power
- 6 there, and the head of the council there that's been elected
- 7 said conditions have never been worse, we've never been
- 8 through such a long bad period. And I'm sure from our
- 9 experience too there are parts of the country where there is
- 10 more progress being made, there are parts where progress is
- 11 not being made, but I would just again say that I don't see,
- 12 didn't see an organized and well-financed non-military
- initiatives to parallel and build upon the success that was
- 14 accomplished militarily.
- 15 Secretary Rumsfeld: Senator, I believe you said that the
- 16 war was declared over. No one I know in any position of
- 17 responsibility declared the war over. What the President said
- 18 was that major combat operations are completed and now we have
- 19 to go after the remnants of the regime, and that it will take
- 20 a good deal of time.
- 21 Senator Dayton: I stand corrected. That's a better
- 22 description of what was said.
- 23 Secretary Rumsfeld: Second, the war started on March 19,
- 24 major combat was announced as having ended on May 1, and today
- 25 is July 9. That's less than 4 months. Think what took place

- 1 in Germany after World War II in 4 years. Think what took
- 2 place in Japan in years. I mean, I think we have to get some
- 3 perspective on this and put this in context and think back in
- 4 history. This is tough stuff. This is hard work. This takes
- 5 time. As Senator Roberts said, fear is a powerful thing and
- 6 those people were repressed and fearful. Thirty years of a
- 7 Stalinist type regime suffocating the creativity and energy
- 8 and brilliance of so many of those Iraqi people has been a
- 9 devastating thing on that country. We need to have some
- 10 patience.
- 11 Senator Dayton: All right. I would agree with you. And
- 12 how much patience do the American people whose sons and
- 13 daughters are over there now -- how much patience do they need
- 14 to have? Do they need to realistically expect that those
- forces are going to need to be there for 2 years, 3 years?
- 16 Chairman Warner: Senator, we have to move on to other
- 17 Senators. A number are waiting. If you want to make a quick
- 18 response --
- 19 Senator Dayton: My time is up, could I have an answer to
- 20 that question?
- 21 Chairman Warner: Yes. I was just about to say if you
- 22 wish to --
- 23 Secretary Rumsfeld: Well, we responded to that question
- 24 earlier. The answer is that the people who are over there now
- 25 will be coming home. They will be rotated home. The ones

- 1 that are there are not going to stay there for 4 or 5 years.
- Senator Dayton: The question, sir, was whether American
- 3 forces have to be there for 2 years of 3 years.
- 4 Secretary Rumsfeld: And the answer to that question is
- 5 we don't know. Nobody knows the answer to that question, how
- 6 long it will take, and it will take some time, and I think we
- 7 all believe that it's important that it be done, that's it
- 8 important we get other countries to participate in it, we
- 9 intend to see it through, and it's going to take some
- 10 patience. And when it's done, it's going to be darn well
- 11 worth having done.
- 12 Senator Dayton: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 13 Chairman Warner: Thank you, Senator. Thank you, Mr.
- 14 Secretary.
- 15 Senator McCain.
- 16 Senator McCain: General Franks, I want to add my
- 17 appreciation for your dedicated service and sacrifice for this
- 18 nation and your outstanding leadership. I'll reserve any
- 19 praise for Secretary Rumsfeld until he retires.
- 20 [Laughter.]
- 21 Senator McCain: Please accept the thanks of all America
- on behalf of your outstanding leadership. Mr. Secretary,
- 23 here's what you're hearing today from the committee. A survey
- 24 by the Pew Research Center for the People and the Press show
- 25 that 23 percent of respondents think the U.S. military effort

And

1 in Iraq is going, quote, very well, far fewer than the 61 to 66 percent that expressed that view during the conflict. And 2 yet at the same time a large percentage of Americans, in my 3 view very appropriately, think that the decision to go to war was the right thing as you state. 5 The problem here is that Americans are unsure about the future of our involvement in Iraq. So what you need to do, in 7 8 my view, is give not just this committee but the American 9 people, who hold you in the highest regard and esteem, and 10 have the greatest confidence in the President of the United 11 States and his leadership in this conflict, the concrete plan as much as you can. In other words, how much is it going to 12 13 cost roughly and how long we expect to be there, even if it's a pessimistic scenario, and how many troops are probably going 14 15 to be required given that there are certain variables? In 16 other words, this whole issue of how long are they going to be 17 there and the uncertainty of seeing the pictures of the 18 wounded or dead American soldiers are leading to this unease, 19 and I emphasize that's the word -- unease, not disaffection, 20 not anger, but unease on the part of the American people. 21 And I am convinced without a doubt that when Americans 22 are told what the plan is for post-war Iraq, then I think you 23 will receive overwhelming support on the part of the American

leadership, everywhere I go Americans want to know that.

I say in all respect and appreciation for your

24

- 1 so I suggest that you have probably been doing that, but
- 2 probably not in a fashion that the American people either are
- 3 hearing or understanding what our future is. But again I want
- 4 to emphasize an overwhelming majority of American people think
- 5 we did the right thing. Whether weapons of mass destruction
- 6 are found or not, the overwhelming majority of Americans
- 7 support this President and your leadership and that of General
- 8 Franks.
- 9 But they need to be told. That's all they need and I
- 10 think by the tenor of the questions that you've gotten today,
- 11 the other Senators are reflecting what they're hearing from
- 12 their constituents. I hope you take that as a constructive
- 13 comment, which it is intended to be.
- 14 Secretary Rumsfeld: I do. Thank you.
- 15 Senator McCain: Now I'd just like to move quickly to
- 16 Iran. There's reports today that there's a newly found
- 17 nuclear site. There's accumulating evidence about Iran. I'd
- 18 like to know your assessment of the threat, the situation,
- 19 whether there's any North Korean involvement -- I guess I'd
- 20 like to hear a little more information about how you view this
- 21 situation in this very bad neighborhood.
- 22 Secretary Rumsfeld: Senator, as the President has
- 23 indicated, the situation in Iran is roughly as follows, that
- 24 the U.S. intelligence community has assessed that they do have
- 25 a nuclear weapon program. The IAEA has had uneven success in

- dealing with them. The United States, over successive
- 2 administrations, has had discussions with Russia encouraging
- 3 them to not participate in a cooperative program with them
- 4 with respect to anything involving a nuclear power plant.
- 5 It's estimated that the nuclear facility that they're saying
- 6 they need for energy would produce less energy than the amount
- 7 of gas that they burn off on an annual basis.
- 8 Senator McCain: Have you seen this report this morning?
- 9 Secretary Rumsfeld: I don't know what report you're
- 10 referring to.
- 11 Senator McCain: Iranian exiles describe newly find
- 12 nuclear site. It was carried in a number of newspapers.
- 13 Secretary Rumsfeld: I didn't. I have not seen anything
- 14 in the press this morning, I apologize.
- 15 Senator McCain: Do you see any other North Korean
- 16 connection?
- 17 Secretary Rumsfeld: There has been interaction between
- 18 North Korea and Iran over a sustained period of time.
- 19 I would say one other thing. There are recent reports of
- 20 Iranians moving some of their border posts along about a 25-
- 21 kilometer stretch several kilometers inside of Iraq, obviously
- 22 not being respectful of Iraq's sovereignty, and certainly that
- 23 is behavior that is not acceptable and they should be staying
- 24 on their own side of the border.
- 25 Senator McCain: And what action do you think we should

- be taking, Mr. Secretary?
- Secretary Rumsfeld: I think that the President and the
- 3 Department of State have been engaged in a variety of
- 4 diplomatic efforts to try to persuade countries to not
- 5 participate with Iran in developing their nuclear
- 6 capabilities. It takes time to understand the success or lack
- 7 of success of those efforts.
- 8 Senator McCain: Well, it seems to me we may have to
- 9 contemplate significantly more, but I hope not, but it's
- 10 certainly disturbing news. I thank you, Mr. Secretary. Thank
- 11 you again, General. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 12 Chairman Warner: Thank you, Senator McCain.
- 13 Senator Bill Nelson: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. General,
- 14 we're looking forward to having you as a part of our Tampa
- 15 civilian community and thank you added to all of the accolades
- 16 here.

#57.54 #1.55.15

- I would like very briefly to report to both of you what I
- 18 observed since I just returned from Iraq last night. First of
- 19 all, I think you have a good appointment in General Sanchez
- and the Secretary's and your appointment of General Dayton
- 21 specifically to go after the weapons of mass destruction and
- 22 trying to find out the fate of Captain Scott Speicher, which
- 23 was one of the main reasons for my trip there. And I am
- 24 convinced that in fact he does have him as a priority along
- 25 with the WMD.

I went to the Hakamiyah prison. I can only describe it 1 as a hellhole. I wanted to go there because of the cell that 2 has the initials carved into the wall, MSS, which is the same 3 as Michael Scott Speicher. We have no proof that that was the 4 I observed the torture chamber and the refrigerated 5 containers outside where they would put the corpses, and it 6 all the more underscored the brutality of this regime. 7 Happily I noted on the way in this highly protected convoy that went to the prison that economic life was 9 returning on the streets. There were crates of refrigerators 10 and boxes of ovens that you could see along with the fruits 11 and vegetables, the return on the street of economic activity. 12 13 I was also very heartened to find that new evidence has been produced, which I have just shared at length with Senator 14 15 Roberts, the two of us have been joined at the hip on this 16 matter of Captain Speicher, new evidence that is classified 17 but that gives me reason to be optimistic for the first time 18 in several weeks that I have been pessimistic. 19 That doesn't say that he's alive, but that says that 20 we're beginning to get evidence that in fact we might be able 21 to find out. So I wanted to give you that report. 22 same time, some of the frustration that you have heard here, I 23 don't think that there's any reason for us to shrink from the 24 fact that most of the leadership that briefed me while I was 25 there thinks that we're going to be there for a long time.

- 1 Clearly I hope we're going to be there for a long time,
- 2 because we've got to be successful. It is very important in
- 3 this Senator's opinion that we have economic and political
- 4 stability, and I think that's going to require us being there
- 5 with a lot of effort for a lot of time.
- In addition to Senator Byrd, I had just mentioned to you,
- 7 maybe we can confirm that in addition to the 150,000 that are
- 8 there that in the region there are another 80,000 that are
- 9 basically supporting the 150,000, and I think that we ought to
- 10 realize that when leadership was telling me that we were
- 11 likely to be there 5 years, I think it may be longer. Indeed,
- 12 I can't imagine us being out of Afghanistan just in 5 years,
- and the experience that we had in Bosnia, now we're in the 8th
- 14 year.

ماليسم د ۱۳۰۰ - د

- 15 I don't necessarily see that as a negative, but it's, I
- 16 think, what we ought to get on the table and understand that
- over the long haul we're committed for that being a successful
- 18 liberation of those people. Now it gets a lot easier if we
- 19 find Saddam Hussein, dead or alive, because then a lot of this
- 20 assassination that's going on right now -- and that's what it
- 21 is, it's premeditated, it was probably planned before the war,
- 22 and unfortunately one of the victims was a Florida National
- 23 Guardsman Sunday night, doing guard duty at the university at
- 24 which someone slipped up behind him, shot him in the head and
- 25 then slipped off into the crowd. That has happened five or

111 1 six times along with what you see, the tactic finding where 2 our convoys are going, putting a mine, having a remote device, detonating it on a Humvee, and that happened and is chronicled 3 in this morning's newspaper again. So I think we just have to screw up our courage, our 5 determination and finally I might say that, Mr. Secretary, you and I have talked about the question of the morale of the 7 troops, the question of the replacement of the troops, I have 8 9 specifically raised the issue of the National Guard and the 10 reservists and whether or not a policy change ought to be made 11 upping the active duty roster because indeed most every 12 soldier I talk to, and I talk to a lot of them from Florida, 13 both at the noon hour and then later in the evening, they are pretty well under the impression that they've got to stay 14 there for a year. And that's not only the full time Army but 15 that's also the activated National Guard and the reservists. 16 And of course that brings enormous disruption in their lives, 17 18 in their employers' lives, in their families' lives that they 19 did not necessarily think of that. 20 So I bring this issue up merely as a policy issue that 21 will have to be considered here as well as by you on the 22 question of should we be doing this with these wonderfully

ر پرستون در ۱۹۰۰ در

23

24

25

kinds of tasks that are going to have to be done for the long

trained and specially skilled reservists and National

Guardsmen, men and women, or should we not be doing those

- 1 haul in Iraq as well as Afghanistan with the active duty
- 2 roster?
- 3 Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 4 Chairman Warner: Thank you, Senator.
- 5 Secretary Rumsfeld: Senator, very briefly, as I
- 6 indicated earlier, we absolutely have to manage the force in a
- 7 way that's respectful of what the obligations are and what the
- 8 expectations are. One of the things that the Department has
- 9 been working on since the beginning of this conflict is how we
- 10 can rebalance what we have in the Reserve and the Guard
- 11 relative to what we have on active duty. We ought to have on
- 12 active duty the kinds of people that are going to be needed
- for longer term chores or tasks which are going to frequently
- 14 come up. We can't keep calling the same people up four, five,
- 15 six times. It's just not right, and the way the force was
- 16 organized over the past two decades has been the way it is
- 17 today, and the way it is today is that we don't have the right
- 18 people in the active force, enough of the right people in the
- 19 active force to do those kinds of things.
- We will be coming forward with proposals in a relatively
- 21 short period of time to see if we can't get the people
- 22 proportion of this right.
- 23 Chairman Warner: Thank you, Mr. Secretary.
- 24 Senator Clinton.
- 25 Senator Clinton: Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman, and

again General Franks, not only do I want to congratulate you

2 on your long and distinguished career but I believe that your

3 leadership in both Afghanistan and Iraq will likely be studied

4 by military historians for years to come and I thank you for

5 your service to our nation.

6 This is a session on lessons learned and I have two areas

7 in particular that I am interested in. The first goes back to

8 Senator Levin's early questions, Mr. Secretary, about the

9 intelligence, and he focused in particular on the forged

10 documents out of Niger that served as the unfortunate

11 reference in both comments by you and the President as well as

12 the Prime Minister in England and other officials. And

13 Senator Levin's question basically came down to how could it

14 not have been known. In response, and I appreciate your

15 willingness to provide specific details to respond to Senator

16 Levin, you made a statement that the intelligence has been

17 quite good.

I would hope, Mr. Secretary, that as part of the lessons

19 learned and the after-action review that I'm sure both the

20 civilian and the military leadership are conducting that you

21 will certainly go deeply into the question of intelligence,

22 because it's not just with the incident concerning the alleged

23 efforts by Irag to obtain enriched uranium from sources in

24 Africa. During his confirmation hearing, General Abizaid said

25 and I quote, we had indications from intelligence that they

- were getting ready to distribute chemical weapons to forward
- 2 Republican Guard artillery units. That's what we thought and
- 3 so we really targeted those artillery units in particular
- 4 very, very hard.
- 5 And then he goes on to say, so the answer to the question
- 6 is, I am perplexed as to what happened and I can't offer a
- 7 reasonable explanation with regard to what has happened. Now
- 8 obviously we're all grateful it didn't happen, and I know the
- 9 chairman and I on several occasions shared our concerns about
- 10 what would happen if they were deployed, but the fact is that
- in this new threat environment in which we find ourselves, we
- 12 are increasingly reliant on intelligence. We just heard
- 13 Senator McCain refer to a report from Iranian exiles
- 14 concerning some potential new nuclear site in Iran.
- 15 Therefore, I think that of the lessons to be learned, that I
- 16 hope we have learned, the thorough scrubbing and very careful
- analysis of intelligence has to be at the top of the list.
- 18 It may very well be that the American people and
- 19 certainly the majority in this Congress believe we did the
- 20 right thing given what we found there and given the end of the
- 21 Saddam Hussein regime. But I don't think that's the answer to
- 22 the question about the quality, the accuracy, and the use of
- 23 intelligence. So I would join in the concerns that Senator
- 24 Levin and others have expressed that not only in closed
- 25 meetings, but also in public venues insofar as possible that

- 1 particularly the Department of Defense but also other agencies
- within our Government really make it clear what our standards
- 3 for intelligence are and how we can best understand them
- 4 because in a democracy that's critical, this flow of
- 5 information.
- 6 Now turning to another area of lessons, General Franks,
- 7 in both Operation Enduring Freedom and Operation Iraqi Freedom
- 8 the military we used was fundamentally different than the
- 9 military that fought and won the first Gulf War. Indeed, we
- 10 saw the fruits of a decade's worth of investment in our
- 11 military. The increased use of special forces, precision
- 12 quided munitions, unmanned reconnaissance and combat air
- vehicles benefited from the decade's investment.
- 14 As we look ahead to transforming our military, it seems
- 15 clear that UAVs, special forces, precision guided munitions
- 16 that we invested in during the nineties will continue to play
- an expanded role, yet I think it's also important to look at
- 18 the legacy systems like the M1 Abrams tank, the A-10 Warthog
- 19 ground support plane that also played a critical role in this
- 20 campaign. Now in this committee we've debated which weapons
- 21 systems are necessary in the 21st century. As a man with
- 22 enormous expertise and experience in this area, what lessons
- 23 have you drawn from both the Afghanistan and Iraqi campaigns
- 24 about the role of legacy weapons like the M1 tank, the A-10
- 25 Warthog and others in the transformed military that we are

1 going to be building?

يار المعظم عاد العالم و

General Franks: Yes, ma'am. I think that about any point in the history of our country when we take a look we're going to find the need for legacy systems, in this case, ma'am you mentioned two of them, the A-10 Warthog, the M1A2 Abrams tank and there are a number of others. And we will find ourselves being trained and ready at any point in our history to use those legacy systems and whatever we do tomorrow, we have to be prepared good legacy systems to tomorrow.

I think the thing that we're seeing now the expectation that I have for the next 2 years, the next 4 years, the next 6 years is a tremendous effort in the area of transformation that will seek to maybe skip some steps in there. I think our young people, men and women in uniform have done, Senator, a remarkable job of using very good systems and in Afghanistan and Iraq we also used some systems that came about, as you said, over the past 10 years, unmanned aerial systems, to be sure, precision munitions, very, very powerful.

I think the transformation that our armed services is looking -- this is out of my lane but it's my view, it's my opinion -- the transformation that armed services are looking out now seeks to figure out what are we losing by not putting more money into technologies. What are we losing by perhaps overcapitalizing legacy systems at the expense of what we may want in the future? And I think I'm glad that bright people

- like some subordinates of Secretary Rumsfeld work such things,
- 2 but I think it'll be a little bit different in the next 3 to
- 3 10 years than it perhaps has been for us in the past 10 years,
- 4 if that makes sense to you. Thank you, ma'am.
- 5 Chairman Warner: Thank you very much.
- 6 Secretary Rumsfeld: Senator, could I make a brief
- 7 comment?
- 8 Chairman Warner: Yes, yes, of course.
- 9 Secretary Rumsfeld: Two things. First I want to give a
- 10 different number than I gave earlier. I'm told now that the
- 11 \$700 million-a-month burn rate on Afghanistan is low, that
- 12 it's actually probably 900 to 950. I suppose if we wait
- another hour we might get a still different number, but that's
- 14 the trouble with trying to do things in real time.
- 15 Senator Clinton, I agree completely on the importance of
- 16 intelligence. I was asked at my confirmation hearing what was
- 17 the thing that worried me most and I said intelligence
- information. It's such a big complicated world and there are
- 19 so many areas that need to be looked at today unlike the Cold
- 20 War period where you could focus on the Soviet Union and
- 21 develop a good deal of conviction about it. We're dealing
- 22 with closed societies, we're dealing with countries that very
- 23 skillfully used our advanced technologies, where they're
- 24 trading those technologies, they're indeed trading denial and
- 25 deception techniques among so-called rogue states.

TAB

1	So it is something that we're focused on, we think is
2	enormously important and I share your concern about it.
3	Chairman Warner: Thank you, Mr. Secretary.
4	Senator Pryor.
5	Senator Pryor: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Secretary
6	Rumsfeld, I only have 6 minutes here, so I'm going to try to
7	keep my questions very short and I'd appreciate it if you
8	could try to keep your answers fairly concise if you could.
9	Let me first start with one of Senator Levin's questions
10	earlier in the day where he talked about the breakdown in
11	communications here, maybe between the intelligence community
12	and the Oval Office and exactly how President Bush was allowed
13	to in the State of the Union talk about the uranium statement.
14	I'd love to get an answer from you on that and I hope you will
15	follow up with Senator Levin with the committee, but my
16	question is slightly different from that, and that is, when
17	did you know, Secretary Rumsfeld, when did you know that the
18	reports about uranium coming out of Africa were bogus?
19	Secretary Rumsfeld: Within recent days, since the
20	information started becoming available.
21	Senator Pryor: So in other words, right after the speech
22	you didn't know that or even before the speech, you had no
23	knowledge of that?
24	Secretary Rumsfeld: I've just answered the question.
25	Senator Pryor: Are you trying to say that in no

Alderson Reporting Company 1111 14th St., NW 4th Floor Washington, DC 20005 11-L-0559/OSD14262

1	briefing, in no documents that you had or that you were
2	exposed to, that was never communicated to you in any way?
3	Secretary Rumsfeld: I didn't say that. I see hundreds
4	and hundreds of pieces of paper a day and is it conceivable
5	that something was in a document? It's conceivable. Do I
6	recall hearing anything or reading anything like that? The
7	answer is as I've given it, no.
8	Senator Pryor: The next question is on the lessons
9	learned front, we find ourselves in Iraq right now, post-war
10	Iraq, if we can call it that. Based on your experience there
11	and your wide-ranging experience during your career, is there
12	something that we need to do starting now and into the future
13	to provide our troops with more training or different kinds of
14	equipment for circumstances like Iraq, where they come in
15	there and they're an occupying force, hopefully for not very
16	long, but still at this point an occupying force. Do we need
17	to do things differently? Do we need to do things better?
18	Secretary Rumsfeld: Well, we think of ourselves as a
19	liberating force, not an occupying force. We think of the
20	role there as not permanent and General Franks, maybe you'd be
21	the best one to respond to the question.
22	General Franks: Sir, I think about the national training
23	center at Ft. Irwin, California. I think about 29 Palms, the
24	Marine training center. I think about Red Flag and Green Flag

Air Force training centers. And I think about what has been

- done during the period of time Senator Clinton mentioned a
- 2 minute ago, perhaps over the last 10 years, in fact in this
- 3 case perhaps over the last 15 years, the evolution of things
- 4 rather than sudden discovery.
- 5 Senator, I'll give you an answer that is precisely to
- 6 that same point. For the last 10 to 15 years because of our
- 7 experiences in other places where we were conducting security
- 8 and stability operations, tremendous energy has gone into the
- 9 preparation of the United States Marines, the United States
- 10 Army troopers, airmen and sailors, especially SEALs, for
- 11 example, and sailors, to be able to work in an environment of
- 12 security and stability operations.
- But Senator, the point that I would make is no amount of
- 14 training and no amount of preparation is going to make it very
- 15 likely that within a period of 2 months or 4 months or 8
- 16 months we're going to move our troops into a population of 25
- 17 million people who have been abused to the extent that the
- 18 Iragis have been abused over more than three decades and cause
- 19 there to be no fractious behavior and cause these groups that
- 20 we're having all the difficulties with to go away.
- 21 And so, sir, if I could I would say again I believe our
- 22 troops are both trained and ready and very capable, and doing,
- 23 by the way, an excellent job in this very tough environment.
- 24 Sorry for the long answer.
- 25 Senator Pryor: I don't disagree with anything you're

- saying, in fact I agree with everything. I just hope that as 1 we look at Iraq and understand it and understand our mission 2 there that we continue to improve down the road and that's 3 really my main point. One thing on intelligence, and I don't want to dwell on 5 weapons of mass destruction, but there was a number if I 6 recall, a number of news reports and statements made by the 7 administration and others that Iraq was in possession of 8 9 several dozen, if I remember the numbers right, Scud missiles 10 before we went into Iraq, and the last I've heard, and you correct me if I'm wrong, Secretary Rumsfeld, but the last I've 11 12 heard to date there have been zero found. 13 Secretary Rumsfeld: My recollection that I'm sure is 14 imperfect but I recall hearing that there were 10 or 12 Scud 15 missiles that were unaccounted for, up to two dozen. 16 Senator Pryor: Two dozen accounted for, and they've not 17 been found yet then, is that what you mean by that?
- Senator Pryor: Another thing, Secretary Rumsfeld, if I
 may, in March on ABC News you indicated that you felt like you
 knew where Iraq's weapons of mass destruction were and you
 gave a specific general area, if that's a correct phrase, that
 they're generally around Tikrit and Baghdad and some to the
 east, south, west, and north. Knowing what you know now, do
 you think that was an accurate statement at the time?

Secretary Rumsfeld: No, there have been none found.

1 Secretary Rumsfeld: Well, of course it was an accurate statement at the time. It's what I believed. 2 3 Senator Pryor: I understand you believed it at the time, but knowing what you know now, do you think your belief was 4 5 accurate? Secretary Rumsfeld: I have no reason to believe it's inaccurate. What we said was -- I was asked at a time when 7 our forces were south of Baghdad in the war, in conflict, I 9 was asked why we hadn't found any weapons of mass destruction yet while the war was still going on. And I allowed as how 10 11 that the area from Baghdad to the north and the west --12 Senator Pryor: Probably that orange or brown area on 13 that map over there? 14 Secretary Rumsfeld: Probably. Was an area that probably 15 was more likely to have the locations of these so-called 16 suspect WMD sites. How many hundreds were there? 17 General Franks: I think just short of 1,000, Mr. 18 Secretary, 19 Secretary Rumsfeld: And they were all suspect and there 20 was plenty of time for people to know that they were suspect 21 and as I recall a large majority of them are in the area that 22 I've just described, is that right General? 23 General Franks: Sir, that's right, and there's one

additional piece to it and that is confirming the negative,

whether we're talking about up to two dozen Scuds that the

24

- 1 Secretary mentioned a minute ago. If we know that coming out
- of the 1991 Gulf War, there are up to two dozen of these
- 3 systems that have not been found and we know that the United
- 4 Nations' team has spent 11, 12 years looking for them and have
- 5 not been able to confirm that the Iraqis don't have them then
- 6 we go look for them just as America would expect us to do, we
- 7 go look for them. And, sir, that is the case with these
- 8 nearly 1,000 sites that the Secretary mentioned. We must
- 9 believe that the problems are there until we confirm the
- 10 negative that they're not there, and so that's the process
- 11 that has been ongoing.
- 12 Senator Pryor: And I understand the difficulty in that,
- and I'm out of time, but I would like to ask this one last
- 14 question and that is, there's been some confusion in the press
- 15 reports, et cetera, about who actually is in charge of
- 16 searching for the weapons of mass destruction. And Secretary
- 17 Rumsfeld, I'd like to hear who is in charge of searching for
- 18 those weapons.
- 19 Secretary Rumsfeld: There is no confusion about it that
- 20 I know of. The facts are these. The capabilities on the
- 21 ground in Iraq essentially are in the Department of Defense,
- large numbers, helicopters, the ability to move people around
- 23 and do things. So the Department of Defense was asked to form
- 24 an Iraqi survey group, which we did. General Dayton is in
- 25 charge of it.

1	It was pretty clear to me that the Department of Defense
2	did not have the same level of skill that the intelligence
3	community did and the Central Intelligence Agency, so I sat
4	down with George Tenet, the director of CIA and we discussed
5	the importance, not of running around using helicopters and
6	people on the ground to look for weapons of mass destruction,
7	but the importance of gathering intelligence through
8	interrogations, figuring out who might know what, who could we
9	offer amnesty to, who could we offer a reward to, and go
10	through that process that is quite a different thing than
11	looking under every tree for WMD.
12	And so he assigned a man named David Kay to work with
L3	General Dayton and the judgment portion of it is being made by
L 4	David Kay and his cell back in the United States that is a
15	multi-agency cell, and the actual physically doing of things,
16	looking for people, looking for sites is being done under the
17	authority of General Dayton. General Dayton reports to me.
18	George Tenet and I are as close as you can be on this subject.
19	The people on the ground are as close as you can be on this
90	subject and my impression is that the people that have been
21	put in charge are doing a good job and handling it well.
22	Chairman Warner: Thank you, Mr. Secretary. I'm sure my
23	colleague Senator Levin would join me we met with Mr. Kay.
24	He was part of the team Ambassador Bremer assembled to brief
5	us and seated right there was Conoral Dayton and we got

- l clearly the understanding that the chain of command was as you
- 2 described and therefore there is clarity in my judgment as to
- 3 that reporting chain through Bremer and Kay up to you with
- 4 parallel to the Central Intelligence Agency. Thank you for
- 5 that.
- 6 Senator Ben Nelson.
- 7 Senator Ben Nelson: Thank you, Mr. Chairman and I know,
- 8 General, you're never going to get tired of the accolades even
- 9 though they keep getting heaped on, so I want to certainly add
- 10 mine to those of my colleagues and to extend my appreciation
- 11 to the Secretary as well for not only taking our questions
- 12 today but for sticking with this very important task that's
- 13 before us, and that is, of course, working with the issue
- 14 about end strength, with rotation, with deployment, and the
- 15 obvious questions that we're going to be facing in the future
- 16 dealing with retention as well as recruitment because that's
- 17 going to be extremely important to the future of our military.
- 18 And I think you need to do as you are in the whole area
- 19 of transformation because obviously the force of tomorrow will
- 20 only maybe slightly resemble the force of today, so this is
- 21 all before you and I commend you in advance for your work on
- 22 this.
- 23 Regarding the post-war planning, earlier this year I
- 24 discussed with former Army Secretary White the concerns that I
- 25 had regarding the number of military police and the number of

1 reservists who had been called up to active duty as a result.

2 And while I recognize that this is a liberating force, there's

3 no question but for a period of time that we'll be looked at

and probably serve as an occupying force until stability is

5 established.

be.

In Iraq I was told by a group of elected officials in Kirkuk, just recently appointed elected group that they thought that the looting had really undercut the effort toward democracy in certain parts of Iraq and that while folks who had not had any experience with democracy were wondering if this was what democracy was going to be about. They don't have outside experiences, no other experience to call upon and so their first taste of democracy may not have been as sweet as we had hoped, ultimately as sweet as we hope that it will

What I'm leading up to is, as we look toward other efforts in the world today that we may be called upon to restore peace, to establish democracy, are we thinking about the force that will obviously involve immediately upon the end of combat operations the installation of peacekeeping that consists of law and order military police far more than our own military forces? Are we thinking about that in terms of transformation because it appears that with the lack of staffing that we may have had in that area that it may have gotten away from us in Iraq, but we may be faced with that in

- 1 the next effort that may be just down the road. Are we
- 2 building toward that and will that be part of transformation?
- I quess it's unfair to ask you, General Franks, on the
- 4 way out, but do you have any thoughts of it, and then of
- 5 course, Secretary Rumsfeld, I'd love to have your thoughts
- 6 too.
- 7 General Franks: Sir, your comment about looting I think
- 8 is right. Unfortunately, looting actually was a tool used by
- 9 the regime before we ever undertook this so some of these
- 10 criminal elements, and I'm not sure what the number is, I
- 11 think the Secretary mentioned a number earlier in the
- 12 testimony.
- Senator Ben Nelson: It's 100,000 I've heard.
- 14 General Franks: Perhaps 100,000 let out of jail and so
- the looting by those people as well as other disgruntled
- 16 people for sure affects the taste that the Iraqis have in
- 17 their mouths.
- In terms of expectation, sir, I'm not at all sure that I
- 19 believe that the planning or execution of the post of the
- 20 initial 60 days or so, and that's how long we've been looking
- 21 at this, the initial 60 days or so of post-major combat
- operations -- it can be characterized as well, you weren't
- 23 quite with it. Actually, what we'll do I suspect, and the
- 24 Secretary will comment on this, is as the services think
- 25 through what the structure needs to be for our Armed Forces

- 1 over the next 10, 20 years, as part of transformation, I
- 2 believe that sort of study will be undertaken to decide do we
- 3 have the balance about right. Are we about right in active
- 4 component, Reserve component? Are we about right in the
- 5 numbers of armor troopers, in the numbers of military
- 6 policemen?
- 7 So, sir, that's the best that I can do.
- 8 Senator Ben Nelson: Thank you.
- 9 Secretary Rumsfeld: There's nothing I can add. It
- 10 clearly is important that as soon as possible at the end of a
- 11 conflict that you have the ability to assert control over an
- 12 area. It is also impossible to do. You can not go from a
- 13 war-fighting circumstance in one minute and have a whole lot
- 14 of forces decide not to fight you, as they did from Baghdad
- north and blend into the countryside and think that you have
- 16 the ability in one hour from a powerful war-fighting force
- 17 into a stabilization force capable of quarding every hospital,
- 18 every school, every museum, every suspect weapons site in a
- 19 country the size of California. You can't do it.
- 20 Senator Ben Nelson: But is there a period of time that
- 21 in the planning process you could isolate it down to to say
- 22 that it's something that you should be aiming for within 2
- 23 weeks, 7 days, or is there a time frame that you can narrow it
- 24 down to?
- 25 Secretary Rumsfeld: Absolutely and they did that.

1	General Franks: Sir, the comment that I would make is
2	that when you plan a war or an operation with a mission that
3	says remove a regime, you recognize that, and in fact the
4	Secretary includes in his statement some half-dozen or so
5	things that can go wrong. Well as a planner what one does is
6	take a look at the things that can go wrong and try to put
7	some scope around how long will this operation take because if
8	we can figure out about how long it's going to take and about
9	what size force in terms of the numbers of tanks and aircraft
10	and so forth we need, then we can figure out how long we have
11	in order to get the sort of force, Senator, that you're
12	mentioning loaded and get it on the ground so that it's
13	Johnny-on-the-spot and ready to do some work.
14	Senator Ben Nelson: That's exactly why I was asking
15	Secretary White if he thought we had the skill sets necessary
16	to be able to sufficient staffing and support to move and
L7	be able to do that in advance of the occurrence.
18	General Franks: And, sir, actually in this case we
١9	couldn't do that. And I make no defensive comment about this.
20	We'll let history reflect whatever it chooses to reflect. But
21	I can tell you that there is a direct trade-off between the
22	size force built and the amount of deception and surprise one
23	achieves. And one more day, one more week, one more hour, one
24	more month to build additional forces which we would all
25	applaud now would have resulted in a totally different war

- 1 than the one we saw.
- Senator Ben Nelson: The problem with trying to deal with
- 3 lessons learned is that there's always an element of criticism
- 4 that's a part of it. When it's not intentional to be
- 5 critical, if you're not critical, you don't learn the lesson.
- 6 General Franks: Sir, I agree with that.
- 7 Senator Ben Nelson: Thank you very much gentlemen.
- 8 Chairman Warner: Senator, I indicated to the General
- 9 that as this committee continues to complete its reports on
- 10 the operations in both Afghanistan and Iraq, and by no means
- in my judgment are either operation at that point where we do
- 12 an after-action report because action is taking place, the
- 13 General has offered to return in his civilian capacity to take
- 14 further questions.
- 15 Yes, Mr. Secretary?
- 16 Secretary Rumsfeld: I'm going to have to excuse myself.
- 17 This has gone considerably longer than I had expected.
- 18 Chairman Warner: I recognize that and what I would like
- 19 to ask of you if can provide just a brief few minutes in
- 20 closed session in S-219 next door, we want to have one or two
- 21 questions on the WMD program, and then you'll be free to go.
- 22 We thank you. This has almost been a 4-hour public open
- 23 discussion of all issues relating to these important
- 24 deployment of our troops.
- Thank you very much. I'd like to put in today's record

1	at the end a Washington Post article, April 2, '03 by a former
2	Marine Colonel Gary Anderson. I was hoping to address it.
3	Time doesn't permit.
4	[Whereupon, at 1:17 p.m., the hearing was adjourned.]
5	[The information referred to follows:]
6	[COMMITTEE INSERT]
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

A 83:11 101:18 78:2 81:10 87:9 90:14 99:15 act 22:20 Aaron 4:1 100:2 102:19 103:1 108:21 acted 22:22 118:21 ABC 121:20 action 24:6 30:11 46:13,24 aftermath 44:17 ability 32:2,24 123:22 128:11,16 Abizaid 27:25 48:16 69:11 73:15 107:25 130:12 after-action 113:19 130:12 82:24 113:24 actions 66:16 again 10:6 11:9 20:4 27:4 80:4 activate 69:5 100:1 102:11 106:3 108:11 able 15:8 31:13 32:5 45:18 47:3 activated 111:16 111:4 113:1 120:21 57:1 77:10 83:23 84:12 86:22 active 71:7,9,16 72:1,3 111:11 against 21:13 89:13 96:21 90:15 100:22 101:16,21 109:20 112:1,11,12,18,19 126:1 128:3 agencies 35:23 115:1 120:11 123:5 129:16.17 actively 93:11 agency 31:15 50:5,9,19 51:19,22 about 9:3 13:5 14:1,2,10,13,17 activities 39:8 54:14,18 84:12 124:3 125:4 17:9 18:4 19:24 20:13 29:4 31:2 activity 53:11,12,14 109:12 ages 98:13 36:3 40:10,17,22 42:22,22 acts 20:11 36:9 54:4 Aggie 88:10.10 45:24 46:18 47:14 49:1,4,8 actual 68:23 124:15 aggravating 57:25 50:18 51:16 54:23 56:18 58:8 actually 18:10 41:19 48:25 65:2 ago 6:5 19:23 22:14 30:22 44:10 59:2,15 61:10 63:16 65:11,12 74:8 79:14,21 83:6 117:12 65:14,25 66:18 74:4 77:23 78:2 50:2 53:6,13 60:15 66:18 68:19 123:15 127:8,23 129:18 92:4 96:1 120:2 123:1 78:13,20 79:19 80:5 81:6.13,18 add 67:10 70:7 76:12 77:15 83:1 agree 39:13 48:19 67:18 72:12 81:23 82:5 83:21 84:1 87:22 92:25 93:14 104:16 125:9 128:9 75:4 76:4 83:13 91:21 100:5,24 88:21,22,25 89:1,12,25 90:8 added 18:13 108:15 103:11 117:15 121:1 130:6 92:15 95:24 96:19 100:2 101:16 102:4,5 103:21 105:6 106:17,20 addition 21:17 40:5,16 43:8 68:8 agreed 23:14 40:15 68:19 110:6,7 107:20 111:7 113:8 114:9,22 agreed-upon 66:14 additional 12:15,21 32:15 34:6,7 abead 72:15 83:11 115:14 115:24 116:2,16 117:21 118:2 40:18 47:12 56:25 78:3,7 93:15 AID 97:8 118:10,13,18 119:22,23,24,25 96:14 122:24 129:24 aiming 128:22 122:25 123:15,19 125:14 address 8:7,8 9:19 39:16,20 71:5 air 7:8 31:22 42:11 65:10 66:9 126:11,18,22 127:7 128:3,3,4 84:14 131:2 72:13 77:18 115:12 119:25 129:8.8.19 addressed 93:13 above 72:6 **Airborne** 68:6,6 adequacy 7:17,25 Abrams 115;18 116;5 aircraft 129:9 adjourn 85:5 86:5 absence 58:2 102:5 airmen 120:10 adjourned 131:4 Akaka 2:18 4:3 76:10,11 77:19 absolute 29:15 adjusted 45:3 78:20 79:10 80:1.4 absolutely 15:6 51:20 112:6 administration 14:21 61:3 97:4 128:25 akin 32:20 121:8 absurd 80:14 Alexander 81:12 administrations 107:2 Abu 102:4 alive 89:9 109:19 110:19 administrative 57:6 abused 120:17.18 Allard 2:17 3:17 53:2,3 54:6,19 Admiral 82:22 83:8 55:24 56:12 accelerate 57:1 78:3 accept 41:14 104:21 Adolf 55:7 81:21 alleged 113:22 advance 99:12 125:21 129:17 acceptable 107:23 alleviate 58:6 advanced 17:21 117:23 Alliance 92:21 accepting 41:16 advantage 72:4 Allied 47:21 accolades 108:15 125:8 advantages 12:20 allies 35:20 accommodate 84:6 adversaries 21:7 allowed 118:12 122:10 accomplished 17:14,18 31:1 36:8 102:14 aerial 116:17 allowing 18:10 affairs 45:4 99:7 account 90:9 almost 38:8 58:16 68:11 130:22 affect 18:19 along 35:6 44:4 45:17 46:14 accountability 88:24 affects 42:4 127:16 accounted 79:5,13 121:16 63:11 64:7,21 65:1 86:9 107:20 Accounting 78:22 **Afgban** 64:10 108:24 109:11 111:1 Afghanistan 2:2 6:14,23,25 11:11 already 14:15 34:3 42:7,9,9 45:2 accounts 88:16 11:25 14:20 17:20 19:7 21:16 61:7,8 77:16 78:5 90:7 accumulating 106:17 accuracy 114:22 22:4 27:12 30:6 31:8 32:1 36:3 Alsup 2:24 36:10 40:19 47:2 55:21 63:22 accurate 8:9 50:14 121:25 122:1 alter 78:17 64:18,19 68:11 76:25 77:22 122:5 although 55:11 76:19 achieve 12:7 31:13 40:7 78:12 82:12 83:2 87:5 93:4,7,12 always 45:12,16 58:25 66:13 95:4,18 96:7,8,21,23 97:2 99:8 achievement 28:14 82:12 130:3 101:9 110:12 112:1 113:3 al-Qaeda 17:24 21:15 63:23 achieves 129:23 115:23 116:15 117:11 130:10 achieving 14:24 91:23,25 afraid 46:14 acknowledge 11:14 Ambassador 8:24 30:23 35:21 Africa 23:17 28:21 29:6 41:6 acknowledged 12:19 49:20 38:16 39:1,19 40:12 47:17 49:21 50:1,9,15 51:17 113:24 acquire 49:21 54:19 124:24 118:18 across 22:4 27:15 30:8 55:4 83:4 Ambrose 3:1 after 47:20 50:10 63:18 77:24 amend 56:18

America 60:11 104:21 123:6 American 5:16 8:7 15:1,7 36:24 58:4,15 61:19 62:23 63:3 66:9 73:20,23,25 81:17 99:23 100:6 100:12 103:12 104:2 105:8,18 105:20,23 106:2,4 114:18 Americans 74:19 105:3,6,21,25 amnesty 124:9 among 53:22 59:13 73:8 117:25 amount 79:18 87:4,4 96:5 107:6 120:13,14 129:22 amounted 95:24 amounts 95:3 97:19 analysis 101:2 114:17 Anderson 131:2 Andrew 3:11 4:7 anger 105:20 anguish 89:2 91:5 announced 44:23 59:23 92:5 102:24 announcements 57:6 59:1 annual 29:13 107:7 annually 65:13 another 23:24 24:2 39:25 40:1,4 60:19 62:15 65:22 73:13,14 87:8 97:13 99:20 110:8 115:6 117:13 121:19 Ansley 2:20 answer 49:1 50:20,21 53:18 55:3 60:20 67:21,25 69:1 70:7 76:5 85:18 92:17,22 93:20,22 94:3 103:19,24 104:4,5 114:5,21 118:14 119:7 120:5.24 auswered 56:17 86:22 118:24 answering 37:2 answers 76:23 118:8 anthem 90:25 anticipate 43:24 45:9 54:25 69:22 96:10 anticipated 25:19 44:19 45:10 antique 17:21 anxiously 5:20 anybody 91:9 anyhow 87:23 97:1 anyone 75:7 81:20 100:7 anything 98:5 107:4,13 119:6,6 120:25 anyway 101:24 apologize 107:14 apparently 12:13 46:7 **appear** 27:4 appears 49:3 76:22 126:23 applaud 129:25 applauded 91:1 apply 18:11 appointed 126:7 appointment 108:19,20 appreciate 27:22 51:25 77:1 79:2 79:10 83:12 88:13 113:14 118:7 appreciation 11:23 23:1 63:12 67:13 104:17 105:24 125:10 appreciative 67:12

approach 61:19 approaching 72:11 appropriate 43:4 appropriated 85:13 86:24 95:9 appropriately 105:4 appropriating 87:13 Appropriations 87:2,16,22 97:7 98:8 approved 44:24 46:25 approximately 34:21 April 45:24 131:1 Ar 53:25 Arabian 29:6 Arch 3:17 area 25:24 27:9 28:12 29:4,10,15 31:9 61:9 84:6 115:6,22 116:12 121:22 122:11,12,14,21 125:18 126:24 128:12 areas 11:20 20:24 21:16 25:25 32:14 33:1 41:13 53:12,20 68:18 100:10 113:6 117:19 armed 2:10 11:17,24 18:19 23:3 70:25 72:25 82:7 116:19,21 127:25 armor 45:8 128:5 Armored 68:5 аграу 7:8 19:3 30:17 33:23 34:17 36:10 40:5 42:11 44:2,3,10 57:1 64:5,5,8,11,14,15,20,25 65:1 67:11 68:3,4,8,24 69:4,5,9 70:6 72:12 74:7 77:16 111:15 120:10 125:24 around 12:24 34:12 53:13 75:17 78:11 87:1 88:23 94:3 96:6 121:23 123:22 124:5 129:7 arranged 70:16 arranging 69:3 arrogant 62:15 art 11:13 article 131:1 articulate 81:3 artifacts 9:13 artillery 114:2,3 Asia 29:7,7 aside 5:7 asked 8:1 43:6 45:24 46;7,12 47:8 60:14 69:24 71:15 74:24 77:6 78:5 91:3 92:13 117:16 122:7,9 123:23 asking 40:22 47:23 48:23 59:2 60:6,7 90:7 129:14 aspects 18:3 assassination 110:20 assembled 124:24 assert 101:15 128:11 assessed 106:24 assessment 41:8 43:7,9,17 53:4,9 56:1 106:18 asset 8:21 assets 31:15 44:13 85:15,16,16 96:11,12 assigned 40:11 124:12

45:5 46:22 59:25 60:16 61:5 65:22 assistant 2:21 3:14,14,15,16,17 3:17,18,19,20,21,21,22,23,24 3:25,25 4:1,2,2,3,4,5,6,6,7,8 9:23 Assistants 3:11,13 assisted 11:15 assisting 34:23 36:15 40:15 47:11 47:12 61:8 associated 65:17 92:5 assume 39:7 assuming 9:23 assuring 14:11 asymmetric 31:24 Atlantic 92:20 Atomic 79:1 attack 24:2.3 attacked 58:16 attacking 20:16 attacks 13:15 20:19 25:4,7 38:14 38:21 39:15 53:4 100:12 attempt 12:6 49:21 65:24 attempting 70:10 attempts 54:17 attend 17:11 attendance 38:9 attention 90:9 attentive 42:5 attract 42:1 augment 7:21 augmenting 39:17 August 40:20 42:18 59:8 authority 35:21 38:18 55:13 63:23 124:17 availability 78:23 available 59:18 68:1 73:17 118:20 average 95:11 Aviano 84:5 avoided 23:18 await 10:3 awaiting 5:17,20 aware 54:19 93:2,2,20,25 100:16 away 20:3 99:20 120:20 126:25 A-10 115:18,24 116:5 A.J 90:10 a.m 2:13 В

assistance 30:20 35:3 36:15 40:23

Bab 29:10 back 7:23 14:4 17:15 32:24 40:8 41:3 42:13,14,14,17 43:18 45:23,23 49:18 50:25 55:20 62:12,17 69:25 71:25 75:7,8,19 75:22,23 76:1 80:8,19 86:7,15 86:16 88:1 89:14,17,17,18 91:10 101:5 103:3 113:7 124:14 background 8:19 bad 66:1 81:3 102:8 106:21 badly 42:5 Baghdad 6:5 19:24 20:20 21:11

assist 33:23 43:5 93:21 96:17

25:12,13,13 34:18 39:4 99:4 121:23 122:8,11 128:14 **balance** 128:3 balanced 38:5 **Balkans** 68:13 bandwidth 33:1 Barbee 2:22 barriers 58:12 base 41:2.23 based 25:4 51:17 119:10 basement 51:21 bases 42:15 63:19,21 66:10 basic 19:16 basically 89:21 110:9 113:13 basis 107:7 baskets 86:23 Basra 6:5 34:19 74:23 battalion 67:23 battalions 34:21 68:9 battle 7:14 9:4 31:25 32:1 Bayh 2:19 4:7 **Bayji** 54:1 Ba'ath 21:9 92:7 Ba'athist 13:13 22:1 Ba'athists 13:10 53:15 bear 41:17 Beauchamp 3:16 **becomes** 66:22 becoming 53:6 118:20 **bed** 80:19 before 18:5 19:22 22:12 24:3 25:1 27:4 49:24 51:16 65:7 69:7 71:7 80:15 81:11 82:6 83:15 84:14 94:5 96:6 110:21 118:22 121:10 125:13,21 127:9 beforehand 99:1 began 18:5.5 begin 17:9 27:18 28:5 39:7,14 44:9 45:13 69:18 72:21 78:13 beginning 21:20 80:7,20 93:3 109:20 112:9 begins 45:12 begun 34:3 behalf 27:24 87:15 104:22 behaved 56:8 behavior 107:23 120:19 behind 110:24 being 5:23 9:5 21:4 30:25 35:15 36:13 38:12 41:11 44:13 47:7 50:23 54:4 58:16 66:19 71:20 77:9 78:10,18 81:23 85:18 86:18 100:9,17 102:10,11 107:22 110:4,12,17 116:7 124:13.16 belief 122:4 believe 31:17 32:15 38:3 40:12 44:25 45:9,17 53:24 54:12 60:10,14,19,23 66:20,23,23 67:3,4 70:8 77:5 82:21 83:7 89:19 96:23 97:1 99:2,9 102:15 104:7 113:2 114:19 120:21 122:6 123:9 127:19 128:2 believed 23:23 58:25 122:2,3

believes 18:15 48:17 belonging 66:10 below 91:2 Ben 2:18 4:4 125:6,7 127:13 128:8,20 129:14 130:2,7 benefited 115:13 benefitted 20:7 **beside 20:18** best 48:24 49:14 57:19 58:14 59:13 66:2 67:2 70:24 115:3 119:21 128:7 bet 71:22 better 13:25 19:23 20:5 24:4 38:6 39:15 85:14 102:21 119:17 betterment 35:7 between 7:7 25:8 44:3 53:23,25 65:16 95:10 100:9 107:17 118:11 129:21 big 117:18 Bill 2:18 4:3 108:13 **billion** 29:5 65:19 85:22 87:20 95:12,24 96:11,16,21 billions 23:11 62:24 63:3 biological 24:2 birthday 5:9 bit 93:1 117:2 bite 72:15 blend 128:15 bless 91:13 blew 14:9 bloodiest 81:21 bloodshed 36:4 **bloody** 81:1,5 body 27:22 81:15 bogus 118:18 bombs 78:15,21 86:19 Bonsell 3:15 border 21:16 34:24 99:3 107:20 107:24 Bosnia 46:9 70:12 110:13 both 14:20 17:7 30:6 32:1 36:3 38:5 58:18 68:1 93:7 98:16.19 99:5,8 108:17 111:13 113:3,11 113:19 115:7,23 120:22 130:10 bottom 64:16 bounty 8:13 bowels 50:4,9,14,19 box 65:9 boxes 109:11 boy 81:16 Bragg 77:21 branches 41:4 b**reakdown** 118:10 breathtaking 74:16 Bremer 8:24 30:24 35:22 38:16 38:16 39:1,19 40:12 54:20 124:24 125:3 Bremer's 9:24 Brewer 3:11 Brian 2:25 brief 5:19 17:8 77:1 86:2 117:6 124:24 130:19

briefing 43:21 119:1 briefly 32:14 65:6 108:17 112:5 Brigade 42:15,18,20 68:6,7 brigades 68:12 69:5 bright 90:13 116:25 brilliance 103:8 brilliantly 11:12 15:6 bring 7:20 9:3 12:15 13:18 28:18 30:8,12 34:16 40:1,4 45:20 58:5 60:2 64:4,10,21,22 70:2,10 83:10 90:9 91:6,25 111:20 bringing 14:4 27:18 56:25 79:20 91:22 brings 28:3 111:17 Britain 7:23 43:14 British 13:17 **broad** 51:9 broader 61:20 brought 8:18 13:12 36:2 44:11 79:15 81:20 89:4 brown 25:6 122:12 brush 51:9 Brussels 92:19 brutal 27:10 35:24 brutality 74:16 75:12 109:7 brutalize 91:5 buck 6:21 buddy 83:9 **budget** 78:18 97:17 budgets 19:5 build 27:11 44:9 61:16 62:12,15 62:16,17 63:18 64:15 102:13 129:24 building 2:14 14:20 116:1 127:2 built 28:12 129:22 **bullet** 72:15 burden 13:2 68:3 buried 89:8 burn 107:7 117:11 Bush 22:6 118:12 business 31:18 Butler 80:22 Buttons 91:14,14 Byrd 2:18 4:1 85:1,2,6,9,20,25 86:3,7,9,25 87:8,12,15,19,25 88:3,7 93:18 95:1,2,6,13,15,17 95:22 96:5,8,18 97:11,22,25 98:7,9 110:6 B-52s 17:22

C
C 1:1 3:11
California 119:23 128:19
call 47:21 83:6 100:10 119:10
126:12
called 42:3 45:6 47:18 71:13
126:1,17
calling 112:14
Cambone 6:7 14:13
came 76:1 82:7 113:13 116:16
Camp 77:20
campaign 6:25 18:4 115:20

briefed 43:20 76:7 100:15 109:24

clearly 20:16 44:6 58:9 71:2 campaigns 11:10,17 78:16 115:23 38:24 39:13 41:1,22 42:13 candid 43:25 110:1 125:1 128:10 43:20 44:8,15,19 45:9,12,17,21 clerics 54:24 89:10 45:22 48:25 53:2,3 56:12,14,15 candidates 9:19 57:6,15 63:7,10 67:8,9,16 72:19 Clerk 2:21,22 cap 82:2 capabilities 17:20 31:5,23 33:22 72:20 76:8,9,11 80:2,3 85:1,2,4 climate 74:18 85:7 86:7,8,25 87:9,10,25 88:4 Clinton 2:19 4:7 112:24,25 82:25 88:18 108:6 123:20 88:6,9,19 92:10,11,13,25 93:2,9 117:15 120:1 capability 13:25 80:21 close 58:3 81:21 83:16 124:18,19 95:1,2 98:8,9,11,13,17 103:16 capable 62:4 120:22 128:17 103:21 104:12,13 108:11,12,13 closed 57:11 114:24 117:22 capacity 130:13 112:3,4,23,25 114:9 117:5,8 130:20 capita 29:13 118:3,5 124:22 125:7 130:8,18 closely 30:23 32:20 40:12 capital 20:22 capitals 7:20 chairman's 88:16 **closer** 89:22 Captain 108:22 109:16 **challenge** 7:16 19:12 64:2 closure 75:10 challenges 22:10 29:19 Clyde 3:20 capture 74:25 76:2 89:23,24 90:5 CNN 49:23 91:18 captured 21:11 91:7 92:5 challenging 28:24 coalition 6:3,9 7:18 10:6 18:11,22 19:13 20:16,23 21:1,2,5,6,13,18 chamber 109:5 capturing 91:22 chambers 81:15 carabiniere 58:10 Chambliss 2:17 3:20,21 21:23 22:10,20 24:5 25:11 care 30:20 **chance** 67:17 career 38:2 63:12 67:11 72:22 27:19 28:5,9,11 30:5 32:11,22 82:2 113:2 119:11 change 17:11 33:11,12 51:2 56:21 32:23,25 33:17,24 34:5,25 careful 114:16 56:23 57:2 78:13 111:10 35:12,15,21 36:2,6,11 38:13 **CARL** 1:4 11:1 **changed 23:1 36:14 68:21** 39:18 40:3 44:5 54:7 56:25 **carried** 107:12 chapter 7:6 61:23 65:20 73:21 74:2,19 75:1 characterized 127:22 75:4 93:5 carved 109:3 case 7:5 20:17 70:3,8 71:2,2,4 charge 123:15,17,25 124:21 **CODEL 88:16** 87:10 99:10 109:5 116:4 120:3 charges 17:23 coherent 57:24 Charles 2:24 Cold 32:20 117:19 123:7 129:18 cases 21:1,22 25:14 66:19 72:6,14 charter 8:21 53;21 colleague 39:18 124:23 check 79:15 colleagues 5:20 38:8 57:7 72:21 catch 57:8 chemical 24:3 75:14 80:20,22 72:23 73:2 88:14 125:10 categories 86:13 caught 75:9 Collins 2:17 3:19 72:19,20 74:12 114:1 cause 120:18.19 Cherington 2:25 75:21 76:8 80:5 89:14 Colonel 90:10,12 91:13 131:2 cavalry 17:23 68:7,8 Chief 2:21 children 20:3 22:25 81:7 combat 12:23 22:13 31:3 32:17 caveat 53:18 ceiling 72:5 chokepoints 29:9 33:7 36:17 44:18,23 45:1,7 cell 109:2 124:14,15 57:21 60:25 69:17 99:22 102:18 choose 23:4 CENTCOM 5:6 15:10 17:13.17 **chooses** 129:20 102:24 115:12 126:20 127:21 18:10 76:21 78:12 **chop 20:2** combatant 17:14 78:11 83:4 CENTCOM's 77:4 chores 112:13 combination 18:2 38:25 85:13 combining 30:10 center 25:6 68:22 104:24 119:23 Christine 3:21 chronicled 111:3 119:24 come 7:15 18:21 19:1.18 20:2 centers 119:25 Chu 70:18 35:6 36:23 43:18 45:17 50:11 chunk 60:2 central 1:7 2:5 27:2,9,15 28:1,3 50:11,25 58:14,19 65:1 70:8 28:12,22,24 29:7 30:1 42:24 CIA 124:4 71:3,15 74:15 75:7,10,23 82:11 Cindy 2:21 53:7 124:3 125:4 83:24 85:17 88:1 91:10 101:5 circa 57:7 century 32:22 115:21 101:16,22 112:14 113:4 119:14 comes 5:13 70:5 87:13 ceremony 17:12 circle 50:4 certain 22:1 55:12 75:16,22 comfortable 53:23 circles 50:5 coming 25:7 40:23 53:15 54:6 105:15 126:9 circumstance 61:24 67:4 128:13 certainly 8:9 18:19 48:13 59:7,13 circumstances 43:2 63:14 70:4 57:7 59:8 67:23 75:8,19,22 61:5,21 64:1 85:17 87:3 93:2 119:14 76:19 78:18 86:17 87:21 89:16 107:22 108:10 113:21 114:19 cite 87:4 100:3 89:17,18 99:23 103:25 112:20 125:9 citizens 44:6 100:7 118:18 123:1 city 39:4 102:4 certainty 69:13 73:18 77:12,14 command 1:7 2:5 6:13 15:1 17:11 17:17 18:7,8 27:2,9,20 28:1,3,4 cessation 44:23 civil 30:10 35:3 45:4 58:11 cetera 123:15 civilian 6:17 13:23 30:24 70:22 28:12 30:1,5 31:11 32:9 42:24 chain 125:1.3 70:22 108:15 113:20 130:13 83:8 92:7 93:12 125:1 chair 57:8 civilians 38:13,13 commander 1:6 7:12 11:18 17:14 chairman 2:15 5:3,11,16 9:10 claim 50:8 80:12 27:1 47:21 11:2,5 13:22 14:16 16:1 17:3,6 clarity 69:18 70:3 125:2 commanders 8:1 49:2.9 78:11 21:3 22:11 24:8 25:1,17 26:1 classified 98:14 109:16 Commander-in-Chief 5:6 27:3,6,7,24 28:21 30:13 31:22 clear 22:6 32:11 46:16 59:23 commands 19:9 83:4 33:2 34:3 35:25 36:19 37:1 38:1 77;12 115:2,15 124:1 Command's 28:24

commenced 85:4 continues 7:11 22:5 33:4 43:24 conclude 35:25 concluded 38:17 commend 43:22 76:16 102:3 55:25 130:9 continuing 7:13 **conclusion 23:22 85:5** 125:21 continuously 50:24 commendation 38:2 67:10 conclusions 18:18 comment 49:12 65:25 66:18 67:2 contract 74:9 concrete 105:11 contribute 18:24 34:25 89:14 90:7 91:19,20 106:13 concur 38:20 117:7 127:7,24 129:1,19 contributed 31:8 Condi 50:2,19 contribution 35:12,20 38:3 80:6 comments 33:3 88:14 113:11 conditions 32:3 33:12,15 35:7 contributions 28:6 33:18 92:21 commerce 19:16 48:15 73:5 102:7 conduct 11:25 34:20 35:3 78:15 96:14 commissioned 7:3 commitment 6:4.14 11:7 15:13 conducting 6:22 30:9 34:7 91:16 control 6:17 31:11 32:10 34:24 53:25 58:12 65:2 66:2 128:11 28:7 29:3 30:6 42:4 65:6 113:20 120:7 commitments 39:25 40:3 58:18 confidence 8:2 24:4 101:6 105:10 convention 55:14 59:5.11 61:6 69:9 70:10 confirm 110:7 123:5,9 conventional 31:21 32:2 conversation 74:22 committed 33:25 43:17 61:15 confirmation 48:16 113:24 66:19 75:5 96:16 110:17 conversations 73:4 117:16 conviction 117:21 confirming 122:24 committee 2:10,13,15,20 3:13 5:3 conflict 43:23 86:20 105:2,11 convince 83:17 10:11 15:16 17:4 27:5,17,18,21 112:9 122:8 128:11 convinced 75:23 83:17 105:21 27:23 28:2 29:5 33:9 36:19 38:9 43:21 46:6 51:12.24 52:3 57:12 conflicts 29:19 108:24 convoy 109:9 confusion 123:14,19 66:24 73:1 79:25 82:7 84:11,17 87:2,16,22 88:19 93:1 94:9 96:6 convoys 34:23 111:2 cooperate 23:16,21 91:8 congratulate 5:8 113:1 97:7 98:8 104:23 105:8 115:20 congratulated 9:24 118:15 130:9 131:6 congratulations 63:11 cooperating 23:20 91:10 committing 65:8 Congress 8:8 14:21 36:24 63:20 cooperation 90:3 **communicate** 73:11 77:5 70:9 71:3 72:3 87:16 97:5,14 cooperative 107:3 coordinated 54:4 communicated 119:2 114:19 connection 95:9 96:4 107:16 coping 58:2 communications 31:12 32:25 Cord 3:13 83:16 118:11 conscious 61:3 communities 14:11 **consequence 23:6 35:19** Cornyn 2:17 3:23 Corps 72:13 community 10:2 23:16,24 50:11 consequences 5:24 41:15 50:15 51:18 106:24 108:15 consequently 5:17 corpses 109:6 consider 17:18 28:4 66:13 92:21 correct 25:9,10,21 38:3 121:11,22 118:11 124:3 company 7:11 67:22,22 considerable 25:13 corrected 102:21 correction 91:24 compelled 80:9 considerably 130:17 competent 64:17 considered 41:11 44:2 111:21 corrections 50:23 complete 17:4 28:13 34:13 85:8 considering 43:3 correctly 102:5 correlation 100:9 94:6 130:9 consists 126:21 completed 36:17 69:17 76:25 constant 39:15 corridors 20:20 77:2 78:22 102:18 constituents 106:12 cost 23:5 65:11 78:9 105:13 costs 65:12,20 completely 100:24 117:15 constitution 9:16,16,19,21 10:3 completes 24:8 55:15,15,16 council 9:10,11 38:19 39:2 54:21 completion 101:19 constitutional 38:19 55:14 54:23 55:13 66:4 92:20 102:6 complex 22:13 32:7 construct 78:24 councils 39:4 constructive 56:8 106:12 complicated 117:18 Counsel 2:25 complimentary 98:21 contacts 93:16 countered 14:10 component 83:17 128:4,4 contained 89:4 countries 12:21 13:3 34:6 39:24 composed 9:9 containers 109:6 39:25 40:1 43:15 46:5.23 48:1.3 composition 33:10 56:21 57:3 containing 65:7 48:8 54:8 58:14,25 59:10,11,24 comprehend 89:19 containment 65:23,25 60:16 61:6,7 68:4 70:11 73:21 comprise 20:6 contemplate 108:9 73:24 74:1 96:14 104:8 108:4 computer 31:12 context 30:2 103:3 117:22 conceal 22:14 contingency 41:6 68:17 78:16 country 17:16,16 18:25 19:3,11 19:19 20:15,19 22:8 27:14 31:1 conceivable 119:4,5 83:22 continuation 99:15.17 concentrated 20:20 32:21 33:11 34:13 39:5 41:20 continue 6:2 11:24 14:25 23:11 concern 11:20 75:7 78:25 83:14 44:14 46:11 54:7 55:10,17,22 56:3 62:1,2,3,8,12,13,25 63:22 72:22 88:23 91:6,16 100:2,4 100:1 118:2 23:23 28:13,22 29:1,2 30:8,11 30:15,17,23 34:3,14,15 35:2,11 concerned 57:19 78:20 concerning 83:14 95:3 113:22 35:22 40:25 42:1 45:18 54:13 101:5,5,8,18 102:9 103:9 116:3 114:14 69:16 70:23 76:18 83:19 88:6 128:19 concerns 64:4 114:9,23 125:24 92:1 95:3 97:2 100:23 115:16 countrymen 14:2 concert 35:22 countryside 25:15 128:15 concise 118:8 continued 23:21 27:12,13 36:20 countrywide 53:8

	country's 21:6	Dayton 2:19 4:5,6 8:20 98:10,11	depend 48:15
	couple 64:3	98:19 101:15 102:21 103:11,19	depending 65:19
	courage 6:3 111:5	104:2,12 108:20 123:24 124:13	depletion 29:18
	course 25:23 41:21 63:5,5 65:23	124:17,17,25	deploy 41:17 43:11 47:8 84:4
	72:2 111:17 117:8 122:1 125:13	de 40:11	deployed 41:22 67:3 68:20 69:7
	127:5	dead 105:18 110:19	83:22 114:10
	cover 91:17	deal 20:24 28:3 44:1 45:14,15	deployment 32:19 34:2,6 41:17
	covered 82:6	73:13,14 102:20 117:21 130:2	44:24 45:2 46:8 72:12 77:19
	covers 6:13	dealing 21:14,15,18,21 58:12	125:14 130:24
	Cox 3:6	107:1 117:21,22 125:16	deployments 77:22
	crates 109:10	dealt 21:4 25:16 31:23	depths 51:18
	create 29:20 55:18 62:19,20	death 20:2 21:9 74:14 81:7,24	deputies 82:23
	64:20,24	debated 115:20	deputy 92:18
	created 75:11	DeBobes 3:5	describe 18:14 107:11 109:1
	creation 9:12 30:16 34:17 64:7	debt 72:23	described 59:4 89:23 122:22
	creativity 103:7	decade 65:8	125:2
			l
	credentials 8:19	decades 19:13 35:24 81:1 101:20	description 102:22
	credit 8:24 11:15 57:17	112:16 120:18	desert 32:7
	cried 91:1	decade's 115:10,13	desks 6:21
	criminal 127:10	December 92:19 93:23	despair 89:2 91:5
	criminals 21:19	deception 117:25 129:22	despite 19:22 73:5,6
	crises 29:18	decide 46:7,12 97:18 128:2,14	destroy 23:7 27:13
	critical 39:11 115:4,19 130:5,5	deciding 13:24 47:8	destroyed 23:11 36:13
	critically 41:25	decision 41:9,16 63:20 69:6 72:11	destruction 8:17,18,23 22:11 23:7
	criticism 130:3	105:4	28:18 36:14 49:17 80:8,12
	crossed 21:22 99:3	decisions 77:11	106:5 108:21 121:6,21 122:9
	Crosswait 3:7	Decisive 36:17	123:16 124:6
	crowd 91:1 110:25	declaration 23:15	detail 7:12 25:3
	culture 31:8 90:12	declared 57:21 89:11 99:24	detailed 76:23 92:16
	cumbersome 32:19	102:16,17	details 113:15
	curious 50:7	declaring 99:16	determinant 101:21
	current 40:18 48:24 49:14 85:10	deconflict 82:19	determination 36:1 76:2 111:6
	97:2		I
		deconfliction 31:17,20	determine 43:10 49:10 77:7 88:18
	currently 40:2 43:8,17 47:12 77:9	dedicated 104:17	determined 50:7,13,17 55:5 69:16
	85:18 86:18	deeply 77:3 113:21	detonating 111:3
	custody 92:8	defeated 11:11	detract 11:22
	cut 20:2 81:16 82:1	defeating 32:6	devastating 103:9
		defense 1:5 5:4 6:12 17:2 34:19	develop 22:16 40:5 42:24 55:14
	· D		
1	·	40:6 43:6 46:6 60:22 64:24 66:9	55:15 117:21
1	D 3:5	97:8 100:14 115:1 123:21,23	developed 17:19,25 18:24 33:15
-	daily 25:3 38:14 58:16	124:1	98:25
- 1	Daley 82:23	defenses 63:18	developing 76:22 108:5
- 1	damaging 62:8	defensive 129:19	development 61:9 100:4
- 1	damn 89:18	deference 5:19	develops 34:24
- 1			
-	Dan 3:14	degree 8:2 38:22 69:13	device 111:2
-	dangerous 30:20 33:6 67:4 68:18	delegation 6:4 9:22 14:17 89:2	dictatorship 20:8
- 1	dangerously 68:24	93:4,6	dictatorships 29:15
- 1	dangers 73:6	Dell 82:22	difference 100:18
-1	Daniel 3:6	DeLong 82:23	different 56:22 71:5 76:1 79:19
ı	dark 17:15 25:6	democracies 29:16	86:23 97:7 115:8 117:2,10,13
-	_	democracy 13:11 29:17 58:5 90:5	
-	darn 88:11 104:10		118:16 119:13 124:10 129:25
-	date 51:1 121:12	115:4 126:9,10,11,13,18	differently 119:17
-	dates 59:5	democratic 3:6 19:14	difficult 13:6 19:21 63:14 64:6
-	daughters 103:13	demographic 29:19	difficulties 19:22 120:20
-	daunting 14:19	demonstrating 23:13	difficulty 123:12
1	David 2:25 8:18 124:12,14	denial 62:1 117;24	dinars 101:4
-	day 6:7 10:7 15:7 17:15 10:12	deny 28:17	
1	day 6:2 10:7 15:2 17:15 18:13		diplomatic 108:4
-	19:25 20:1 22:24 44:22 50:22	departed 38:10	direct 30:11 100:8 129:21
I	74:14 75:5 81:7 83:20 89:5 99:3	department 41:25 43:6 46:19	director 2:21 3:6 124:4
ı	99:4,20 118:10 119:4 129:23	47:16 48:7 60:15 70:24 92:24	dirty 78:21
ı	days 6:5 15:2,3 51:15 62:7 81:11	97:8,8,19 100:14 108:3 112:8	disaffection 105:19
ŀ	118:19 127:20,21 128:23	115:1 123:21,23 124:1	disagree 120:25
1	-10.17 121.40,21 120,23		
- 1		departments 97:20	disappear 19:19

disappeared 25:15 Dr 70:18 85:17 96:10 98:2 126:17 disarmed 23:9,14,19 Egypt 36:21 dragged 81:24 disaster 35:16 Egyptian 12:16 dramatic 22:21 discovered 22:21 49:25 dramatically 82:25 either 79:3,11 82:13 91:6 93:25 discovery 120:4 97:19 99:10 101:2 106:2 130:11 dramatized 13:16 discuss 28:23 elect 9:10 10:1 draw 99:6 discussed 14:15 40:9 46:25 124:4 drawn 18:18 115:23 elected 55:7 102:6 126:6,7 125:24 draws 92:8 election 9:18 55:7 discussing 27:16 47:12.19 dream 30:22 elections 9:17 10:3 55:1,4,17,22 electricity 9:14 discussion 46:18 130:23 dress 90:18 discussions 34:4,8 39:25 40:16 driving 17:23 electronics 17:23 46:17,21 70:15,16 107:2 drove 21:6 element 130:3 disease 35:17 elements 39:20 54:11 55:9.10 drums 79:21 disgorge 89:5 **due** 35:19 127:10 disgruntled 127:15 dumb 78:15 eliminate 63:21 dismantle 28:19 during 2:2 11:9 14:14 17:14 elite 20:6 dispatch 43:7 32:12,20 33:9 45:7,8 65:23 72:7 Elizabeth 4:1 dispersal 99:8 el-Mandeb 29:10 74:17 76:17 86:20 105:2 113:24 disperse 22:15 115:16 119:11 120:1 emergency 30:19 72:5 displaced 35:18 duty 11:23 12:24 71:7,12 89:25 emphasize 11:20 105:19 106:4 disruption 111:17 110:23 111:11 112:1,11,12 employed 17:20 18:24 dissolved 99:12 126:1 employers 111:18 distinctly 62:17 dwell 121:5 employing 18:1 distinguished 38:2 113:2 dying 81:9 enabled 31:24 distribute 114:1 D'Arcy 3:19 encompasses 29:4 disturbing 108:10 D.C 2:11 encountered 54:12 diverse 55:3,10 encourage 73:15 E encouraging 38:15 107:2 diversionary 80:14 division 7:9 42:16,20 68:6,12,13 E 1:1 end 12:7 13:4 25:22 56:21 57:8,21 **6**8:14,16 **77:14** 73:22 74:2.11 79:20 81:4 83:14 each 6:2,15 7:5 19:17 20:1 36:19 divisions 34:1,18 69:5 96:11,13 99:12 101:13 114:20 51:15 82:10 doctrine 19:6 68:19 125:14 126:19 128:10 131:1 ear 81:16 document 21:8 119:5 earlier 27:25 49:19 59:15,21 endeavor 12:3 documents 22:15 50:16 113:10 62:13 66:5 93:5 95:23 103:24 endeavors 14:22 119:1 112:6 117:10 118:10 125:23 ended 22:13 23:10 33:7 45:2 **Dohoney 3:18** doing 8:25 14:6 60:1,2,21 61:1 66:14 102:24 127:11 early 18:17 22:12 74:7 113:8 endorsement 12:8,17 46:13 62:4 66:3.23 67:5.19 70:20,21 ends 41:23 ears 20:3 enduring 2:2 18:21 19:4 28:15 70:22 72:17 82:3,10 92:3 106:1 easier 110:18 110:23 111:22,24 120:22 east 20:21 121:24 31:7 32:12 93:3 96:2 115:7 124:15,21 easy 55:23 enemy 7:14,15 9:5 21:3 32:6 Dole 2:17 3:22 echo 73:3 80:4 88:14 33:13.19 dollars 23:12 29:14,15 62:24 63:3 economic 28:6 29:20,22 39:8 57:5 energy 79:1 98:14 101:7 103:7 101:3.4 107:6,6 120:8 62:22 100:4,10 101:1 109:9,12 domination 14:12 110:3 engaged 14:3 20:23 30:5 33:8 **DONALD 1:5 17:1** economically 101:18 108:3 done 9:5 11:21,22 14:7 23:8,18 engaging 20:11 21:2 economies 29:12 27:23 30:21 36:18,25 41:8 42:2 economy 62:1 engineers 45:5 46:9,11 59:20 64:16 66:15 **ECOWAS** 43:9,10,16 **England** 113:12 69:17 76:13,16 77:9,13 78:8,10 enhanced 68:8 **Ed** 83:8 80:13,14 81:4 82:4 84:14 88:10 edge 30:2 **enjoy 90:4** 92:17 98:3 104:7,10,11 111:25 education 9:12 **enjoyed** 82:16 116:14 120:1 124:16 effect 39:22 enormous 19:12 72:23 111:17 door 57:12 130:20 115:22 effectively 31:23 doubt 19:24 78:6 105:21 effectiveness 57:17 enormously 118:2 doubts 50:5 enough 112:18 effort 9:7 11:16 12:4,10 13:18,21 Dov 86:6 95:7 14:18 33:2.25 45:25 65:11 enriched 113:23 down 5:5 9:1,15 13:12 50:4 55:6 82:11,15 100:20 101:13,23 Ensign 3:19 64:24 70:10 83:9,24 99:18 ensure 14:21 66:2 84:8 104:25 110:5 116:12 126:8 113:13 121:3 124:4 127:1 ensuring 12:5 29:1 127:1 128:21.24 efforts 7:19 12:7 14:10 27:10 entered 27:5 dozen 43:8 121:9,15,16 122:25 54:13 57:24 108:4,7 113:23 enthusiasm 98:15 123:2 entire 11:3

entirety 30:24 93:7 failed 29:16 exhausting 12:24 environment 28:23 62:19,21 exiles 54:24 107:11 114:13 fairly 50:23 118:8 114:11 120:11,23 faith 102:1 exist 48:16 58:14 62:11 envision 81:6,9 fall 74:7 83:5 existing 7:21 22:22 envisions 34:18 expanded 115:17 **fallen 30:12** falls 68:3 86:23 Eoyang 3:24 expansion 83:3 equip 18:20 expect 9:17 40:7 69:20 70:2,4 False 14:9 equipment 22:16 28:6 32:10 76:24 77:10 78:1.3 97:13.15 falsity 50:8 familiar 70:13 43:12 119:14 103:14 105:13 123:6 eradication 28:7 expectation 58:22 116:10 127:18 families 5:24 6:10 10:7 57:23 58:1 59:25 111:18 Eric 4:4 expectations 73:12 112:8 family 5:12 15:14 38:4 expected 44:17 51:4 55:22 130:17 Erik 3:25 especially 11:16 120:10 expended 96:11,13 far 19:23 29:7 69:2 76:3 82:11 essential 11:22 14:22 expending 95:4 101:2 105:1 126:21 expenditures 85:14 86:12 fashion 21:4 106:2 essentially 123:21 fast 40:24 65:1 87:11,12 establish 19:17 63:25 126:18 expense 20:9 116:24 experience 22:23,25 31:6 102:9 established 9:18 13:11 28:20 fate 108:22 110:13 115:22 119:10,11 favorably 102:2 establishment 30:19 35:8 126:10.12 favored 20:9 fear 20:1 74:13,18,19 75:11,15,19 **esteem** 105:9 experienced 99:6 estimate 21:19 48:24 49:14 73:25 experiences 19:8 84:15 120:7 75:23 81:18 89:15 91:10 100:19 85:21 95:19 126:12 103:5 estimated 107:5 expertise 12:11 35:14 36:1 115:22 fearful 103:6 et 123:15 expired 56:12 72:9 84:2 92:10 fearing 81:25 ethnic 29:12,19 explanation 114:7 Fedayeen 21:9 53:15 Europe 47:21 70:17 explicit 92:15 feedback 18:10 evaluate 41:9 explosives 58:12 feel 8:9 10:4 74:15 80:9 90:8 even 15:6 18:1 55:12 57:3 72:5 exposed 73:7 99:21 119:2 93:14 99:21 100:12 105:13 118:22 express 63:11 feeling 76:1 feelings 14:17 80:9 100:11 125:8 expressed 105:2 114:24 evening 90:18 111:13 extend 125:10 fell 89:9 event 56:24,25 extended 12:23 71:24 72:12 fellow 14:2 felt 7:19 66:13 121:20 events 28:16 extensive 25:24 ever 18:5 28:11 33:12 70:19 82:2 extent 6:25 25:13 43:10 46:19 few 5:19 17:9 29:14 31:3 33:3 127:9 74:10 77:12,14 120:17 50:2 82:6 130:19 every 8:21 9:7 36:18.19 49:2 extraordinarily 63:14 fewer 105:1 field 7:9 33:21 34:21 88:21 50:22 60:24 68:20 74:13 111:11 extraordinary 8:25 29:23 67:11 124:11 128:17,18,18,18 76:14 98:14,20 99:5,13 Fieldhouse 3:8 fielding 33:23 fight 99:20 128:14 extremely 125:17 everybody 40:22 everyone 59:22 extremists 53:15 everything 23:19 53:4 56:5 60:21 extricated 100:22 fighters 21:3 61:1 100:16 121:1 fighting 7:11 11:16 19:6 25:12,24 everywhere 105:25 **82:20** evidence 22:21,22 53:7 54:3,5,14 figure 48:24 85:20,21 87:3,8 96:2 54:16 106:17 109:13,16,20 116:22 129:8,10 face 15:4 19:12,22 22:8 35:9 evolution 40:9 56:10 57:4 120:3 figures 87:12,21 38:14,22 44:13 exact 57:2 70:19 79:18 faced 41:5 126:25 figuring 124:8 exactly 7:6 56:19 59:3 69:18 99:3 file 23:14 faces 23:2 118:12 129:14 facilitate 7:22 12:9 fill 34:2 example 45:8 54:7 55:8 65:21 final 23:9 facilities 22:16 78:14 86:19 120:11 finally 6:21 89:10 111:6 facility 107:5 examples 11:13 84:10 facing 22:10 41:7 125:15 fact 23:9,19 28:1 35:6,15 42:25 find 8:14 9:7 50:23 51:12 61:4 80:16 94:3 107:11 108:22 excavated 89:9 excellent 38:5 120:23 44:23 45:3 49:6,11 51:2,8 56:7 109:13,21 110:19 114:11 116:4 except 71:18 116:6 119:9 58:17 66:7,8,13 99:17,20,24 excess 18:6 finding 22:10 111:1 108:24 109:20,24 114:10 120:2 excuse 130:16 121:1 129:3 finds 49:3 execute 12:1 15:8 fine 69:16 77:20 factions 53:25 executed 11:12,17 81:10 89:21 fingertips 71:11 98:6 factor 65:20 executing 17:19 finish 88:2 factors 29:21 33:16 execution 24:7 32:19 36:21 facts 50:8,12,14 51:2 123:20 fire 58:12 127:19 firepower 99:13 faded 21:12 exercise 68:22 fires 31:15,16 32:4

first 5:23 9:4 11:6,14 12:22 31:16 36:5 41:24 44:8 46:16 57:8 64:9 67:10 69:10 71:10 80:18 81:12 108:18 109:17 113:7 115:9 117:9 118:9 126:13 fiscal 95:7 96:12,13 fits 62:25 five 96:19,20,25 110:25 112:14 five-and-a-half 96:22 fixed 34:23 fixing 14:4 **flag** §1:17 119:24,24 flexibility 18:3 flight 81:12,13 flights 65:10 floor 85:3 floors 51:22 Florida 110:22 111:12 flourish 91:3 flow 115:4 flowing 59:9 focus 30:4 32:18 33:2 34:22 36:14 117:20 focused 113:9 118:1 folks 55:4 81:4 126:9 follow 93:12 99:14 118:15 following 5:22 50:2 57:11 88:7 follows 10:10 15:15 24:9 37:3 52:2 79:24 84:16 94:8 106:23 131:5 follow-through 100:2 follow-up 97:12 food 14:5 35:14 85:16 foothall 88:21 footprint 44:21,22 45:3 49:3,4,14 56:17,20,23 57:3 68:2,5,10 70:16 force 7:8,21 8:11 9:12 28:12 31:4 32:21 33:16 34:24 40:16 41:17 41:19 42:11 46:8,13 49:10 53:22 60:17 70:5,10,14 72:7,14 72:16 77:5.18 88:24 89:24 99:14 112:6,15,18,19 119:15,16 119:19,19,25 125:19,20 126:2,4 126:19 128:16,17 129:9,11,22 forced 71:20 forceful 21:4 forces 5:6 6:3,10 7:23 10:6 11:12 11:17,24 12:15,16,17,21,23,24 12:25 13:2,8,9,15 18:7,19,22 19:13 20:16,23 21:2,5,6,10,13 21:18 24:5 25:11,13,17,18,20 25:23 27:11 28:6 30:5,16 31:13 31:14,14,17,17,19,20,22 32:3,4 32:5 33:8,11,21,21,22,24 34:2,3 34:14,16,22,25 35:22 36:2 39:18 40:3 41:2,4,25 43:10,16 44:11 45:5,6,18 47:9,24 48:1,5 49:11 54:8,16 56:21,23,25 57:2 58:8 59:4,5 64:22 66:6 68:16,17 69:1,3,21,21,23,23 70:7 71:9 72:1,3,10,16 73:21 74:2,5,9,9 74:19 75:2,4 76:22 77:8,15,17

77:24 83:8 86:10 87:20 99:9.12 100:12,20 103:15 104:3 115:11 115:15 122:8 126:22 127:25 128:14 129:24 foreign 21:21 foremost 38:11 forensic 88:25 foreseeable 14:25 48:18 49:15,16 56:17 foreshadows 11:13 forestructure 41:12 forged 50:17 113:9 forgery 50:6,18 form 9:8 36:16 123:23 formal 45:25 46:20 47:18 61:12 99:10 formally 46:7,12 47:7 formations 32:6 45:8 former 15:1 21:17 40:6 54:24 56:5 92:7 125:24 131:1 forming 21:13 30:15 56:3 formulate 9:14 forth 9:24 32:24 129:10 fortunate 17:16 Fortunately 84:5 forums 8:7 forward 15:11 27:16 28:13 33:10 34:17 35:5,10 39:12 40:5 46:21 70:2 108:14 112:20 114:1 fought 115:9 found 66:25 73:4,8 74:17 80:12 80:20,24 90:19 106:6,16 114:20 121:12,17,18 122:9 123:3 four 112:14 fourth 7:17 74:8 fraction 71:14 fractious 120:19 **fragile 36:10** frame 128:23 France 46:3,14,15 47:24 48:5,9 Franks 1:6 5:5,13,15 6:12,19 7:13 8:11 11:6 15:3,12 17:10,13,17 18:7,12,14,21 19:2,10 24:6 25:23 26:1 27:1,3,8 37:3 39:9 39:24 43:23 44:8 48:14,20,25 49:16 53:9,10 54:10 56:16 57:4 57:18 63:11 64:9 65:5,14 66:17 67:10,18 69:16 72:21 74:3 76:13 79:6,14 80:4 81:1 82:1,23 83:1 88:10,12,15 92:25 98:19 104:16 106:8 113:1 115:6 116:2 119:20,22 122:17,23 127:3,7,14 129:1.18 130:6 fratricide 32:16.17 frandulent 23:14 free 73:9 130:21 freedom 2:2,3 9:4 17:25 18:25 19:4,4 28:15,15 31:7 32:12 36:5 38:23 57:17 71:7 78:2 81:12 93:3 96:2 115:7,7 freedoms 30:21 freeing 74:15

French 12:16 58:10 93:4,11 frequently 42:3 112:13 friction 45:14 friend 28:5 from 1:3,4 5:1,4,7 7:19,25 10:5 11:1,23 12:21 13:3 17:20.24 18:7,8 19:13 20:7,10 21:7,22 22:2 23:2 25:1,11 27:18 29:6,13 31:5 32:16 36:14,21,22,23 38:16 39:25 48:1,22 49:21 50:1 50:9 51:2 54:8 55:4,25 56:6 59:16 61:5,6,6,18 62:5,5,7 63:23 64:16,23 66:1 68:13 72:11,11 73:13,21,24 74:1,16 77:22 78:8 79:19 80:21 85:15 85:15,16 86:17 87:21,23 88:10 88:16 89:7 91:13 96:11,14 97:19,19 98:22 99:3 102:8 104:23 106:11 108:18 109:23 111:12 113:23,25 114:13 115:13,23 118:14,16 122:11 126:25 128:12,14,16 front 101:2 119:9 fronts 100:25 frozen 85:15 96:11 fruits 109:11 115:10 frustration 109:22 Ft 77:21 119:23 fulfillment 9:3,20 full 5:18 7:5 27:5 38:8 68:11 90:4 111:15 fully 78:1 89:18,19,19 91:22 function 59:14 functioning 40:8 functions 35:2 60:25 70:22,23 fund 87:2 fundamentally 115:8 **funded** 97:6 funding 78:4 97:5 funds 78:5,7 85:13,14 86:16,18 86:24 95:8,9 96:10 further 82:15 130:14 future 11:13 13:25 14:25 27:11 29:1 32:19 33:2,15 35:6 38:7 48:16,18 49:15,16 54:22 56:18 61:11 62:22 82:24,25 83:5 84:11,12 97:10 102:1 105:7 106:3 116:25 119:12 125:15,17

gain 23:19 gallery 57:20 Galloway 3:17

garbage 14:6 Gary 131:2 gas 19:19 81:8 107:7 gather 60:20 gathering 124:7

gauge 44:17 gave 83:2 117:10 121:22 gendarmes 58:10

general 1:6 5:5,13,15 6:12,19

freely 20:15

7:13 8:11,20 11:6 15:2,3,12 116:1,4 118:6 120:14,16 122:10 half-dozen 129:4 17:10,12,17 18:6,12,14,21 19:2 19:10 24:6 25:2,22 26:1 27:1,3 hand 21:8 91:11 125:8,15,17 126:11 129:8 handle 45:16.18 130:16 gone 51:6 56:9 58:3 63:18 80:13 handled 15:6 27:8,25 37:3 38:1 39:9,23 43:23 80:17 81:6 120:8 130:17 handling 124:21 44:8 46:1 47:20,22 48:14,16,20 good 43:18 46:2 47:6 48:14 50:20 happen 63:1 101:13,25 114:8,10 48:25 49:16 53:9,10 54:10 51:7 61:7 65:25 84:5 92:9 happened 50:17 55:7 110:25 56:16 57:3,16,18 59:19 63:10 102:20 108:19 113:17 116:9.15 111:3 114:6.7 64:9 65:5.14 66:17 67:10.18 69:11,16 72:20 73:15 74:3 117:21 124:21 happening 53:5 happens 24:3 78:11 76:13 78:21 79:6,14 80:4 81:1 gosh 50:12 82:1,22,22,23,24 83:1 88:9,12 gotten 70:19 106:10 126:25 Happily 109:8 governance 30:19 35:8 happy 39:21 86:1 91:19 94:2 88:15 92:25 93:9 98:19,22 governing 9:9 39:2 54:20 55:12 hard 40:6 49:1 79:17 103:4 114:4 99:10 104:16 106:7 108:11,13 government 9:9 13:23 19:15 harder 13:14 108:19,20 113:1,24 115:6 116:2 hardship 58:4 31:15 35:9 36:10,16 55:21 119:20,22 121:22 122:17,22,23 123:24 124:13,17,17,25 125:8 61:10 95:9 115:2 barm 21:23 harsh 73:5 governments 29:16 127:3,7,14 129:1,18 130:6,8,13 graffiti 91:8 Hart 2:14 generally 59:5 121:23 graphic 89:23 generation 19:9 40:16 60:17 **haul** 110:17 112:1 grasp 89:19 having 6:21 8:13 12:20 34:10 gentlemen 130:7 42:19 43:12 47:5 66:19,20 geographical 29:22 grateful 15:13 114:8 George 124:4,18 gratifying 67:15 81:18,22 67:25 79:15 89:20.21 98:12 gratitude 72:23 German 12:16 102:24 104:11 108:14 111:2 grave 88:20,22 120:20 Germany 47:23 48:5,9 62:7 86:15 graves 62:9 head 8:13 102:6 110:24 103:1 great 6:1 7:12,23,24 15:5 28:3 gets 89:14 110:18 headquarters 28:11 31:9 81:14 getting 14:7 47:16 114:1 125:9 90:Ĭ1 43:14 45:14,15 57:17 63:13 74:15 77:21 78:25 80:6 **Ghraib** 102:4 heady 62:14 Giambastiani 83:9 greater 56:24 69:18 healthy 64:8 give 23:11 29:24 46:13 48:21,23 greatest 82:12 105:10 **beaped** 125:9 50:20 53:18 65:17,18 73:24 green 3:1 25:5,8 119:24 hear 5:20 25:1,3 53:9 87:19 79:23 84:3 85:21 105:8 109:21 Gregory 3:2 106:20 123:17 heard 56:6 58:7 73:9 76:20 82:8 117:9 120:5 grip 43:19 83:14 85:21 91:8,9 109:22 given 8:21 29:22 95:6,19 96:10 Grisier 3:19 ground 13:3,9 22:18 30:9 31:22 105:15 114:20,20 119:7 114:12 121:10,12 127:13 hearing 2:1 5:7,22 6:13 39:21 32:4 34:5 39:24 40:3 49:10 gives 109:17 glad 98:17 116:25 57:23 61:12 66:24 70:6 77:17 48:17 57:10,11,11 80:7 84:1 Glaze 4:8 89:11,11 115:19 123:21 124:6 88:6 104:23 106:3,11 113:24 global 24:1 27:15 30:2 35:25 96:3 124:19 129:12 117:16 119:6 121:14 131:4 group 9:14 38:19 123:24 126:6,7 globe 22:5 heartened 109:13 groups 7:3 9:25 29:12 38:12 glory 15:5 heavy 25:18,20 53:23,23 61:11 120:19 Hekhuis 3:9 go 7:3 8:21 11:15 44:4 46:14 55:6 58:9 62:23 64:20 67:16 72:15 grow 36:16 74:7 held 9:17 20:14 guard 60:25 68:8,13,16 69:5 71:6 helicopters 123:22 124:5 73:10 74:20 82:14,15 85:6 71:12,19 110:23 111:9,16 **hellhole** 109:2 88:25 93:17 102:19 105:4,25 108:21 109:2 113:21 120:20 112:10 114:2 helmet 44:5 123:6,7 124:9 128:12 129:5,6 helmets 44:7 guardia 58:11 help 13:21 14:3,12 27:11,12 59:25 130:21 **guarding** 128:17 goal 34:21 40:7 47:25 55:6,8 Guardsman 71:24 110:23 63:25 65:12 God 91:13 helped 31:10,11 73:9 Guardsmen 111:24 guess 6:20 85:23 100:13 106:19 goes 41:20 62:5 71:23 91:14 helpful 75:10 94:7 113:7 114:5 127:3 helping 19:13,15 going 5:18 12:18,19 15:8 32:18 he'Ü 4Ĭ:9 guessing 59:7 33:1 40:5 45:23 46:21 47:3 guided 115:12,15 hidden 90:19 48:15 49:8 53:22 54:18,23,24 Gulf 29:9 62:5 65:9 66:13 101:11 hide 22:15 58:23 59:6 61:4 62:6,16,17,23 115:9 123:2 **hiding 20:11 21:16** 63:1,3 69:22 70:15 74:11 75:16 high 8:2 41:4 73:5 75:1 76:6 78:1 H 76:3 77:9 81:13 82:9 84:2,8 92:6 87:1 90:3 91:12 96:15,17 97:25 highest 51:14 90:2 105:9 H 1:5 17:1 100:18,20,22 101:12,12,16,19 highly 109:8 Haig 81:12 101:20,21,24,25 103:15 104:1,9 Hakamiyah 109:1 Hill 3:21 104:10 105:1,12,14,16 109:25 Hillah 88:20 half 29:5 83:21 89:3 110:1,4,20 111:2,25 112:12,13 him 8:14,24 19:7 28:4,4 63:21

89:23,24 91:6 98:22 108:24 110:24,24 hindering 57:24 hip 61:18 109:15 hired 34:11 historians 11:9 113:4 history 5:25 6:18 7:7 8:19 11:9 82:21 103:4 116:3,7 129:20 Hitler 55:7 81:21 89:13 Hock 3:1 bold 39:14 105:9 holding 66:15 100:21 holy 89:11 home 7:23 10:7 42:13,13,14.17 57:23 58:2 63:18 67:21,24 73:10,22 74:20 76:19,20 77:24 101:16,22 103:25,25 Hon 1:3,4,5 2:14 5:1 11:1 17:1 **honor 27:4** honored 72:25 hope 5:13 6:15 12:7 13:7 45:12 63:24 83:15,19 87:8,9 91:3 93:16 106:12 108:9 110:1 113:18 114:16 118:14 121:1 126:14 hoped 126:14 hopeful 39:1 40:25 hopefully 7:22 12:6 119:15 hopes 38:17 hoping 74:5 131:2 Hormuz 29:10 **born** 28:21 29:6 borror 8:16 hospital 128:17 hospitals 19:17 35:13 host 97:6 hostilities 99:17 Houchins 4:5 hour 92:4 111:13 117:13 128:16 129:23 hours 19:25 house 49:20 82:7 90:21 Human 32:25 humanitarian 29:18 30:20 35:3 35:16 36:15 45:5 **Humvee** 111:3 hundred 29:14 88:22 hundreds 119:3,4 122:16 hunger 35:17 Hussein 8:12 9:7 11:12 20:8 23:4 25:14 56:9 61:25 65:7 74:16,20 74:24 75:1,7,22 81:14 89:13 90:5,25 91:23 110:19 114:21 Hussein's 36:12 75:8

IAEA 79:15 106:25 ID 7:12 68:5,5,16 idea 54:22 75:6 90:13 94:2 97:25 identification 32:17 identified 32:14 89:10 II 3:17 103:1

image 62:25 imagination 82:3 imagine 110:12 imbalances 29:20 immediate 18:10 immediately 75:19 88:2 126:19 impact 19:3 41:12 68:3 impeccable 8:19 impeding 75:23 imperfect 121:14 importance 8:4 14:17 29:22 69:12,14 91:22 117:15 124:5,7 important 5:7 18:15 19:9 25:2,3 **27:16 41:25 66:12 73:11 74:25** 75:9 78:8 92:3 104:7,8 110:2 115:17 118:2 125:12,17 128:10 130:23 impossible 128:12 impressed 7:1 impression 20:14 82:14 84:13 97:16 111:14 124:20 impressions 73:3 impressive 91:19 improve 18:9,11 30:17 31:10,11 33:4 35:4 101:14 121:3 improved 32:23 improvement 101:17 improving 39:10 inaccurate 50:13 51:9 122:7 inadequate 14:7 incident 113:22 incidents 20:18,25 inclined 45:7 include 30:15 46:18 54:24 60:11 76:25 86:13,16,18 included 17:7 49:22 includes 29:15 55:3 129:4 including 12:23 22:17 29:8 48:1 65:9 77:16,17 92:14 inclusion 39:20 **income** 58:2 incomes 29:13 incorrect 69:20 increase 13:3,5 40:25 69:4,9 70:5 71:3.9 increased 53:19 54:2 72:1,2,7 115:11 increasing 12:25 increasingly 114:12 incurring 65:13 indeed 5:16,21 6:14 7:2 8:15 20:24 33:7 47:5,11 74:15 110:11 111:11 115:9 117:24 independence 27:13 India 34:4 Indian 12:16 29:8 indicate 47:4 indicated 13:22 40:13 43:4 47:4 48:15 59:21 68:2 74:4 86:17

indigenous 64:5 indispensable 11:18 individual 38:12 40:11 46:11,23 individuals 9:15 41:18 56:6 71:13 71:15 inevitably 11:19 Infantry 42:16,20 68:14 77:13 infer 33:6 infiltration 54:11 infinitesimal 79:21 influence 33:16 54:14.18 influences 54:6 information 14:8 32:22 38:15 50:18 51:1 52:2 73:16 79:24 84:16 93:15 94:8 106:20 115:5 117:18 118:20 131:5 informed 43:22 101:22 infrastructure 9:18 30:18 33:21 62:2 64:21 Inhofe 2:16 3:15 80:2,3 83:12 inhumanity 89:12 initial 30:3 38:18 64:13 99:21 127:20,21 initially 9:9 34:22 83:2 initials 109:3 initiate 93:17 initiative 101:23 initiatives 100:17 102:13 innocent 22:24 innovative 18:1 innumerable 11:21 inquiry 11:19 insert 10:11 15:16 52:3 66:17 79:25 84:17 94:9 131:6 inserted 25:20 **inside** 31:3 33:16 49:3 54:14,18 107:21 insight 83:3 insofar 114:25 inspection 10:5 inspectors 22:18 23:21 instability 21:25 installation 126:20 installed 18:7 instance 46:11 51:8 92:19 instead 46:5 institution 46:23 institutional 46:24 institutions 12:14 61:17 instructed 47:16 instruments 90:19 integrally 98:23 integration 31:6,14,16,19,21 33:24 intel 50:24 intelligence 7:24,25 8:3,4,5,8 31:12 32:25 50:11,15,22 51:4,7 51:10,13,17,18 54:15,15 57:12 88:18,19 106:24 113:9,16,21,25 114:12,17,23 115:3 117:16,17 118:11 121:5 124:2.3.7 125:4 intend 42:6 56:10 74:7 104:9

95:23 106:23 112:6 121:20

130:8

indicates 25:5

indications 113:25

intended 106:13 intends 43:5 65:3 97:5 intense 25:7 intention 57:8 intentional 130:4 interaction 107:17 intercept 65:16 interest 7:24 35:10 interested 53:3 56:2,3 77:3 113:7 interesting 18:3 interests 28:25 interim 9:8 38:18 55:13 Interior 92:7 international 12:11 13:18 23:6,16 23:24 35:23 48:1 69:21 79:1 internationalization 13:7 57:25 internationalize 12:6 internationalizing 60:4 interoperability 31:10 interpret 25:2 interrogations 124:8 interrupt 63:8 interviewed 14:1 invest 101:4 invested 115:16 investment 115:10,13 investments 62:3 involve 29:2 78:16 126:19 involved 47:5,7 61:15 74:24 88:24 98:23 involvement 105:7 106:19 involving 107:4 in-country 93:10 in-kind 65:22 Iran 54:7,13 106:16,17,23 107:18 108:5 114:14 Iranian 54:15 107:11 114:13 Iranians 107:20 Iraq 6:13,22 8:16 11:11,25 12:12 12:18,22 13:1,11,17,24 14:1,7 14:14,20 19:7 20:13,17 21:6,18 21:22 22:1,3,7,20 24:6 25:5 27:10 30:6,9 31:3 32:2 33:3,5,9 33:16 34:1,6 35:1,5,16 36:3,12 41:13 42:7,17 44:21,22 45:3,25 46:8,19 47:9,24 48:5,18 49:3 50:9,16 54:14,18 56:2,7,11 57:23 58:5 60:3 61:10.11.22.24 62:3,6 63:24 64:8 65:12 66:2,25 67:4,17 68:2,4,9 69:2,18 72:18 73:1 74:18 75:15,24 76:19,22 77:22 78:13 79:2 82:11,20 83:2 83:22 85:11 86:11,12 87:5,21 88:16 90:23 91:3 92:22 93:8,22 95:4,9,13,14 96:17,20,24,24 97:1 98:21 99:8,11 105:1,7,22 107:21 108:18 112:1 113:3,23 116:16 119:9,10,14 121:2,8,10 123:21 126:6,9,25 130:10 Iraqi 2:3 6:25 9:4 13:21 17:25 19:4,14,19 20:7,21 22:14 28:14 30:17 33:20,23 34:11,16,17 35:4,8,8,9 36:16 38:22,22 40:5

44:2,4,10,13 49:25 54:20 57:1 57:17 58:6 62:11,16,18,21 64:4 64:5,6,11,14,14 65:1 71:7 73:10 74:7,16,22 75:12 78:2,25 85:15 85:15,16 90:14,24 91:2,24 99:11 100:7 103:8 115:7,23 123:24 Iraqis 9:10,15,23 10:1 14:1,8,10 14:11 19:12,15,23 20:5 27:11 30:18,21 38:18 39:7,14 40:7 55:4,15 61:15 64:21 74:13 89:4 89:15,18 90:4 91:8 120:18 123:5 127:16 Iraq's 22:11,21 49:20 61:24 107:22 121:21 Irwin 3:20 119:23 Islamic 54:24 isolate 84:12 128:21 isolated 20:18 issue 6:16 8:4 41:7 45:23 47:18.19 49:17 72:10 77:3 105:16 111:9 111:20.20 125:13 issued 46:20 48:8 issues 61:20 130:23 Italian 58:10 90:12 Italy 58:17 items 35:10 it'**d** 94:7 it'D 117:2 IV 3:20

J 3:6.22 jail 127:14 **James 3:15,18,19 January 42:22 49:23 95:10** Japan 103:2 Jarret 3:24 Jayson 3:16 **Jeremy 3:8 Jerry** 30:23 35:21 **jets** 66:8 Jihadist 53:14 job 9:1 14:7 42:2 43:2 66:1,25,25 77:6 88:25 89:1 90:23 91:14 116:15 120:23 124:21 jobs 70:20 John 1:3 2:14 3:15 5:1 27:25 Johnny-on-the-spot 129:13 join 12:22 37:1 38:1 72:23 114:23 124:23 joined 5:11 109:15 joining 7:18 **72**:21 joint 7:7 18:7 19:6 31:4,6 34:8,15 42:23 69:24 77:6 78:10 82:20 83:3,8 jointness 7:7 31:8 32:9 82:8,8,9,9 82:13,15 83:7,10 Jones 4:6 47:22

judge 11:10 judgment 39:15 41:14 55:16 124:13 125:2 130:11 judgments 78:13 Judith 2:20 July 2:7 38:17 42:17 102:25 iunior 7:2 just 5:5 6:5 9:17 13:20 15:5 17:19 21:14 22:8 23:24 30:3 31:3 40:22 41:24 42:2 45:23 46:10 48;21 50:2,6,13 51:11 56:18 59:15,18 62:7,25 65:5 66:16 73:14,23 75:15 77:22,23 79:7 82:1 84:9 91:4,24 92:2,25 93:19 97:10 99:19 102:11 103:21 105:8 106:15 108:18 109:14 110:6,12 111:5 112:15 113:22 114:12 118:24 121:1 122:17,22 123:6 126:7 127:1 130:19 justice 28:19 30:12 61:16 88:24 91:7,23 justifiably 31:1 justify 44:20 65:24

K 2:22 4:3 Kansas 68:14 88:10 Kay 8:18 124:12,14,23 125:3 Kazakhstan 23:17 29:7 36:22 Keating 82:22 keep 23:23 39:21 83:15 112:14 118:7.8 125:9 keeping 43:22 65:9 Kennedy 2:18 3:23,24,25 57:14 57:15 58:19,22 59:2,12 60:7,9 60:12,20,24 61:9 63:2 66:18 Kenneth 2:22 3:7 Kent 3:11 kept 42:3 Kessel 90:10,12 91:13 Kessler 4:2 key 29:9 kidding 15:5 kids 81:9,25 89:8 Kiley 3:2 kill 74:25 76:2 80:23 89:23,24 killed 21:11 22:25 62:9 75:9,13 91:6 killings 39:14 kilometer 107:21 kilometers 107:21 kind 48:23,23 60:25 64:9 100:18 100:19 kinds 32:7 59:4 62:2 77:8,8 78:17 111:25 112:12,19 119:13 King 4:2 Kingdom 33:25 Kirkuk 6:6 9:22 126:7 knew 7:6 50:3,4,5 51:18 121:21

know 5:11 6:2 8:4,24 14:15,24

15:4,7,13 27:25 39:4 40:18

journey 36:7

joy 91:1

Jr 3:6,18

41:15 42:8 45:11 46:21,21,22 least 29:11 54:21 80:9 89:21 47:1,14,15,19,19 48:7 49:19 92:19 99:7 50:3 51:20 53:11 54:10 58:4 leave 18:14 75:6 59:19,25 60:6 61:3 63:16 64:18 leaves 99:20 65:10 67:12,13 69:1 70:18 leaving 19:2 73:14,15 75:21,21 80:24 81:2,3 led 11:10 18:22 19:6 24:5 63:13 81:19 83:16,23 84:4 85:14,25 Leed 3:9 86:1,3 87:15 89:16,24 92:17 legacies 18:22 legacy 115:18,24 116:4,8,9,24 93:1,2 94:4 96:3 97:4,8,10,18 102:16 104:5 105:25 106:18 legitimacy 12:11 107:9 114:8 118:17.17.22 Lejeune 77:21 121:24 122:4,20 123:1,3,20 length 109:14 124:8 125:7 Leone 43:17 knowing 7:5 69:12 121:24 122:4 less 11:20 22:13 51:5 102:25 knowledge 50:14 51:5 59:16 107:6 97:21 118:23 lessen 9:2 known 22:17 113:14 **lesson** 130:5 lessons 2:1 11:19 18:5,11,14,18 knows 28:2 29:5 44:17 104:5 Korea 68:16 70:15 107:18 31:2 32:13 84:1.9 99:6 113:6.18 Korean 106:19 107:15 114:15 115:6,22 119:8 130:3 Korologos 6:7 90:22 let 11:6 15:7 19:24 20:13 21:20 Kosovo 46:9 68:14 70:12 27:18 35:25 41:24 67:10 71:5 Kurdish 54:25 55:24 56:6 72:21 80:4 83:12 93:19 97:11 Kurds 56:1 118:9 127:14 129:20 Kuwait 42:16 62:5 65:21 68:9 lethal 31:15 lethality 99:13 81:12 letting 79:1 let's 100:10 level 7:10,10,11 8:6 25:8 43:23,24 L 2:25 3:3.8.23 44:15 45:9,11,17 48:14 49:3 lack 32:16 57:23 108:6 126:23 laid 9:1 51:14 61:14 64:25 66:21,22 83:7,10 90:2 124:2 lane 116:20 levels 7:17 8:6 31:5 32:23 45:19 large 12:18 14:25 15:9 20:17 49:10 66:21 70:6 72:7 78:1 35:19 42:10 47:25 48:2,18 55:3 leverage 31:22 82:25 61:7 69:23 71:11 82:19 97:14 105:3 122:21 123:22 Levin 1:4 2:18 6:24 10:9 11:1.2.6 largest 28:11 15:4,15 16:1 27:4 33:17 39:19 40:13 45:21,22 47:7,13,23 48:4 laser-guided 17:21 last 9:5 12:20 22:6 27:8 28:21 48:9,12,14,21 49:13,17 51:12 79:6.7.7 90:24 93:23 96:15 53:1 56:16 67:17 80:7 92:14 93:9,13,20 94:1,6 113:16 101:2 108:18 120:2,3,6 121:10 121:11 123:13 114:24 118:15 124:23 Levin's 58:7 113:8,13 118:9 lastly 8:24 43:23 liberated 18:22,23 22:1 63:22,24 late 74:6 liberating 119:19 126:2 later 47:5 50:25 83:2 111:13 latter 44:8 59:6 66:25 liberation 36:3 82:4 110:18 **Liberia** 6:15,16 41:6 43:3,6,7 Laughter 86:4 104:20 law 19:17 126:21 liberty 90:4 leader 28:2 lie 23:21 leaders 19:10 21:6 30:7,12 43:4 Lieberman 4:1

54:25

Leah 3:11

leadership 6:10 7:1 17:13 18:11 63:12 76:12 91:24 92:1 104:18

leading 30:2 34:1 105:18 126:16

learned 2:1 11:19 18:5 31:2 64:19

83:25 84:2,10 89:21 113:6,19

114:15,16 119:9 130:3

110:10 113:3,20

leads 97:12 100:1

learn 38:6 130:5

104:22 105:11,25 106:7 109:24

96:16,24 101:8 106:15,18,20 108:17 115:18,24 117:1 119:6 119:14 121:20 123:13,17 130:18,25 likely 87:11 101:1 110:11 113:3 120:15 122:15 likes 80:15 limb 5:24 line 97:12 lined 81:9 lines 19:19 list 48:9 70:19 92:6 94:6 114:17 listed 18:15 liters 80:22,23 little 29:13 62:14 81:16 96:19 106:20 117:2 live 19:3 51:5 lives 39:9 43:1 61:19 69:13.14 91:10 111:17.18,18 living 100:18 loaded 129:12 local 9:23 30:19 **located** 34:18 locating 90:16 locations 43:7 122:15 logical 23:22 long 8:19 12:18 36:11 42:3 50:18 67:19 75:5,25 102:8 104:6 105:13,16 109:25 110:1,17 111:25 113:2 119:16 120:24 127:20 129:7,8,10 longer 19:25 66:8,8 74:13 75:6 110:11 112:13 130:17 look 6:18 15:11 27:16 49:5 78:12 84:11 102:1 115:14,17 116:3 121:2 123:6.7 124:6 126:16 129:6 looked 117:19 126:3 looking 21:22 53:21 74:6 84:8 97:17 108:14 116:20,21 123:4 124:11,16,16 127:20 looks 20:17 71:1 74:11 looting 78:24 126:8 127:7,8,15 lose 13:11 23:20 losing 116:22,23 loss 5:23,23 58:2 losses 38:15 lot 18:8 36:8 40:21 46:4 63:16 71:19 77:23 82:5 110:5,5,18,19 111:12 128:13 lots 48:1 67:18 love 118:14 127:5 low 117:11 loyalists 13:14 20:15 Lynn 3:4 M

M 3:7 MacKenzie 3:3 made 6:7 7:19 11:3 22:6 30:25 41:16 46:9 47:14 48:6 50:10,23 58:13,18 59:4,11 60:5,15 61:2,4

Alderson Reporting Company 1111 14th St., NW 4th Floor Washington, DC 20005

like 7:16 17:8 24:2 28:5 40:24,24

41:23 42:8.19 47:2 48:7.8 49:5

50:21 53:9 55:11 59:22 60:16

62:3,6 64:25 65:21 71:15 73:1

74:6.11 80:24 82:5.13 84:10

85:7 86:3 87:12,15,19 90:9

life 5:23 11:7 35:4,7 55:6 67:2

109:9

lifted 23:13

lighter 25:7

light's 63:7

lightning 36:3

light 22:23 53:4 68:7

military 6:12,14,17 7:25 11:10,13 62:13 63:20 66:18 80:6 89:16 maturing 31:4 may 7:5 19:2,25 43:11 44:17,25 11:14 12:2 15:1,9 29:20,21 89:17 92:15,20 93:21 97:20 30:10,11 35:3 36:2,14 39:10 100:9 102:10,11 111:10 113:16 45:17 49:11 54:9 92:23 94:4,5 121:7 124:13 41:3,14 45:3,16 60:4 67:22,22 95:2 102:24 108:8 110:11 114:18 116:24 121:20 126:13 magnificent 90:22 67:23 85:10 86:10 87:2,20 126:17,24,24,25 127:1 98:20 99:7 100:10,17,20,21 magnitude 64:12 100:16 101:23 104:25 113:4,20 115:8,9,11,14 mail 69:15 maybe 50:4 84:14 110:7 116:13 main 13:10 108:23 121:4 115:25 125:17.25 126:21,22 118:11 119:20 125:20 mayors 9:23,24 128:5 Maine 73:13 military-to-military 34:7 ma⁷am 116:2,4 117:4 maintain 14:25 41:2 McCain 2:16 3:15 104:15,16,21 million 29:4 58:8 60:1,8,10 65:22 maintaining 15:9 80:23 95:20,22 96:6,12,21 major 7:9 22:13 29:11,12 33:24 106:15 107:8,11,15,25 108:8,12 120:17 44:18,23 45:1,7 57:21 60:2 114:13 millions 30:21 69:17 101:20 102:18,24 McKiernan 82:22 million-a-month 117:11 majority 2:24 106:4,6 114:19 mean 48:22 57:12 63:8 64:15 122:21 83:6 101:4 103:2 121:17 mind 38:11 41:17 means 13:22,25 130:10 mindful 5:23 41:2 make 5:18 17:8 27:12 41:8,9 measure 69:23 82:19 minds 83:16 99:19 55:16 56:15 59:1 60:24 65:25 69:6,25 70:9,24 72:14 74:10 media 49:18 61:16 80:19 91:17 mine 111:2 125:10 76:19 77:8.10 91:4 92:21 93:23 media-driven 80:14 minimum 36:4 97:22 100:18 103:17 115:2 medical 30:19 35:13 Minister 90:12 92:8 113:12 meet 5:14 7:15 33:15 67:17 69:9 ministries 9:11 39:8 117:6 120:13,14 129:1,19 maker 50:8 87:3 Ministry 64:24 meeting 99:11 makers 51:22 minor 83:25 makes 30:3 117:4 minority 3:5 13:13 meetings 60:17 114:25 minute 44:10 45:23 53:13 66:18 makeup 54:23 meets 5:3 making 13:25 36:11 51:22 78:6 120:2 123:1 128:13 Mello 40:12 man 7:5 8:18 17:10 89:13 91:5 member 2:25 3:1,2,3,3,4,7,7,8,9 minutes 87:25 92:4 118:6 130:19 3:10 12:9 33:8 36:18 46:6 77:2 missed 79:7 115:21 124:12 manage 41:25 64:25 70:23 112:6 88:17 98:7 missiles 121:9,15 Management 97:17 members 2:20,24 3:5,13 5:12 missing 79:4,12 Manager 2:22 14:16 17:3 27:19 32:25 35:15 mission 7:4 8:12 9:3 36:21 68:12 maneuver 25:18 31:14 32:5 39:3 54:20 65:21 66:23 83:18 68:23 73:9 90:1 121:2 129:2 90:18 92:14 98:13 missions 7:6 12:1 15:8 68:23 maneuvers 7:9 manner 8:9 memory 64:13 80:21 mix 33:16 71:18 73:20 men 6:3,9 11:16,24 22:24 27:21 many 14:6 18:20 21:11,22 25:14 mixture 39:6 34:1 43:15 47:2 48:22 49:18 36:20 42:25 57:22 66:9 67:3 mobile 22:16 58:22 61:15 66:19 69:25,25 70:20,21 73:11,16 96:23,24 modern 17:22 moment 20:23 28:23 34:4 56:20 71:24 73:2 77:21 83:18 84:9,9 111:24 116:14 84:10 96:24 103:8 105:14 mentality 82:10 70:9 71:3 74:6 117:19 122:16 mention 32:13 momentum 32:6 man's 89:12 mentioned 18:4 22:11 30:13 31:2 monarchies 29:16 Monday 17:11 map 20:18 25:3,4 53:12 122:13 38:19 44:10 66:5 74:12 76:20 March 102:23 121:20 80:8 93:5 110:6 116:5 120:1 money 87:13 96:25 116:23 Maren 3:9 123:1,8 127:11 monies 95:4 Mareno 3:12 monstrous 81:5 mentioning 129:12 Marine 42:12 72:13 119:24 131:2 month 59:8 70:3 85:22 86:10 mere 13:5 marines 7:8 70:6 77:17,20 120:9 87:20 95:12,21 96:8,19,20 merely 111:20 maritime 29:9 65:15 message 27:18,20 129:24 Mark 4:5 messiness 45:15 monthly 85:10 87:5 95:5 mass 8:17,17,22 22:11,22 23:7 met 2:13 9:22 28:21 93:10 124:23 months 17:24 19:23 30:22 42:19 42:22 43:15 47:5 50:10,25 28:18 49:17 62:9 80:8,12 106:5 Michael 109:4 108:21 121:6,21 122:9 123:16 60:14 64:13 73:13,14 96:1 MICHIGAN 1:4 11:1 124:6 Mieke 3:23 102:25 120:15,15,16 massive 35:17 88:20 89:1 morale 73:5 111:7 might 41:12 46:14 49:1 50:6 54:4 Masul 54:1 57:2 71:2 74:10 78:15 82:12 more 13:8 18:1,8 19:18,19,19 match 33:11,12 86:13,16,17 90:13 93:17 98:11 32:20 35:24 45:7 49:6,7 53:5,6 material 78:23 109:20 111:6 117:13 124:8 53:10,11,13,16,16,17,20 56:2,2 materials 22:15 79:9 Mike 82:23 59:25 64:6 67:14 72:16 73:22 math 65:17 79:18.23 MilCon 84:8.11 77:25 80:24 81:19 94:7 99:21 matter 7:24 17:24 78:25 91:18 miles 29:4 102:1.10 106:20 108:9 109:7 99:24 109:16 116:23 119:13 120:18 122:15 milestones 14:23 matters 10:2 militarily 102:14 126:21 129:23,23,23,24

morning 5:3,12,17 6:13 7:16 20:1 23:15,20 28:6,10 34:2,7 36:4 41:10 43:25 46:17 47:20 69:11 40:2.10 41:5 43:9 54:17 62:6 93:6 96:17 123:4 74:13 102:4 107:8,14 nation-building 12:7 62:13 morning's 111:4 NATO 12:8,14,16 13:15 39:20 Moseley 82:22 40:10,14,14,15,17 45:23,24,25 mosque 14:9 most 11:15 13:11 17:21 18:3,15 46:2,7,10,10,12,12,18,19,22,23 46:23,24 47:1,5,7,7,11,13,17,19 18:18 19:22 20:6,19 25:6,12 31:18 38:15 41:6 42:10 77:9 58:8,8,14 59:16,18,19,23 60:3,5 81:8 82:20 92:6 109:24 111:11 60:24 61:2,6,6,7,7 70:13 92:16 117:17 93:13,21 mostly 42:15 62:14 **NATO's** 92:16 **Mosul 34:18** Navy 7:8 42:11 72:13 77:17 mound 89:2 near 34:18 54:22 88:20 99:12 101:25 Mountain 68:12 mouths 127:17 nearly 123:8 move 22:15 28:13 33:10 35:5,10 near-term 33:24 38:9,23 39:12 103:16 106:15 necessarily 100:14 110:15 111:19 necessary 13:20 49:7 66:8 75:5 120:16 123:22 129:16 moved 25:11 83:24 115:21 129:15 need 5:10 8:22 12:4 14:24 25:16 movement 34:23 32:24 35:2 39:16 41:2,23 42:2,5 moving 14:5 34:17 107:20 MSS 109:3 49:10 64:6 69:7 70:5 71:8,21,22 71:23 73:14 77:6,23 90:3 91:6 much 5:15 15:11 22:1 27:3,8,22 30:20 32:20 36:17 40:24 45:6 98:12 99:18 103:9,13,14.15 45:21 57:13 59:22 63:8 64:14 105:7 106:9,9 107:6 116:4 67:9,14 74:18 76:9,11 78:3,9,9 117:19 119:12,16,17 125:18 80:1,3 82:14 83:12,13 86:10 129:10 87:16,23 89:25 96:19,20,25 needed 12:19 14:6 112:12 97:25 98:9 103:12,13 105:12,12 Needless 22:18 needs 30:25 32:22 41:8 49:4 112:25 117:5 130:7,25 multinational 69:1 **78:17 87:3 127:25** multiple 41:19,23 negative 110:15 122:24 123:10 multi-agency 124:15 munitions 32:9 115:12,15 116:18 neighborhood 70:20 95:11,20 106:21 murder 22:22 neighborhoods 14:5 museum 128:18 neighboring 54:8 89:7 must 11:15,22 12:3 14:9,21 19:21 neighbors 75:15 101:10 35:6 36:6 45:16 50:22 51:6 Nelson 2:18,18 4:4,4 108:13 81:19 87:3 89:23,24 123:8 125:6,7 127:13 128:8,20 129:14 myself 10:4 53:11 130:16 130:2.7 mystery 8:22 12:13 40:13 nerve 81:7 M1 115:18,24 network 91:18 networking 31:12 53:22 M1A2 116:5 networks 22:4 23:2 27:14 28:19 N never 15:6 20:4 44:17 66:14 80:10,15 102:7,7 119:2 125:8 N 1:1,1 nevertheless 7:10 8:3 74:17 name 91:14 **named** 54:17 124:12 new 22:21,23 27:11 30:16 31:5 33:23 34:17 36:10,10 51:1 names 55:2 56:10 60:19 102:3 109:13,16 narrow 128:23 nation 5:25 11:7 13:18 14:3,20,23 114:11.14 newly 106:16 107:11 36:11,23 41:5 45:13,19 62:16 62:17 63:17,25 64:6 67:11 news 92:9 108:10 121:7,20 newspaper 111:4 104:18 113:5 national 10:2 12:1 15:9 29:12,23 newspapers 107:12 next 17:10 18:9 19:8,9 34:20 39:1 54:25 64:11 68:8,13,15,15 69:5 71:6,24 90:25 110:22 111:9,16 54:5 55:22 57:12 59:8 78:19 90:9 97:3 116:11,11,11 117:2 111:23 119:22

nine 6:4 34:21 nineties 115:16 **Nobody 104:5** non 7:2 100:9,16 tione 66:25 94:1 121:18 nongovernmental 35:23 non-coalition 74:5 non-commissioned 7:1 **bon-Iraq** 96:2 non-lethal 31:16 non-military 102:12 non-trivial 71:14 non-U.S 12:25 ncon 111:13 **noose** 92:8 Norfolk 83:9 normal 68:19 north 20:21 21:12 25:14,20,23 29:7 55:24 56:2 92:20 106:19 107:15.18 121:24 122:11 128:15 northern 29:8 31:7 65:10,15,18 83:22 notably 41:6 noted 109:8 notes 18:9 **nothing 23:19 62:9 65:24 80:14** 128:9notice 2:13 notion 31:18 80:11 83:7 nuclear 24:2 78:25 106:17,25 107:4.5.12 108:5 114:14 number 12:18,20,21,25 13:2,4 20:25 21:25 25:7 31:4 32:14 34:14 39:3 42:8 48:2,18 49:9 54:12 57:2 61:7 65:18 69:4 70:10 71:10.12 86:22 92:5.6 95:7,25 96:1,4,16 100:12 103:17 107:12 116:6 117:10,13 121:6,7 125:25,25 127:10,11 numbers 13:1 42:10 47:25 56:23 71:19 75:13 78:14 96:9,22 121:9 123:22 128:5,5 129:9

objective 24:1 objectives 9:1 14:24 28:14 31:13 obligation 23:6 obligations 112:7 observations 91:4 observed 108:18 109:5 obstruct 23:21 obtain 113:23 obvious 35:5 80:11 125:15

O 1:1 3:21

objection 11:5 17:6 27:7

obviously 46:3 70:8 73:22 90:17 100:15 101:18 107:21 114:8 125:19 126:19 occasion 17:12 83:20 occasions 6:24 49:9 54:12 114:9 occupation 13:17

119:8 127:1 128:1 130:20

night 7:4 10:6 49:24 108:18

Niger 113:10

110:23

mationalism 91:2

nations 6:1 7:18 12:8,9,14 18:23

nationally 9:17

occupied 99:4 occupying 119:15,16,19 126:4 occurred 25:12 63:16,17 occurrence 129:17 occurring 99:22 Ocean 29:9 October 59:7.9 off 19:23 20:3,5 81:16 82:2 107:7 110:25 offensive 21:1 30:11 32:6 33:8 53:17 offer 66:6 114:6 124:9.9 offered 34:2 130:13 office 2:14 9:23 78:22 97:17 118:12 officer 7:4.4 officers 7:2,2,3 93:11 officials 113:12 126:6 often 99:21 Oh 56:5 oil 23:12 74:23 85:16 101:8 Okay 95:17 Oklahoma 88:10 old 17:22 62:7 81:9 OMB 97:9.23 once 10:5 22:9 one 6:19 7:4,13 9:9 15:2 18:3,21 20:17 22:10 25:18 36:19 38:10 39:10 43:7 44:6,16 45:12 47:3 49:3 50:3,5 55:6,7 56:20 60:18 62:5 64:3 66:17,21,21 67:20 73:12 81:6,8 82:10,13 83:25 84:9 88:20 89:9,10 91:5,15 92:3 92:4,19 94:4,4,7 101:1 102:16 107:19 108:23 110:22 112:8 118:9 119:21 121:5 122:23 123:13 128:13,16 129:5,22,23 129:23,23,23 130:1,20 ones 13:12 103:25 ongoing 2:4 27:11 30:10 36:1 65:16 85:10 123:11 online 19:18 64:11,22 only 6:13 7:21 8:14 13:4 30:22 36:5 44:5 83:1 96:25 109:1 111:15 113:1 114:24 118:6 125:11,20 open 5:23 8:7 32:7 47:3 57:11 83:16,19 84:6 130:22 opening 5:1,19 18:4 operate 32:23 operating 8:14 20:15 53:25 90:10 operation 2:2,3 17:25 19:4,4 28:14,15 32:12 41:6 57:17,21 65:11,14,15 69:17 71:7 82:20 93:3,8 96:2 115:7,7 129:2,7 130:11 operational 31:13 32:4 44:12 45:15 49:4 53:24 61:13 64:24 66:1,7 operations 2:4 6:22 7:7,13 11:25 12:22 20:24 21:1 22:13 30:10 31:4,6,10,14,23 33:6,7 34:5,20 35:4 36:17 44:23 45:1,7,8 65:16

66:7 77:25 85:11 93:7 102:18 120:8,12 126:20 127:22 130:10 operators 32:2 opinion 110:3 116:21 opportunities 28:17 29:24 62:2 opportunity 5:13 21:23 23:9 73:2 90:13 opposed 46:3,4 opposing 99:9 **OPTEMPO** 41:3 optimistic 99:1,2 109:17 options 41:10.11 orange 122:12 order 22:7 28:21 32:3 33:14 34:21 35:5 64:12 126:21 129:11 orderly 21:4 orders 24:7 44:24 45:2 organization 47:8 53:8 organize 18:20 organized 53:5,7 102:12 112:16 other 5:25 7:18,20,21 9:8 12:1,21 12:24 13:3 14:6 15:8 20:19 30:13,20 31:15 35:18 36:9 39:5 41:5,13,13 43:14 49:13 50:14 59:24 61:9,17 66:22 68:17,24 73:21,24 74:1 77:15 78:10 83:20 86:17 91:11,18 92:23 93:16,24 96:10,14,16 97:19 101:2 103:16 104:8 105:12,16 106:11 107:15,19 113:12 115:1 118:21 120:7 126:12,16 127:15 others 6:7 8:15 20:11 21:11 59:13 63:12 80:10 92:14 97:9 114:24 115:25 116:6 121:8 ought 51:9 75:7 85:25 110:9,16 111:10 112:11 ourselves 33:14 64:17 114:11 116:7 119:9,18 out 5:19 8:12,21 9:5 12:14 13:5 13:20 20:2,21 21:2,20 27:13 30:12 36:13 38:9 40:14.14.22 41:8,12 42:7,17 48:2 51:12 53:20 55:20 59:21 60:13 61:4 63:19 70:13 71:2 72:17 74:11 75:25 76:13,17 80:10,24 81:24 81:25 82:1,10 84:6 90:10 92:18 94:3 95:3,17 97:6 101:2 108:22 109:21 110:12 113:10 116:20 116:22.22 118:18 123:1.13 124:8 127:4.14 129:8.10 outbreak 35:17 outside 54:6 109:6 126:12 outstanding 72:22 104:18,22 outwit 23:24 Oval 118:12 ovens 109:11 over 10:1 13:22 14:25 21:8 28:9 33:9 34:20 40:19 43:11 47:1 57:22 58:15 60:1,13,13 65:8 66:2 71:24,25 73:8,9 75:19,20 77:16 81:11 88:16 89:4 90:23 92:5 93:23 96:19 99:17,24 102:16,17 103:13,24 107:1,18

110:17 112:16 116:17 120:2,3 120:18 122:13 128:1,11 overcapitalizing 116:24 overlooked 89:3 overseas 41:22 overstate 35:12 overuse 29:18 overwhelming 99:14 105:23 106:4,6 overwhelmingly 63:21 owes 72:22 own 9:10 13:24 44:5,7 59:1 62:16 63:25 75:14 82:10,19 89:22 99:19 107:24 126:22

P 3:18 pace 35:6 47:20,20 55:16 65:3 packed 90:21 **PAGE** 1:2 paid 6:1 65:21 86:14 painful 81:8 paint 51:9 Pakistan 29:6 34:4 36:22 palace 90:11 Palms 119:23 palpable 15:5 89:15 pamphlets 91:9 panel 83:18 paper 61:17 119:4 parallel 100:19 102:13 125:4 **pardon** 64:10 parents 81:24 part 6:17 11:4 12:5 20:6 27:15 35:19 42:10 44:14 51:4 60:3 72:25 73:21 74:1 75:12 79:6.8 89:15 105:20,23 108:14 113:18 124:24 127:2 128:1 130:4 participate 5:21 104:8 107:3 108:5 participating 56:7 93:11 participation 92:16 particular 31:18 56:3 113:7,9 particularly 21:11 29:21 67:21 68:3 70:6 72:12 115:1 partner 34:1 partners 6:22 34:5 36:2,6 partnership 6:20 90:4 parts 9:9 20:19 81:15 102:9,10 126:9 party 92:7,7 passed 21:7 40:11 72:3 passing 19:17 past 23:25 28:9 30:1 31:20 33:14 77:24 82:18 112:16 116:17 117:3 patches 13:15 path 19:14 62:22 patience 103:10,12,13 104:10 patrolling 34:15 65:9 patrols 44:4 53:17

pattern 51:10 82:18,24 100:21 posed 86:21 physically 124:15 **Paul** 92:18 poses 92:2 pick 54:8 peace 45:13 66:14 126:18 position 44:11 102:16 picked 60:9 picture 81:17 positioning 64:22 peacekeeping 126:20 Pearson 2:21 positive 10:5 pictures 105:17 pending 34:6 possession 121:8 piece 51:13 90:24 122:24 Pendred 2:22 possibility 40:17 piecemeal 61:19 possible 6:14 9:25 13:23 45:24 Peninsula 29:6 pieces 119:4 Pierce 4:4 46:18 114:25 128:10 Pennsylvania 68:15 people 9:4 13:16,21,23 15:7 18:6 pit 89:3,5 possibly 51:21 60:21 18:23,25 19:6,14 27:12 28:18 place 9:19 24:4 27:9 38:18 40:17 post 92:21 127:19 131:1 29:5 33:20 35:4,8 36:16,24 39:9 44:1 46:18 60:18,18,19 64:20 posts 107:20 39:22,22 42:1 43:8 45:4 58:4,6 69:2,19 70:12,16 78:12 82:20 post-conflict 12:3 44:16 61:11,14 62:1,9,11,16,21 63:24 85:15 102:25 103:2 130:12 post-major 127:21 64:8 66:22 70:3,24 73:10 74:16 places 120:7 post-war 45:25 105:22 119:9 placing 35:9 53:17 75:12,13,14,18 79:16 80:16,23 125:23 81:22 86:14 89:6.22 90:16 96:1 Pot 89:13 **plainly** 6**3:1**9 plan 17:19,25 34:18 42:18,24 99:18 101:3,5,25 103:6,8,12,24 potential 36:8 114:14 104:24 105:9,20,24 106:2,4 power 17:24 19:16,18,25 20:10 44:15 45:6 57:24 60:3 61:12,16 110:18 112:12,14,18,18,21 69:12 76:22,24 77:2 105:11,22 21:7 22:2 29:20 74:21 75:25 114:18 116:14,25 120:17 102:5 107:4 129:2 122:20 123:22 124:6,16,19,20 **plane** 115:19 powerful 23:3 103:5 116:18 127:15.16 planned 11:12 110:21 128:16 people's 62:15 planner 129:5 praise 76:15 104:19 per 29:13 95:12,20 96:8,19,20 planning 32:19 40:19 43:24 46:6 ргауег 63:24 69:8 125:23 127:19 128:21 perceive 44:6 precise 48:24 85:18 percent 34:12 72:4,5,7 104:25 plans 61:13,17,18,21,22 62:11 precisely 58:24 92:17 120:5 105:2 78:16 precision 18:2 31:15,24 32:9 36:1 plant 107:4 percentage 73:20 79:9 105:3 65:17 78:14 79:23 99:13 115:11 percentages 73:25 platter 40:21 115:15 116:18 perfect 51:5 play 56:10 115:16 predicted 35:18 perfectly 62:3 prefer 85:6 played 90:16,24 115:19 performance 11:23 18:9.12 31:5 please 67:6 104:21 preliminary 98:3 90:22 91:12 pleased 37:1 47:11 79:14 prematurely 99:16 performed 63:13,14 plenty 122:20 premeditated 110:21 performing 8:11 34:22 plus 72:4 85:14 preparation 68:22 120:9,14 perhaps 28:11 29:14 30:3 31:17 pocket 81:17 preparations 44:1 34:11 38:20 44:2,20 49:5 65:22 pockets 9:5,25 21:2,13 prepare 12:1 99:21 116:23 117:3 120:2,3 prepared 10:10 15:15 24:9 37:3 point 34:1,10 35:13 41:4 44:8 127:14 56:4 71:1 72:11,15 76:23 97:10 45:16 69:4,8 78:18 116:9 period 11:9 17:18 43:11 51:6 66:6 97:24 100:8 116:3,7 119:16 preparing 47:1 71:16,24 72:8 76:17 102:8 120:6,13 121:4 130:11 presence 14:14 15:1,10,14 28:20 107:18 112:21 117:20 120:1,15 Pol 89:13 49:7 126:3 128:20 Poland 33:25 40:15 46:10.24 present 2:16,20,24 3:5,11,13 13:3 permanent 47:17 119:20 **police** 19:20 30:16 33:21 40:9 13:4 53:20 78:18 87:24 permit 131:3 58:14 59:14 61:16 67:22,22 presentation 69:25 78:19 permitted 22:2 125:25 126:21 presented 77:10 perpetrating 8:15 policeman 34:10 preservation 9:13 perplexed 114:6 policemen 34:11,12,14 57:20 preserve 100:21 Persian 29:9 65:9 128:6 President 6:11 12:19 22:6 41:7 person 59:17 73:4 policement 45:4 43:3,19 44:22 45:1 49:24 51:15 personally 7:19 98:5 policy 7:17 9:12 50:7 51:22 66:5 57:21 63:20 72:4 75:3 97:9,21 persons 35:18 67:23 111:10,20 102:17 105:10 106:7.22 108:2 perspective 31:6 66:1 103:3 policy-making 8:5 113:11 118:12 persuade 108:4 political 38:25 39:6 54:16 56:10 presidential 41:9,16 pessimistic 105:14 109:18 57:5 62:22 100:25 110:3 President's 24:7 49:22 Pete 47:20 pool 55:2 presiding 2:15 Pew 104:24 poor 101:8 press 49:18 80:9,11 92:5,14 95:23 phase 60:4 population 20:10 21:12 101:7,7 96:4 104:24 107:14 123:14 phases 68:22 120:16 pretty 88:11 111:14 124:1 **Phillip** 4:5 populus 100:11 prevail 22:5 phone 47:21 59:17,19 60:9 86:6 portion 59:6 96:2 124:13 prevent 24:1 28:16 phrase 79:7 121:22 portions 20:17 33:4 39:5 97:7 prevention 32:16,17

price 6:1 rapidly 72:10 74:8 providing 12:10 30:19 34:24 pride 74:15 76:12 rate 85:10 95:12,17 97:1,2 117:11 36:15 46:22,24 **Prime** 113:12 rather 31:17,19 41:24 54:21 99:9 provision 72:3 principals 9:8 99:18 provisional 35:21 55:21 120:4 principled 28:2 provisions 9:20 ratio 68:21 prior 21:20 44:25 75:24 90:25 Raven 3:25 Pryor 2:19 4:8 118:4,5,21,25 Priorities 30:15 119:8 120:25 121:16,19 122:3 reach 20:21 32:24 59:21 reached 12:13 31:5 40:14,14,21 priority 75:1 76:6,6 90:1,2 108:24 122:12 123:12 **Prism** 22:23 public 5:16,21 8:7 11:7 99:23 reaching 5:8 13:20,21 72:14 prison 109:1,9 114:25 130:22 read 87:19,21 95:23 98:23 prisons 21:20 readiness 32:10 43:10 77:3 78:1 publicly 39:16 51:14 privilege 67:16 98:15 published 98:22 reading 119:6 privileged 13:13 27:20 88:17 pursuant 2:13 reads 50:22 probably 14:15 41:3 65:18 83:5 ready 43:11 54:3 55:17 114:1 **pursue** 76:18 89:22 105:14 106:1,2 110:21 pursuing 98:7 116:7 120:22 129:13 117:12 122:12,14,14 126:4 pursuit 22:21 real 18:11 21:3 36:9 117:14 **probe** 38:7 put 5:18 8:13 9:19 17:4,13 38:21 realistic 75:7 99:1 problem 21:3 46:4 47:4,9,10 realistically 103:14 42:13 43:25 44:12 54:21 62:21 55:24,25 59:24 78:21 92:2 65:2 72:15 80:19,25 81:20 realize 84:13 110:10 103:3 109:6 124:21 129:6 105:6 130:2 really 6:19 81:4 89:25 99:19 **problems** 29:25 35:18 123:9 114:3 115:2 121:4 126:8 130:25 procedures 19:5 putting 9:25 38:17 111:2 116:22 reason 56:19 101:9 109:17.23 proceed 38:11 p.m 131:4 122:6 process 18:5 22:12 43:15 55:8 reasonable 55:18 114:7 56:7 58:16 123:10 124:10 reasonably 56:8 128:21 reasons 108:23 Oatar 62:6 produce 29:13 107:6 reassuring 49:13 qualified 58:9 99:6 produced 109:14 rebalance 112:10 quality 35:4 67:1 69:14 114:22 production 22:16 quantities 50:1 rebuild 14:3,12 45:14 62:24 professional 2:25 3:1,2,2,3,4,6,7 quantity 13:9 65:12 3:8,9,10 41:14 64:14 rebuilding 14:4,10 19:12 35:14 question 8:2 55:3,25 67:20,25 program 85:17 106:25 107:3 70:5,7 71:5,23 74:24 75:11 76:5 130:21 recall 25:11 56:18 81:10,13 85:20 76:18,24 77:12 79:7 86:21 91:4 programs 22:15,19 23:10 93:13.20 97:12 101:15 103:20 119:6 121:7,14 122:21 progress 30:25 38:25 39:7,9 recalling 80:21 103:23 104:2,4,5 111:7,8,22 75:24 76:3 100:3,9,25 101:14 113:13,21 114:5,22 118:16,24 receive 2:1,3 5:4 105:23 102:10.10 119:8,21 123:14 126:3 received 8:3 38:15 73:4 project 65:4 73:19 recent 20:19,25 33:9 53:4 107:19 questioning 20:385:5projected 95:10 96:1 118:19 questions 5:21 37:2 38:7 39:17 projection 14:14 32:21 recently 48:17 49:25 60:18 66:24 58:7 76:21 88:2 92:22 95:3 projects 14:2 84:8 91:15 100:17 73:1 77:20 78:22 126:7 97:12 106:10 113:8 118:7,9 promise 58:5 125:11,15 130:14,21 Receptionist 2:23 pronouncing 102:5 recess 88:1,5 quick 45:13 103:17 **proof** 109:4 recessed 88:4 quickly 13:23 35:10 38:9 54:21 propaganda 14:9 64:4,11 73:17,23 101:21 106:15 recognize 41;3 54:1,2 56:14 92:1 properly 8:13 41:7 quite 8:13 41:7.21 51:7 60:6 72:8 126:2 129:3 130:18 proportion 112:22 recognized 88:2,7 78:20 82:6 113:17 124:10 proposals 70:11 112:20 recognizing 28:5 33:13 127:23 propose 43:19 97:5 quote 20:4 49:20,25 50:19,19 recollection 101:23 121:13 prosperous 101:10 recommend 97:9 105:1 113:25 protected 109:8 recommendations 97:20,22 protection 33:22 74:9 R reconnaissance 115:12 proud 28:4 31:1 36:19 57:16 reconstitute 77:24 90:14 R 1:6 3:1,1,9,12 27:1 67:19 73:9 reconstitution 78:6,7 86:18 98:4 radioactive 78:23 79:4,12 proudly 72:17 reconstruct 14:6 61:23 62:12 rainy 84:7 prove 23:7,10 reconstructing 75:24 raise 46:8,12 47:8 49:10 proven 11:8 raised 39:19 111:9 reconstruction 61:12,14,22 provide 7:22 9:3 29:23 30:24 Ramadi 53:25 record 5:18 11:4 17:5,7 27:6 34:19 47:24 48:5 58:15 59:24 50:21 51:13 76:13 79:3,11,17 range 17:20 29:24 48:22 61:13 67:1 79:2,17 85:18 93:16 83:13 84:3 85:13 93:17 130:25 ranking 77:2 92:6 98:13 98:4 113:15 119:13 130:19 recounted 92:2 rape 89:6 provided 13:13 18:10 30:3 35:15 recovered 79:22 raped 81:24 49:11 90:18,20 recruitment 12:9 125:16

64:7 65:8 101:8 recurrence 28:16 remaining 7:14 Red 29:8 119:24 remains 28:24 30:7,21 32:18 36:9 respect 9:20 39:17 43:3,6 44:15 51:3 55:9 65:24 67:14 70:11 redeployed 42:10,13,14 77:16 36:18 47:3 88:25 85:3 87:5 105:24 107:4 redeployments 41:12.13 remarkable 6:11.23 7:6 17:10 reduce 13:1,8 38:12,21 70:14 respectful 43:1 107:22 112:7 19:11 116:15 respond 74:25 92:12 113:15 reducing 13:9 remarkably 67:5 Reed 2:18 4:2 67:8,9 71:5,21,23 remarks 5:19 32:13 64:10 72:21 119:21 72:9 73:3 83:13 responded 56:17 90:8 103:23 remember 98:25 121:9 reestablish 19:15 remnants 21:9,14,15,17 22:3,4 respondents 104:25 102:19 response 56:16 58:7 59:15,21,23 refer 59:10 114:13 reference 49:20 62:13 113:11 remote 111:2 66:18 76:21 82:13 84:3 103:18 referred 52:2 79:24 84:16 94:8 removal 45:6 113:14 responsibilities 10:2 47:2 67:5 131:5 remove 129:3 removed 20:10 22:2 27:10 63:22 responsibility 27:9 28:13 38:22 referring 107:10 39:7 40:19 77:4 100:6 102:17 **refinery** 74:23 reopen 19:16 reflect 17:12 129:20,20 repeat 79:6 93:19 responsible 39:14 40:8 reflecting 106:11 repeated 38:14 rest 67:1 80:5 restocks 86:19 refrigerated 109:5 repeatedly 92:13 restore 19:16 126:18 refrigerators 109:10 replace 68:1 69:21,22 73:23 refugees 35:17 replaced 68:15 restored 19:18 result 20:25 35:24 61:24 84:15 refused 23:8 replacement 111:8 regain 78:1 replacements 90:17 regard 14:22 77:19 88:14 105:9 report 78:22 102:3 107:8,9 resulted 129:25 108:17 109:21 114:13 130:12 results 79:15 114:7 regarding 125:23,25 resume 57:9 reporting 125:3 regardless 36:22 reports 95:23 98:23 106:16 retain 42:1 regards 88:20 89:14 107:19 118:18 121:7 123:15 retention 125:16 regime 13:12 20:9,14 21:9,14,17 124:17 130:9 retires 104:19 return 10:5 22:3,6 42:18,20 57:9 22:2,9,14 23:6 27:10 30:12 represent 33:1 35:24 36:12,13,14 49:25 56:9 58:1 74:20 87:9 109:12 130:13 representation 55:9 61:25 62:8.10.20 66:11 74:17 representative 36:16 47:17 55:18 returned 77:22 108:18 75:20 81:2,5,21 102:19 103:7 represented 28:10 returning 66:10 77:24 109:10 109:7 114:21 127:9 129:3 represents 29:11 34:11 revenue 23:12 repressed 103:6 regimental 7:10 reverse 35:23 region 2:5 13:19 15:1,10 27:15 repression 61:25 review 50:24 113:19 28:22,24 29:2,12,23 30:4,8 53:8 reward 124:9 repressive 62:20 54:17 75:16 110:8 Republican 21:10 114:2 Rice 50:2.19 regional 29:1 92:7 Richard 3:5,8 4:2 80:22 request 46:10,20 47:13,18 58:13 regions 20:25 59:16,20 60:16,24 61:2 69:25 rid 62:20 82:9 regret 71:11 right 38:6 41:21 45:11 49:2 51:16 70:9 92:16,20 93:21,24 regular 91:12 53:24 56:20 63:17 65:4 71:18 requested 59:2,3 rehabilitation 100:5.11 72:8 81:10 82:17 85:9 91:2 requesting 48:5 reinforced 64:17 requests 48:2,6,8 60:5 92:23 95:16 97:11 103:11 105:5 106:5 reinforcements 98:12 93:24 110:20 112:15,17,18,22 114:20 reins 28:1 118:21 119:9 121:9 122:22,23 require 29:2 32:15 78:4 110:4 reintegration 68:23 required 32:20,21 33:2 71:14 124:25 127:8 128:3,3,4 relating 130:23 riot 58:11 105:15 relations 25:19 rise 29:24 requirement 34:12 72:6 relationship 6:18 requirements 33:12 77:5 risk 9:2 38:12 99:15 relative 78:15 112:11 rescue 89:8 risks 6:2 10:7,8 23:1 29:2 relatively 25:6 112:20 Research 104:24 road 55:6 121:3 127:1 relaxation 15:4 Roberts 2:16 3:16 88:7,8,9,13 resemble 125:20 reliant 114:12 reserve 42:2 71:12,19 83:17 91:21 92:4 93:10 103:5 109:15 relied 51:14 104:18 112:10 128:4 Robertson 59:20 relief 58:15 67:1 83:19 Rockefeller 93:10 Reserves 12:23 42:4 relies 67:25 reservists 111:10,16,23 126:1 rockets 80:20 relieved 56:9 residents 19:24 Rochl 3:16 religions 29:11 resistance 9:6 21:13 rogue 117:25 religious 29:19 resolution 40:11 role 11:18 40:18 43:4 45:24,25 relinguish 28:4 resolutions 23:5 66:4 46:19 56:10 115:17,19,24 relocating 90:16 resolve 21:24 119:20 remain 8:9 33:5 57:9 97:2 roles 8:15 resource 29:18 resources 12:10 29:3,23 61:14 remained 50:9 Romania 62:7

Secretary's 34:8 108:20 room 2:14 27:8 sanctions 23:12.13 root 9:5 section 56:6 sanctity 66:3,10 sections 25:5 rooted 36:13 sand 89:3 Rosenblum 4:6 sanitize 22:16 sector 40:15 roster 111:11 112:2 secure 25:6 Sara 3:12 securing 28:25 38:23 rotate 72:16 73:22 sat 27:8 124:3 rotated 103:25 satisfied 61:1 65:3 security 2:21,22 12:6 19:15 20:13 rotation 7:17.23 41:2 42:7.24 sauces 79:4.12 30:8.16 33:4.21.22 34:14.23 69:12,19 77:8 125:14 saw 22:22,24 28:16 31:3,5,16 35:1,2,6 36:15 39:10 44:13 rotational 41:23 76:22 32:9 33:9 55:2 63:21 96:3,15 61:20 66:4 101:1 120:7,12 rotations 76:25 115:10 130:1 see 33:13,15,18,20 34:10,13 35:5 saying 17:9 35:25 53:24 56:19 39:9 42:25 44:21 45:11,13,19 rough 73:25 roughly 57:4 74:10 105:13 106:23 53:10 54:2,3,5,6,14,16,16 56:12 80:16 83:13 98:25 107:5 121:1 round 38:8 says 33:4 95:7 109:19 129:3 56:19 57:4 65:1 71:4 73:20,25 scenario 99:1 105:14 rudimentary 17:23 97:11,13 100:15 101:14,19,22 102:11,12 104:9 107:15 109:11 ruin 22:8 schedule 38:20 rule 19:17 scheduled 42:20 110:15 111:1 112:21 119:3 seeing 53:11,13,16,19 81:15 Rumsfeld 1:5 5:10 17:1,3,8 24:9 schedules 77:8 25:10.22 30:14 38:24 39:21 105:17 116:10 Scholer 4:1 41:21 42:14 45:23 46:16 47:10 **school** 128:18 seek 12:8 27:13 30:11 116:13 schools 14:4 19:16 61:16 47:15,25 48:6,10,13 49:19 seeking 21:2 50:1 51:17 50:20 52:1 55:2 56:5,15 58:17 scope 129:7 seeks 116:22 58:21,24 59:3 60:5,8,10,14,23 Scott 108:22 109:4 seem 49:1 59:16 96:18 99:7 61:5,21 63:5 69:10 71:10,22 100:14 screw 111:5 72:2 74:3 75:3 76:4,16 77:4 scrubbing 114:16 seems 20:14 31:21 43:18 51:19 78:5 79:9 81:3 82:17 85:12,23 Scud 121:9,14 55:5 57:20 69:3 99:22 100:8 86:1,5,12 87:6,11,14,18 91:21 108:8 115:14 Scuds 122:25 92:13 93:19 94:2 95:6,14,16,19 sea 29:8 31:22 seen 12:23 20:4 28:11 31:19 32:1 95:25 96:7,9 97:4,16,24 98:2 sealed 79:4,12 35:13 54:11 72:11 80:15 95:25 100:24 102:15,23 103:23 104:4 **SEALs 120:10** 96:4 107:8,13 104:19 106:14.22 107:9.13.17 searching 8:12 123:16,17 108:2 112:5 117:1,6,9 118:6,17 seated 17:10 124:25 segment 20:7 118:19,24 119:3,18 121:11,13 seized 47:19 85:15 96:12 second 13:7 56:22 57:9 102:23 121:18,19 122:1,6,14,19 123:17 secondly 9:7,14 self 19:14 123:19 127:5 128:9,25 130:16 Secretaries 6:11 selflessly 36:20 run 94:3 Secretary 1:5 5:4,8,10 6:6,7,15,19 semantics 62:14 7:18 8:3,18 14:12,13 15:11 16:2 running 74:23 81:16 99:20 124:5 Senate 2:9,14 43:21 runs 29:5 17:1,3,8 24:9 25:1,10,22 28:16 Senator 1:3,4 3:14,14,15,16,17,18 Russell 3:22 28:25 30:7,14 31:2 32:12 33:4 3:18,19,20,21,22,22,23,24,25 3:25 4:1,2,3,3,4,5,6,7,7,8 5:1 Russia 107:2 37:1 38:2,10,24 39:17,21 40:6 Rusten 3:4 41:1,21 42:14 44:10,25 45:22 6:24 10:9,10 11:1,2,6 15:4,15 46:1,16 47:10,15,25 48:6,10,13 16:1 27:4 33:17 40:13 45:21,22 S 49:7,8,11,19 50:20 52:1 53:13 47:7,13,23 48:4,9,12,14,21 54:19 55:2 56:1,5,15 57:15,18 49:13,17 51:12 53:1,2,3,10,23 S 1:1 54:5,6,19 55:24 56:12,14,16 sabotage 20:11 58:17,21,24 59:3 60:5,8,10,14 sacrifice 104:17 60:20,21,23 61:5,21 63:5 64:1 57:14,15 58:7,19,22 59:2,12 Saddam 8:12 9:7 11:12 13:14 66:5 67:16 69:8,10 71:10,21,22 60:7,8,9,12,20,24 61:9 63:2,7,8 20:7 23:4 25:14 36:12 53:15 72:2.9.25 73:19 74:3.12 75:3 63:9,10 64:25 65:5 66:12,18 56:9 61:25 65:7 74:16,20,24,25 76:4,16,20 77:4,20 78:5,20 79:9 67:7,8,9,17 71:5,21,23 72:9,19 75:6,8,22,23 76:2 81:14 89:9,13 81:3 82:17 83:6,10 85:9,12,23 72:19,20 73:3 74:12 75:21 76:8 90:5,11,25 91:23 110:19 114:21 86:1,5,12 87:6,11,14,18 88:15 76:9,9,11,21 77:4,19 78:20 Saddam's 13:12 90:24 91:21 92:11,13 93:1,13 79:10,17,21 80:1,2,3,4,5,7 sailors 120:10.11 93:14,19,22 94:2 95:5,6,14,16 83:12,13 85:1,2,6,9,20,25 86:3 95:19,25 96:7,9 97:4,16,24 98:2 salaries 86:13,14 86:7,8,9,25 87:8,12,15,19 88:3 98:12,19,21 100:1,24 102:15,23 sale 50:8 88:6,7,8,9,13 89:14 91:21 92:4 salute 6:9 10:6 19:10 98:19 99:5 92:14 93:13,17,18,20 94:1,6 103:23 104:4,14,19,22 106:14 106:22 107:9,13,17 108:1,2,10 95:1,2,6,13,15,17,22 96:5,8,18 97:11,22,25 98:7,9,10,11,17,19 saluting 72:24 111:6 112:5,23 113:8,18 117:1 same 9:2 31:25,25 44:22 51:18 117:6,9 118:3,5,17,19,24 119:3 54:1 56:24 57:4 64:23 78:2 87:5 100:24 101:15 102:15,21 103:5 96:4 100:16 105:3 109:3,22 119:18 121:11,13,18,19 122:1.6 103:11,16,19 104:2,12,13,15,16 112:14 120:6 124:2 122:14,18,19 123:1,8,16,19 104:21 106:15,22 107:8,11,15 Sanchez 99:11 108:19 124:22 125:11,24 127:5,11,24 107:25 108:8,12,13 109:14 128:9,25 129:4,15 130:15,16 110:6 112:4,5,24,25 113:8,13

113:15 114:13,23 116:14 117:6 117:15 118:4,5,9,15,21,25 shown 6:10 36:25 67:18 77:21 105:18 shrink 109:23 solicited 50:16 119:8 120:1,5,13,25 121:16,19 SH-216 2:14 solider 11:8 122:3,12 123:12 124:23 125:6,7 side 45:15,16 49:4 107:24 some 12:22 14:17 18:15 20:5.10 21:10,19 25:2 27:19 31:4 32:13 127:13 128:8,20 129:11,14 Sierra 43:16 33:5 34:10 39:3,7,8,14 40:3 130:2,7,8 **sign** 21:8 Senators 2:16 6:4 93:9 103:17 signaled 28:7 41:10 42:11 43:5,16,17 44:3 47:5,18 48:23 53:7,14,19 54:20 106:11 signed 45:2 Senator's 110:3 significant 8:15 12:15,21 29:22 55:13.20.23 58:13.15 59:7.13 66:4 69:13 71:1 72:6 73:12,18 send 62:23 81:24 50:1 51:13,16 68:2,9 73:24 75:18 77:11,16,17,17,20 sending 43:9 significantly 108:9 78:5 79:16 80:10,22 83:3,21 senior 91:23,24,25 signs 101:17 84:8 87:3,4 90:17,18 94:5,5 sense 74:10 77:9 117:4 similar 46:8 49:24 72:14 similarity 99:8 96:14 97:9,22,24 98:3,4 100:4 sensitive 69:11,14 Similarly 32:1 101:12,13,17 103:2,9 104:6,9 sent 41:8 93:22 separate 56:3 simple 27:21 31:20 107:20 109:22 114:14 116:13 separated 39:11 simply 23:13 50:13 89:8,11 93:14 116:16 117:1 121:23 123:14 simultaneously 31:25 September 17:15,18 22:24 24:2 127:9 129:4,7,13 42:21 59:7,9 71:6 95:10 Sinai 70:14 somebody 50:11 85:25 89:7 since 17:18 27:8 28:21 42:21 46:5 servant 64:5 someday 11:10 serve 13:8 36:20 42:4 70:25 71:16 54:10 71:6 81:21 84:2 88:18 someone 50:4,22 110:24 126:4 93:3 94:1.5 108:18 112:9 something 18:6 42:8,19 44:6 46:25 48:7,8 49:23 51:8,11 55:5 served 19:7 22:9 67:14 113:10 118:19 sincerely 67:12 serves 44:12 64:8,13 82:7 55:11 60:16 66:15 70:19 74:5 single 33:22 86:22 83:15 87:19 95:11,20 96:16,24 service 11:8 15:13 19:2,3,11 36:23 67:11 71:16 88:13 104:17 sir 5:15 44:14,19 48:20 49:16 97:6 118:1 119:5.12 128:22 113:5 54:2,10 64:9 65:4,14,24 66:7,17 sometime 39:1 55:22 70:2 74:6 services 2:10 18:20 19:16,18 66:20 67:6,15 79:6,7 83:1 85:13 sometimes 77:25 42:23 54:15,15 68:24 69:24 85:24 88:12 90:1 96:9 97:10,24 sons 8:14 90:6 91:7,23 103:12 70:2,25 73:1 77:7 82:18 83:4,11 100:5 104:2 119:22 120:21 soon 39:13 69:6 74:20 75:6 98:3 116:19,21 127:24 122:23 123:7 127:7,18 128:7 128:10 serving 57:20 68:20 72:17 73:6 129:1,18 130:6 sorry 67:6 120:24 73:12 86:14.15 sit 9:15 sort 10:1 47:18 55:13 66:14 99:22 session 113:6 130:20 site 33:22 74:9 88:20,21 106:17 128:2 129:11 Sessions 2:17 3:18 63:9,10 65:1,5 107:12 114:14 128:18 source 74:8 66:12 67:7 sites 22:17 34:23 78:25 79:4,12,19 sources 21:25 86:17 113:23 set 32:3 39:2 82:24 88:23 122:16 123:8 124:16 south 23:17 25:12,12,25 29:7 situation 20:13 38:23 85:2 106:18 setbacks 36:9 121:24 122:8 sets 129:15 106:21,23 southern 31:7 34:1 65:10,15,19 several 9:11 43:8,14 107:21 six 73:14 81:13 111:1 112:15 sovereignty 107:22 109:18 114:9 121:9 sizable 22:13 Soviet 117:20 sewers 9:13 size 33:10.14 69:9 72:10 88:21 so-called 43:9 117:25 122:15 shade 25:7 128:19 129:9,22 space 32:1 shaded 53:12 skies 66:2 Spain 58:17 shake 21:23 skill 124:2 129:15 Spanish 58:11 shape 98:14 skilled 24:6 111:23 speaking 10:4 14:10 59:11 Shapiro 4:7 skillfully 117:23 spearhead 32:4 share 41:10 65:6 66:16 73:16 skip 116:13 special 21:10 31:14,23 32:2 80:9 98:24 118:2 sleep 80:25 115:11,15 shared 109:14 114:9 slightly 56:19 118:16 125:20 specialized 8:12 sharing 10:8 32:22 slipped 110:24,25 specially 111:23 Sharon 3:23 Slocum 40:6 44:9 65:3 specific 58:13 92:16,20 93:21,23 shifting 78:21 93:24 94:4 113:15 121:22 slower 76:3 shock 51:3 small 20:6 specifically 39:18 48:4 59:10 shoot 89:7 smoothed 89:3 79:18 108:21 111:9 shooting 57:20 61:18 66:9 sobering 5:7 specifics 51:3 short 112:21 118:7 122:17 social 29:20 100:5,10 spectrum 55:4 shorten 11:3 socially 101:18 speech 49:22 118:21,22 shortly 68:11 societies 117:22 speed 18:2 36:4 64:7 101:17 shot 110:24 society 20:7 100:19 speeding 14:13,18 shoulders 13:16 socioeconomic 29:25 **Speicher** 108:22 109:4,16 show 50:12 101:17 104:24 spend 11:20 85:10 95:3,9,12,17 soldier 28:2 73:12 111:12 showed 6:2,4 15:6 soldiers 38:13 44:4 57:19 67:14 spending 63:3 86:10,19 87:4,17

superbly 58:11 96;19,20,25 97:1 still 7:13 18:17 22:12 25:15,16 supervise 9:11 spent 6:5 77:23 85:19 86:19 123:4 55:21 74:18 117:13 119:16 supplemental 95:8 97:13,14,17 122:10 spheres 57:5 supplies 35:14 stood 39:4 89:2,12 91:1 **squad 20:2** Squadron 68:7,8 supplying 14:5 stop 81:5 support 12:1,8,15 27:22,23 28:7 squads 21:9 74:14 stopped 6:21 7:10 39:16 88:1 30:18 32:11 34:5 36:6.11.25 square 29:4 95:22 stories 25:3 stability 11:25 12:4,12,22 13:18 38:14 46:10 47:23 48:4,12 story 91:16 92:2 83:10 85:10 86:10 87:20 105:23 19:14 22:8 29:1 33:6 34:20,25 strain 57:25 58:6 106:7 115:19 129:16 36:12 45:8 92:22 110:4 120:8 Straits 29:10 120:12 126:4 strategies 18:24 supported 63:20 strategy 12:2,5,5 14:23 15:9 58:5 supporters 36:13 stabilization 128:17 stabilize 58:5 98:24 supporting 110:9 street 109:12 suppose 62:14 117:12 stable 20:17 staff 2:20,20,24,25 3:1,2,3,3,4,5,6 streets 19:20 21:20 81:23 109:10 supposed 81:11 84:1 3:7,7,8,9,10,11 6:6 34:8,8,9 strength 83:14 125:14 **Supreme** 47:21 sure 17:16 27:10 54:1 64:21,23 42:23 43:20 69:24 77:7 78:10 stress 15:7 stressed 42:3 67:1 76:6 84:9 87:6,14 93:24 staffing 126:24 129:16 98:2 102:8 113:19 116:18 stage 99:22 stretch 107:21 stages 18:17 stretched 12:24 68:24 121:13 124:22 127:10,16,18 surely 14:24 22:8 stretching 71:25 staging 84:6 stake 12:12 61:19 strides 27:12 36:11 surface 91:2 Stalin 89:13 strong 14:17 30:7 surprise 18:2 51:3 99:23 129:22 Stalinist 61:25 103:7 surrender 21:8,10 99:9,10 strongest 38:21 stand 13:11 33:3 44:3 102:21 strongholds 25:14 surrendered 99:19 strongly 90:8 struck 74:22 survey 79:1 104:23 123:24 standard 100:18 suspect 48:10 53:19 72:13 92:23 standardized 32:17 structure 7:22 72:16 127:25 122:16.19.20 127:23 128:18 standards 115:2 suspicions 50:6 standing 34:13 44:2 studied 113:3 sustain 13:6,14 32:5 standpoint 8:1 study 128:2 stands 93:5 studying 18:17 sustained 107:18 stark 62:7 stuff 103:4 Sutey 4:3 start 18:8 82:17 101:25 118:9 sweet 126:13,14 subcommittee 77:3 started 54:10 65:7 101:20,24 subject 8:20 27:17 56:16 124:18 swiftly 11:11 symphony 90:14,15,16,19,21 102:23 118:20 124:20 91:11,17 92:3 starting 42:7 119:12 submit 97:18 startling 51:20 submitted 97:14 Syria 21:22 54:11 state 6:11 32:10 46:19 47:16 48:7 subordinates 8:6 117:1 system 55:18 61:16 systems 66:9 115:18,21 116:4,8,9 49:22 60:15 65:21 67:21 92:24 substance 79:22 97:8 105:5 108:3 118:13 substances 79:22 116:15,16,17,24 123:3 statement 1:2 5:1,18 10:10 11:1,3 substitute 13:1 S-219 130:20 11:3 15:15 17:1,4,9 24:8,9 27:1 succeed 12:3 13:21 21:24 27:5 37:3 38:5 44:20 50:10 success 12:5 14:22 32:3 33:20 51:16 74:13 89:16,17 113:16 35:13 56:24 98:20,25 99:5 T 1:1,1 3:2 118:13 121:25 122:2 129:4 102:13 106:25 108:6,7 table 110:16 statements 17:6 18:4 51:23 121:7 successes 82:16 tactic 80:14 111:1 states 1:7 2:5 14:19 18:19 23:2,4 successful 6:8 30:25 101:10 110:2 tactical 49:9 66:21 67:1 24:5 27:2 28:3 29:16 36:5 43:5 110:17 tactics 11:14 18:23 43:14 46:20 60:11,15 61:23 successive 107:1 take 9:4 10:1 18:9 19:8 20:3 22:5 62:5 68:17 75:4 86:16 92:15 sudden 120:4 22:19 23:9 40:15,19 47:1 68:12 95:8 101:11 105:11 107:1 Suez 29:9 36:22 69:2,19 75:18 101:12,13,20 117:25 120:9,9 124:14 suffered 5:24 32:16 102:19 104:6,6,9 106:12 116:3 stating 96:6 sufficient 76:1 129:16 129:6,7,8 130:13 status 13:13 65:6 suffocating 103:7 taken 14:19 27:9 36:5 38:12 stay 75:5 83:19 104:1 111:14 suggest 51:10 71:1,8,25 106:1 42:16 66:16 72:4 77:25 92:8 stayed 50:18 51:21 56:23 63:17 suggested 38:25 46:1 56:22 takes 55:23 78:9 100:25 103:4 staying 107:23 suggesting 63:2 steadfast 28:9 suggestion 49:5 54:9 taking 7:14.15 10:7 40:17.17 step 5:7 suggests 51:1 99:14 46:18 60:18,19 61:19 70:12,16 stepped 5:5 summarily 81:23 85:15 108:1 125:11 130:12 steps 36:5 38:11,18 55:11 116:13 summer 13:5 59:6 74:7 Talent 2:17 Sterling 3:13 Sunday 110:23 Taliban 11:11 17:24 21:15 63:23 sticking 125:12 superb 11:23 42:2

91:25 79:1 80:1,3 88:3,9,12 92:3 95:2 talk 14:1 31:3 73:2 82:5 83:20 98:9,11,18 104:12,13,13 106:14 89:25 111:12,12 118:13 108:10,10,11,12,13,15 112:3,4 talked 14:13 49:2,8 60:7 61:10 112:23,25 113:4 117:4,5 118:3 69:10 111:7 118:10 118:5 124:22 125:4,7 128:8 talking 59:19 77:23 79:19 122:25 130:7,22,25 talks 102:4,5 thanking 72:22 Tampa 17:11 28:10 34:9 108:14 thanks 11:15 104:21 their 6:10 7:6 8:17 9:10,20 10:7 tank 70:1 115:18,24 116:6 tanks 129:9 11:18 12:9,14 13:15,24 14:2,3 tapes 91:9 14:11 19:8 20:2,3,3 21:8 27:14 27:24 28:19 33:21 38:23 39:8,9 target 13:10 40:21 42:4,14 43:1,1 44:7 51:19 targeted 114:3 54:20 55:17,22 57:23 58:1 59:1 targeting 31:25 62:12,12,16 63:25 64:1 67:4,14 task 8:11 14:19 19:21 22:12 62:19 88:24 89:24 125:12 69:13,14 70:4 77:14,24 78:13 tasks 14:6 111:25 112:13 78:15,16,17 81:25,25 82:19 90:19 98:13 99:19 101:3 106:12 taste 126:13 127:16 107:20,24 108:5 111:17,18,18 taxpayer 100:6 taxpayers 62:24 63:3 126:13 127:17 Taylor 3:20 themselves 10:1 33:20 62:21 teach 19:9 64:21 100:7 team 17:17 18:7 30:24 79:2 81:20 they'd 17:20 82:21 123:4 124:24 thin 12:24 68:24 teams 41:8 43:7,9,18 thing 38:10 46:2 47:6 54:1 65:1 tears 91:1 66:12,17 78:10 82:10,19 83:1 technically 47:15 103:5,9 105:5 106;5 107:19 techniques 117:25 114:20 116:10 117:17 121:5,19 technologies 116:23 117:23,24 124:10 Teheran 54:13 things 11:21 39:22,22 46:4 47:2 television 14:14 64:3 69:15 78:17 82:5 83:25 tell 44:16 45:10 49:6 54:3,4 58:19 84:13 89:22 90:14 91:12 101:20 58:21,24 65:12 77:13 88:15 112:8,19 117:1,9,14 119:17,17 129:21 120:3 123:23 124:15 129:5,6 telling 110:10 think 6:25 7:13 8:25 17:15 25:2 tend 11:19,20 31:2 38:24 39:6,10,11 40:22 41:7 42:8 44:16 45:12 47:5 51:7 Tenet 124:4,18 51:7,20,24 55:17,20,24 56:1,5 tenor 106:10 tens 21:18 23:11 29:14 75:13 56:19 59:25 62:14,15,16,23 tenure 17:14 63:16 64:11 65:11,14 66:12,16 term 33:6 36:12 101:25 112:13 67:12,13,15 68:21 72:10 73:10 terms 12:10 25:8 41:11 45:3,4,4,5 75:18 80:10,18 81:5,11,18 82:2 53:22 54:23 59:14,22 61:20 82:11,21 83:2,3,5,8 85:7 88:23 70:4 98:4 100:2 126:22 127:18 89:18,20 90:3 98:24 99:4 129:9 100:13 101:12,24 102:25 103:1 terrain 32:7,7,7,8 103:2,3 104:6,25 105:4,22 106:4.10 107:25 108:2.19 Terri 4:8 109:23 110:4,9,11,16 111:5,19 terrific 42:25 territorial 34:19 114:15,21 115:17 116:2,10,13 terror 21:24 24:1 96:3 116:19,25 117:2 118:1 119:18 119:19,22,23,24,25 121:25 terrorism 27:16 28:8 30:2,4 36:1 63:19 122:4,17 125:18 127:7,11,24 terrorist 22:4 23:2,2 36:9 128:15 terrorists 21:21 22:3,25 27:14 thinking 54:22 81:6 126:18,22 28:17,18 thinks 109:25 terrorist-like 31:24 thirdly 9:8 testimony 2:1,4 5:4,17,20 15:12 **Thirty** 103:6 18:16 127:12 Thomas 3:3 thank 5:15 6:6 11:2,6 15:12 16:1 Thomasson 3:22 17:3 19:10 26:1 27:3,21 36:24 38:1 43:20 45:21,22 53:1,3 thorough 114:16 though 49:13 57:3 71:1 125:9 torture 81:15 89:6 109:5 56:13 57:5,12,15 63:7,10 64:9 thought 46:2 82:3 83:23 99:24 tortured 81:7.24 67:7,9,15 72:19,20 76:8,9,11,14 114:2 126:8 129:15 total 13:4 34:12 40:1.4 42:22

thoughtfully 35:11 thoughts 127:4,5 thousand 89:9,10 thousands 14:2 21:19 22:24 29:14 40:7 75:13 threat 8:16 13:8 25:8 33:19 106:18 114:11 threaten 22:7 threats 20:24 31:24 three 7:12 9:1 20:20 34:18 35:24 39:11 41:24 59:12 73:13 81:1 89:5,9 100:25 120:18 through 8:25 12:16,17 22:23 51:6 54:11 60:2,15 70:12 75:20 81:15 83:24 89:20 92:24 95:10 99:15 101:19 102:8 104:9 124:7 124:10 125:3 127:25 throughout 5:25 8:16 20:15 35:1 44:14 93:6 tighter 92:8 **Tikrit** 53:25 121:23 time 6:5 9:2,3 11:8,8,20 12:18 18:11 22:5,19 25:18 31:16 33:5 40:18 41:4 43:12 44:25 47:3 50:3,3 51:2,2,18 55:7,23 56:4 56:12 64:23 66:6,7 71:24 72:9 75:18 77:23 78:9,19 84:2 87:23 87:23 92:10 96:15 97:11 100:8 101:12 102:20 103:5,19 104:6 105:3 107:18 108:6 109:17.22 109:25 110:1,5 111:15 112:21 117:14 120:1 121:25 122:2,3,7 122:20 123:13 126:3 128:20,23 131:3 timelines 78:2 times 6:1 8:10 96:19,20,22,24,25 102:3 111:1 112:15 tired 58:1 66:20,21,22 125:8 tirelessly 36:21 today 5:8 15:14 19:12,23 20:6,10 24:4 27:17 28:5,10 30:5,9,21 33:3,9 34:4,9 44:21 61:24 62:5 68:3 96:6 102:24 104:23 106:10 106:16 112:17,17 117:19 125:12,20 126:17 today's 130:25 Todd 4:5,6 together 9:25 14:21 17:13 45:20 53:15 54:21 70:13,13 79:20 81:20 told 8:1 46:3,17 47:20 61:11 70:18 73:13 77:13 87:22 99:11 105:22 106:9 117:10 126:6 Tom 17:10,12 24:6 90:21,22 **Tommy** 1:6 5:5 6:7 27:1 tomorrow 43:22 116:8,9 125:19 tongues 20:2 81:25 tool 38:21 127:8 tools 30:25 top 64:24 114:17

71:14 totally 100:5 129:25 touch 6:16 tough 103:4 120:23 toward 27:13 29:17 36:5,11 74:11 100:11 126:8,16 127:2 towards 38:23 62:22 to-1 68:21 track 99:18 trade-off 129:21 trading 117:24,24 traditional 21:7 train 18:20 34:15 trained 57:19 58:11,14 59:13 111:23 116:7 120:22 training 19:5 30:15 32:10 41:19 43:13,16 64:16 68:22 69:6 93:12 119:13,22,24,25 120:14 tranformational 83:8 transformation 83:6 116:12,19 116:21 125:19 126:23 127:2 128:1 transformational 18:1 19:8 31:18 transformed 115:25 transforming 115:14 transit 41:18 transition 29:17 45:13 55:23 transportation 35:14 travel 92:18 treat 42:25 tree 124:11 tremendous 7:19 36:25 116:12 120:8 tremendously 57:16 tried 63:18 81:3 tries 45:19 trip 6:8 10:5 14:14 25:4 33:9 73:1 74:17 75:24 76:19 98:13,15 108:23 troop 8:1 41:12,13 48:14 76:25 troopers 30:7 64:16 120:10 128:5 troops 7:9,21 9:2 12:10,19 13:2,5 30:9,23 32:11 41:22 48:18,22 49:1,6,7 57:16,25 58:1,6,8,11 58:15 59:16,18,20 60:1,2,8,10 60:25 63:13 66:19,20,24 67:2 67:21,25 68:1,4 69:2,7,12 71:6 72:17 73:3,5,8,20,21,22,23,24 74:1,1,4 76:12,14,17 77:16 79:16 99:21 101:16,21 105:14 111:8,8 119:13 120:16,22 130:24 trouble 117:14 troubled 59:15 truck 89:5 true 20:5 25:22 51:19 55:8,9 59:12 truly 6:23 18:21 19:11 58:3 72:22 88:13 trusted 44:4 try 9:2 21:23 50:21 52:1 58:13 62:19,20 70:14,23 82:18 87:18 89:8 91:25 94:3 98:4 108:4

trying 54:20 62:24 88:17 100:21 108:22 117:14 118:25 130:2 Turkey 25:19 83:24 turned 53:13 turning 13:22 115:6 turns 71:2 92:18 TV 13:25 Twining 3:14 two 6:21,24 8:14 9:9 15:2,3 18:22 18:23 25:8 36:4 43:7 48:2 50:24 51:15 54:17 57:6.7 66:21 68:11 79:19 81:19,19 88:15 90:5 91:4 91:7 109:15 112:16 113:6 116:5 117:9 121:15,16 122:25 123:2 130:20 type 43:12,12 45:5 61:25 80:22 103:7 types 40:23 56:22 69:15

118:6.8 129:6

U

tyranny 19:13 22:7

UAVs 115:15 Ukraine 23:17 ultimately 64:1 100:6 126:14 unaccounted 79:20 121:15 uncertainty 51:5 105:17 uncover 8:22 uncovering 22:18 under 23:12 40:6 46:25 63:13 72:5 73:6 81:9 83:5 85:16 86:23 97:16 111:14 124:11,16 undercut 126:8 underestimate 19:21 underestimated 89:15 Underlying 35:2 underscored 109:7 understand 5:12 12:4 13:24 14:23 61:10 69:23 81:8 86:25 108:6 110:16 115:3 121:2,2 122:3 123:12 understandable 30:3 understandably 20:8 understanding 25:4 40:2 88:22 106:3 125:1 understatement 81:2 undertaken 100:17 128:2 undertook 127:9 underway 28:23 unease 105:18,19,20 uneven 106:25 unfair 127:3 unfortunate 113:10 unfortunately 110:22 127:8 **unhappy 20:8** uniform 10:6 27:22 36:22 40:8 70:20,21 73:17 116:14 uniformed 83:11 Union 49:22 117:20 118:13 unique 11:9 62:18 unit 68:20 78:8,8 United 1:6 2:5 12:8.14 14:19

18:19 23:4.15.20 24:5 27:2 28:3 33:25 36:5 40:10 43:5.14 46:20 60:11,15 61:23 68:17 75:4 86:16 92:15 95:8 105:10 107:1 120:9,9 123:3 124:14 units 34:2 77:25 114:2,3 university 110:23 unless 76:2 unlike 21:7 117:19 unmanned 115:12 116:17 unprecedented 18:2 unquote 20:4 unrest 100:22 unsuccessful 69:3 **unsure** 105:6 until 9:18 13:9 34:13 43:17 57:4 90:5 104:19 123:9 126:4 untold 91:16 update 79:3,10 updated 17:22 upper 51:22 upping 111:11 uranium 49:21 50:1,8,16 51:17 113:23 118:13,18 **urban 32:8** urge 90:1 USA 1:6 27:1 use 8:21 13:25 28:17 32:2 70:24 75:14 78:14 114:22 115:11 116:8 used 32:4 43:16 44:13 45:7 78:24 81:14 86:20 96:1 115:8 116:16 117:23 127:8 using 81:7 116:15 124:5 utilize 8:8 9:7 utilized 8:5 utilizing 44:3 U.K 39:23 U.N 12:17 13:15 22:17 23:5,12,21 40:10 85:16 U.S 1:3,4 2:9 5:1 11:1,17 12:22,24 13:2,8,17 23:2 25:11 28:25 30:5 39:23 42:15 43:4 47:17 56:21 56:23 57:2 61:10 69:21,22,23 86:10 87:20 92:6 101:4,24

V

104:25 106:24

value 18:13 35:12 variables 105:15 varies 78:8 variety 86:13,23 108:3 various 40:23 55:9 96:14 vary 29:13 vegetables 109:12 vehicles 115:13 venture 85:23 venues 114:25 versus 73:20 74:1 very 5:7,15,19 6:8 10:4 15:11 18:8 27:3,21,22 29:13 32:11 33:5 36:9,19 38:5 41:1,4 43:25

122:8,10 123:2 129:2,25 114:18 119:18 122:1 124:21 44:12 45:13,21 47:11 49:23 Warner 1:3 2:14,16 3:14 5:1,3,11 125:11,16 127:15,22 129:5 51:14,14,16 57:13 60:18 63:8 5:16 10:10 11:5 16:1 17:6 25:1 64:17 66:20 67:4,9 71:11 73:5 well-educated 101:6 25:17 26:1 27:7 38:1 39:13 41:1 74:18 76:1,6,9,11 79:14,17,17 well-financed 102:12 42:13 43:20 45:21 53:2 56:14 well-trained 64:8 80:1,3,7 83:12 85:18 88:3 90:8 57:6 63:7 67:8,17 72:19 76:9 91:18 98:9,21 99:2 101:1 105:1 105:4 106:21 108:17 109:13 80:2 85:1,4,7 86:8 87:10,25 110:2 112:5,25 114:4,4,16,18 88:4,6 92:11 93:9 95:1 98:9,17 103:16,21 104:13 108:12 112:4 116:15,18,18 117:5,22 118:7 119:15 120:14,22,23 125:12 112:23 117:5,8 118:3 124:22 130:7,25 130:8,18 Warner's 76:21 **viable 28:20** Vicenza 83:20 84:4 **warning** 87:25 victims 110:22 wars 21:7 victory 98:20 99:16 100:21 Warthog 115:18,25 116:5 war's 57:22 view 38:20 100:13 105:2.4.8 war-fighting 128:13,16 106:20 116:20 views 7:16,25 9:20 Washington 2:11 7:20 131:1 villages 89:7 wasn't 18:13.13 violated 23:5 Watch 31:7,7 65:10,10,15,15,19 65:19 violence 20:12 44:15 45:10,17,19 53:16.19 54:2 watched 6:21 violent 53:12,14 54:4 water 14:4 19:18 35:14 **VIRGINIA 1:3 5:2** 129:20 waters 29:8 Virtually 79:21 **Waxman 3:23** visible 28:20 101:17 way 6:20 11:23 33:19 40:8 42:1 visibly 51:15 43:1,5 44:12,20 46:25 51:9 55:17,20 56:8 62:18,25 64:17 vision 64:12 visited 6:24 7:11 66:24 77:20 70:24 71:6 80:19 82:4 91:13,14 volatile 28:25 97:5 109:8 112:7.15.16.17 volatility 29:21 119:2 120:23 127:4 volunteers 71:13 ways 13:8 31:4 47:12 49:18 81:8 vote 33:13 57:8 85:4 101:3 **wealth** 101:9 votes 57:7 85:3 wealthy 62:3 vulnerability 23:1 weapon 78:24 106:25 VX 80:23 weapons 8:17,17,22 17:21 21:8 22:11,17,21 23:3,7,10,15,23 28:17 49:17 75:14 78:14 80:8 127:20 W 2:24 3:8.19 80:12 86:20 106:5 108:21 114:1 115:20,24 121:6,21 122:9 wait 117:12 123:16,18 124:6 128:18 waiting 7:14 103:17 wake 19:25 74:13 wear 36:23 walk 81:23 weariness 73:8 wearing 13:15 walking 81:14 weather 84:5,7 128:13 wall 109:3 Walt 40:6 44:9 65:3 weddings 81:22 wide 91:15 Wednesday 2:7 want 8:24 46:15 49:12 51:20 58:1 58:4 59:10,18,21,24,25 61:5 week 12:20 19:18 22:6 27:25 39:1 39:2 49:19,19 54:5 77:10 63:11 64:10.13.14.15.20.20.23 129:23 wife 5:14 71:20 73:3 76:12,14,15,15,18 85:23 87:2 88:15 103:17 104:16 weeks 17:19 22:14 38:17 50:2 wildest 82:2 105:25 106:3 113:1 116:25 53:6 70:1 99:2,3 109:18 128:23 117:9 121:5 125:9 130:20 week's 50:24 wanted 23:22 46:2 64:3 92:6 well 6:2 7:5 8:4 11:21 15:9,12

went 7:12 18:13 38:6 69:25 84:5 109:1.9 121:10 were 7:1,6 11:21 13:12 17:19 18:6 19:23 21:10,19 23:10,10 25:18 30:22 31:13 32:19,20 42:10,15 45:24 50:5,16 51:22 53:6 62:9 63:19 65:12,16 71:13,15 76:6 81:13 83:21 86:20,22 89:8,9,10 90:18,20 92:8 93:10,11,24 98:21.23 100:15 101:22 103:6 109:10 110:10 114:1,10 118:18 119:1 120:7 121:14,15,21 122:8 122:16,19,20 126:10 weren't 127:22 west 20:21 62:7 121:24 122:11 we'll 30:17 34:15 35:11 38:7,7 56:14 68:11 78:6 86:7 87:6,8,18 88:1 101:14 126:3 127:23 we're 12:18 15:8 18:17 21:13 22:12 30:10 32:18 33:1 44:2 46:14 53:19 54:22 57:16 62:23 63:2 67:12 69:22 72:14 74:4,6 79:19 82:9 87:4,16 88:4 90:3 95:4 96:18,20,25 101:19 108:14 109:20,25 110:1,13,17 114:8 116:3,10 117:21,22 118:1 120:16,20 122:25 125:15 we've 28:20 38:6 39:24 50:12 51:6 63:22,23 65:8 69:2,17 70:19.23 77:13 78:5 82:11 84:9 91:24 93:21 102:7 110:2 115:20 while 7:9 9:22 11:14 19:2 20:18 25:3 32:6 36:8 44:2 51:22 56:23 109:24 122:10 126:2,9 White 49:20 125:24 129:15 whole 10:4 12:11 36:6 80:11 89:11 97:6 105:16 125:18 widely 20:14 widespread 35:16 wide-ranging 119:11 William 4:3,4 willing 101:3 willingness 75:14 113:15 Wilson 2:22 winners 32:11 winning 100:2,3 wish 86:22 91:17 92:11 93:17 98:5 103:22 witness 25:17 witnessed 6:4 100:3 witnesses 17:7 38:5 WMD 22:17 108:25 122:16

21:24 27:14 28:15 30:13,16

74:3 76:12,16,20 77:1,2,17

80:18 82:17 85:25 86:1.3.5.7

87:8,10,12,23 88:3,11 91:21

93:7,15 96:18 98:7,23 99:18

100:24 103:23 104:10 105:1

108:8 111:14,21 112:1 113:11

40:8 50:25 57:2 59:12 60:12,25 63:2,15 67:5,9 71:21 72:2,9,17

109:2.21

war 6:1 17:19 18:5,9,12 19:6 21:21,24 22:3 23:4,18 24:1

27:15 30:2,4 32:21 35:19,25

44:16 45:12 51:16 54:10 65:7

66:13 81:10 82:20 92:22 94:1

96:3 100:3 102:16,17,23 103:1 105:4 110:21 115:9 117:20

124:11 130:21 17 1:5 23:5 66:4 173rd 68:6 83:21 84:4 Wolfowitz 92:18 93:22 Zakheim 85:17 86:6 95:7 96:10 woman 7:5 18 29:11 46:5 98:2 women 6:3,9 11:17,24 22:25 **19** 34:4,6 39:24,25 46:5 59:11 zero 121:12 27:21 36:20 43:1 57:22 66:9 102:23 67:3 70:20,21 73:11,17 81:7,22 19,000 40:3 111:24 116:14 1991 81:10 123:2 \$1 65:19 1992 65:16 won 99:16 115:9 \$1-1/2 85:21 wondered 89:12 1994 82:7 **\$1.5** 95:24 wonderful 5:13,14 43:2 \$1.7 96:11 wonderfully 111:22 **\$2** 65:19 wondering 20:1 74:14 126:10 word 20:13 105:19 2 30:1 58:8 60:1,8,10 68:9 72:4,5 **\$2.3** 96:16 72:6 81:11 103:15 104:3 116:11 \$200 65:22 words 17:9 41:14 49:13 50:14 120:15 128:22 131:1 \$250 65:22 105:12,16 118:21 2nd 42:17 68:6,7,16 **\$3** 87:20 work 14:21 28:22,22 30:8,10,17 20 7:3 8:11 89:24 128:1 \$3-1/2 87:20 30:20,23 31:3 32:15,18 33:8 **20,000** 13:4 **\$3.9** 95:11 96:21 34:15,22,25 35:22 36:18 40:5 2002 65:16 **\$700** 95:20,22 96:6,21 117:11 44:9,11 64:23 65:2,3 69:16 77:7 2003 2:7 \$800 96:12 77:9.13 78:9 79:16 96:17 98:3 21st 32:22 115:21 103:4 117:1 120:11 124:12 23 92:5 104:25 125:21 129:13 24 19:25 02 92:19 worked 66:6 98:22 25 7:3 39:3 107:20 120:16 03 95:7,10,11 131:1 working 8:20 30:18 40:6 42:23 26 57:12 61:11 67:4 70:1,14 73:16 79:16 27 1:7 90:11 91:25 112:9 125:13 28 49:23 92:4 1 102:24 works 40:12 28th 68:15 1st 42:19 44:25 68:5.14 world 5:16 7:20 8:16 12:11,25 280,000-plus 27:19 1,000 41:18,18,18,22,24 122:17 13:20 23:8 24:4 43:4 51:4 63:20 **29** 92:6 119:23 123:8 68:18 70:11 78:12 82:21 100:7 **29th** 49:23 50:10 1,200,000 89:22 103:1 117:18 126:17 1.500 91:15 worldwide 28:7 78:23 1,700,000 60:12,13 world's 29:11 57:19 3 53:6 68:20 99:2,3 103:15 104:3 1.5 95:25 worried 117:17 117.2 1:17 131:4 worrying 81:23 3rd 42:15,16,20 68:5,7 77:13 10 22:14 42:19 116:17 117:3,3 worse 24:3 102:7 3,000 81:7 120:2,6 121:14 128:1 worth 50:24 104:11 115:10 3.9 95:15 10tb 68:12 wouldn't 47:14 83:24 30 39:3 61:24 90:14,17,20 10,000 96:23 wounded 105:18 30,000 40:4 74:6 100,000 21:19 127:13,14 Wright 3:24 30-plus 39:3 100-150,000 48:22 write 9:15 39:22 300,000 70:20 89:21 101st 68:6 wrong 50:15 85:24 121:11 129:5 317 81:9 11 1:4 17:15,18 22:24 24:2 34:7 129:6 32 89:1 40:1 71:6 80:20 123:4 ____**Y**___ 34th 68:13 11,000 40:4 35,000 34:10 11:30 57:7 Y 3:24 36 38:2 115th 67:21 year 5:8 28:9 29:14 34:20 55:22 370,000 68:4 118th 67:23 58:3 65:19,20,23 66:19 71:25 119th 67:22 73:22 74:2,11 77:25 78:19 12 22:14 23:5,24,25 64:13 81:9 93:23 95:7 96:12,13 97:3 4 19:23 22:17 30:22 53:6 96:1 121:14 123:4 110:14 111:15 125:23 102:25 103:1 104:1 116:11 12,000 13:4 64:12 years 8:25 18:20,25 22:14,17 23:5 120:15 120 68:4 23:24 30:1 38:3 48:23 61:24 4th 7:12 68:5 14 88:25 68:19 81:9 82:8 83:11 87:1 140 80:21,23 4-hour 130:22 90:15,17,20 103:1,2,6,15,15 40-year 17:22 140,000 42:9 77:16 104:1,3,3 110:11,12 113:4 42,000 71:6 142,000 42:9 116:11,11,12,17 117:3,3 120:2 49 40:2 145,000 49:1 120:3,6 123:4 128:1 148,000 74:4 vellowcake 79:18,22 15 7:3 96:24 120:3,6 yesterday 43:21 5 1:3 68:8 96:1 104:1 110:11,12 **15.000** 80:24 89:4 York 60:19 102:3 5-to-1 68:21 **150,000** 96:24 110:7,9 young 42:25,25 67:3 116:14 **50** 18:6 165,000 13:6

		T
51 87:1		
55 34:11		
6		
6 116:11 118:6 6-minute 38:8		
6.4 29:4		
60 34:11 127:20,21 60,000 34:12		
61 105:1		
63 28:10 93:5 66 105:2		
7 7 87:25 128:23		
70 18:6 48:8 60:16		
71st 5:8 786 66:3		
787 66:3		
8 120:15		
8th 110:13		
8,000 13:5 80 48:8 60:16		
80,000 110:8		
82nd 68:7		
9		
9 2:7 42:22 50:9 102:25 9/11/01 28:17		
9:31 2:13		
90 48:8 900 117:12		
950 117:12		
		·
	-	
l	I	!

Snowflake

Aur | July 30, 2003

TO:

LTG Craddock

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld 🔊

SUBJECT:

Arabic Speakers

I need the details on the information Charlie Abell gave me on Arabic speakers, as I have requested, separated out.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 073003-16

Please respond by 8/8/03

According to Charlie Abell, We have 2800
Active/reserve/retired Active/reserve/retired anabic speakers Charlie anabic Speakers Charlie working + Fred Smith are working on Seeing how many the on Seeing how many the are available to 80, if are available to 80, if are available to Send them.

ACTIVE

11-L-0559/OSD14305

Deployed in CENTCOM AO Returned within past 6 months

Name (last first middle)		Ф	Language	DLPT L	DLPT R	7	DLPT Date UIC	CIC
ARMY			AKABIC	7	<u>,</u>	<u>+</u> ,	0104	WGNIAU
ARMY			ARABIC	က	က	0	0210	WA98AA
ARMY	۵Y E4	97E	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0301	WG4MA0
	ŀ				ć	,	0000	C F F C G F F F
AKMY			ARABIC	<u>,</u>	, ,	> (0302	WAC410
AKMY	MY O3	JOE ,	AKABIC	ç	C	0	3012	WGNEAR
					d		00.00	787 17141
ARM			ARABIC	V	,)	S :	VV 1 L4 A 1
ARMY	MY E5	75H	ARABIC	2	2	0	0209	WDEJC1

ARMY	MY O3	56A	ARABIC	3	2+	0	0106	W2DH1A
ARMY			ARABIC	က	က	0	0206	WHXJT0
ARMY	۸Y E8	91Q	ARABIC	2	2	0	0007	W1HJAA
ARMY	MY E6	63H	ARABIC	က	3	0	0210	WHGBAA
ARMY	MY E5	986	ARABIC	3	2	2	0210	WH6XA1
ARMY			ARABIC	5	*	+	0303	W1ECZI
ARMY			ARABIC	` ~	۰ ،	. 0	0106	W4UJ21
ARMY	_		ARABIC	2	, 2	0	0206	W30U1N
					777 (0.777)	**************************************		
ARMY	MY E5	986	ARABIC	2	2	2	0304	W1ECZE
ARMY		25Z	ARABIC	က	က	0	0204	W3E9AA
ARMY			ARABIC	က	5+	0	0202	WAJKTO
ARMY			ARABIC	က	က	0	0207	W1HHAA
								A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR
ARMY	MY E6	97B	ARABIC	3	3	4	6026	W1E82B
ARMY	MY 04	48G	ARABIC	2	2	0	8086	W00TAA
ARMY	MY E6	9 8 C	ARABIC	೮	က	7	0210	WDHUD0
ARMY	MY E5	986	ARABIC	က	က	7	0206	WDLLB0
ARMY	_	12A	ARABIC	က	7	0	9011	WAT4AA
ARMY	MY E4	927	ARABIC	က	ო	0	0304	WFQMA1
ARMY			ARABIC	7	5 +	0	0302	WBB6AA
ARMY		986	ARABIC	8	7	7	0202	WGNTA0
ARMY	MY 03	55A	ARABIC	က	ന	0	9000	W3VZ05
ARMY		98C	ARABIC	7	5 +	*	0208	WDLLB0
ARMY	$\overline{}$	_F40886/0	J & PAPIFADE		7	+	0207	WH6XD0
] - -	\ \cdot\	١ ١ ١)				

	Serv	Grade	PMOS	Language	DLPTL	DLPT R DLPTS		DLPT Date	CIC
	ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	7	5+		0011	WH6XD0
	ARMY	E5	98C	ARABIC	2	2	2	0304	W00112
	ARMY	E5	98G	ARABIC	2	2	1+	0210	W1ECZE
	ARMY	04	18A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0003	W04QAA
	ARMY	E7	97E	ARABIC	2	2	2+	0301	WHOLAA
	ARMY	05	12A	ARABIC	2	2	0	9801	WAC6B1
	ARMY	E6	986	ARABIC	2	2+	+	0104	WC8SAA
	ARMY	E6	986	ARABIC	2	2	*	0211	WBVCT0
	ARMY	E7	986	ARABIC	က	2	0	0210	WGNTA0
	ARMY	9E	98C	ARABIC	7	7	-	0003	W00101
	ARMY	E5	98G	ARABIC	2	2	+	0205	W1E862
	ARMY	E7	97E	ARABIC	2+	3	1	0206	WDSM05
	ARMY	8	48G	ARABIC	က	က	0	9502	W4B2AA
	ARMY	8	98G	ARABIC	5+	က	2	0010	WH6XD0
	ARMY	E 4	98G	ARABIC	7	7	<u>+</u>	0206	WDLLB0
	ARMY	E4	98G	ARABIC	2	2	7	0208	WH62D0
	ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	က	5 +	2	0208	WGNTAA
•	ARMY	E7	986	ARABIC	5 +	5 +	2	0303	W1E844
	ARMY	E4	98G	ARABIC	2+	2+	+	0107	WGNTA0
	VMOA	3	000	Stavay	C	c	C	3000	MUSYDO
*******			5 00		, c	o 2	ч с	0203	
•	VMGA	ם ה	0 00		י כ	, ,	v ‡	0211	WINZEDO
	ARMY	F 7	D 286	ARABIC	7 2	1 0	5+	0109	WGNT99
	ARMY	9 3	986	ARABIC	က	ဗ	2+	0207	WH6XD0
	ARMY	\$	35G	ARABIC	5 +	ო	0	0202	W0Z1AA
*******	ARMY	E 4	97E	ARABIC	ဗ	က	7	0202	WA77B0
***************************************	ARMY	E5	98G	ARABIC	7	7	+	0303	WBVDC0
***************************************	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	5	5+	+	0303	W1E846
	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	7	7	+	0111	WH6XD0
•	ARMY	8	910	ARABIC	7	7	0	2066	W2HX30
******	ARMY	8	74C	ARABIC	7	7	0	9404	W475AA
	ARMY	E7	98G	ARABIC	3	3	0	0204	WGNTA0
	ARMY	F7	97F	ARABIC	er.	2+	2	0206	WOFBO7
	VMQ △	; <u>"</u>	2 0	APABIC	, †	۱ ۵	ı 1	0105	WHEXDO
	ARM	1-E30		ARMY 1-E70560/09842082	08^{2}	1 61	۵ :	0203	WIECZE

(9)(q)

Delta Delt	N Name (last first middle)	χeς γ				1				
E7 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 9908 W2 351E ARABIC 3 3 0 0205 E4 97E ARABIC 2+ 2 1+ 0212 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0101 E6 98G ARABIC 2- 2+ 2 0110 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2- 0110 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E7 98G ARABIC 2- 2+ 1+ 020 E7 98G ARABIC 2- 2- 1+ 020 E7 98G ARABIC 2- 2- 1+ 020 E4 98G ARABIC 2- 2- 2- 0100 E4 96G A		ARMY	E5	986	ARABIC	2	2	++	0108	WDAMAA
W/2 351E ARABIC 3 3 0 0205 E4 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0101 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0101 E9 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0101 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0101 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0206 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0206 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0206 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0103 C4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0103 C4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0103 C5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2 0105 <td< td=""><td></td><td>ARMY</td><td>E7</td><td>97E</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>0</td><td>8066</td><td>WG4KAA</td></td<>		ARMY	E7	97E	ARABIC	2	2	0	8066	WG4KAA
E4 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 2 0101 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0101 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0110 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0110 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 020 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 020 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 000 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0103 C4 00E ARABIC 2+ 2 0103 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2		ARMY	W2	351E	ARABIC	ო	ဗ	0	0205	W4VN10
E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 2 0101 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0101 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0110 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0110 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0206 W2 35C ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0206 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 0204 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 0 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 0 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1 0 0 E9 ARABIC 2+		ARMY	E4	97E	ARABIC	2	2	*	0212	WBVFT0
E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0207 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0110 E8 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0110 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0204 W2 35C ARABIC 5 5 1+ 0305 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0109 O4 00E ARABIC 2 2 0 0103 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0 E5 97E ARABIC		ARMY	9 3	986	ARABIC	2+	2	2	0101	W1ECA1
E6 98G ARABIC 2 3 2 0110 E8 98Z ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 2 0110 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0105 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0204 W2 35ZC ARABIC 5 5 0 0204 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0305 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0709 O4 06 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0103 O5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0103 O5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0103 O5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 2- 0103 O5		ARMY	E6	986	ARABIC	7	5+	2	0207	W1ECZ2
E8 98Z ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 00105 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0105 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0204 W2 352C ARABIC 5 5 0 0205 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0103 O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 2 0103 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0105 O5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2 0105 O5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2 0204 E5 96G ARABIC 2+ 2 0105 <td< td=""><td></td><td>ARMY</td><td>9 E</td><td>98C</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>2</td><td>က</td><td>2</td><td>0110</td><td>WGNTA0</td></td<>		ARMY	9 E	98C	ARABIC	2	က	2	0110	WGNTA0
E5 98G ARABIC 3 1+ 0105 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 1+ 0210 E5 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0204 W2 352C ARABIC 5 5 0 0205 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0004 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 0004 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0004 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0105 O5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0201 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0105 O5 31A ARABIC 2-<		ARMY	E8	286	ARABIC	7	5 +	7	0011	W1E82B
E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E4 98C ARABIC 2+ 3 1+ 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 2+ 2 0202 E5 98G ARABIC 5 5 0 0205 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0004 CA 00E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9604 CA 00E ARABIC 2+ 2 0103 CA 00E ARABIC 2+ 2 0105 CA 00E ARABIC 2+ 2 0105 CA 00E ARABIC 2+ 2 0204 CA 00E ARABIC 2+ 2 0101 CA 00E ARABIC 2+ 2 0		ARMY	E5	9 8 C	ARABIC	က	က	<u>+</u>	0105	WGNTA0
E4 98C ARABIC 2+ 3 1+ 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0202 E5 98G ARABIC 5 5 0 0205 W2 352C ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0103 O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 2 0105 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0105 O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 2 0105 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2 0201 O5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2 0201 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0201 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 000105 E7 98G		ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	2+	5	,	0210	WDHUHD
E4 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 0202 E5 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0204 W2 352C ARABIC 5 5 0 0205 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0305 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 0103 C4 00E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1 0109 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2 0 9504 C5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0711 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0711 C5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 9510 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 9510 E8 98G ARABIC		ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	2+	က	<u>+</u>	0210	WNDDAA
E5 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0204 W2 352C ARABIC 5 5 0 0205 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 0109 C4 00E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9604 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 01105 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0211 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0211 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0101 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0101 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0101 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0101 E8 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 9510<		ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	က	က	7	0202	WH72D0
W2 352C ARABIC 5 5 0 0205 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1 0109 C4 00E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1 0109 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0105 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0105 C5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0211 C6 31A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0211 C7 4 2+ 2 0 0511 C8 31A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 0509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0101 E8 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0510 E8 98G ARABIC 2		ARMY	E5	986	ARABIC	က	5 +	2	0204	WDLLB0
E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0204 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1 0109 C4 00E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1 0109 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0105 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0211 O5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0211 E7 96G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 9509 E7 96G ARABIC 2 2 0 9509 E7 96G ARABIC 2 2 0 9509 E7 96G ARABIC 2 2 0 0 E7 96G ARABIC 2 2 0 0 E8 96G ARABIC 2 <td< td=""><td></td><td>ARMY</td><td>W2</td><td>352C</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>သ</td><td>2</td><td>0</td><td>0205</td><td>WDKEB0</td></td<>		ARMY	W2	352C	ARABIC	သ	2	0	0205	WDKEB0
E7 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 0204 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0109 C4 00E ARABIC 2 2+ 1 0109 C4 00E ARABIC 2 2 0 9604 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0105 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2 0211 C5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2 0211 E7 98G ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 00101 C4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510		ARMY	E3	986	ARABIC	2	2	+	0305	W1E846
E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1 0109 C4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1 0109 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 3 0 9604 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0105 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0211 O5 31A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 00101 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 9510 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 9510		ARMY	F.7	98G	ARABIC	e	c	2	0204	WDHIHD
E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1 0109 O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9604 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0105 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0211 O5 31A ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 9510		ARMY	E7	98C	ARABIC	0	2 (2	0103	WH72D0
E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1 0109 O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9604 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0105 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0211 O5 31A ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0101										
E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1 0109 O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9604 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0105 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0211 O5 31A ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0101 C4 18A ARABIC 2+ 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2+ 2 0101										
O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9604 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0105 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0211 O5 31A ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510		ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	2	2+	1	0109	WGNTA0
E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0105 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0211 O5 31A ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510		ARMY	04	90E	ARABIC	2+	က	0	9604	W00TAA
E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0105 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0211 O5 31A ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510									***************************************	A ST. INVITATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0211 O5 31A ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510		ARMY	E4	98G	ARABIC	2	2	2	0105	W1ECZF
E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0211 O5 31A ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510					A Company of the Comp				TOTAL CONTRACTOR CONTR	
O5 31A ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 1001 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510		ARMY	E6	97E	ARABIC	2+	2+	2	0211	W1ECZE
O5 31A ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 1 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510										
O5 31A ARABIC 2 3 0 9509 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510										
E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510		ARMY	05	31A	ARABIC	2	3	0	6206	WJHEAA
E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510				7						
E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 2 0101 O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510		ARMY	E7	980	ARABIC	5	7	-	0205	W1E844
O4 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 9510		ARMY	E2	98G 98G	ARABIC	, ,	7	7	0101	WOLLBO
		ARMY	9	18A	ARABIC	2	2	0	9510	W4VUAA
		ADMAY	П	080	F3 98G . ARABIC - 2	2	,	<u>+</u>	0304	WIERAR

Mama flact first midellal	Ser	Grade	Grade PMOS	Language	DLPT L	DLPT L DLPT R	DLPT S	DLPT S DLPT Date UIC	OIC
	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	2	2+	+	0208	WA77B0
	ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	5+	2+	2	0102	WH6XD0
	ARMY	F5	97E	ARABIC	2	2	2	0204	WH6XA1
•	ARMY	E4	97E	ARABIC	2	2	2	0211	WH62D0
	2404	91	0.00		6	7-6	+ 7	0303	MDCMBO
	ARIMY	נו נו	500	ARABIC.	u (,	<u> </u>	0303	200000
	ARMY	£4	986	AKABIC	ς,	5 +	7	0102	WSHBUZ
	AMAA	E6	ORC	ARABIC	2	2	1	0102	WGNTAO
		3 1			1 0	10	- •	2010	WIECZI
	AKIM	1 1 1	ם לא ה	APABIC	, ,	ა ჯ		9812	W1F0AW
	ADMAX	ע	2 6		, ,	;	•	0204	WDIIBO
	ARMY	Д 5 4	980	ARABIC	5 t	2 2	1 6	0202	WGNTA0
	ARMY	ဗိ	44A	ARABIC	4	4	0	9807	WBGTB0
	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	ŭ	0		ť	c	r	0403	MCNTAD
	ARMI	ц ф ф	5 6	ARABIC	V (خ د	v ;	0103	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
	ARMY	Eę	986	AKABIC	5	-74	<u>+</u>	0201	WINDAU
	ARMY	Q	35G	ARABIC	2+	က	0	0110	W37213
	ARMY	F4	986	ARABIC	5	2+	÷	0211	WH62D0
	ARMY	05	48G	ARABIC	2	က	0	9096	W1FBAA
	ARMY	04	42B	ARABIC	2	2	0	9812	W3VS24
					ć	4	c	0000	CATIAC SAL
	ARMY	E2	98G	ARABIC	2+	2	2	0202	WGNIAU
	ARMY	E3	98G	ARABIC	3	က	2	0208	W1ECZF
	ARMY	W3	351E	ARABIC	3+	4+	0	0107	WH6XA1
	ARMY	E7	98C	ARABIC	2	2	0	9000	WBVAAA
	ARMY	05	48H	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0206	W45WAA
	ARMY	E7	18E	ARABIC	7	*	0	0206	W1E0FW
	ARMY	05	88A	ARABIC	4	4	0	9066	WBOMAA
	ARMY	0	48G	ARABIC	2	5+	0	2096	W00TAA
	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	က	5+	7	0104	WGNT99
	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	2	5+	7	0106	WH72D0
	ARMY	E5	986	ARABIC	2	2	<u></u>	0212	W1ECZE
	ARMY	E7	986	ARABIC	7	7	7	0106	W1E844
	ARMY	E8	38Z	ARABIC	က	ო	~	0208	WDKEA0
	ARMY	0	00E	ARABIC		က	0	9903	W30U2L
	ARMY	1-E3C	1-E30529/C) \$	10^{2}	7 6	-	020	WEZKIU
		3	250	NO.		>	>		

(9)(q)

			.		
UIC WH6XD0 WH6XD0 WGNTAA	WDLLB0 W1E862 WH6XD0	WGNTAA W00111 WDGWB0 WH62D0 WGNTAA	W4FGAA W1E801 WH67AA W37223 W00130 W2H6AA W2MJAA	W1ECA1 WH6YD0 W1FBAA WH6XA0	WDSPAA W30F01 WGNTA0 W0F809 WHQLAA WDGWB0
DLPT Date UIC 9811 WH 0206 WH 0208 WG	0206 0302 0007	0302 0212 0209 0106 0208 0206	8708 0206 0206 0201 9908 8611 0301	0108 0303 0204 0212	9705 9705 0103 0304 0210 0211
DLPT S 1+ 1+ 1+	2 1+ 1+	2+ 2 2 0 1+	0 0 7 4 5 0 0	+ + 0 +	5 1 1 2 4 5 4
DLPT R 3 2+ 2	3 2 2+	ი ი 4 ∨ ი ი	000000	2+ 22 33 4+ 25	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
DLPT L 2+ 2 2	3 2 2+	5 5 5 5 7 7	33555	2 3 3 2	3 2 2 2 1 2 1 2
Language ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC	ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC	ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC	ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC	ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC	ARMY E6 98G ARABIC 2+ ARMY O3 31A ARABIC 2+ ARMY E5 98C ARABIC 3+ ARMY E7 97E ARABIC 2+ ARMY E7 97E ARABIC 2+ ARMY E4 98G ARABIC 2 ARMY 1-E4∪3883/∪ARABIC 2
PMOS 98G 98G 98C	98G 98G 98G	986 986 986 980 980	48G 97E 98C 48G 79S 48J 56A	97E 98C 47G 97E	98G 31A 98C 97E 98G
Grade E7 E5 E4	E5 E4 E4	E4 E5 E6 E6	06 E5 04 E6 06	E7 E4 O5 E4	E6 03 E5 E7 E7 E4
Serv ARMY ARMY ARMY	ARMY ARMY ARMY	ARMY ARMY ARMY ARMY ARMY ARMY	ARMY ARMY ARMY ARMY ARMY ARMY	ARMY ARMY ARMY ARMY	ARMY ARMY ARMY ARMY ARMY
Name (last first middle)					
(9)(q)					

	#							
ARMY	E5	98G	ARABIC	3	3	1+	0206	WDAMAA
AKMY	3	100 100	AKABIC	5 .	* 7	5	9011	WZLbAA
ARMY	ЕŞ	74B	ARABIC	2	က	0	0210	WATLAA
ARMY	8	Z86	ARABIC	7	7	0	0208	W00122
ARMY	Ö	35D	ARABIC	7	က	0	0201	WALX99
ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	5 +	2+	5+	0303	W1E828
ARMY	E	92Y	ARABIC	ന	7	0	0202	WDEFD0
ARMY	E8	75H	ARABIC	5 +	က	0	9012	WOZUAA
ARMY	7	92∀	ARABIC	က	2+	0	0206	WBHUA0
ARMY	E5	98G	ARABIC	2	က	2	0007	WH72D0
ARMY	E5	92Y	ARABIC	5	5 +	0	0209	WACEHD
ARMY	E5	97E	ARABIC	3	3	0	0302	WG4MA0
ARMY	05	14F	ARABIC	r	۳	c	9003	WHERSO
>NEW >	3 8	7.4℃ 25.4∆	ARABIC	י מ	, ,	> <	9707	MOMORA
ARMY	1 6	100 100 100	APABIC	, c	. 7 + C	> ‡	0240	WITE A1
>WOV	ŭ) () ()		4 6	۰ د	<u>+</u> +	0208	WHEND
		300		7			0200	00701100
ARMY	E4	98G	ARABIC	2	2	2	0205	WGNTA0
ARMY	W 1	003A	ARABIC	4+	5	0	0305	W3VS1A
ARMY	E7	98G	ARABIC	7	2	0	0210	W4VYAA
ARMY	E6	986	ARABIC	5+	7	7	0208	WC8SAA
ARMY	E5	986	ARABIC	က	က	7	0010	WH6XA1
ARMY	8	980	ARABIC	က	က	7	0303	W1E846
ARMY	E7	9 8 C	ARABIC	7	2	+	0303	W00121
ARMY	E5	73C	ARABIC	က	က	0	0110	WENHA0
ARMY	9	11A	ARABIC	3	2	0	9208	W6AK03
ARMY	E6	98C	ARABIC	2	2	1	0303	W1E862
ARMY	E6	986	ARABIC	7	က	+	020	W3RB35
ARMY	Š	35D	ARABIC	2	ဗ	0	0301	W4T1AA
ARMY	53	98C	ARABIC	က	က	7	0207	WH62D0
ARMY	7	986	ARABIC	2	2	2	0211	WH62D0
ARMY	E7	97E	ARABIC	က	ဗ	0	0206	W1E806
ARMY	E7	986	ARABIC	2	2+	2	0305	W1ECZ1
ARMY 1		PEF /	F6 DEFO / CAPABIGS	103	5+	*	0210	WHQLAA

SSN

WDSPAA	W1ECZE	W1V036	WGNTA0	WH62D0	WDAMAA	WAWYE0	WDGWB0	WH72A0	W1ECA1	W0VPS1	W1E862	W1E846	WH8QAA	WBVFT0	WDFJAA	WFAJT0	WDGWB0	W1ECZL	W1E801	WGNTA0	WGNTA0	WBVDA0	WAZ3T0	WDHUD0	W1ECA1	WGNT99	W1ECZF	W 1E646 WH62D0	WBVCB0	
0206	0204	0203	0205	0203	0303	8066	0204	0106	0212	0212	0207	0302	0303	0206	0302	0103	0209	0303	0207	0106	0107	0212	0207	0205	0200	0104	0304	0211	0206	
2 2	+	0	<u>+</u>	2+	2	0	<u>+</u>	0	+	0	0	2	<u>+</u>	2	0	0	2	2	<u>+</u>	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2 (N 67	+	
*	2	ဇ	2	2	2+	3+	2 +	က	က	4+	2	3	2+	2+	က	2	5+	2	2+	က	က	2	2+	က	භ	2+	5 ,	7 77	2	
2 2	2	2	2	5	2	က	2+	က	5+	4	7	3	2	3	က	2	2	2	2+	ဗ	က	2	2	2	က	က	ကင	7 7	2	
ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	AKABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	
E6 98G	986	11A	98G	98G	98G	14A	98G	98C	98C	900E	35D	98G	97B	97E	92Y	77F	98C	98G	97E	986	98G	97E	71L	38C	986	98C	98C	98C	9 8G	
E9 4	E6	04	E4	E7	E4	05	E4	E 4	E 6	0	5	E4	E 4	E4	E3	E 4	E6	E3	9 <u>=</u>	E5	E 4	E5	E4	E4	E 6	E 4	E2	E6	E5	
ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	AKMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	ARMY	

Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade	Grade PMOS	Landuade	DLPTL	DLPT R	DLPT S	DLPT Date UIC) nic
	ARMY	E4	92R	ARABIC	2		1	0202	WELFAA
	ARMY	E5	97E	ARABIC	2	2+	2	0211	WH8QY5
	AMOV	VW.	180A	Claydy	æ	c		0203	MAZIEDA A
	ARMY	ф В Щ	986	ARABIC	2	÷	> <u>+</u>	0210	WDGWB0
	ARMY	05	48G	ARABIC	2	2	0	9503	W1V069
	ARMY	02	350	ARABIC	7	က	0	9096	WDFKAA
	ARMY	E7	98G	ARABIC	2	2+	++	0109	W1E844
	ARMY	04	48G	ARABIC	2	က	0	0206	W372AA
	ARMY	E3	986	ARABIC	5+	2+	+	0303	W1E846
	ARMY	E2	98C	ARABIC	2	7	2	0305	W1ECZL
	ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	က	5+	2	0109	W00121
	ARMY	03	13A	ARABIC	7	7	0	0305	W1ECZE
	ARMY	05	35D	ARABIC	7	7	0	9901	WH6XA1
	ARMY	E4	X89	ARABIC	7	7	0	0105	WDFJAA
	ARMY	E6	98G	ARABIC	2	2	1+	0111	W1ECZE
	ARMY	F.55	75B	ARABIC	2+	2+	U	0108	WAVNO
	ARMY	F 4	35 35 35	ARABIC	, ^	; ;	> -	0210	WANVTO
	ARMY	E) i	97B	ARABIC	1 ტ	່ພ	· ~	2000	W1ECZE
	ARMY	E7	98G	ARABIC	2	2	++	0304	W00112
	ARMY	E5	98C	ARABIC	2+	2+	+	0212	WDKEA0
	ARMY	F4	97F	ARABIC	۲	6	+	0305	W1ECZI
	ARMY	69	35D	ARABIC	4	14	. 0	0104	W1V077
	ARMY	E7	92G	ARABIC	2	3	0	0110	WH9QT0
	AMO V	í.	080		ć	c	,	0000	14/4 1 0 46
	ARIM	3 8	9 G		۷ ۲	u ¢	- c	2000	W 15040
	ARMI	3	350	AKABIC	7	7	0	8708	WIECZE
	ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	2	2	2	0210	WGNTA0
	ARMY	E 4	980	ARABIC	5 +	ო	7	0303	WGNTA0
	ARMY	E7	98C	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0201	WDHUT0
	ARMY	, F4	C) 586	ARMY 1 F4 2969 10 ARABIS 1 12	4.4.2	5 +	2	0302	W1E846
	ARMY	1 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		A TABLES	142	7	0	9711	WH1DW1

	Serv	Grade	Grade PMOS	Language	DLPT L	OLPTR	DLPTR DLPTS	DLPT Date UIC	alc
	ARMY	E5	38C	ARABIC	က	က	5+	0106	WGNTA0
							,		
	ARMY	ES	92R	ARABIC	2	3	0	0301	W1E0C1
	ARMY	9 3	98C	ARABIC	7	2	2	0304	W1ECA1
	ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	7	2+	<u>+</u>	0211	WDLLB0
*	ARMY	93	98C	ARABIC	2+	2	2	0304	WDGWT0
							-		
	ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	2+	2	2	0211	W1E843
	ARMY	05	39C	ARABIC	2	2	0	9403	W0VP8F
	ARMY	17. 7.5	<i></i> ₩	ARABIC	٥	2+	O	0304	WG4KAA
	ARMY	Щ Т	986	ARABIC	2	; †	2	0205	WGNTA0
	ARMY	E3	986	ARABIC	ო	5	7	0305	W1E843
	ARMY	E4	9 8 C	ARABIC	2	2	2	0302	WDAMAA
	ARMY	E	980	ARABIC	2	2	+	0303	W1E846
	ARMY	E3	98G	ARABIC	3	3	1+	0302	W1E846
	VMQ V	E.B.	075	SIGNAL	2	7	2	0242	WATEROA
	APMY	א ע	1 G	APABIC	10	۰ د	1 -	0100	W 1E862
			200		7	7	-	6010	44 I COOK
	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	2	2	1	0304	WDAMAA
	ARMY	9 E	98C	ARABIC	5+	က	<u>+</u>	0212	W1ECZ2
	ARMY	93	98G	ARABIC	5+	က	7	0212	W00111
	ARMY	03	13A	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0101	W37213
	ARMY	E3	98G	ARABIC	က	က	,	0104	WGNTA0
	ARMY	E6	978	ARABIC	5+	ဗ	+	0104	WDKVAA
	ARMY	W2	351E	ARABIC	5+	2+	0	0112	W0F802
	ARMY	9 <u>=</u>	986	ARABIC	7	2	+	0109	WDSMAA
	ARMY	8	48G	ARABIC	2+	2	0	0012	W40JAA
	ARMY	E3	986	ARABIC	2	2+	1+	0305	W1ECZL
	ARMY.	1-F30	1880/C	ARMY 1- E3 0 38KO/O SPAPIE 3152+	152+	2+	0	0205	WCL8AA
	ARMY		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	A RABIE?	<u>د</u> 2	က	0	0208	WAD8T0

Serv	Grade	Grade PMOS	Language DLPTL	DLPT L	DLPT R	DLPTR DLPTS	DLPT Date UIC	e UIC
ARMY	05	35D	ARABIC	2+	3	0	8066	W4VYAA
 ARMY	E5	71L	ARABIC	2	က	0	0109	WHGHAA
 ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	2	က	+	0210	WBVBB0
 ARMY	8	91B	ARABIC	ιO	5	0	9401	WB29AA
 ARMY	9	48D	ARABIC	ဇ	6	0	9512	W4B2AA
 ARMY	53	986	ARABIC	5	2	+	0010	WGNT99
ARMY	လ	56A	ARABIC	5	5	0	9904	WALBTO
ARMY	93	986	ARABIC	ဗ	છ	0	0303	W00111
 ARMY	E5	986	ARABIC	ဗ	ဗ	2	0105	W00111
ARMY	E3	986	ARABIC	2+	2	2	0303	W1ECZL
ARMY	9E	91E	ARABIC	9	က	0	0110	W3ZS20
								1.4
ARMY	W3	351E	ARABIC	2	2	0	9802	WDR5B0
ARMY	E	98G	ARABIC	2	2	+	0206	WDLLB0
ARMY	E4	91K	ARABIC	3	3	0	0210	W03SAA
				TO STATE WITHOUT THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY				
ARMY	E4	926	ARABIC	3	3	0	0304	WAM3T0
 ARMY	E5	97B	ARABIC	7	7	*	0305	WH8QAA
 ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	က	က	7	0107	WGNTA0
ARMY	E9	98C	ARABIC	2	2	2	0210	W1E841
ARMY	E7	97E	ARABIC	2	2+	+	0108	WHBQHD
ARMY	8	11A	ARABIC	3	3	0	0104	WH5AC0
ARMY	E 6	986	ARABIC	2	2	2	0101	WA77A0
 ARMY	90	18A	ARABIC	က	ဗ	0	9403	W37W1A
ARMY	E5	9 8 G	ARABIC	3	2+	+	0201	WGNTA0
ARMY	E4	92R	ARABIC	2	2	2	0204	WDSPAA
 ARMY	E8	18Z	ARABIC	8	7	5 +	0102	W3QT1A
 ARMY	9 =	98G	ARABIC	က	5+	7	0109	WH72A0
 ARMY	05	12A	ARABIC	က	÷	0	0104	WG2CT0
 ARM≺	E3	986	ARABIC	c۱	5+	+	0305	W1ECZL
 ARMY	£	986	ARABIC	7	က	0	0201	WH6XD0
ARMY	E3	986	ARABIC	2	2	2	0303	W1E846
APMY	i Y	076	APABIC	6	2+	+	0340	WRVEBO
 ARMY	7-1-1-1-1) ₃ 359/(ARMY 1-E-09839/OSRABIE3162	162	5	:	0211	W00112

Г	Serv	Grade	PMOS	Language	DLPT L	DLPT R	DLPTS	DLPT Date	OIC
	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	က	က	2	0303	W1E846
	ARMY	E7	97E	ARABIC	ო	ო	က	0111	W0F802
	ARMY	ဗ	35D	ARABIC	က	2+	0	0101	W1E870
	ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	7	7	0	0303	WBVDC0
	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	2	2	<u>+</u>	0212	WH6XD0
-	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	2	2+	2	020	WDLLB0
	ADMAV	92	075	Jidvav	,		c	0040	18/4 5004
-		i i	1 6		၇ (ი ,	.	0210	VV IEOU
	AKMY	E4	986	AKABIC	2	5+	1	0208	WDLLBO
	ARMY	E8	Z86	ARABIC	2	2	2	0002	WH72D0
	ARMY	03	25A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0304	W1ECA1
-	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	2+	က	*	0305	WA77A0
-	ARMY	E4	91Q	ARABIC	က	5+	0	0302	W0Q153
-	ARMY	E 4	13B	ARABIC	7	7	0	0202	WAXMAA
-	ARMY	03	25A	ARABIC	2	2	0	9912	WH05T0
	ARMY	E3	13B	ARABIC	3	3	0	0207	WAMOCO
	V DAIV	7	000		ć	ç	c	0405	A TAO
	A P.M.Y	5 2	000		. t	י כ	4 0	0100	MONTON
	A P.M.Y	įć	48C	APABIC	۳ د	4 6	v C	8304	W41/023
	ARMY	SS	110	ARABIC	,	,	o	9310	WH3MTO
	ARMY	2 2 2	980	ARABIC	1 6	1 2	2	9000	W1E02E
	ARMY	ES	986	ARABIC	2	2+	2	0211	WH62D0
_	ARMY	03	18A	ARABIC	7	2	0	9511	W1E02A
	ARMY	E4	98G	ARABIC	3	2+	2+	0200	WH62D0
	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		27.5		c	·	,	0700	
	AKMY	ដ	9/E	AKABIC	3	+ 7	7	0210	WBVDAU
	ARMY	03	12A	ARABIC	2	2	c	0305	W1ECZE
	ARMY	03	13A	ARABIC	2	2	0	8066	W1DXAB
	ARMY	E6	986	ARABIC	ဗ	က	0	0205	WGNTAA
	ARMY	E8	286	ARABIC	3	3	3	0204	WH8KA0
	ARMY	E4	98G	ARABIC	2	2	+	0205	WA77B0
_	ARMY	E5	98G	ARABIC	3	2+	2	0108	W00112
	ARMY	05	48G	ARABIC	က	3	0	0104	W1V021
	ARMY 1	1	E408E610	. 6	172+	2+	0	0208	WH62D0

	Selv ARMY	04 04	OOE OOE	Laliguage ARABIC	2 2	א 12 2	0 0	0006 W3(W30U2L
	ARMY	5	35D	ARABIC	2	2+		0211	W1F841
•	ARMY	_	00E	ARABIC	5 2 4	l w	0	0110	W30U2W
	ARMY		48G	ARABIC	က	က	0	0205	W0F8AA
	ARMY		98C	ARABIC	က	က	7	0302	W1E843
	ARMY		48G	ARABIC	2	က	0	9205	W4FGAA
_	ARMY		986	ARABIC	က	5 +	7	0211	WDLLB0
	ARMY		98G	ARABIC	7	7	7	0212	W1E862
	ARMY		98C	ARABIC	ო	2+	7	0105	W1ECZF
	ARMY		003A	ARABIC	4+	4	0	0010	WAYCT0
	ARMY		14A	ARABIC	2	က	0	0302	W1ECZE
	ARMY		48G	ARABIC	7	7	0	0211	W475AA
	ARMY		986	ARABIC	5+	က	7	0303	W1E846
	ARMY		97E	ARABIC	7	5+	+	0305	W1ECZL
	ARMY		9 8 C	ARABIC	က	ო	7	0303	W1ECA1
	ARMY	_	98C	ARABIC	7	5 +	+	0103	WGNTA0
,	ARMY	E7	98G	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0210	W1E844
	A DAAV	7	Jao	ADABIC	c	c	+	0000	MCNTA0
			200		ч с	V C	<u> </u>	0203	WGINI AU
•	ARMY		J (286	ARABIC	, t	, ,	> ‡	0202	WCNFSI
	ARMY ARMY	, u) (g	ARABIC	, c	, c	٠ ،	0208	WHEND
			900		7	7	7	0070	VV NOZDO
Ì	ARMY	E5	986	ARABIC	3	3	2	0106	WGNTA0
	ARMY		11A	ARABIC	7	7	0	9904	WALUB0
	ARMY		98C	ARABIC	5+	က	0	0304	W1ECZE
•	ARMY		98G	ARABIC	ო	ಣ	2	0208	W1ECA1
	ARMY	E2	97E	ARABIC	7	7	<u>+</u>	0209	WH62D0
`	ARMY		351B	ARABIC	3	3	0	0212	WBVHA0
						*			
~	AKMY		97B	ARABIC	7	m	N	0112	WOKEBO
	ARMY		218	ARABIC	ന	ന	0	8002	WNAG99
	ARMY		9 8 C	ARABIC	7	7	-	9020	WDLLB0
	ARMY		98C	ARABIC	5 +	ന	7	0304	WBVDC0
_	ARMY		986	ARABIC	7	7	2	0012	WH67D0
_	ARMY		98C	ARABIC	7	7	-	0110	W1E806
`	ARMY		351E	ARABIC	7	7	0	0112	W1E801
	ARMY	E4	6 8 Y	ARABIC	5+	5+	0	0207	WG2WA0
,	ARMY		98C	ARABIC	2	3	2	0109	W001AA
'	ARMY	ই	48G	ARABIC	2	2	0	0210	W37237
	ARMY 1		铁 0/C	F4 O 43E0/O 会PMP/9/92183	18^3	3	0	0108	WGLMT0

12A ARABIC 2 2 0 8005 92A ARABIC 2+ 3 2 0 8005 92A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0304 98C ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0207 91A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 0 0109 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0111 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0111 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0111 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0301 11A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0301 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0111 99G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0301 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0301 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0301 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 09003 153D ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0001 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 09003 153D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 09003 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 09003 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 09003 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 09001 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0001 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 00001	ARM			ARABIC	2+ 3	რ	0	0110	WAL3AA
E4 92A ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0 0304 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 2 0210 C6 31A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0207 C6 31A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0207 C6 31A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0207 C2 35D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0202 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 0 0208 C3 88A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 0 0208 C4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 E8 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 E9 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0903 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9903 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9903 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9903 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9903 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9903 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9903 E7 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9903 E8 98G ARABIC 3+ 0 9903 E	-	-		ARABIC	7	0	0	8005	W09ZAA
E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	AKM		92A	ARABIC	თ გ	n c	5 6	0304	WAMFBO
65 9.05 ARABIC 2.7 9 9.05 66 98G ARABIC 2.7 9 9.00 66 98G ARABIC 2. 2 0 0112 E6 97E ARABIC 2. 2 0 0111 E5 97E ARABIC 2. 2 0 0111 E4 98G ARABIC 2. 2 0 0111 E7 98G ARABIC 2. 2 0 0111 E7 98G ARABIC 2. 2 0 0005 E7 98G ARABIC 2. 2 0 0011 E9 ARABIC 2. 2 1+ 0208 E6 97E ARABIC 2. 2 1+ 0201 E6 97E ARABIC 2. 2 1+ 0208 E7 97E ARABIC 2. 2 1+<	ARIM		37.0 10.0	ARABIC	÷ ;	י) רי	۷ ٥	0120	WEVDA WED A
E6 96G ARABIC 3 3 2 0109 O2 35D ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0112 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0111 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0111 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0111 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0111 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0202 O3 11A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0203 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0203 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0203 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0203 E8 97E ARABIC 2 2 1 0 0201 E9 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 E9 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0203 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0203 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0203 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0203 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0203 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0203 E8 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 9610 E9 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 00 9604 E9 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 00 9604 E9 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 00 9604 E9 97E ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 00 9604 E9 97E ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O6 014 ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 00 9604 E9 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 0 8907 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 1+ 00004 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 1+ 00004 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 8907 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 8907 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 1+ 00004			3.50 3.10 4.00	ARABIC	. ~	o 0	0	8806	W3KPAA
62 35D ARABIC 3 3 0 0202 E6 91A ARABIC 2 2 0 0112 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 0 0111 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0111 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0111 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0205 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0205 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 0504 C9 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0203 C9 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0201 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0203 E7 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E7 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0	ARM		98G	ARABIC	၊က	ı က	5	0109	WGNTTO
E6 91A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0112 C3 88A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0111 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0111 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0202 C1 35D ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0202 C1 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 0203 C1 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 0203 C1 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 0203 C2 48	ARM		35D	ARABIC	3	3	0	0202	WBU9AA
E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 0208 W2 180A ARABIC 2 2 0 01111 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 01111 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0205 U3 35D ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 0206 U3 35D ARABIC 2+ 0 0301 O3 14A ARABIC 2+ 0 0301 O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 0 0301 O5 48G ARABIC 2+ 0 0301 O6 97E ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 0301 O5 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1 0 9604 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0301 O7 06 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07 07	ARM		91A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0112	WHIRBO
03 88A ARABIC 2 2 0 0111 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0202 W2 180A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0205 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 1+ 0208 C1 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0301 O3 11A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0301 O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 0 0301 O5 49A ARABIC 2+ 0 0203 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 0 0301 O5 49A ARABIC 2+ 0 0203 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 0 0203 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 0 0203 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 0 0301 O5 49A ARABIC 2+ 0 0203 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 0 0301 O5 49A ARABIC 2+ 0 0203 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 0 0301 O5 49A ARABIC 2+ 0 0301 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 0 0903 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 0112 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0801 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0801 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0801 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0801 E8 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0801 E8 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0801 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0801 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 08001	ARM		97F	ARABIC	, ,	, ,	, ,	0208	WH62D0
03 88A ARABIC 2 2 0 0111 E4 96G ARABIC 2 2 2 0202 W2 180A ARABIC 2 2 0 0205 E7 96G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0206 O1 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0301 O3 11A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9504 O5 46G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9508 E6 96G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 O4 00E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 O4 00E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 O5 49A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 O5 5 48 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 O5 5 48 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 0203 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 0203 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 0203 W2 350B ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0209 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0200 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0200 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0200 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0200 E6 98G					i.				
E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0202 W2 180A ARABIC 2 2 0 0205 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 11+ 0208 C0 35D ARABIC 2 2 1 1+ 0208 C0 48G ARABIC 2 2 2+ 0 0301 C0 5 48G ARABIC 2 2 1 1+ 0301 C0 00E ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0203 E4 97E ARABIC 2 2 11+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 11+ 0204 W2 350B ARABIC 2 2 11+ 0204 W2 350B ARABIC 2 2 11+ 0112 C0 5 49A ARABIC 2 2 11+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 9604 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 9604 E7 00 01A ARABIC 2 2 11+ 0112 C0 01A ARABIC 2 2 11+ 0112 C0 01A ARABIC 2 2 2 11+ 0209 C0 01A ARABIC 2 2 2 11+ 0210 C0 01A ARABIC 2 2 11+ 0200 C0 01A ARABIC 2 2 2 11+ 0200 C0	ARM		88A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0111	W1ECA1
W2 180A ARABIC 2 2 0 0205 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 1+ 0208 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 1+ 0208 O1 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0301 O3 11A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9508 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9508 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9508 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9504 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0203 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 2 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9604 E7 96G ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 9604 E7 96G ARABIC 2+ 2+ <t< td=""><td>ARM</td><td></td><td>986</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>0202</td><td>WH62D0</td></t<>	ARM		986	ARABIC	2	2	2	0202	WH62D0
E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 1+ 0208 E7 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0301 O3 11A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9504 O4 00E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 9508 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 9508 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 O5 49A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0201 W2 350B ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 0203 W2 350B ARABIC 2 2 0 0203 W2 350B ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E9 9A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E9 9A ARABIC 2 2 0 0112 O3 49A ARABIC 2 2 0 0912 W2 350B ARABIC 2 2 0 0912 O3 25A ARABIC 2 2 0 0903 E4 91X ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 0903 E5 9BG ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E8 9BG ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E9 9BG ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E8 9BG ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E9 9BG ARABIC 2 2 2 0011 E5 9BG ARABIC 2 2 2 0011 E5 9BG ARABIC 2 2 2 0011 E5 9BG ARABIC 2 2 2 0001 E5 9BG ARABIC 2 2 2 0001 E5 9BG ARABIC 2 2 2 0011 E5 9BG ARABIC 2 2 2 0001	ARM			ARABIC	2	2	0	0205	WH04A0
E7 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0303 O1 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9504 O5 48G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 9508 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E8 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E9 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 WZ 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 9903 WZ 153D ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 9903 WZ 153D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 09004 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0011	ARM		9 8 C	ARABIC	5+	7	+	0208	W00114
E7 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0301 O1 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9504 O3 11A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9504 O5 48G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 9508 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 W2 350B ARABIC 2 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2 3 0 9610 O3 25A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 9604 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 9604 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2 2 0 8907 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 1 0 9604 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 1 1 00104 □ 05 01A ARABIC 2 2 2 1 1 00104 □ 05 01A ARABIC 2 2 2 1 1 00104 □ 05 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 1 1 00104 □ 05 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 1 1 00104 □ 05 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 1 1 00104 □ 05 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 1 1 00104									
01 35D ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0301 03 11A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9504 05 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9508 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 0 0212 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 0 0203 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 0 9610 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 0 9604 E5 96 ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0112 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 9604 E5 96 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0 9604 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 9604	ARM		986	ARABIC	3	2+	0	0303	W1EC12
03 11A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9504 05 48G ARABIC 3 2+ 0 9508 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 04 00E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E4 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 0 8104 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 0 8104 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9601 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9601 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9601 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9601 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9601 E6 18E ARABIC 2- 2+ 1+ 0301 C6 01A ARABIC 2- 2+ 1+ 0301 C6 01A ARABIC 2- 2+ 1+ 0210 C6 01A ARABIC 2- 2+ 1+ 00112 C7 012 2- 2- 1+ 00104 C8 97E ARABIC 2- 2- 1+ 00104 C9 97E ARABIC 2- 2- 1+ 00104 C9 97E ARABIC 2- 2- 1+ 00112 C9 97E ARABIC 2- 2- 1+ 00112 C9 97E ARABIC 2- 2- 1+ 001112 C9 97E ARABIC 2- 2- 1+ 0	ARM		35D	ARABIC	က	2+	0	0301	WH9TTO
05 48G ARABIC 3 2+ 0 9508 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0212 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0212 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 0 8104 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 0 8104 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9601 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9601 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0112 O1 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9601 O6 01A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9601 E6 98G ARABIC 2- 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2- 2- 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2- 2- 0 8907 E5 97E ARABIC 2- 2- 0 011 E7 0585 O1004	ARM		11A	ARABIC	71	5	0	9504	W2L58B
E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 O4 00E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0212 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E5 97E ARABIC 2 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 1+ 0204 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 0 9812 O1 25A ARABIC 2+ 0 9604 E5 9F ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0301 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 9F ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 9F ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 <tr< td=""><td>ARM</td><td></td><td>48G</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>က</td><td>5+</td><td>0</td><td>9208</td><td>W6AK14</td></tr<>	ARM		48G	ARABIC	က	5+	0	9208	W6AK14
04 00E ARABIC 2+ 2 0 0212 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0201 05 49A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 8104 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 9903 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E8 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E9 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 F6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 F6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210	ARM		986	ARABIC	7	2	<u>+</u>	0301	WDSPAA
E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0203 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 O5 49A ARABIC 2 3 0 8104 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 4 0 9603 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0011 E6 18E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0011 C6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0011 E5 9F ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 9F ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 0011 E5 9F ARABIC	ARM		90E	ARABIC	2	2	0	0212	W372AA
E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0211 O5 49A ARABIC 2 3 0 8104 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9812 O1 25A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 9903 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9903 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 00016	ARM		97E	ARABIC	5 +	က	0	0203	W1ECZE
E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0211 O5 49A ARABIC 2 3 0 8104 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 0 9812 O1 25A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 3+ 4 0 9903 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0301 E6 18E ARABIC 2- 2+ 1+ 0301 E5 97E ARABIC 2- 2- 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0210 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 <td>ARM</td> <td></td> <td>986</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>7</td> <td>7</td> <td>*</td> <td>0204</td> <td>WDLLBO</td>	ARM		986	ARABIC	7	7	*	0204	WDLLBO
05 49A ARABIC 2 3 0 8104 W2 350B ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9812 O1 25A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 2+ 4 0 9610 W2 153D ARABIC 3 3 2 0209 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 9903 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 36 ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 H2 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 H2 O	ARM			ARABIC	2	7	+	0211	WCAEB(
W2 350B ARABIC 4 2+ 0 9812 O1 25A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 3 3 2 0209 W2 153D ARABIC 4+ 4 0 9903 E4 91X ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 C6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 H2 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 ARABIC 2 2 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2+ 00006	ARM			ARABIC	7	က	0	8104	W1E1AA
O1 25A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 9610 E5 97E ARABIC 3 3 2 0209 W2 153D ARABIC 4+ 4 0 9903 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 H240899 O ARABIC 2 2 0 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0210	ARM			ARABIC	4	5	0	9812	WAY6A
E5 97E ARABIC 3 3 2 0209 W2 153D ARABIC 4+ 4 0 9903 W2 153D ARABIC 2+ 4 0 9903 E4 91X ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 00011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0210	ARM		25A	ARABIC	5+	က	0	9610	WFGNA
W2 153D ARABIC 4+ 4 0 9903 E4 91X ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2+ 0006	ARM		97E	ARABIC	ო	က	7	0209	WH62D0
E4 91X ARABIC 3 3 2 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0104 1-E4 0 88G ARABIC 3 2+ 2+ 0006	ARM		153D	ARABIC	4+	4	0	9903	WAYPA
E4 91X ARABIC 3 3 2 0205 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 3 2 0104 1-E40889/O≪RABIC3193 2+ 2+ 0006									
E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0112 O3 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0104 1-E4 0 88G ARABIC 3 2+ 2+ 0006	ARM		91X	ARABIC	က	3	2	0205	W3VZ7C
03 25A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9604 E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0210 1-E40989/O≪PABIC3193 2+ 2+ 0006	ARM		986	ARABIC	7	2 +	+	0112	WDAMAA
E6 18E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0301 O6 01A ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 1+ 0210 1-E40889/OSRABIC3193 2+ 2 0104 2 2+ 2+ 0006	ARM			ARABIC	2+	5 +	0	9604	W2N3A
06 01A ARABIC 2 2 0 8907 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 1+ 0210 1-E40889/OSRABIC3193 2+ 2+ 2+ 0104 1-E60889/OSRABIC3193 2+ 2+ 0006	ARM		18E	ARABIC	2	2+	+	0301	WH1AC0
E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 0011 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0210 1-E40989/OSPABIC3192 2+ 2+ 0006	ARM			ARABIC	2	2	0	8907	W4901X
1-E40889/OSPABIC3192 2+ 2+ 0006	ARM			ARABIC	٦	١٥		0011	WBVDA
1-E40359/OSPABE3193 2+ 2+ 0006	ARM			ARABIC	۱ ۸	1 8	±	0210	WDLLB
3 2+ 2+ 0006	NOV	×	700	Clavae		7.7	c	0404	OFINE
	ARM	11-12)%[1]作3		i 6	, ,	9000	WHR7T

Amidellal	Serv	Grade	PMOS	Language	DLPTL	DLPT R	DLPTS	DLPT S DLPT Date UIC) UIC
	ARMY	9 <u>9</u>	97E	ARABIC	က	5+	2	0209	W1ECA1
	ARMY	E7	986	ARABIC	2	2	2	0301	W1ECZ3
	ARMY	W2	153D	ARABIC	4	4	0	9812	WEAEAA
	ARMY	E3	98C	ARABIC	2	2	2	0304	W1ECZL
	ARMY	0	48G	ARABIC	5+	ღ	0	8056	W6AK03
	ARMY	E4	98C	ARABIC	2+	3	+	0210	WH62D0
	ARMY	S	13A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0305	W1ECZE
	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	5	က	2	2000	WGNT99
	ARMY	E 4	986	ARABIC	2	5 +	2	0102	WGNTA0
	ARMY	E3	98C	ARABIC	က	2+	2	0303	W1E846
	ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	2	2+	2	0303	W1E846
	ARMY	E7	98G	ARABIC	3	3	2	0303	W1E8E0
						,			
	ARMY	90	48G	ARABIC	2	2	0	8711	W1V021
	ARMY	E5	98C	ARABIC	7	က	÷	0206	WDGWB0
	ARMY	E3	91E	ARABIC	7	5+	÷	0202	WBHBHD
	ARMY	E4	980	ARABIC	7	2	2	0105	WGNT99
	ARMY	E4	98G	ARABIC	က	က	2	0206	WH62D0
	ARMY	E8	37F	ARABIC	5 +	7	5+	0303	W1E01F
	ARMY	F4	97F	ARABIC	2	7	1+	0204	WBVDA0
		:	:						
	ARMY	04	18A	ARABIC	2	2	0	9310	W4T3AA
	X 10 0	7.7	C	01000	,	ć	i	0000	1814 TO 174
	AKMY	ָן נ	5 86 86	AKABIC	m (n	÷.	9303	WIECZI
	AKINIY	CI.	96C	AKABIC	7	7	+	0110	VVGIN 1 89
	ARMY	05	18A	ARABIC	2	2	0	2096	W1B6AA
	ARMY	E7	98G	ARABIC	3	3	2	0012	WGNT99
	ARMY	F.0	200	ARABIC	۳	۲	c	9805	WBIIAAA
	ARMY	, F	47F	ARABIC	, ,) er	٥ (0206	WATGAA
	ARMY	8	48G	ARABIC	i w	, ea	0	8005	W0Z2AA
	ARMY	ဝိ	15A	ARABIC	2+	5+	0	0305	W1ECZE
	ARMY	E5	986	ARABIC	က	5+	2	0206	WDSPAA
	ARMY	4 E7 C	986	ARABIGA	3	က	0	0208	W1ECA1
	ARMY	1- E -0		ARMY 1-E-U3834/U3RABR32U2	ZU2	8	0	0212	W1E8E0

Yes toxis tool tookels

WDGWB0 WDGWB0 WHQCT0 WGNTA0 WAGKAA WGNTAA WH6XD0 W4RAAA **WGNTA0** WA4RA0 WD4PAA W1D0AA WGNT99 W2DH1E WAHCT0 WBGJB0 WBU7AA WH6XA1 WH62D0 W1ECZL W1E8E0 WA77B0 W0U911 W1E874 W1E846 W27P26 W1ECA1 W1E844 W00111 W48902 W00102 **DLPT Date UIC** 0212 0208 9605 0206 0209 0206 0105 0204 0206 0103 9000 0206 6000 9809 0204 0003 6066 0302 8403 9711 9807 0112 0204 0206 0011 0207 0211 0201 0303 0107 DLPT L DLPT R DLPT S \$00000t 0 0 0 ‡ 0 0 0 0 ‡ ‡ 2 0 200 0 9 0 - 2 44 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 503 3 , 666 ന 99222 3 2 0 2 3 2 200 က <u>ჯ</u> იი ი e О 2 0 ന <u></u>
\$ 0 0 0 0 0 5 \$ 000 ကကက Language ARABIC **ARABIC** ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC Grade PMOS 351E 352G 98G 986 98G 980 986 98G 986 986 73C 98G 980 98G31R 986 350 980 73C 14E 18A 986 98C 98G 92A 68H 350 98C **286 12**Z E4 **E**4 E4 8 **E**6 E3 8 **E**4 **E** E **E**4 **E**4 9 E E7 E7 **E**4 **E**4 **E**4 ARMY Serv Name (last first middle)

ARMY E4 9FE ARABIC 2+ 2 2 0.037 WH502D ARMY E4 9FE ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1 0.037 WH502D ARMY E3 9FE ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1 0.017 WH502D ARMY E3 9FE ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0.035 WH502D ARMY E3 9FE ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0.017 WH502D ARMY E3 9FE ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0.017 WH502D ARMY E3 9FE ARABIC 2 2- 0.017 WH502D ARMY E3 9G ARABIC 2 2- 1+ 0.017 WH502D ARMY E3 9G ARABIC 2 2- 1+ 0.015 WH502D ARMY E3 9G ARABIC 2 2- 1-	Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade PMOS) h	Laliguage					
E4 97E ARABIC 3 3 2 0207 O2 14 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0101 E3 94G ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0303 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0211 E4 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0201 E5 96G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0201 E5 96G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0201 E6 96G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0201 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0201 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0201 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0201 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E8 97E ARABIC <		ARMY	E7	98G	ARABIC	2+	2	2	0203	W49QBD
E4 97E ARABIC 3 3 2 0207 C3 11A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1 0201 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0201 E4 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 1+ 0211 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0201 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0202 C4 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0201 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0201 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0201 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E8 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E9 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E9 97E A							A Company of the Comp			100
O2 11A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0101 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0303 E4 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0303 E4 96G ARABIC 3 2+ 1+ 0305 E5 96G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0010 E5 96G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0210 E4 96G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E8 98G		ARMY	E 4	97E	ARABIC	က	က	7	0207	WH62D0
E3 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1 0303 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0211 E4 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 1+ 0211 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0010 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0202 C4 35D ARABIC 2 2 0010 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E8 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E8 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E9 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0004 E9 98G ARABIC 2		ARMY	05	11A	ARABIC	2+	5+	0	0101	W30U2P
E5 97E ARABIC 2 1+ 0211 E4 97E ARABIC 3 3 2 0305 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 1+ 0202 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0202 O4 35D ARABIC 2 2 0105 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0202 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0700 E9 ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0700 E9 ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0700 E9 ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0304 E9 ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0304 E9 ARABIC 2 2+ 0304 E9 ARABIC 2 2+ 0304 E9 ARABIC 3 3 0 <td></td> <td>ARMY</td> <td>E3</td> <td>986</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>7</td> <td>5+</td> <td>-</td> <td>0303</td> <td>W1E846</td>		ARMY	E3	986	ARABIC	7	5 +	-	0303	W1E846
E4 97E ARABIC 3 3 2 0305 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0010 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0202 C5 98G ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 0304 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0304 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0304		ARMY	E5	97E	ARABIC	2	5+	*	0211	WBVDT0
E4 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 0107 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 0 0010 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0202 O4 35D ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0202 E4 96G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 0101 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 020 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 020 E7 <t< td=""><td></td><td>ARMY</td><td>E4</td><td>97E</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>ო</td><td>က</td><td>7</td><td>0305</td><td>WIECZL</td></t<>		ARMY	E4	97E	ARABIC	ო	က	7	0305	WIECZL
E7 98G ARABIC 2 0010 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0012 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 0012 E4 96G ARABIC 2 2 1 0202 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0710 E5 96G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0700 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0700 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0700 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0708 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0304 C04 00E ARABIC 2 2+ 0111 C4 00E ARABIC 2 2+ 0000 C4 00E ARABIC 3 3 0 0000 C4<		ARMY	E	986	ARABIC	ო	ო	7	0107	WGNTA0
E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0202 64 35D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0202 64 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0202 64 36G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 65 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 63 96 ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 64 96 ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 60 47G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 64 96 ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 64 67B ARAB		ARMY	E7	98C	ARABIC	က	5+	0	0010	W1E806
E5 96G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0202 O4 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 0105 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 9710 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 9700 E6 97E ARABIC 2 3 1+ 0204 E7 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 E8 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0206 E9 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0304 E9 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0304 E9 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0304 E9 ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 E9 ARABIC 3 3 0 0000 E7		ARMY	E2	986	ARABIC	2	2	2	0012	WGNTA0
64 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 0105 E4 96G ARABIC 2 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E9 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E9 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E9 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0304 E4 96G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0000 O4 67B ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0000 O4 67B ARABIC 2 2+ 0		ARMY	E5	986	ARABIC	5	5+	<u>+</u>	0202	W1ECZE
E4 96G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0210 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 9710 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 9710 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E9 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0304 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0111 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0000 O6 47G ARABIC 2 2+ 0000 O6 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 0000 O7 ARABIC 3 3 0 0000 O8 <td></td> <td>ARMY</td> <td>0</td> <td>35D</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>0</td> <td>0105</td> <td>W4FGAA</td>		ARMY	0	35D	ARABIC	2	2	0	0105	W4FGAA
E4 98G ARABIC 2 +										
E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 9710 E5 98G ARABIC 2 3 1+ 9700 E5 97E ARABIC 2 3 1+ 0204 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0304 C4 35D ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E9 ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E9 ARABIC 2 2+ 0111 E9 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0304 O6 47G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0 O6 47G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0 0 0 O6 47G ARABIC		ARMY	E4	986	ARABIC	2	2+	++	0210	WH62D0
E5 98G ARABIC 2 3 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 3 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0204 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0304 O4 00E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0 O4 67B ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0 O4 67B ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0 O4		ARMY	E7	97E	ARABIC	7	5+	<u>+</u>	9710	W0F809
E5 97E ARABIC 2 3 1+ 02044 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 C4 35D ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 2+ 0 0304 E6 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 0111 0 <t< td=""><td></td><td>ARMY</td><td>E5</td><td>98G</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>0200</td><td>WGNTAD</td></t<>		ARMY	E5	98G	ARABIC	2	3	2	0200	WGNTAD
E5 97E ARABIC 2 3 1+ 0204 C4 35D ARABIC 2 1+ 0301 C4 35D ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0308 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0111 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0111 C6 37G ARABIC 3 3 0 0000 C6 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 0100 0000 C6 35D ARABIC 2 3 0 010 C7 67B ARABIC 2 3 0 010 C8 57E ARABIC 3 3 0 0010 C9 67B ARABIC 3 3 2			-			1. S. J.				
E5 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 O4 35D ARABIC 2 1+ 0301 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0304 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2+ 0 0304 O6 47G ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 CA 06 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 0000 O4 67B ARABIC 2 3 3 0 0110 O4 67B ARABIC 2 2 0 0000 O4 67B ARABIC 3 3 2 0 0210 <		ARMY	E2	97E	ARABIC	2	ന	+	0204	WAY8HD
 E5 97E ARABIC 2 1+ 0301 O4 35D ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0301 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0111 E6 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 0303 O4 00E ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 0111 E6 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 00 O6 47G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 O6 47G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 O6 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 0 O6 35D ARABIC 2 2- 0 O6 35D ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0208 O7 000 O7 000				-		*				
E5 97E ARABIC 2 1+ 0301 O4 35D ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0304 C6 97G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0304 C6 97G ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 C6 47G ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 C6 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 0000 C6 35D ARABIC 2 3 0 00110 C7 67B ARABIC 2 3 0 0000 C8 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 00110 C7 96G ARABIC 3				To the second	1. T					
O4 35D ARABIC 3 3 0 9903 E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0111 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0111 C04 00E ARABIC 2 2 0 C4 00E ARABIC 2 2 0 C6 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 C6 35D ARABIC 2 3 0 0000 O4 67B ARABIC 2 3 0 0010 C7 35D ARABIC 2 3 0 0010 C7 67B ARABIC 2 2 0 0010 C8 ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0010 C7 <td></td> <td>ARMY</td> <td>E5</td> <td>97E</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</td> <td>WHOLAA</td>		ARMY	E5	97E	ARABIC				12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	WHOLAA
E6 97E ARABIC 2 1+ 0208 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 01011 E6 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 01011 E6 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 0303 O4 00E ARABIC 2 2+ 0303 O6 47G ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 00 0208 E7 97E ARABIC 2 3 0 0100 O4 67B ARABIC 2 3 0 0100 O4 67B ARABIC 2 3 0 0100 C5 35D ARABIC 2 3 0 0100 E7 97E ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0208 O3 00E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2+ 0 0208 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2+ 0 0011		ARMY	0	35D	ARABIC	l W	ı m	0	9903	W1U31B
E6 97E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0208 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E3 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0304 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0111 E6 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0304 O4 00E ARABIC 3 3 2 0208 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0110 O4 67B ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0110 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 01104							Section Williams	1. A. S. S. S.		200
E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E3 98G ARABIC 3 2 0304 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0111 E6 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 0111 O4 00E ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 O6 47G ARABIC 3 3 2 0208 E4 98G ARABIC 2 3 0 0110 O3 00E ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0110 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3 3 2 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011		ARMY	E6	97E	ARABIC	2	2	1+	0208	W1E801
E3 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0305 E3 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 0304 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0111 E6 98C ARABIC 3 3 0 0304 O4 00E ARABIC 3 3 2 0207 O6 47G ARABIC 2 3 0 0000 O6 35D ARABIC 2 3 0 0110 C7 67B ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0 0110 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3+ 0 0110 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011 E7 97E ARABIC 3 3+ 2 0011					A section of					, A
E3 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 0304 E5 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 0111 E6 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0304 O4 00E ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 E4 98G ARABIC 2 3 0 0000 O4 67B ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0 0110 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0 0110 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3+ 2 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011		ARMY	E3	98C	ARABIC	2	2	+	0305	W1ECZL
E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 0111 E6 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0303 O4 00E ARABIC 3 3 0 0304 O6 47G ARABIC 3 3 2 0208 O5 35D ARABIC 2 3 0 0010 O4 67B ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0208 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0110 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3+ 0 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011		ARMY	E3	986	ARABIC	က	က	2	0304	W1ECZL
E6 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0303 O4 00E ARABIC 3 3 0 0304 O6 47G ARABIC 3 3 2 0208 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0110 O4 67B ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0208 E7 97E ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0 0110 E7 97E ARABIC 3 3 2+ 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011		ARMY	E2	38C	ARABIC	7	2	5 +	0111	WDAMAA
O4 00E ARABIC 3 3 0 0304 O6 47G ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 E4 98G ARABIC 2 3 2 0207 O4 67B ARABIC 3 3 0 0110 E7 97E ARABIC 3 3+ 0208 O3 00E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 3+ 2 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011		ARMY	E6	98C	ARABIC	2	5+	7	0303	WBUZ99
O6 47G ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 0207 O6 35D ARABIC 3 3 0 0010 O4 67B ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0208 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 3 2+ 0 0011 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011		ARMY	0	90E	ARABIC	ო	က	0	0304	W0VPS1
E4 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 0207 O6 35D ARABIC 2 3 0 0000 O4 67B ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0208 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011		ARMY	90	47G	ARABIC	5	7	0	0208	W1FBAA
O6 35D ARABIC 2 3 0 0000 O4 67B ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0208 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011		ARMY	E	98C	ARABIC	က	က	7	0207	WH62D0
O4 67B ARABIC 3 3 0 0110 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3 2+ 0 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011		ARMY	90	35D	ARABIC	2	က	0	0000	WECTAA
O4 67B ARABIC 3 3 3 3+ 0208 E7 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011										
E7 97E ARABIC 3 3 3+ 0208 O3 00E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011		ARMY	04	67B	ARABIC	3	3	0	0110	W4D7AA
E1 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 C3 00E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011				225					0000	
E4 98G ARABIC 2* 2* 0 0210 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2* 2 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2* 2 0011		AKM*	Ē	9/E	ARABIC	თ ;	თ (÷,	0208	WIECAL
E7 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 0210 E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0104		ARMY	3 i	UUE	AKABIC	<u>,</u>	, , ,	-	0210	W1ECZE
E7 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0011 F4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0104		ARMY	Щ I	986	ARABIC	ტ	က	5	0210	WH62D0
** E4 S8G** ARABIC****- 2 2+ 2 0104		ARMY	E7	97E	ARABIC	3	2+	2	0011	W00YAA
1 E4 S8G*										
		CMOV		14/83	VQE/SLE	, 77	10	·	0404	MICHITOD

SSN

WH62D0 WDGWB0 WC8SAA W2H602 WDSM05 WGNT99 WGNTA0 W4FGAA WH6XD0 WGNTAD WHONBO W1ECZE WH6XD0 W3U43D W4VN10 W0F8AA WBVFT0 W1ECZ4 W1E806 W6AK06 W4VN05 WH72D0 WH6XA1 W1E801 W6AK09 W1E846 W1E846 W00111 W00121 Language DLPT L DLPT R DLPT S DLPT Date UIC 0303 0003 0210 0206 0202 0012 0012 0112 0305 0212 9907 9903 0305 0204 9812 0206 0208 8104 9707 0004 0112 0207 0107 0211 0111 9704 9807 0207 + + + 0 004700 0 2 0 0 0 00 500250 55000 t 6 ۳ پ 2 2 2 გ ჯ 5 5 ന N 2 2 5 5 E7 97E ARABIC 2 E7 98G ARABIC 2 1-E605359/OSDABE323²⁺ 50550 د پ ъ † 2 200 2 2 က 2 2 2 6 ARABIC **ARABIC** ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC Grade PMOS 351E 980 91R 98G 986 **48**G 986 986 48G 980 48G 986 114 13A 180 97E 286 98G 98C 98C **97E** 986 97E 97E **E**4 E6 04 ដ E6 E7 9 E E5 E6 72.9 9 5 E5 8 Ę 9 E ARMY Name (last first middle)

i

SSN

ARMY E5 92A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade	Grade PMOS	Language	DLPTL	DLPT R DLPT S	DLPT S	DLPT Date UIC	olo a
E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 2 O2 35D ARABIC 2+ 3 2 E5 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E6 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E6 97B ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E7 97G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2- E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 E7 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2- E6 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2- E6 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2- E6 98G ARABIC		ARMY	E5	92A	ARABIC			0	0204	WB30AA
02 35D ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ E6 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E9 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E9 ARABIC 2 2 1+ E9 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E9 ARABIC 2 2 2+ E9 ARABIC 3 3 0 E7 98G ARABIC 3 2 2+ E9 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E9 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2		ARMY	Ē4	98G	ARABIC	2+	က	2	0302	W1E846
65 98C ARABIC 2 2 14 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 14 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 14 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 14 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 14 E5 97B ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 1+ E5 97B ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 1+ E5 97B ARABIC 2 2 1+ 1+ 3 0<		ARMY	07	350	ARABIC	က	ന	0	0109	WG2DT0
E5 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E5 97B ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E5 97B ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E6 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E9 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E9 94A ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E9 ARABIC		ARMY	07	15A	ARABIC	2	7	0	8606	W1B6AA
E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ E5 97B ARABIC 2 2 1+ O5 35D ARABIC 2 2 1+ O5 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C6 44A ARABIC 2 2 1+ C7 4AA ARABIC 2 2 0 C8 4AA ARABIC 2 2 2 C9 4AA ARABIC 2 2 2 C9 ARABIC 3 3 0 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E9 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E9 98G ARABIC		ARMY	E 5	98C	ARABIC	7	5	+	0210	WH6XA1
E4 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E5 97B ARABIC 2 2 1+ C5 35D ARABIC 2 2 1+ C6 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C6 44A ARABIC 2 2 0 C7 4AA ARABIC 2 2 0 C9 4AA ARABIC 2 2 2 C9 4AA ARABIC 2 2 2 C9 ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 91S ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 96G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC <t< td=""><th></th><td>ARMY</td><td>E5</td><td>98G</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>+</td><td>0202</td><td>WGNTA0</td></t<>		ARMY	E5	98G	ARABIC	2	2	+	0202	WGNTA0
E7 905 ARABIC 2 2 1+ E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2 C05 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C05 48G ARABIC 2 2 1+ C05 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 C05 48G ARABIC 2 2 2 C06 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 C07 41A ARABIC 2 2 0 E4 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 91S ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 75H ARABIC 2		ARMY	F4	080	APARIC	^	2+	c	0204	ONTAN
E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2 O5 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ O5 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ O5 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 C6 44A ARABIC 2 2 0 C6 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 C7 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 C7 4AA ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 91S ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E6 75H		ARMY	E7	986	ARABIC	۰ ۸	` ∼	ı <u>+</u>	0105	W1E82B
E7 97E ARABIC 2 2 1 C5 97B ARABIC 2 2 1+ C05 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C05 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C05 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 C5 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 C6 44A ARABIC 2 2 0 C6 44A ARABIC 2 2 0 C6 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 C7 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 91S ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 C6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 C7 48G		ARMY	E2	97E	ARABIC	ا م	5	. 7	0210	WBVDA0
E5 97B ARABIC 2 2 1+ O5 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ O6 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ O5 48G ARABIC 2 3 0 O5 44A ARABIC 2 3 0 O4 11A ARABIC 2 2 0 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 91S ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 E8 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 E8 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 2 E8		ARMY	E7	97E	ARABIC	7	8	-	0109	W1E8E0
05 35D ARABIC 3 0 E8 98Z ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 05 48G ARABIC 2 3 0 05 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 05 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 64 44A ARABIC 2 2 0 64 44A ARABIC 2 2 0 64 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 64 49G ARABIC 2 2 2 67 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 65 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 66 48G ARABIC 2 2 2 66 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 67 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 66 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 67 48G ARABIC 2 2 0<		ARMY	E5	97B	ARABIC	2	2	1+	0301	WHOMDO
69 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 06 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 05 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 05 44A ARABIC 2 2 0 06 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 06 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 06 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 91S ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 92 ARABIC 2 2		APMY	05	350	ARARIC		۲,	-	0302	W1EC71
06 48G ARABIC 2 3 0 05 48G ARABIC 2 3 0 05 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 75B ARABIC 2 2 2 06 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 06 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 92 ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 92 ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 93 ARABIC 2+		ARMY	88	98Z	ARABIC	0 (4	, 4	, ,	0206	WBVCTO
06 48G ARABIC 2 3 0 05 48G ARABIC 2 3 0 05 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 75B ARABIC 2 2 2 06 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 06 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 94G ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 C6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 C6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 92Y ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 92G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 92G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 92G ARABIC 2+										
06 48G ARABIC 2 3 0 05 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 03 12A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 75B ARABIC 2 2 2 04 11A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2 0 E5 94S ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 48G ARABIC 2 2 2 C7 ARABIC 2 2 0 C6 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 C7 ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2 2 0										
06 48G ARABIC 2 3 0 05 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 03 12A ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 75B ARABIC 5 5 0 04 11A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 48G ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 98C ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 98C ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2 2 1 E7 98G ARABIC 2 2 <th></th> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>										
05 48G ARABIC 4 3 0 03 12A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 75B ARABIC 5 5 0 06 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 04 11A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2 0 E5 91S ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 C06 48G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 C07 48G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 C09 48G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 C09 48G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 92Y ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2- 2 1+ E5 98G ARABIC 2-		ARMY	90	48G	ARABIC	2	3	0	9505	W6AK03
63 12A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 75B ARABIC 3 3 0 06 44A ARABIC 2 2 2 04 11A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2 0 E5 91S ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C06 48G ARABIC 2 2 2 C07 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 98C ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 98C ARABIC 2 2 1 E5 98C ARABIC 2 2<		ARMY	09	48G	ARABIC	4	က	0	9509	W475AA
E5 75B ARABIC 3 3 0 06 44A ARABIC 5 5 0 04 11A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2 2 E5 91S ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 98C ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 98C ARABIC 2- 2 1+ E5 98C ARABIC 2- 2 1+		ARMY	õ	12A	ARABIC	2	2	0	9106	W1S505
6 44A ARABIC 5 5 04 11A ARABIC 2 3 0 E4 98G ARABIC 3 2 2 E7 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 C6 75H ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 92Y ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2- 2 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2- 2 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2- 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2- 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2- 2 1+		ARMY	7. 7.5	75B	ARABIC	5	E	c	0206	W21 5.1A
64 11A ARABIC 2 3 0 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 92Y ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2- 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2- 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2- 2 1+		ARMY	90	44 44	ARABIC	, rc	ı ıc	· C	0207	WBFDAA
E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 98G ARABIC 3 2 0 E5 91S ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2- 2 1+ E5 98G ARABIC 2- 2 1+		ARMY	9	11	ARABIC	0	· 69	0	8804	WAKLT0
E7 98G ARABIC 3 2 0 E5 91S ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 C6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 C9 35D ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 92Y ARABIC 2- 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+		ARMY	Щ 4	98G	ARABIC	8	7	7	0205	WGNTA0
E5 91S ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E4 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 92Y ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+		ARMY	E7	98G	ARABIC	က	2	0	0106	W1E806
E5 91S ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O3 35D ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 92Y ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+										
E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E4 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O6 48G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O3 35D ARABIC 2+ 2 E5 92Y ARABIC 2+ 3 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 E5 98G ARABIC 2 1+		ARMY	E5	918	ARABIC	3	3	0	0210	W2P1AA
E4 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O6 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 C3 35D ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 92Y ARABIC 2 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+		ARMY	E5	98G	ARABIC	2	2+	2	9066	WGNT99
E4 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O6 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 C3 35D ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 3 0 E4 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+										
E6 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 O6 48G ARABIC 3 0 O3 35D ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 92Y ARABIC 2 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+		ARMY	E4	97 E	ARABIC	3	5+	2	0305	W1ECZL
06 48G ARABIC 3 3 0 03 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 92Y ARABIC 2 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+		ARMY	E 6	986	ARABIC	5	5	7	0205	W00121
03 350 ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 92Y ARABIC 2 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+		ARMY	90	48G	ARABIC	ო	ო	0	9403	W1V061
E6 75H ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 92Y ARABIC 2 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+		ARMY	3	350	ARABIC	2	7	0	0210	W1ECA1
E5 92Y ARABIC 2 3 0 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+		ARMY	E 9	75H	ARABIC	5+	ო	0	0210	WAZ3T0
E5 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+		ARMY	ES	9 2 Y	ARABIC	7	က	0	0109	WCKSAA
- TO CO CONTROL TO THE		ARMY	E2	98C	ARABIC	7	۲3	+	2000	WH72D0
E4 88G AKABIC 3 Z+ 1+		ARMY	E4	9 8 G	ARABIC	က	5	‡	0209	W00114
E5 97E ARABIC 3 3 2		ARMY		97E	ARABIC	က	က	7	0205	WH809C
ARMY 1-E40839/OSBAR324 2 3 1+		ARMX Spring	₩. 00	350/C	SEPT 23	24 2	ကျ	<u></u> + c	0201	WGNTAO

NSS

SSN

Son Name (last iirst middle)	Serv	ڻ	ري دي	=	굽	'n	DLPT Date	
(g)(g)	ARMY	E6 98G	G ARABIC		က	5	0208	W00112
	ARMY	E3 98G	3 ARABIC	2+	2+	+	0303	W1ECZL
	ARMY	O1 14A	A ARABIC	4	4	0	0208	WAWYCD
	ARMY	O5 11A	A ARABIC		c	c	8504	WOND24
	ABMA	המס הח	ADARIC ADARIC	. 3	3	1+	0000	WITERES
			-		۶ (: (0000	20071
	AKMY	E5 98G	S AKABIC	+7 ************************************	-Z+	7	0208	WULLEU
				٠				13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	ARMY	E5 98G	3 ARABIC	2	2	÷	0003	WH72A0
			ŀ			l		
	ARMY	O3 11A	A ARABIC	2+	2+	c	0206	W372AA
		4 9				4.7		
	ARMY	F6 98G	SARABIC	and the same of th	2	1+	0302	WH62TO
	>700		•		1 (<u>.</u> c	040	10/E1 6/A
	TIMEN TO THE TIMEN THE TI		•		۷,	V (0103	VVFLOAM
	ARMY		-		5+	2	0105	W1E844
	ARMY	E6 98G	G ARABIC		2	7	0205	W1ECZ2
	ARMY	E7 98C	C ARABIC		m	2	0211	W00111
	ARMY) (i	יה נ	۱ ۸	0302	WOWA3D
	IMAN	i			ס	7	2000	AA OA VO
	ARMY		-		7	0	9703	W1V046
	ARMY				က	+	6066	WC9S80
	ARMY	W2 352G	2G ARABIC		ო	0	0106	WBVDC0
	ARMY	E5 98G	3 ARABIC	2	5+	0	0111	WAY8HD
	ARMY	E3 98G	3 ARABIC	3	3	2	0303	W1E846
	The state of the s							
	ARMY	F4 98G	G ARABIC	2+	2+	2	0303	WGNTAO
	ARMY	F4 98G	SARARIC		2	<u>+</u>	0211	MH62DO
	VAPAA A				1 "	. <	0301	W/1E02C
							- 000	2021
	VMAV	05 187	APABIC	9	76	0	0304	W/11 31B
	>340 <					o (0000	000178
	- MOV			•	, c	,	0202	WHO3DO
	IMAX	200		y (v (۷ (0303	V 15521
	ARMY	E5 98G	G ARABIC		2	2	0303	WBVDC0
	ARMY	E5 98G	Ī	2	5 +	7	6000	W1EC12
	ARMY	E6 98G	G ARABIC		2	7	0109	W1ECA1
	ARMY	E2 77F	F ARABIC	5	2+	0	0305	WE8RA0
	ARMY	E6 98G			5+	7	0111	WGNTA0
	ARMYA	E40	(3000	۳,	c	0302	W/HR2DO

W1VWAA WAGNT0 WGNTA0 WC1TA0 WGNTAD WGNTA0 W1ECZE W0VA3D WH8QY5 W1ECZE WH62D0 W2NVAA WH67TD WJHDA0 WH67D0 WDLL_{B0} WDLLB0 WH67T0 W1ECZL W1E846 W1E846 W1E846 W1E846 W1E843 W0F809 W1V041 W00111 W00111 DLPT L DLPT R DLPT S DLPT Date UIC 0211 0303 0202 9408 0208 8511 0102 8803 0302 0205 0305 0208 0305 0302 0305 0206 0208 0305 0303 100 0005 0211 0303 0211 0211 0110 0101 2 ± **±**0 40000 0 202 0 0 0 2 2 2 2,5 S 000 900 ω 5500 ტ თ ლ N ARMY 1-P5-05139/OSEABIE3273 40004 200 Language ARABIC **ARABIC** ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC **PMOS** 351E 351E 986 980 98C 986 986 38C 986 98G 986 986 97E 98G 986 986 98C 13A 986 986 98G 97E 986 986 65A Grade 9 E 5 E3 ဗ ₹2 贸 罚 ဗ 4 ARMY SSN Name (last first middle)

- 1	
- 1	
1	
_	
-	
_	
В	
•	
- 1	
~	
- 6.4	
•	
- 20	
_	
9.00	
-	
- 1	
- 66	
- 0	
7.5	
- 60	
**	
_	
_	
-	
-	
- 63	
- 10	
_	
_	
-	
-	
-	
- 44	
_	
- 40	
-	
-	
1	

Serv	Grade	PMOS	Language	DLPTL	DLPTR	DLPT S	DLPT Date UIC	CIC C
ARMY	E7	980	ARABIC	က	4	5+	0204	WH62T0
ARMY	E8	97E	ARABIC	က	5	-	0210	W0F802
ARMY	E2	986	ARABIC	2+	2+	2	0204	WGNTA0
ARMY	ဗ	65D	ARABIC	2	4	0	9303	WE35C0
APMY	7 4	080	APABIC	0	2+	6	0303	W1FC7D
APMY	ü	9 6	APABIC	10	, c	ب 1	1000	MENTAN
ARMY	3 4	906 086	ARABIC	, ,	v et	۰ -	010	WGNTAO
	<u>.</u>			4		1		
ARMY	E 4	98G	ARABIC	2	2	2	0012	WGNTA0
ARMY	74	080	ARABIC	٥	c	+	0208	WHGXTO
IMINITY		200		7	7		0200	
ARMY	E5	98G	ARABIC	2	2	1	0209	W1E871
ARMY	E 5	986	ARABIC	2+	က	7	0211	WAY8HD
ARMY	8	48G	ARABIC	ო	ო	0	0110	W37213
					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
ARMY	E4	98G	ARABIC	2	2	2	0303	W1ECZE
ARMY	E5	98C	ARABIC	5 +	5+	5+	0203	WH6XD0
ARMY	9 <u>H</u>	98C	ARABIC	က	5	7	0303	W1ECZE
ARMY	93	986	ARABIC	2+	2+	2	0212	W1E8E0
			The state of the s				20 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
ARMY	9	97E	ARABIC	7	5	<u></u>	0211	WBVFT0
ARMY	ဗ	12A	ARABIC	7	5 *	0	9501	W1DXAB
ARMY	Щ 4	98C	ARABIC	, ,	5 +	* ·	0202	WDHUDO
ARMY	E7	986 986	ARABIC	5 +	с	<u>,</u>	020	W1E844
ARMY	05	48G	ARABIC	7	ო ,	o .	0012	W1V034
ARMY	E6	98G	ARABIC	2	2+	+	0303	W00111
ARMY	W2	352C	ARABIC	2	2	0	0110	WGNT99
A DATA	ដ	0	Old AGA	ſ	c	+	3050	MATERIA
ANIMA	3	ನಿಂದ	ARADIC ALCANONIA	7	9	-	COCO	W I CO40
ARMY	묎	97B	ARABIC	3	2	2	0302	WH8QAA
ARMY	8	48G	ARABIC	7	2+	0	9710	W00TAA
ARMY	S S	18A	ARABIC	က	က	0	9903	W6AK06
ARMY	4	98G	ARABIC	7	7	7	0211	WH67T0
ARMY	E5	71L	ARABIC	2	2	0	0012	WALXAA
ARMY	F.30	0,680	ARMY - F3. 486 (ABABIC . 2+	-600	e.		0303	W1FC7I
		NA COL		X				

E4 98C ARABIC 2+ 5- 6- 0.002 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0.0107 E5 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 0.0202 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0.0204 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0.0204 C04 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0.0204 C04 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0.0304 C04 13A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0.006 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0.006 C02 11A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0.006 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0.006 E7 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0.006 E7 BG ARABIC 2+	X408	Ľ	(00	01000	c	c	c	0000	0000 WD110A4
E6 97E ARABIC 2 3 2 0211 E7 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 0202 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0202 E4 75H ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0105 E4 75H ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0105 C04 13A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0205 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0006 C02 11A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0205 C03 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0103 E4 96G ARABIC 2+ 2 0204 C03 ARABIC 3 2+ 2 0204 C14 96G ARABIC 3 3 0 0 C14 ARABIC 3 3 0 0 0	ARMY	П 4	၁ 98 80	ARABIC	5 t	9 N	N 64	0302	WBOSA! WGNTA0
E7 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 0202 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0211 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0211 E4 75H ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0105 O4 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 0302 O4 13A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0006 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0304 O3 60S ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0103 E5 9G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0304 O3 67B ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0304 C6 13A ARABIC 3 3 0 0302 C7 13A ARABIC 4 4 0 8406 E6 98G ARABIC 3 <th>ARMY</th> <th>E6</th> <th>97E</th> <th>ARABIC</th> <th>2</th> <th>က</th> <th>2</th> <th>0211</th> <th>W1ECZE</th>	ARMY	E6	97E	ARABIC	2	က	2	0211	W1ECZE
E7 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 0.202 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0.201 E4 75H ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0.105 E4 75H ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0.024 O4 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 0.006 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0.006 C0 11A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0.006 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0.0103 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0.006 C3 67B ARABIC 3 3 0 0.0112 C6 13A ARABIC 3 3 0 0.0112 C6 13A ARABIC 3 3 0 0.002 E6 98G ARABIC									
E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0211 E5 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0105 E4 75H ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0105 O4 48G ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 O4 13A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ 0205 E6 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0304 O3 60S ARABIC 2 2 0 0103 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0 0103 E6 97B ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 O6 13A ARABIC 3 3 0 0002 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY		986	ARABIC	3	3	2+	0202	W1E844
E5 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0105 E4 75H ARABIC 3 3 0 0204 O4 48G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0302 O4 13A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0006 E6 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0304 O2 11A ARABIC 5 5 0 0103 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0204 C3 ARABIC 3 2 0204 C4 9BG ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 C5 74B ARABIC 3 3 0 0204 C6 13A ARABIC 4 4 0 8406 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY		986	ARABIC	2	5+	<u>+</u>	0211	WGNTA0
E4 75H ARABIC 3 3 0 0204 04 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0302 04 13A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0205 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0205 02 11A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0103 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0204 C3 67B ARABIC 2+ 2 0204 C3 67B ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 C4 13A ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 C5 13A ARABIC 3 3 0 0002 E5 13A ARABIC 3 3 0 0002 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY	E2	98C	ARABIC	2	5+	<u>+</u>	0105	WH67D0
O4 48G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0302 O4 13A ARABIC 2 2 0 0006 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0205 O2 11A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0304 O3 60S ARABIC 2 2 0201 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0204 O3 67B ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 E5 74B ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 C6 13A ARABIC 3 3 0 0002 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY	E 4	75H	ARABIC	က	က	0	0204	WHP6AA
O4 13A ARABIC 2 2 0 0006 E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0205 O2 11A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0304 O3 60S ARABIC 2 2 0 0103 E4 96G ARABIC 2+ 2 0204 O3 67B ARABIC 3 2 0204 E5 74B ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 O6 13A ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 O6 13A ARABIC 3 3 0 0002 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY	8	48G	ARABIC	2	5+	0	0302	W37223
E6 97E ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0205 02 11A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0304 03 60S ARABIC 5 5 0 0103 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0204 C3 67B ARABIC 3 2 0204 C4 98G ARABIC 3 0 0112 C5 13A ARABIC 4 4 0 8406 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY	\$	13A	ARABIC	2	2	0	9000	W0U309
O2 11A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0304 O3 60S ARABIC 5 5 0 0103 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 0201 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0302 E5 74B ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 O6 13A ARABIC 4 4 0 8406 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY	9 <u>3</u>	97E	ARABIC	2+	2+	<u>+</u>	0205	W1E801
O2 11A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 0304 O3 60S ARABIC 5 5 0 0103 E5 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 2 0201 C3 67B ARABIC 3 3 0 0302 E6 13A ARABIC 4 4 0 8406 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002						1000			
O3 60S ARABIC 5 5 0 0103 E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0201 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 2 0204 O3 67B ARABIC 3 3 0 0302 E5 74B ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 C6 13A ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY		11A	ARABIC	3	2+	0	0304	WAM3T0
E5 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 0201 E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 2 0204 O3 67B ARABIC 3 3 0 0302 E5 74B ARABIC 4 4 0 8406 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY		809	ARABIC	5	5	0	0103	W2DH02
E4 98G ARABIC 2+ 3 2 0204 O3 67B ARABIC 3 3 0 0302 E5 74B ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 O6 13A ARABIC 4 4 0 8406 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY	E5	986	ARABIC	7	2+	7	0201	W00121
03 67B ARABIC 3 3 0 0302 E5 74B ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 O6 13A ARABIC 4 4 0 8406 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY	E4	980	ARABIC	5+	ന	7	0204	WDHUD0
E5 74B ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 O6 13A ARABIC 4 4 0 8406 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY		67B	ARABIC	ო	ო	0	0302	W2H8AA
E5 74B ARABIC 3 3 0 0112 O6 13A ARABIC 4 4 0 8406 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002									
O6 13A ARABIC 4 4 0 8406 E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY		74B	ARABIC	3	e,	0	0112	WDSTAA
E6 98G ARABIC 3 3 0 0002	ARMY		13A	ARABIC	4	4	0	8406	W1V006
	ARMY		986	ARABIC	ო	ო	0	0005	WGNTA0
	Management of the state of the	il di dana		10. T.	Month of the second		,	- Indix	
			- 5°						

RESERVE

SELRES 35D ARABIC 2+ 2+ SELRES 35D ARABIC 2+ 2+ SELRES 35D ARABIC 2 2+ SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ SELRES 38A ARABIC 3 3 SELRES 31U ARABIC 3 3 SELRES 37L ARABIC 3 3 SELRES 37L ARABIC 3 3 SELRES 37L ARABIC 3 2+ SELRES 37L ARABIC 3 2+	98G ARABIC 2 2 2 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
PMOS Language DLPT L CLPT R 2+ SELRES 35D ARABIC 2+ 2+ SELRES 98G ARABIC 3+ 3+ SELRES 98G ARABIC 3+ 3+ SELRES 97L ARABIC 3- 2+ SELRES 97L ARABIC 3- 3+ SELRES 97L ARABIC 3- 3- SELRES 97L ARABIC 3- 2- SELRES 98G ARABIC 3- 2-	98G ARABIC 2+ 98G ARABIC 2+ 98G ARABIC 2+ 98G ARABIC 3 13A ARABIC 2+ 71L ARABIC 2+ 71L ARABIC 2+ 71L ARABIC 3 98G ARABIC 3 98G ARABIC 2 97E ARABIC 2 98G ARABIC 2 97E ARABIC 2
PMOS Language DLPT L SELRES 97E ARABIC SELRES 98G ARABIC SELRES 38A ARABIC SELRES 37L ARABIC SELRES 37L ARABIC SELRES 37L ARABIC SELRES 98G ARABIC IRR/ING 98G ARABIC IRR/ING 98G ARABIC IRR/ING 98G ARABIC IRR/ING 98G ARABIC SELRES 56A ARABIC IRR/ING 98G ARABIC SELRES 56A ARABIC	98G ARABIC 97E ARABIC 98G ARABIC 13A ARABIC 82C ARABIC 71L ARABIC 38A ARABIC 62J ARABIC 62J ARABIC 98G ARABIC 98G ARABIC 98G ARABIC 98G ARABIC 98G ARABIC 56A ARABIC 98G ARABIC
PMOS Language DLPT L SELRES 97E ARABIC SELRES 98G ARABIC SELRES 38A ARABIC SELRES 37L ARABIC SELRES 37L ARABIC SELRES 37L ARABIC SELRES 98G ARABIC IRR/ING 98G ARABIC IRR/ING 98G ARABIC IRR/ING 98G ARABIC IRR/ING 98G ARABIC SELRES 56A ARABIC IRR/ING 98G ARABIC SELRES 56A ARABIC	98G 98G 98G 13A 13A 13A 13A 13A 13A 31U 62J 88A 98G 98G 98G 98G 97E 97E 97E
SELRES SE	98G 98G 98G 98G 13A 71L 38A 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G
	LIRES LIRES LIRES LIRES RING RING RING RING RING RING RING RING
	ARNG ARNG ARNG ARNG ARNG USAR USAR USAR USAR USAR USAR USAR USAR

USAR E5 RRAING 96G ARABIC 2 1 9603 USAR E5 RRAING 96G ARABIC 3 2 1 9703 USAR E5 RRAING 96G ARABIC 3 2 1 9003 USAR E4 SELRES 96G ARABIC 2 1 9003 USAR E4 SELRES 36A ARABIC 2 1 9100 USAR E4 SELRES 36A ARABIC 2 1 9100 USAR C1 SELRES 36A ARABIC 2 1 9100 USAR C3 SELRES 36A ARABIC 2 1 9703 USAR C3 SELRES 35D ARABIC 2 1 9703 USAR C3 SELRES 35D ARABIC 2 1 9703 USAR E4 RRAING 35D <t< th=""><th>Name (last first middle)</th><th>Serv</th><th>Grade</th><th></th><th>Language</th><th></th><th>DLPTR</th><th>7</th><th>DLP.</th><th>o nic</th></t<>	Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade		Language		DLPTR	7	DLP.	o nic
O5 SELRES 38A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 1+ C03 IRRING 38G ARABIC 3 2 1+ C03 IRRING 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O5 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O6 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O5 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O5 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O5 SELRES 39G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C6 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 <th></th> <th>USAK</th> <th>E5</th> <th>IRRAING</th> <th>98G</th> <th>ARABIC</th> <th>2</th> <th>2</th> <th><u>+</u> </th> <th>9803</th>		USAK	E5	IRRAING	98G	ARABIC	2	2	<u>+</u>	9803
05 SELRES 38A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E5 IRRINING 98G ARABIC 3+ 2+ 1+ C3 IRRINING 98G ARABIC 3+ 2+ 1+ C4 IRRINING 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 E4 IRRINING 98G ARABIC 2 1+ C5 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 1+ C6 SELRES 38G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ C6 SELRES 30D ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ C7 SELRES 36D ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ C8 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C9 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C6 IRRING 98G							· M	- 3		
E5 IRRAING 98G ARABIC 3 2 1+ E4 IRRAING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ C3 IRRAING 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 E4 IRRAING 98G ARABIC 2 1+ E4 SELRES 62E ARABIC 2 1+ C5 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 2+ C6 SELRES 30D ARABIC 2 2+ C7 SELRES 30D ARABIC 2 2+ C8 IRRING 38G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C9 IRRAING 38G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E5 IRRING 38G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C9 IRRAING 38G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C9 IRRING 38G ARABIC 2 2+		USAR	05	SELRES	38A	ARABIC	3	2+	0	9703
E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ O3 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 3 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 1+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 1+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O5 SELRES 000 ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O5 SELRES 000 ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O2 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O2 SELRES 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O3 SELRES 35D ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C5 IRAING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C6 IRAING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C7 SELRES 98D ARABIC <td></td> <td>USAR</td> <td>E5</td> <td>IRR/ING</td> <td>98G</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>က</td> <td>2</td> <td>+</td> <td>0103</td>		USAR	E5	IRR/ING	9 8 G	ARABIC	က	2	+	0103
03 IRRING 35D ARABIC 3 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ O5 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O5 SELRES 30D ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O5 SELRES 30D ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ E5 IRRING 96G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E6 IRRING 96G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E7 IRRING 96G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 96G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 96G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING		USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	5+	5+	+	6000
E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 3 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O6 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O5 SELRES 30D ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O1 SELRES 30D ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O2 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 SELRES 37F ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING <t< td=""><td></td><td>USAR</td><td>ဝိ</td><td>IRR/ING</td><td>35D</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>ო</td><td>က</td><td>2</td><td>9504</td></t<>		USAR	ဝိ	IRR/ING	35D	ARABIC	ო	က	2	9504
E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 3 2 E4 SELRES 62E ARABIC 2 1+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 1+ O5 SELRES 30D ARABIC 2 1+ O5 IRRING 21B ARABIC 2 2+ 0 E5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 E5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C6 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C7 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2		USAR	Ε4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	က	ന	7	9802
E4 SELRES 62E ARABIC 2 2 1+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O5 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O1 SELRES 30D ARABIC 2 2+ 0 O2 IRRING 21B ARABIC 2 2+ 0 E5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C03 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C6 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 I		USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	က	က	7	0111
E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 05 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 3 0 01 SELRES 00D ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C03 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C4 IRR/ING 38G ARABIC 2 2 1+ C5 IRR/ING 38G ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 IRR/ING 38G ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 SELRES </td <td></td> <td>USAR</td> <td>7</td> <td>SELRES</td> <td>62E</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>2</td> <td>7</td> <td>+</td> <td>9110</td>		USAR	7	SELRES	62E	ARABIC	2	7	+	9110
O6 SELRES 38A ARABIC 2 3 0 O1 SELRES 00D ARABIC 3 2 1+ O2 IRRING 21B ARABIC 2 2+ 0 E5 IRRING 96G ARABIC 3 3 2 C3 SELRES 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 E4 IRRING 96G ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 IRRING 96G ARABIC 2 2 2 C4 IRRING 96G ARABIC 2 2 2 C5 IRRING 96G ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 IRRING 96G ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 IRRING 96G ARABIC 2 2 2 C7 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C8 SELRES <		USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	2	2+	+	0201
O1 SELRES 00D ARABIC 3 2 1+ O2 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 0 E5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 0 C3 SELRES 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ C6 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ C9 SELRES 8BG ARABIC 2 2 2 C9 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRING 98G		USAR	05	SELRES	38A	ARABIC	7	က	0	0202
O2 IRR/ING 21B ARABIC 2 2 E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 3 3 2 O3 SELRES 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ C5 SELRES 88D ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G <td></td> <td>USAR</td> <td>5</td> <td>SELRES</td> <td>Q00</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>ო</td> <td>7</td> <td>+</td> <td>9703</td>		USAR	5	SELRES	Q00	ARABIC	ო	7	+	9703
E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 24 0 C3 SELRES 35D ARABIC 2 2 0 C3 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ C6 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING <td></td>										
E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 3 2 O3 SELRES 35D ARABIC 3 3 2 O3 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C5 IRR/ING 38G ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 IRR/ING 38G ARABIC 2 2 2 C6 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 97B		USAR	7	IKKING	218	AKABIC	2	5+	0	9901
CO3 SELRES 350 ARABIC 3 2 CO3 IRRING 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C04 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C05 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ C05 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C1 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRING 98G				ON/OO!	000		,			0000
03 IRR/ING 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C4 IRR/ING 35D ARABIC 2 2 1+ C5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 2+ C6 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ C7 SELRES 98D ARABIC 2 2 2 C8 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SE		1000 1000	3 8	SEI DES	350) r	? r	۷ ۵	2002
O3 IRR/ING 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ O4 IRR/ING 35D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ O5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ O5 SELRES 88D ARABIC 2+ 4+ 0 O5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2- 2- 1+ O5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2- 2- 2- E4 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2- 2- 2- E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2- 2- 2- E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2- 2- 2- E4			S	SELNES	330	SIGNA	Ç		0	8008
03 IRR/ING 18A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ C4 IRR/ING 38G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ C5 IRR/ING 38G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ C6 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ C7 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ C8 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 C8 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELR		a se	´ .					is a second		
E5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 3 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ O4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ O5 IRRING 35D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ O5 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ O5 SELRES 88D ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ O5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRIN		USAR	03	IRR/ING	18A	ARABIC	2	2	0	9111
E4 IRRJING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 IRRJING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ O4 IRRJING 91G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ O4 IRRJING 11A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ C2 IRRJING 35D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ C3 IRRJING 25A ARABIC 2 2 1+ O3 IRRJING 25A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRJING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 IRRJING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRJING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRJING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ E4 IRRJING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ E4		USAR	E5	IRRVING	986	ARABIC	7	ო	7	9000
E5 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2 04 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 2+ 04 IRR/ING 11A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 02 IRR/ING 35D ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 02 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ 03 IRR/ING 25A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+		USAR	E4	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	2	2	9402
E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 O4 IRR/ING 11A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 4+ 4+ 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td>USAR</td><td>E5</td><td>IRR/ING</td><td>986</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>7</td><td>5+</td><td>5</td><td>0108</td></td<>		USAR	E5	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	7	5+	5	0108
O4 IRR/ING 11A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 3 0 64 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2		USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98C	ARABIC	7	7	7	9802
E4 SELRES 37F ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 2 O2 IRRING 35D ARABIC 3 3 0 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ O3 IRRING 25A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E1 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+		USAR	8	IRR/ING	11A	ARABIC	2	5+	2+	9310
O2 IRRING 35D ARABIC 3 3 0 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ O5 SELRES 88D ARABIC 2 2 1+ O3 IRRING 25A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E1 IRRING 98G ARABIC 3+ 2+ 2 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRRING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+		USAR	Ē4	SELRES	37F	ARABIC	5+	5+	2	9711
E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ O5 SELRES 68D ARABIC 4+ 4+ 0 O3 IRR/ING 25A ARABIC 2 3 0 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E1 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E5		USAR	05	IRRVING	35D	ARABIC	က	က	0	9206
O5 SELRES 88D ARABIC 4+ 4+ 0 O3 IRR/ING 25A ARABIC 2 3 0 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E1 IRR/ING 98X ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+		USAR	E4	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	7	5	+	9903
O3 IRR/ING 25A ARABIC 2 3 0 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E1 SELRES 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E1 IRR/ING 98C ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2 2 1+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+		USAR	05	SELRES	88D	ARABIC	4+	4+	0	9507
03 IRR/ING 25A ARABIC 2 3 0 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+										
E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 E4 SELRES 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E1 IRR/ING 98X ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+		USAR	ဝိ	IRRVING	25A	ARABIC	7	ന	0	9704
E4 SELRES 98G ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E1 IRR/ING 98X ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 3 2+ 2 E1 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+		USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	2	2	2	6000
E1 IRR/ING 98X ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2 E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+			7 🗆	0000	000	Standa				0400
E4 SELRES 97E ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E7 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 2 E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 2		240	ם ב	SELNES IPP/ING	200		n d	, 7	ν ς	2010
E1 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		USAR	- <u>Т</u>	SELRES	90A 97F	ARABIC	7 ~	, ,	۰ <i>د</i>	0107
E4 SELRES 97B ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 2 A8 SCARRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+		USAR	iω	IRR/ING	1 986 086	ARABIC	0 0	~	۱ ۸	9802
E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 1+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ A8 SGARRS ARABIC 3- 3- 3- 3- 3-		USAR	E4	SELRES	97B	ARABIC	7	7	2	9903
E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 A8 SCARROLL 3- 3- 3- 3- 3-		USAR	E	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	7	7	+	0003
E4 IRR/ING 98G ARABIC 2 2 1+ E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 A9 SCHAPPO CONTROL 1 2 ABOVE C 3 3 0 0		USAR	E4	IRR/ING	9 8 C	ARABIC	5+	2+	7	0205
E5 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 AB ISCAPPO CENTAL A CARANIC 3 3 0		USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	2	2	1+	9805
		A SIL	7. 7.	SELPES	OBC.	ARARIC	2+	2+	,	0108
		200	3 6	SCAPPON.			, ,	, ,	N C	
-		-								

Serv	Grade	PMOS	Language	DLPTL	DLPTR	DLPT S	DLPT Date	S
USAR	E5	STAND-BY	0,	ARABIC	5+	5+	+	2066
USAR	E3	IRR/ING	98C	ARABIC	5+	5+	5 +	9802
USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	88X	ARABIC	2	5+	<u>+</u>	2066
 USAR	E	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	5+	_	9808
USAR	E6	SELRES	98G	ARABIC	က	က	0	0106
 USAR	0	IRR/ING	35D	ARABIC	2	2+	1	9910
USAR	E9	SELRES	986	ARABIC	2	2	0	9712
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98C	ARABIC	2	2	+	9810
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	5 +	2	2	0012
USAR	9 3	SELRES	97L	ARABIC	2+	7	+	0302
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	98C	ARABIC	7	2	+	0104
USAR		IRR/ING	98C	ARABIC	7	2	0	0212
USAR	05	SELRES	13A	ARABIC	2	3	0	9603
 USAR		IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	က	2+	+	9802
USAR	ES	SELRES	97L	ARABIC	က	က	2+	0211
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	5	2	1+	0104
NSAR	E5	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	2	2	0	0303
USAR	8	SELRES	38A	ARABIC	~1	5	0	0209
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	2	0	0303
USAR	E2	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	7	+	0101
USAR	E4	SELRES	38A	ARABIC		5+	2	0211
USAR	E4	SELRES	62H	ARABIC	3	2+	2	0205
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	2	2	-	9803
USAR		SELRES	97E	ARABIC	7	7	5	9411
USAR	E4	SELRES	91W	ARABIC	3	3	0	0107
848H	Εξ	DNI/BBI	986	ARABIC	2	2+	7+	9000
IISAR		SEI BES) (¹	ARABIC	1 (1)	, «	, c	9605 9605
USAR	E 5	SELRES	97E	ARABIC	2	, c	2 2	9808
USAR	E	IRR/ING	98C	ARABIC	7	5	-	9066
USAR	W2	SELRES	352C	ARABIC	5+	က	0	0212
USAR	E4	SELRES	37F	ARABIC	2+	5+	2	0302
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	31C	ARABIC	2	3	+	9707
USAR	05	SELRES	Q00	ARABIC	2	2	0	0108
USAR			イヤ-Linguag/OSD14335 8886	348ABIC	7	2+	2	9305

:

: : :

USAR	E6	SELRES	96B	ARABIC	2	2	1+	0211
		The second secon			4,500		100	
USAR	F5	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	2	0	0303
USAR	E4	SFLRES	37F	ARABIC	۰ م	0	5	0111
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	9 8G	ARABIC	en	က	2	6000
USAR	03	SELRES	35D	ARABIC	က	6	2+	9904
								7000
USAK	ED	SELKES	9/8	ARABIC	7	7	-	coss
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	2	<u></u>	9802
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	က	က	2	0003
USAR	9 =	IRR/ING	118	ARABIC	2	2	+	0101
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	က	65	2	0106
USAR	E6	SELRES	986	ARABIC	2	2+	2	0112
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	- 98G	ARABIC	7	5+	0	0303
				, u				
			10 mg					
					= Ç?			
#		•	THE BOOK					
		ng di					. ' '	
USAR	9	SELRES	72B	ARABIC	5	5	0	9407
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	73C	ARABIC	2	5 +	0	0004
USAR	<u>\$</u>	IRR/ING	356	ARABIC	2	ന	2	9510
USAR	0	IRR/ING	13A	ARABIC	2	က	0	9602
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	3	3	0	0106
			120					1 17
USAR	E2	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	5	2	9803
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	7	2	+	9807
CVOL				CICYC	C C	,		2000
USAK	E4	IKK/ING	986	AKABIC	7	7	+ .	2803
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	2	2		9807
USAR	E7	SELRES	98C	ARABIC	က	2 +	2	9105
			100	B. A.				
USAR	03	IRR/ING	63A	ARABIC	က	3	0	9904
USAR	9 E	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	5	5 +	0107
USAR	E3	SELRES	986	ARABIC	5+	က	ന	0102
USAR	E5	SELRES	986	ARABIC	7	5+	2	0008
USAR	E5	SELRES	97E	ARABIC	2	7	7	0106
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	، ۲	5+ 2	- 1	0012
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	5+	5+	7	000
USAR	<u>ક</u>	SEPRESO,	SFRE等9/13条17.14.3条BABIC	3APABIC	5+	က	7	0305

USAR	E4	SELRES	98G	ARABIC	2	3	+	0206
USAR	05	IRR/ING	13A	ARABIC	÷	2	0	9712
USAR	ဗ	SELRES	38A	ARABIC	2	2	2	0207
USAR	E3	SELRES	09R	ARABIC	2	5+	0	0108
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	es	5 +	7	9066
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	ო	က	2	0105
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	2	2	9812
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98C	ARABIC	က	2+	2	9903
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	2+	2	0103
USAR	E3	STAND-BY	986	ARABIC	3	က	5+	9805
USAR	E3	SELRES	97E	ARABIC	3	3	++	0305
								, ,
USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	88M	ARABIC	ന	2+	0	9604
USAR	E2	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	7	2	+	0111
USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	54B	ARABIC	2 +	2+	0	9000
USAR	ဝိ	IRR/ING	35D	ARABIC	7	2	-	9811
USAR	E4	STAND-BY	986	ARABIC	7	7	-	9710
USAR	E2	SELRES	4 4 B	ARABIC	ო	2	0	8107
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	5 +	7	7	9803
USAR	ဝိ	IRR/ING	35D	ARABIC	ო	ო	0	9096
USAR	W2	SELRES	881A	ARABIC	က	က	0	9511
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	91K	ARABIC	2	2	2	6000
		, W.	111111111111111111111111111111111111111					
USAK	E1	IKKING	9/E	AKABIC	י כי	m (<u>+</u> .	0003
USAR	ဗိ	SELRES	35D	ARABIC	7	7	0	9503
USAR	£	STAND-BY	986	ARABIC	2	ო	7	9810
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98 G	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0303
USAR	F5	SFLRES	980	ARABIC	2+	2	1+	6066
USAR	9	SELRES	97E	ARABIC	2	2	+	9807
USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	7	2+	+	0105
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	7	+	0203
								1-
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2+	2+	2	9805
USAR	E 4	SELRES	38A	ARABIC	7	7	4	9910
USAR	93	SELRES	986	ARABIC	7	2+	0	0205
USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	7	2+	÷	9807
USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	2	+	9096
USAR	E3	IRR/ING	98C	ARABIC	က	2+	7	9207
USAR	П	IRR/ING	9 8 G	ARABIC	7	5+	-	0109
1 1 4 1 1		() () () () () ()						

USAR	5	SELRES	350	ARABIC	ო	က	2+	0209
USAR	ဗ	SELRES	38A	ARABIC	7	2+	2	0305
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	5	+	0010
					•			
USAR	9 3	SELRES	98C	ARABIC	2+	2+	0	0108
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	7	0	0303
USAR	8	SELRES	67C	ARABIC	2	4	0	9204
USAR	90	SELRES	55A	ARABIC	4	2	2+	9507
USAR	E2	JRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2+	2	2	0012
USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	98C	ARABIC	က	က	2	0212
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	2	5+	2	0105
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	3	3	2	0112
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	2	5+	2	0112
USAR	9 3	SELRES	797	ARABIC	7	က	0	9305
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	118	ARABIC	3	3	2	0105
A SI	7	ON//ddi	976	CIEVER	+c	٣	C	8000
	7	ONINH	7.6		. 7	7	7	noce
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	X86	ARABIC	2+	က	2	9902
USAR	E6	SELRES	38A	ARABIC	2	2	+	0103
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	3	က	0	0105
USAR	<u>E</u> 6	SELRES	97L	ARABIC	က	က	0	0110
USAR	E 5	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	က	က	5+	9602
USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	978	ARABIC	7	7	+	5807
USAR	E6	SELRES	97E	ARABIC	m	က	2	0301
USAR	E4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	က	က	7	0206
USAR	E 6	SELRES	79R	ARABIC	2	2	1+	9710
USAR	E 4	SELRES	38X	ARABIC	7	7+	7	0002
USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	2+	ന	2	9907
USAR	H	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	5	7	<u>+</u>	0201
USAR	0	IRR/ING	12A	ARABIC	7	7	0	9096
USAR	E 5	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	3	က	*	0108
USAR	E5	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	2	2	-	9066
ISAR	10	ONI/BEI	777	ARABIC	2	3+	7	0007
200	5	DAILVING	777	Signal	7	- 7	7	9307
USAR	E5	SELRES	38A	ARABIC	2+	2+	+	0012
USAR	W2	SELRES	352G	ARABIC	က	က	2	0205
LISAR	7		DEPAINS (SEC.) ADABIC	ADARIC	ţ	ŗ	c	

. -

REKING 92A ARABIC 3 3 0 0008 IRRING 92A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 9811 IRRING 98C ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0008 SELRES 97L ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0205 SELRES 97L ARABIC 2+ 2+ 9 901 SELRES 97L ARABIC 2+ 2+ 9 901 SELRES 97L ARABIC 2+ 2+ 9 901 SELRES 97L ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 9 901 SELRES 97L ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 9 901 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 9 901 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ 9 901 SELRES 98G ARABIC 2+ 2+
92A ARABIC 3 92Y ARABIC 2 98G ARABIC 2 97L ARABIC 2 97E ARABIC 2 98G ARABIC 2
92A ARABIC 3 92Y ARABIC 2 98G ARABIC 2 97L ARABIC 2 97E ARABIC 2 98G ARABIC 2
92A 92Y 98C 98C 97L 18A 00D 3Y 98C 97E 98C 98C 98C 98C 98C 98C 98C 98C 98C 98C
92A 92Y 98C 98X 97L 18A 00D 37 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G 98G
聞きさささん 御聞き聞き よくな き聞き なき聞き 聞くさ ひきも ちゅうけん ひき聞き さき かんしゅんき
USAR E4 USAR E4 USAR E4 USAR E4 USAR E4 USAR E4 USAR E4 USAR E4 USAR E6 USAR E6

SSN Name (last first middle)	Ser	Grade	PMOS	Language	DLPT L	DLPT R	DLPT S C	DLPT Date	oin
(a)(a)	USAR	7	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	5+	2+	2	0103
	USAR	E5	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	7	2	+	9809
	USAR	9 <u>9</u>	SELRES	97L	ARABIC	5+	2	+	2066
	USAR	E 4	STAND-BY	986	ARABIC	7	5+	2	0109
	USAR	5	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	က	က	2	0011
	USAR	7	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	7	2	7	0110
	USAR	7	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	7	2	<u>+</u>	0010
	USAR	E 4	STAND-BY	986	ARABIC	7	2	<u>+</u>	9812
	USAR	띮	IRR/ING	118	ARABIC	7	2	0	9406
	USAR	E2	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	ო	2+	2	0012
	USAR	E3	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	ဗ	2+	2	9810
	USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	98G	ARABIC	က	2+	<u>+</u>	8902
	USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	98C	ARABIC	5+	2+	7	9206
	USAR	E2	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	က	က	2	9903
	USAR	E2	STAND-BY	98G	ARABIC	5+	2+	0	0303
	USAR	E4	IRRVING	98G	ARABIC	7	2	2	0003
	USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	7	2	-	0103
	USAR	E 4	SELRES	97E	ARABIC	5 +	က	<u>+</u>	6086
	USAR	E7	SELRES	27D	ARABIC	7	2	+	9404
	USAR	E 4	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	7	2	2	9810
	USAR	E4	IRR/ING	986	ARABIC	2	က	7	9805
									-35
	USAR	E3	IRR/ING	97E	ARABIC	ო	ო	0	9812
	USAR	03	SELRES	222	ARABIC	က	ო	0	0202

RETIRED

(9)(q	Serv	Grade	(p)(q)	(a)(b)(b)	Language	DLPT L	DLPT R	DLPT S	Retirement date
	NSA	E07	91K4O		ARABIC	5+	ო	0	20010501
	NSA	E07	54B4H		ARABIC	7	5+	0	20020901
	OSA	E07	98G4H		ARABIC	2	5+	0	20010901
	NSA	E07	98G4L		ARABIC	5+	2	+	20010901
	NSA	900	18A3H		ARABIC	7	2	0	20010601
	NSA	E08	98Z5P		ARABIC	2	2	7	20021001
	NSA	900	48G		ARABIC	ო	ო	0	20021001
	NSA	E03	67T10		ARABIC	2	ന	0	20021210
	NSA	005	11A3A		ARABIC	2	2	0	20010701
	NSA	005	11A5P		ARABIC	8	5+	0	20020101
	NSA	90E	98G3L		ARABIC	2+	7	+	20020701
	USA	E04	98G10		ARABIC	2	2	+	20011031
	NSA	E07	98G4L		ARABIC	5	2	<u>+</u>	20010301
	NSA	W02	352G0		ARABIC	7	5+	0	20010331
	NSA	004	26A		ARABIC	က	က	0	20010701
	NSA	E07	98G4H		ARABIC	2 +	7	0	20010801
	NSA	004	42B5P		ARABIC	ო	5 +	0	20010601
	NSA	E07	97E4HI		ARABIC	ო	5	<u>+</u>	20011001
	NSA	E08	98Z5M		ARABIC	7	5 +	5+	20030101
	NSA	W02	351E09		ARABIC	5+	5 +	0	20020601
	NSA	E08	73Z5L		ARABIC	7	2	0	20020401
	NSA	W03	920A0		ARABIC	က	က	0	20011101
	NSA	E08	98Z5LC		ARABIC	7	5	0	20021001
	NSA	E04	97E1P		ARABIC	က	ო	2	20010601
	NSA	E05	45E20		ARABIC	2	2+	2	20030124

TAB

D

ACTIVE

loyed in CENTCOM AO	urned within past 6 months
Dec	Ret

O3 14N3 ARABIC 3 3 0 0 E	l Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade		Language	DLPT L	DLPT R	DLPT S	ᆸ	
USAF E6 21354 ARABIC 2+ 3 1+ USAF E6 21354 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 USAF E6 14013 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 USAF E6 14013 ARABIC 3 3 0 USAF E6 14035A ARABIC 3 3 0 USAF E7 14035A ARABIC 3 3 0 USAF E7 14035A ARABIC 3 3 0 USAF E7 14035A ARABIC 2 2+ 2 USAF E7 17271 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 USAF E7 17271 ARABIC 3 3 0 USAF E7 1737A ARABIC 3 3 0 USAF E7 1737A ARABIC 3 3 0 USAF E7 1137A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 USAF E7 1137A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 USAF E7 1137A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 USAF E7 1137A ARABIC		USAF	Ö	14N3	ARABIC	က	က	0	0210	FFDCT
E5 2T354 ARABIC 3 0 C4 44M3 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 C4 44M3 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E6 2R071 ARABIC 3 0 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0 E7 17271 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C5 2E3E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C6 2E3E ARABIC 3 3 0 C7 27271 ARABIC 3 3 0 C9 62E3E ARABIC 3 3 0 C0 26E3E ARABIC 3 3 0 C1 27 2+ 0 0 2 2+ 0 C2 26E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C3 43P3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0		USAF	9 E	T1N375A	ARABIC	5+	က	+	0206	FF3N2
E4 2T352B ARABIC 3 2+ 0 O4 44M3 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E6 2R071 ARABIC 3 3 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N35A ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E4 2S051 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 E5 4Y051 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 C6 2E3E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 C7 2T271 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 C9 3S53 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C0 23S3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 1N375		USAF	끖	2T354	ARABIC	က	က	0	0110	FFDZV
04 44M3 ARABIC 3 9 E6 2R071 ARABIC 3 9 E6 1N355A ARABIC 3 9 E5 1A851E ARABIC 2 2 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 E7 2T271 ARABIC 2 2 C0 36P1 ARABIC 2 2 E7 2T271 ARABIC 3 3 0 C2 36P1 ARABIC 2 2 0 C3 36P1 ARABIC 2 2 0 C4 272222 ARABIC 2 2 0 C5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 C4 43P3 ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N375A </td <td></td> <td>USAF</td> <td>E4</td> <td>2T352B</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>က</td> <td>5+</td> <td>0</td> <td>0209</td> <td>FFCVD</td>		USAF	E 4	2T352B	ARABIC	က	5+	0	0209	FFCVD
E6 2R071 ARABIC 3 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 E5 1N335A ARABIC 3 0 E5 1A851E ARABIC 2 2+ 2 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 4A851C 3 3 0 E5 4A8BIC 3 3 0 C7 2ZZZZZZ ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 4A875A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 C14M3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C2 43P3 ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0		USAF	<u>\$</u>	44M3	ARABIC	က	က	0	0110	FFNJG
E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N35A ARABIC 3 3 0 E4 1N35A ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 2+ 0 0 0 2 2+ 2+ 0		USAF	9 <u></u>	2R071	ARABIC	က	က	0	0208	FFPHB
E5 1N335A ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1A851E ARABIC 3 3 0 E4 1N35A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 2S051 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 C5 E7271 ARABIC 2- 0 0 C6 E528E ARABIC 2- 0 0 C7 2T271 ARABIC 3 3 0 C7 2T272 ARABIC 3 3 0 C9 3353 ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 C0 2ZZZZZZ ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 E6 T1N35A ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 E7 <		USAF	E 6	1N375A	ARABIC	က	က	0	0301	FF9TZ
E5 1A851E ARABIC 3 3 0 E4 1N335A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 2S051 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 4Y051 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C02 62E3E ARABIC 2 0 0 E7 2T271 ARABIC 3 3 0 C02 36P1 ARABIC 3 3 0 C1 ZZZZZZZ ARABIC 3 3 0 C2 33S3 ARABIC 2+ 2 0 C2 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C3 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C4 43P3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C5 11N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 <		USAF	E2	1N335A	ARABIC	က	က	0	9000	FFNK6
E4 1N335A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2 E4 2S051 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 4Y051 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C02 62E3E ARABIC 2+ 0 E7 2T271 ARABIC 3 3 0 C2 36P1 ARABIC 3 3 0 C2 33S3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C3 33S3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C4 43P3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C5 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C6 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C7 C3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C6 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 E7 ARABIC 2+ </td <td></td> <td>USAF</td> <td>E5</td> <td>1A851E</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>က</td> <td>က</td> <td>0</td> <td>0210</td> <td>FF2TC</td>		USAF	E5	1A851E	ARABIC	က	က	0	0210	FF2TC
E4 2S051 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 4Y051 ARABIC 3 3 0 02 62E3E ARABIC 2+ 0 E7 2T271 ARABIC 3 3 0 02 36P1 ARABIC 3 3 0 02 36P1 ARABIC 3 2 0 02 33S3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E6 11N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 1N355A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 4N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 4N375A ARAB		USAF	E4	1N335A	ARABIC	7	5+	7	0211	FFNK6
E5 4Y051 ARABIC 3 3 0 02 62E3E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 E7 2T271 ARABIC 3 3 3 02 36P1 ARABIC 3 3 0 02 36P1 ARABIC 3 3 0 02 33S3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 4N355A <td></td> <td>USAF</td> <td>E4</td> <td>2S051</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>2+</td> <td>5+</td> <td>0</td> <td>0110</td> <td>FFCS6</td>		USAF	E 4	2S051	ARABIC	2+	5+	0	0110	FFCS6
02 62E3E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 E7 2T271 ARABIC 3 3 0 02 36P1 ARABIC 3 3 0 02 36P1 ARABIC 3 3 0 02 33S3 ARABIC 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N35A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N35A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N35A ARABIC<		USAF	E5	4Y051	ARABIC	က	က	0	0207	FFNJ6
E7 2T271 ARABIC 3 3 0 O2 36P1 ARABIC 3 3 3 O1 ZZZZZZZ ARABIC 3 2 0 O2 33S3 ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 4N35A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 4N35A ARA		USAF	05	62E3E	ARABIC	7	5+	0	0212	FF4DS
02 36P1 ARABIC 3 3 3 01 ZZZZZZZ ARABIC 3 2 0 02 33S3 ARABIC 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 K1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C05 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2+ 2- 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2- 2- 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2- 2- 0 E7 4N355A		USAF	E7	2T271	ARABIC	က	က	0	0112	FFJP5
01 ZZZZZZZ ARABIC 3 2 0 02 33S3 ARABIC 3 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C5 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N355A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N355A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 4N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E8 1N		USAF	05	36P1	ARABIC	က	က	က	0212	FFRM7
62 33S3 ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C5 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E4 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 4N355A ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 3 2 0 E5 4N375A		USAF	5	727277	ARABIC	က	7	0	0201	FFGGP
E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C5 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C5 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 1N355A ARABIC 3 2 0 E7 4N355A ARABIC 3 2 0 E8 3-000<		USAF	05	3383	ARABIC	ෆ	က	0	0210	FFJ03
E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 O5 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 4N355A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E7 4N355A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E8 3C0										
E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 K1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 O5 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C4 43P3 ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 4N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 4N355A ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 3 2 0 <		USAF	ES	1N355A	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0208	FFB45
E5 K1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 O5 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C04 43P3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 3 0 E5 <td< td=""><td></td><td>USAF</td><td>E3</td><td>1N375A</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>5+</td><td>2</td><td>0</td><td>0212</td><td>FFH50</td></td<>		USAF	E3	1N375A	ARABIC	5+	2	0	0212	FFH50
E5 K1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 O5 C14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 C04 43P3 ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 3 2+ 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>£.</td></td<>										£.
O5 C14N3 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 O4 43P3 ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E5 4N375A ARABIC 3 2+ 0		USAF	E5	K1A871E	ARABIC	2+	2+	0	0110	FFX1H
E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 O4 43P3 ARABIC 3+ 3 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 C0 14N1 ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E3 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E5 4N375A ARABIC 3 2+ 0		USAF	05	C14N3	ARABIC	2	2+	0	9110	FFFF9
E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 04 43P3 ARABIC 3 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E3 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E4 1N35A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 4N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 4N355A ARABIC 3 2+ 0						i i				
04 43P3 ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 C2 14N1 ARABIC 2 2 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E3 1N335A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 4N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E5 4N375A ARABIC 3 2+ 0		USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	5+	2+	0	0210	FFNK6
E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 O2 14N1 ARABIC 3 3 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E3 1N335A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E3 1N35A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 1N35A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 1N35A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E8 3C051 ARABIC 3 3 0 E8 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0		USAF	<u>\$</u>	43P3	ARABIC	က	ന	0	0212	FFB8W
02 14N1 ARABIC 3 3 0 E6 T1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E3 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E5 4N375A ARABIC 3 2+ 0		USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	2+	3	0	0212	FFH50
E6 T1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		401	ć	4.4814		ć	ć	ď	0,000	707
E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0		1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	7 4	T4N37EA		י כ	י כ		0200	1144A
E3 1N335A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E3 1N335A ARABIC 2+ 2 0 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0		200	ט ע	4N275A		4 6	4 6	> <	6020	
E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 3 0 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 2+ 0		ISAE ISAE	3 8	1N335A	ARABIC	° †	. c	-	0303	FFRAK
E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		ISAE	i f	1N375A	ABABIC	, c	1 "	· c	0212	EED7T
E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E7 8D000 ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E5 4N375A ABABIC 3 2+ 0		USAF	1	1N355A	ARABIC	1 0	· c	· •	0211	FFNK6
E7 8D000 ARABIC 3 3 0 E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E5 4N375A ADABIC 3 2+ 0		ISAF	1 1	1N355A	ARABIC	10	10	٠ -	0208	FENIKE
E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 E5 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0 E5 4N375A ABABIC 3 2+ 0		USAF	E 1	8D000	ARABIC	1 (7)	1 (*)	-	0112	FFR49
E5 3C051 ARABIC 3 2+ 0		ISAF	iΩ	1N355A	ARABIC		, c	· c	0212	FENKE
EK 1N37KA ADADIC 2 2 0		USAF	3 5 5	30051	ARABIC	1 რ	5 t	0	0301	FFFOU
ED INSTOR ARABIC 2 2 U		USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	2	7	0	6000	FFB45
<			ָ ֡ ֡ ֡ ֡	V. SERVICE	4		,	(0,00	4000

Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade	PMOS	Language	DLPT L	DLPT R	DLPT S	DLPT Date	nic .	
	USAF	핎	1N375A	ARABIC	7	5+	0	0211	FFNK6	
	USAF	E7	Q1A871E	ARABIC	‡	2	0	0301	FFK3V	
	USAF	E4	1N355A	ARABIC	က	ന	Q	0207	FFNK6	
	USAF	δ	14N1	ARABIC	က	ო	0	0212	FFFFK	
	USAF	90	T44D3	ARABIC	ť	ಣ	0	0212	FFM8W	
	USAF	E 5	1N375A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0107	FFL28	
	USAF	E5	T1N375A	ARABIC	ෆ	က	7	0206	FFNK6	
	USAF	E33	1N335A	ARABIC	5	7	+	0208	FFH50	
	USAF	E 4	1N355D	ARABIC	5+	ო	0	0208	FFNK6	
	USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	7	5+	0	0207	F FNK6	
	USAF	E6	1A871E	ARABIC	7	5+	0	0209	FFHGC	
	USAF	E4	1N355A	ARABIC	7	~	0	0302	FFH50	
	USAF	9	14N4	ARABIC	7	7	0	9000	FFNP1	
	USAF	E3	1N335A	ARABIC	7	က	7	0209	FFNK6	
	USAF	E 4	1N335A	ARABIC	5 +	7	0	0206	FFH50	
	USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	ო	ო	٥	0211	FFNK6	
	USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	7	7	0	0211	FFNK6	
	USAF	E7	1N375A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0211	FFNK6	
	J 4 G	i	4619350	0.0	ć	ć	٥	7000	רבאועפ	
	1 (C)	ין די	ACCOUNT.		t 7	. 7	5 4	0204	0 ()	
	TAXU.	i i	AC/ENT	AKABIC	ţ, ‹	<u> </u>	- (020 020	ייייי	
	TAXD:	Д ¦	1N335A	ARABIC	m) (₹	7	0205	TT NK6	
	USAF	ES	1N355A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0210	FFNK6	
	USAF	Д	1N335A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0204	FFNK6	
	USAF	ES	1N355A	ARABIC	5 +	က	<u></u>	0208	FFH50	
	USAF	E5	1A851E	ARABIC	2	2	0	0210	FFX1H	
	USAF	E3	1N375A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0208	FFNK6	
	USAF	E4	1N335A	ARABIC	5+	54	7	020	FFNK6	
	USAF	H	1N335A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0209	FFH50	
	USAF	9	1N373L	ARABIC	7	2	0	0208	FF3N2	
	USAF	E3	1N375A	ARABIC	5	(C)	0	0209	FFNK6	
	USAF	E3	1N335A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0208	FFNK6	
	USAF	04	C14N3	ARABIC	2+	က	0	0211	FF4FW	
	USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	က	က	0	0212	FFNK6	
	USAF	E6	1N375A	ARABIC	က	ന	0	0210	FFNK6	
	USAF	E 4	1A831E	ARABIC	m	က	0	0205	FFX1F	
	USAF	E3	1N335A	ARABIC	7	2+	+	0208	FFNK6	
	USAF	5	222222	ARABIC	က	က	0	0302	FFHK3	
	USAF	E2	1N375A	ARABIC	5 +	က	0	0210	FFNK6	
	USAF	E3	1N375A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0208	FFFJJ	
	USAF		1N355A	ARABIC		က	7	0106	FFX1H	
	USAF	11 .	-0936O	S15743344		5 +	0	0212	FFNK6	

. . -

- /

HAC:	F4	F4 1N3354	ARARIC	ť	; ; ;	· •	0111	FENKE
USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	2	3	0	0211	FFH50
USAF	E7	1N375A	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0212	FFNK6
USAF	E 4	1N335A	ARABIC	2	5+	5	0204	FFNK6
USAF	E7	1N375A	ARABIC	2+	ဗ	0	0212	FFNK6
USAF	E2	1A811E	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0108	FFFJJ
USAF	E2	1N355A	ARABIC	7	က	0	0210	FFNK6
USAF	ES	1N375A	ARABIC	က	ന	0	020	FFH50
USAF	E6	T1N375A	ARABIC	3	2+	0	0208	FF88G
		A A COAT					And the second second	
TAXO TAXO	6 1	14671E	ARABIC	ი ი	n (> 0	020	2011
USAF	C .	AC/CNI	ARABIC		7	0	717O	FFLLB
USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0212	FFNK6
USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0207	FF13K
USAF	E7	1N375A	ARABIC	2	2	0	9912	FFB69
USAF	δ	14N3	ARABIC	2	2	0	0211	FF6VD
USAF	E9	1N375A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0202	FFB45
USAF	පි	14N3	ARABIC	5 +	7	0	0110	FF8HW
USAF	E2	1N355A	ARABIC	က	က	0	0209	FF13
USAF	E33	1A831E	ARABIC	7	5+	0	0212	FFB45
USAF	05	1 4N 1	ARABIC	က	က	0	0211	FFHZP
USAF	E4	1N335A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0304	FFNK6
1001		4 0004	VIOVE V				000	
1401	נו נו	10001E		46	7	> <	0203	
ISAF	3 13	O1A871E	ARABIC	40	۰ د	-	0203	FFX1H
USAF	3 2 3	1N375A	ARABIC	2 2	1 6	0	0202	FFH50
USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	5+	2+	0	0112	FFLLB
USAF	05	14N1	ARABIC	7	7	0	000	FFKL
USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	ო	5+	0	0203	FFNK6
USAF	ES	1N375A	ARABIC	5+	7	0	0109	FFFJJ
USAF	පි	3383	ARABIC	5+	က	7	0211	FF5V1
USAF	5	43E3A	ARABIC	က	က	0	020	FFNGL
USAF	E4	3P051	ARABIC	2+	2	0	000	FFBHG
USAF	П	1N335A	ARABIC	က	5+	0	8000	FFFGX
USAF	8	1N375A	ARABIC	5 +	7	0	0012	FF13K
USAF	8	16F3F	ARABIC	7	2	0	0208	FFLN7
USAF	05	M44D3	ARABIC	ĸ	က	0	0208	FFF6V
USAF	9 <u>9</u>	2T370	ARABIC	2	7	0	0110	FFNJV
USAF	E	1N335A	ARABIC	5 +	က	2	0207	FFNK6
USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	7	2+	0	0212	FFNK6
L < C -	Ĺ	4 P 1 2 7 0 V	<u> </u>	•	•			L

						1	•	0.00	í
(a)(a)	USAF	5	222222	ARABIC	ო	ო	-	0212	1/011
	USAF	E3	1N375P	ARABIC	2	5 +	0	0209	FF3N2
	USAF	E3	1A831E	ARABIC	2+	2+	2	0210	FFX1F
	USAF	E7	1A871E	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0209	FFHGC
	USAF	H K	1A871F	ARABIC	۱۵	, c	· C	0000	FFK3V
	USAF	03	41A4	ARABIC	2		0	0210	FEC7R
	USAF	H	1A811F	ARABIC	· .	^ ۱	· c	0112	
	USAF	Ε4	1N355A	ARABIC	۰ ،	· *	· c	0208	FFNKG
	IISAF	י ני	14871E	ARABIC	10	, ~	· =	9020	EEX1E
	TSD TARI) H	1N375A	APABIC	1 C	1 %	> <	0202	FEB7T
	100	3 6	777777		1 0) r	> C	0241	
	1000	5 8	411255		י כ	, (> c	021	
	TSAE	3 £	1N3334 7C074		٦ ,	v .t	-	21.0	
	TASO TASO	3 4	1.507.1		4 C	٠ د	.	0000	5 Y
	TACO	2	IAO/ IE	Arabic	7	A		0700	
	USAF	E4	1N355D	ARABIC	2	3	c	0208	FFNK6
	USAF	E 4	1N335A	ARABIC	5	5	0	0202	FFNK6
	USAF	E2	1N375A	ARABIC	7	7	0	0212	FFNK6
	USAF	9 E	3M071	ARABIC	5+	က	0	0210	FFRXK
	USAF	53	1N375A	ARABIC	5 +	7	0	0112	FFNK6
	USAF	E5	1N355A	ARABIC	7	2+	0	0303	FFH50
	USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0107	FFFJJJ
	USAF	E4	1N335A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0208	FFNK6
						4			
	L USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	ю	ო	0	6001	FFFJJ
	USAF	9 E	1A871E	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0207	FFK3V
	USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	5 +	2+	7	0109	FFRM7
	USAF	E4	1N335A	ARABIC	5 +	2+	+	0110	FFNK6
	USAF	E.5	1N375A	ARABIC	7	5	0	0205	FFNK6
	USAF	Д	1N335A	ARABIC	2	5	0	0207	FFNK6
	USAF	E2	1N375A	ARABIC	7	5 +	0	0212	FFH50
	USAF	H 4	1N355A	ARABIC	5 +	5 +	0	0207	FFNK6
	USAF	E3	1N375A	ARABIC	ო	ო	0	0212	FFRM7
3	USAF	9	45S3A	ARABIC	3	3	0	0304	FFR56
	USAF	E7	1N375A	ARABIC	3	3	C	0301	FFH50
	E SARI	<u> </u>	314071	APABIC) (*	, e	o c	0000	Const
	1000 1001	ת כ	10871E	APABIC	, c	י ר	.	0000	FFY4E
		3 1	740074		۷ ر	י כ	> <	6050	- X
	TX00	0 4 	1 1 4 6 7 4 F		7 2	7 (-	0303	
	TACO.	o i	148/1E	AKABIC	+ 7	7	<u> </u>	0203	1188G
	USAF	9 G	1N3/5A	AKABIC	m (<u></u>	o (0212	FFB45
	USAF	3		AKABIC	מי	က	0	0212	FFB73
	145								

SSN Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade	PMOS	Language	DLPT L	DLPTR [DLPTS D	DLPT Date UIC	UIC
(9)(q)	USAF	E5	1A831E	ARABIC	2+	2+	1+	0206	FFX1H
	USAF	05	T14N3	ARABIC	2	۵,	. 0	0112	FF8M6
	USAF	E7	1A871E	ARABIC	5+	5 +	0	0211	FFK3V
	USAF	E3	1N335A	ARABIC	2	2	2	0212	FFNK6
	USAF	E5	1N355A	ARABIC	2	7	0	0304	FFH50
	USAF	E3	1N335A	ARABIC	က	က	2	0207	FFNK 6
	USAF	E3	1N335A	ARABIC	7	5 +	0	0207	FFNK6
	USAF	E4	1N355A	ARABIC	5 +	2+	0	0202	FFNK6
	USAF	E2	1A871E	ARABIC	5 +	က	0	9904	FFX1F
	USAF	ដ	3C031	ARABIC	2+	5 *	0	0204	FFKG7
	USAF	E6	1N375A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0205	FFFJJ
	UVOIT	1	4 / 074	ADADA.				A Section of the sect	
	LISAE	i Y	1N375A	ARABIC	ם כ	o *	>	0303	FFH50
	USAF	පි පි	T14N3	ARABIC	1 (7)	ر ا	o	0000	FFPP5
	USAF	9 <u>=</u>	3E571	ARABIC	3	2+	0	0207	FFNSJ
	USAF	E	2S051	ARABIC	2+	က	0	0201	FFP35
	USAF	E6	1N375A	ARABIC	ო	ო	0	0212	FF88G
	USAF	E4	1N335A	ARABIC	5+	2+	0	0202	FFNK6
	USAF	E2	1N375A	ARABIC	2	7	0	9070	FFH50
	USAF	E4	1N335A	ARABIC	2	2	_	0205	FFNK6
	USAF	8	1N355A	ARABIC	5	7	0	0209	FFNK6
	USAF	E2	1N375A	ARABIC	က	က	0	0211	FFH50
	USAF	E3	1N375A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0303	FFFJJ
	USAF	E4	1N335A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0208	FFNK6
	IISAF	P.4	1N1335A	APARIC	2	7.7	0	0303	FEHSO
	USAF	7	1N335A	ARABIC	7 7	; ;	0	0211	FFH50
		-							
	USAF	E4	2A353A	ARABIC	3	2	0	0212	FFG5V
	USAF	E 4	2S051	ARABIC	7	က	0	0304	FFDYK
	USAF	E4	1N335A	ARABIC	2	5+	-	0211	FFNK6
	USAF	E5	2R031	ARABIC	2	2	0	0011	FFG0G
	1S∆F	Ō	7777777	ARABIC	2		0	0011	HZ JJJ
	LISAE	7 H	1A831F	ARABIC	16	,	۰ د	0000	FFR45
	USAF	E	1N355A	ARABIC	, †	; ;	1 0	0207	FFNK6
	USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	2 +	က	0	0207	FFNK6
	USAF	E3	1N375A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0204	FFR1C
	USAF	E 6	T1N375A	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0210	FF88G

	FFNK6		FFB45	FF8M6	FFNK6	FFRM7	FFNK6		FFH50	FFDYC		FFNK6	FFNK6	FFH50	FFNK6	FFD3W	FFX1F	FFNK6	FFNK6	FF3N2		FFH50	FFRM7	FF018	FFCW3	FFNK6		FFNK6	FFNK6	FFNK6	FFNK6	FFZ7G	FFNK6	FFNK6	FFDZ2	FFLC8	FFPQW	FFM4H	FFX1H	FF88G	FF3N2	FFR18	FFNK6
DLPT Date 0301	0210		0205	6086	0209	0207	0210		0302	0302		020	020	0208	0206	020	0208	0203	0211	0211		0208	0210	0304	0210	020		0207	0210	0212	0210	0209	0204	0211	0208	0209	0206	0012	0210	0208	0206	0212	0207
DLPT S 0	0		0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0		0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.51	0	0	0	0	0		0	+	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OLPT R 2+	2		2+	7	5+	5+	က		2	3	N. Same	7	5	ო	5+	က	2	5+	2	2		3	2+	က	က	2		2	7	2	2	က	7	೮	7	က	က	က	2	က	ෆ	က	7
OLPT L 2+	2	i de la companya de l	2+	2	က	2	ო		7	5+		7	7	က	7	က	7	5 +	5 +	81		3	5+	က	က	2		2	7	2	7	5	2	က	7	က	က	5 +	7	7	7	2	2
Language ARABIC	ARABIC	The second secon	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC		ARABIC	ARABIC		ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC		ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC		ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	CARABIG 40
	1N335A		1N375A	T14N3	1N375A	1N375A	1N355A		1N355A	2T354		1N335A	1N335A	1N355A	1N355A	3E571	1A871E	1N355A	1N335A	1N375A		1N375A	1N375A	M44D3	1A171	1N335A		1N355A	1N335A	1N375A	1N355A	1N355A	1N335A	1N375A	2T051	3S071	1N375A	K11F3B	1A831E	T1N375A	1N373M	1A871E	(
Grade E6	E4		E5	05	E2	E5	E4		E4	E4		E	E3	7	E 4	9 <u></u>	9 Ш	<u>Д</u>	<u>Т</u>	E5	7.8	9 3	E3	8	9	H	Share I am	E4	E	E2	E 4	E2	Д	띪	<u>Т</u>	E7	E7	05	E5	E5	9 <u>E</u>	9 E	7 ZES
Serv USAF	USAF		USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF		USAF	USAF		USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF		USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF		USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF
Name (last first middle)										4																																	
(9)(q)																																											

OID.	FFNK6	FFHC3	3/114111		rrL3	OYNLL	FFINE	FFZL3	FFHGC		FFX1F	FFNK6	FF88G	FFNK6	FFH0H	FF88G	FFFJJ	FFNK6	FFNK6	FFNK6		FFNK6	FFX1F	FFNK6	FFNK6	FFH50	FFH50	FFNK6	FFNK6	FFNK6	FF13 K	FFK3V	FFH50	FFH50	FFBJL	FFNK6	FFC00	FFFJJ	FFH50	FFH50	FF3N2	FFZ7G	FFNK6	
DLPT Date	020	0108	0000	020	2120	2000	020	0208	0209		0211	0206	0210	0204	0303	0209	0112	020	0211	0207		0212	0208	0208	0209	0208	0011	0209	0205	0204	0209	0210	0303	0303	0106	0105	0205	0210	0209	0302	0205	0209	0210	
DLPT S	0	0		.	> 5	>)	၁	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o	*	A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	†	0	0	
OLPT R	2+	2			ν ;	,	ث ر	5 +	2		2+	ო	5 +	5 +	7	7	2+	5 +	က	2+		2+	2+	2	2	2	2+	භ	2	2+	5+	က	က	7	7	೮	2	7	2	2	2+	7	2+	
DLPTL	5+	2	,	۱ د	v ;	,	n (7	2		2	က	5 +	2	5+	7	က	5+	ო	5+		2	က	2	2	2	5+	က	2	က	7	က	7	7	7	က	7	7	7	7	7	7	2	
Langnage	ARABIC	ARABIC	0.000		ָבְּבְּעָבְּעָ בְּעָבְּעָבְּעָבְּעָבְּעָבְּעָבְּעָבְּעָ	A740.C	ARABIC	AKABIC	ARABIC		ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC		ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	00110
_	1N375A	41A4	4N1255A	1100001	EC/CNI	A LCCV4	HISSOA	3M051	1A871E		1A871E	1N375A	1N375A	1N355A	1A871E	T1N375A	1N375A	1N355A	1N375A	1N335A	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	1N375A	1N375A	1N335A	1N335A	1N355A	1N355A	1N355A	1N375A	1N375A	1N375A	1A891	1N375A	1N375A	2222222	1N375A	1N375A	1N375A	1N335A	1N375A	1N335A	1N375A	1N375A	020010
Grade	E :	Ö		֓֞֞֜֞֜֞֜֞֜֜֞֜֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֞֜֜֜֞֓֓֓֓֓֞֜֜֜֓֓֓֞֜֜֜֡֓֡֓֞֡֓֜֜֡֞֡֓֡֓֡֡֡֓֜֡֡֡֡֓֜֡֡֡֡֓֜֡֡֡֡֡֡֡֡	i i	i i	រ ដ	Ω Ω	E5		E5	E5	9 E	E	E2	9 <u>E</u>	53	E	9 <u>.</u>	83	**	E5	E3	E3	8	E2	E 4	E5	E5	E5	E5	8 8	E2	E3	δ	E7	9 <u>H</u>	E5	7	E5	E	E2	E5	Ľ
Serv	USAF	USAF		100 1184 1184	T 600	L (0)	1400 :	USAF	USAF	The state of the s	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	という からのかい なんな	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	USAF	
N Name (last first middle)																																												
SSN	(9)(q)																																											

USAF E5 11875G	SSN Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade	PMOS	Language	DLPT L	OLPTR	DLPT S	DLPT Date	o dic
USAF ES IN3750 AFABIC 2 2+ 0 07001 USAF ES IN375A AFABIC 2 2+ 2+ 0 07001 USAF ES IN375A AFABIC 2 2+ 2+ 0 07001 USAF ES IN375A AFABIC 2 2+ 0 07001 USAF ES IN375A AFABIC 2 2 2 0 07001 USAF ES IN375A AFABIC 2 2 2 0 07001 USAF EI IN375A AFABIC 2 2 2 0 07001 USAF EI IN375A AFABIC 2 2 2 0 07001 USAF EI IN375A AFABIC 2 2 0 0 0701	(a)	USAF	E5	1N355A	ARABIC	7	2+	+	0203	FFNK6
USAF E3 1N335A ARABIC 2* 2* 0 0 0301 USAF E3 1N335A ARABIC 2* 2* 0 0 0302 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2* 2* 0 0 0302 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 2* 0 0 0107 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0 0107 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0202 USAF E6 0202 USA		USAF	E3	1N375D	ARABIC	7	5 +	0	0204	FFNK6
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2* 2* 6* 0 0304 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E2 1N375A ARABIC 3 2 2* 0 0 0202 USAF E2 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2* 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0 0201		USAF	05	14N1	ARABIC	2	2	0	0301	FFHOY
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0202 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0107 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0107 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2- 0 0209 USAF		IISAE	ជ	1N335A	ARABIC	, ,	· *		0304	EE3N2
USAF E2 IN375A ARABIC 2 2 7 0 0000 USAF E2 IN35A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0000 USAF E2 IN35A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0000 USAF E2 IN35A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 00000 USAF E4 IN35A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 00000 USAF E4 IN35A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 00000 USAF E4 IN35A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 00000 USAF E4 IN35A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 00000 USAF E5 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 00000 USAF E5 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 00000 USAF E5 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 00000 USAF E5 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 00000 USAF E5 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 00000 USAF E5 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 0 0 000000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 0 0 00000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 0 0 000000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 0 0 000000 USAF E6 IN37A ARABIC 2 0 0 0000000000000000		100	3 6	1N375A		, c	, c	•	1000	FENKE
USAF E2 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0 0100 USAF C2 21A1 ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0 0100 USAF C2 21A1 ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0 0206 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 0000 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 8N000 ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1 1 1 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1 1 1 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0201 USA		1 (C)	ខ្ល	CO CONT		V (+ 7	۰ د	2020	
USAF E2 1N335A ARABIC 3 3 3 2 0106 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 4 0 0303 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 6 0 0303 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 6 0 0303 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 6 0 0206 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0206 USAF E6 1N35A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0206 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0206 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 0209 USAF E4 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 02		USAF	ĘĴ	1N3/5A	AKABIC		m	-	0107	FF3N2
USAF C2 2141 ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0 0209 USAF E5 11375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0203 USAF E4 11355A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0202 USAF E4 11355A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0202 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0202 USAF E4 11035A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0203 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0201 USAF E5 11035A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E5 11035A ARABIC 2 2 0 0201 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0301 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0301 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0301 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0301 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0301 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0301 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0301 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0301 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0301 USAF E5 110375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0301		USAF	E	1N335A	ARABIC	ຕ	ന	7	0106	FFNK6
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0303 USAF E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 4 0 0206 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0206 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 4 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 4 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 4 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 4 4 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 4 4 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0208 USAF E7 USAF		USAF	05	21A1	ARABIC	က	ന	0	0209	FFG69
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0212 USAF E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0206 USAF E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0206 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0206 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0206 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0 0208		USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0303	FFH50
USAF E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 0206 USAF E4 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0206 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0205 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0209		USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0212	FFFJJ
USAF E4 1N356A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0206 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 3+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 3+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 3 3 3 0 0211 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0201 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0201 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0201 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0201 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0201 USAF E9 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 00201 USAF E9 1N375A ARABIC 2 0										
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0205 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0103 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0203 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 3 3 0 0211 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0201 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 3 0		ASI		1N355A	ARABIC	2		0	0206	FFNKG
USAF E4 1N355A ARABIC 3 3 0 0205 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0210 USAF E5 1N35A ARABIC 3 0 0211 USAF E6 1N35A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N35A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N35A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0210 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0210 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0208		ISAF		1N375A	ARABIC		· ;	· c	0208	FENKE
USAF E4 1N355A ARABIC 3 3 0 0 0205 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 3+ 0 0 0208 USAF E9 1N375A ARABIC 3+ 0									2070	
USAF E6 14871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0203 USAF E5 11N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 01033 USAF E5 11N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 01033 USAF E5 11N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 01033 USAF E5 11N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 11N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 02011 USAF E6 11N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 11N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02011 USAF E6 11N375A ARABIC 2 2- 0 02011 USAF E7 N335A ARABIC 2 2- 0 02011 USA			A CONTRACTOR	4619557					A 000	
USAF E6 14871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 11N3/5A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0103 USAF E5 11N3/5A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 11N3/5A ARABIC 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 11N3/5A ARABIC 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 11N3/5A ARABIC 2+ 0 0211 USAF E6 11N3/5A ARABIC 2+ 0 0211 USAF E6 11N3/5A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0211 USAF E6 11N3/5A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0211 USAF E6 11N3/5A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0211 USAF E7 ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E7			F4	HOSSOA	ARABIC	J.	Ç	0	ეჳივ	FFINKO
USAF E6 1AB71E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0103 USAF E1 1A831E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0201 USAF E7 8M000 ARABIC 2 2- 0 0201 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2- 0 0201								1	The second second	
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0103 USAF E4 1A831E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 9205 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0211 USAF E6 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E7 8M000 ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0301 USAF E7 8M375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0301 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0301 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0301		USAF	9	1A871E	ARABIC	7	5 +	0	0209	FFR18
USAF O5 14N4 ARABIC 3 3 2 9205 USAF E4 1A831E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 3 3 0 0211 USAF E6 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0201 USAF E6 1N355A ARABIC 2 2- 0 0201 USAF E6 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 0201 USAF E6 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 14 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A AR		USAF	E3	1N375A	ARABIC	7	က	0	0103	FFFJJ
USAF E4 1A831E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 9910 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 3 3 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0209 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0201 USAF E6 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0208 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0208		USAF		14N4	ARABIC	ဗ	က	7	9205	FFNP1
USAF E4 1A831E ARABIC 2 2+ 1+ 0203 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 09910 USAF E4 4P051 ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02011 USAF E6 HOOO ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02011 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0212 USAF E7 HN375A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 0208 USAF E7 HN375A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0 0208										
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 09910 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0201 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212		USAF		1A831E	ARABIC	2	2	+	0203	FFX1F
USAF O3 46N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9910 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 3 3 0 0212 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0211 USAF E6 BD000 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0211 USAF E6 BD000 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0301 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0 0301 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0302 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0302 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0302 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0302 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0302 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0302 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0302 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0302 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0 0302		USAF		1N375A	ARABIC	2	5 +	0	0208	FF13K
USAF O3 46N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 9910 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E4 4P051 ARABIC 3 3 0 02012 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02011 USAF E6 8D000 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02011 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02011 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 02011 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0301 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0302 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0302 USAF E8 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0302						Acceptance of the second	and a			
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E4 4P051 ARABIC 3 3 0 0212 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02011 USAF E6 8D000 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E7 N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 USAF E7 N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212		USAF	03	46N3	ARABIC	2+	2+	0	9910	FFNJG
USAF E4 4P051 ARABIC 3 3 0 0212 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02211 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0304 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0304 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0301 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0301 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0 0301 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0301 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0301 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0 0208		USAF	E E	1N375A	ARABIC	دي ا	س ا	· C	0208	FFNK6
USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02011 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02011 USAF E6 8D000 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 02011 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3+ 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0212 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0212 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0212		USAF	E 4	4P051	ARABIC		· c-5		0212	FFNK5
USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0209 USAF E6 8D000 ARABIC 2 2+ 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E7 8M000 ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0205 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 3 0 0205 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205		USAF	i ii	1A871E	ARABIC	· 67	, c-:	· c	0211	EEX1E
USAF E6 8D000 ARABIC 3 3 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0201 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0301 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205		#V071	ì	1M355A	VEABLO	, ,	, ,	, ,	0000	CENICA
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0210 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0211 USAF E7 8M000 ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF O3 14N3 ARABIC 2+ 3+ 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0301 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3+ 3 0 0301		100	֝֞֞֞֜֞֜֝֞֜֞֜֝֞֜֜֜֝֓֓֓֓֞֝֜֜֜֟֜֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֜֝֜֜֜֜֝֓֡֝֜֝֜֜֝֜֜֝֡֡֡֝	TOCOLO CO		7 (,	5 0	0209	
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0210 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 0211 USAF E7 8M000 ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF C3 14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF C3 14N3 ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0301 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0301 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0212 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0212		USAF	E6	8D000	AKABIC	S Companyone	3 Mariantina de la companya de la comp	0	0211	FFB8J
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0210 USAF E5 1N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0211 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 9005 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF O3 14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF O1 43E1A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0301 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E7 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 1+ 0212										
USAF E5 11N355A ARABIC 2 2 2 0 0211 USAF E7 8M000 ARABIC 2 2 0 9005 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0212 USAF C3 14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF C1 43E1A ARABIC 2 3 0 0301 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212		USAF	G i	AC/SNI	ARABIC	7	7 (-	0120	FFB43
USAF E7 8M000 ARABIC 2 2 0 9005 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF O1 43E1A ARABIC 2 3 0 0301 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 1+ 0212		USAF	fi	1N355A	AKABIC	7	7	7	0211	FFNK6
USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 0 0304 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0212 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF O3 14N3 ARABIC 2 3 0 0301 USAF O1 43E1A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0301 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212		USAF	E7	8M000	ARABIC	7	7	0	9002	FF7HB
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0212 USAF E6 1A871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF O3 14N3 ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF O1 43E1A ARABIC 2 3 0 0301 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0208 USAF E3 1A831E ARABIC 2 1+ 0212		USAF	9 E	1N375A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0304	FFL6N
USAF E6 14871E ARABIC 2+ 2+ 0 0208 USAF O3 14N3 ARABIC 3 3 0 0301 USAF O1 43E1A ARABIC 2 3 0 0301 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 0 0208 USAF E3 14831E ARABIC 2 1+ 0212 USAF 1101 1444Q/○C484B Q5C 3 0 0302		USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	က	က	0	0212	FFLLB
USAF O3 14N3 ARABIC 3 3 0 0301 USAF O1 43E1A ARABIC 2 3 0 0301 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 USAF E3 1A831E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 USAF 1401 4444Q/○C4844B/Q.5∩ 3 0 0301		USAF	9 9	1A871E	ARABIC	5 +	2+	0	0208	FFX1F
USAF O1 43E1A ARABIC 2 3 0 0301 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 USAF E3 1A831E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212		USAF	ဝ	14N3	ARABIC	က	က	0	0301	FFCJT
USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205 USAF E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 USAF E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0302 USAF E3 1A831E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 USAF 1 101 - (本社の) C全格科を		USAF	5	43E1A	ARABIC	2	ന	0	0301	FFNFC
E5 1N375A ARABIC 2+ 3 0 0205 E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0302 E3 1A831E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 11凸 【代替の八〇千格科隆 名 3 0 0301						ě.	1000			
E6 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0208 E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0302 E3 1A831E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 11인 - 八代村の八〇千将4号(名に) 3 0 0301		USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	2+	3	0	0205	FFNK6
E5 1N375A ARABIC 3 3 0 0302 E3 1A831E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 1121 (本社の/○○紹科科 3 0 0301		USAF	9	1N375A	ARABIC	က	ო	0	0208	FFH50
E3 1AB31E ARABIC 2 2 1+ 0212 1 121 - (本社の/〇〇千科學[紀天〇 3 3 0 0301		USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	က	n	0	0302	FFH50
1 4일 - A석보G/O 숙추4월(육도) 3 3 0 0301		USAF	E	1A831E	ARABIC	2	7	+	0212	FFX1F
4 4 <u>0</u> 1 _ A執其Q/O 全部4型級系の 3 0 0301										Ą.
		USAF	1.0/1	ノンロサイン	CARABIO	_	3	0	0301	FFCNF

SSN Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade	PMOS	Language	DLPTL	DLPT R	OLPT S	DLPT Date	OIC
(a)(a)	USAF	E2	1N375A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0208	FF88G
	USAF	9 3	T1N375A	ARABIC	က	က	0	0206	FFNK6
	USAF	ES	1N375A	ARABIC	က	5 +	0	0207	FFNK6
	USAF	E7	1N375A	ARABIC	7	7	0	0112	FF3N2
	USAF	05	14N1	ARABIC	က	က	0	0302	FFF27
	USAF	E9	1A871E	ARABIC	7	7	0	0210	FFX1F
	USAF	E4	1N335A	ARABIC	2	2	2	0211	FFNK6
	USAF	E7	1N373A	ARABIC	က	က	0	0212	FFRM7
	USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	3	3	0	0211	FFNK6
	USAF	E7	Q1A871	ARABIC	2	2	0	0303	FFGZ6
	USAF	E7	78071	ARABIC	က	က	0	0209	FFJ6J
	USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	2	7	0	0210	FFNK6
	USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	က	ო	0	0209	FFRM7
	USAF	E 6	1N373M	ARABIC	7	2+	0	0208	FF3N2
	USAF	E5	1N375A	ARABIC	7	5 +	0	0210	FFNK6
	USAF	E4	1N335A	ARABIC	2	5 +	0	0202	FFNK6
	USAF	E5	1A871E	ARABIC	2+	2	0	0304	FFX1F
	USAF	ES	1N355A	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0206	FFNK6

RESERVE

Deployed in CENTCOM AO
Returned within past 6 months

7 4	0106	Processing and the second	0208	9608	0110	0305	9612	9709	9611	9610	0112	0212	9701	8702	9611	9710	9612	9610	8903	9610	9096	9312	9611	000	0202	9711	0302	0108	9610	9712	9610	9610	0305
E5 SELRES 25031 ARABIC 5 5 E4 SELRES 33051 ARABIC 2 2 E6 SELRES 33051 ARABIC 2 3 E6 SELRES 27472 ARABIC 3 3 C9 SELRES 2722722 ARABIC 3 3 E9 SELRES 272272 ARABIC 3 24 E9 SELRES 27272 ARABIC 3 24 E9 SELRES 27291 ARABIC 3 3 3 E9 SELRES 27300 ARABIC 3 24 4	ß		2	0	0		, ro	4	7	3	0	0	4	-	0	2	7	ന	0	4	2	0	ო	ည	0	0	4	0	2	က	4	Ŋ	^
E5 SELRES 25031 ARABIC E4 SELRES 33051 ARABIC E6 SELRES 33071 ARABIC C5 SELRES 271153H ARABIC C4 SELRES 27227272 ARABIC C9 SELRES 27231 ARABIC E8 SELRES 27291 ARABIC E9 SELRES 27291 ARABIC E9 SELRES 27291 ARABIC E9 SELRES 27300 ARABIC E6 SELRES 27301 ARABIC E6 SELRES 27301 ARABIC E6 SELRES 14871E ARABIC E6 SELRES 17370 ARABIC E6 SELRES 14871E ARABIC E7 SELRES 14891E ARABIC E6 SELRES 14871E ARABIC E7 SELRES 14071 ARABIC E7 SELRES			2	3	က		on co	4	2	3	2+	က	4	2	7	2	2	ო	2	4	7	5 +	က	5	2	ო	4	ဗ	2	ო	4	2	0
E5 SELRES 2S031 E4 SELRES 3X051 E6 SELRES 3W071 E5 SELRES 2W151 O4 SELRES 2W151 O4 SELRES 2W300 E9 SELRES 2A654 E8 SELRES 2A654 E9 SELRES 2A654 E9 SELRES 2A630 O5 SELRES 2A300 E6 SELRES 1A871E E6 SELRES 2A300 O3 SELRES 1A871E E6 SELRES 1A871E E7 SELRES 3381 O4 SELRES 2E051 E8 SELRES 4A071 E5 SELRES 4A071 E5 SELRES 4A071 E5 SELRES 4A071 E7 SELRES 4A071	ņ		2	2	က		, ro	4	2	3	3	m	4	7	7	2	7	ო	5+	4	7	7	ო	သ	7	ო	4	က	7	ო	4	5	c
E5 SELRES E6 SELRES E6 SELRES E4 SELRES E4 SELRES E4 SELRES E5 SELRES E6 SELRES E7 SELRES E8 SELRES E8 SELRES E9 SELRES E0 SELRES E1 SELRES E2 SELRES E4 SELRES E4 SELRES E5 SELRES E6 SELRES E6 SELRES E6 SELRES E7 SELRES E6 SELRES E7 SEL			ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARARIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	SMRABIC
E5 SELRES E6 SELRES E6 SELRES E4 SELRES E4 SELRES E4 SELRES E5 SELRES E6 SELRES E7 SELRES E8 SELRES E8 SELRES E9 SELRES E0 SELRES E1 SELRES E2 SELRES E4 SELRES E4 SELRES E5 SELRES E6 SELRES E6 SELRES E6 SELRES E7 SELRES E6 SELRES E7 SEL	25031		3S051	3M071	2W151	T11F3H	7272777	2A654	2T291	2A300	4463	1A871E	2T370	1N071	1A871E	4R071	33S1	52R1	1A891	W11F3F	C36P3	1A871E	4A071	2E051	1A851E	2A553B	4P051	32E3G	43E3A	2R051	3P051	3M051	KARTA A 21
ES	SELRES		SELRES	SELRES	SELRES	SELRES	SELRES	SELRES	SELRES	SELRES	SFI RFS	SELRES	SELRES	SELRES	SELRES	STAND-BY	SELRES	SELRES	SELRES	IRR/ING	SELRES	IRR/ING	CARRE										
ANG ANG ANG ANG ANG ANG ANG ANG ANG ANG	E5 :												•			•							-			•				E4		_	
	ANG		ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG PNG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	ANG	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR
	_																																
	(9)(q)																																

Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade	PMOS	Landuade	DLPTL	OLPTR	DLPT S	DLPT Date	Š
	USAFR	6 <u>H</u>	SELRES	1N200	ARABIC	5+	က	0	97
	USAFR	E 4	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	2	2	0	8
	USAFR	E 4	IRR/ING	1N335A	ARABIC	7	2	0	٥
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	4P051	ARABIC	4	4	4	97
	USAFR	ဗ	STAND-BY	52R3	ARABIC	က	က	0	94
	USAFR	Q	SELRES	14N3	ARABIC	7	2	7	96
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	2A754	ARABIC	2	2	7	2
	USAFR	E5	IRR/ING	K1A851E	ARABIC	2	5 +	0	92
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	3C331	ARABIC	4	4	4	02
	USAFR	E3	IRR/ING	2S051	ARABIC	೮	ന	က	97
	USAFR	E5	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	2+	ო	0	2
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	က	က	0	02
	USAFR	E5	IRR/ING	1N375A	ARABIC	2	5+	0	02
	USAFR	03	IRR/ING	14N3	ARABIC	4	4	4	96
	USAFR	E7	SELRES	2A571	ARABIC	7	~	7	96
	USAFR	E 4	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	7	2	0	8
	USAFR	<u>9</u>	SELRES	1A871E	ARABIC	5 +	7	2 +	91
	USAFR	2	SELRES	12A3C	ARABIC	Ð.	လ	r.	5
	USAFR	05	SELRES	51J3	ARABIC	က	m	က	96
	USAFR	03	IRR/ING	95A0	ARABIC	4	4	4	96
	USAFR	E 8	SELRES	2A671A	ARABIC	2	7	2	8
	USAFR	E5	IRR/ING	1N375A	ARABIC	5+	5+	0	2
	USAFR	0	STAND-BY	M44F3	ARABIC	ις	Ŋ	S	96
	USAFR	E7	IRR/ING	7S071	ARABIC	2	2	7	96
	USAFR	93	SELRES	3P071	ARABIC	7	2	7	96
	USAFR	E5	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	က	5 +	0	05
	USAFR	E7	SELRES	3S091	ARABIC	5+	5 +	0	92
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	က	5+	0	0
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	2	2	0	9
	USAFR	9 E	SELRES	2T271	ARABIC	က	ო	က	96
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	2S051	ARABIC	5+	5+	0	86
	USAFR	E4	SELRES	1N355A	ARABIC	2	7	0	8
	USAFR	E 4	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	7	7	0	5
	USAFR	<u>Т</u>	SELRES	X4N051	ARABIC	ည	Ŋ	Ð	96
	USAFR	ဗ	IRR/ING	62E3H	ARABIC	က	က	0	5
	USAFR	E2	SELRES	1N355A	ARABIC	5	5 +	0	00
	USAFR	0	SELRES	35P4	ARABIC	က	က	က	05
	USAFR	8	IRR/ING	43E3A	ARABIC	က	5+	0	8
	USAFR	02	SELRES	16F4	ARABIC	ιń	ç,	5	96
	USAFR	E2	IRR/ING	K1A851E	ARABIC	7	7	0	5
	USAFR	E5	SELRES	2T271	ARABIC	က	က	ო	96
	USAFR	E4		1N355A	ARABIC	7	7	0	2
	USAFR	က် (၁		63A1	ARABIC	4	4	4	96
	USAFR	<u>中</u>		J6613114356RABIC	XXXABIC	Ġ	S.	S.	97

UCC 99711 00077 01077

Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade	PMOS	Langnage	DLPT L	DLPT R	DLPT S	DLPT Date	OIC
	USAFR	8	IRR/ING	14N1	ARABIC	2	7	0	0204
	USAFR	9	SELRES	11G4	ARABIC	2	2	2	9611
	USAFR	E2	IRR/ING	K1A871E	ARABIC	2	2	0	0211
	USAFR	E2	IRR/ING	2W051	ARABIC	2	2	0	9910
	USAFR	E5	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	2	က	0	0205
	USAFR	E 5	SELRES	1N375A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0110
	USAFR	03	STAND-BY	47G3	ARABIC	က	က	0	0108
	USAFR	පි	STAND-BY	T11K3C	ARABIC	2	2	7	9611
	USAFR	E6	SELRES	3P071	ARABIC	33	က	က	9610
	USAFR	6 <u>9</u>	SELRES	1A891	ARABIC	7	7	2	9610
	USAFR	E2	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	2	5+	0	0112
	USAFR	05	SELRES	14N1	ARABIC	2	က	0	9208
	USAFR	9	SELRES	20C0	ARABIC	5	5	5	9611
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	3E551	ARABIC	5	5	2	0202
	USAFR	E7	SELRES	1N375A	ARABIC	7	2	0	0209
	USAFR	E.	SELRES	1N355A	ARABIC	6	5+	0	9066
	USAFR	4	IRR/ING	3E031	ARABIC	က	က	က	1000
	USAFR	53	SELRES	3P071	ARABIC	2	2	2	9610
	USAFR	8 E8	SELRES	1N091	ARABIC	4	4	4	9611
	USAFR	E 4	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	2	7	0	0211
	USAFR	E9	SELRES	1A271	ARABIC	5	æ	ιco	9612
		÷							
	USAFR	Š	SELRES	32E4	ARABIC	2	2	2	9611
	USAFR	E2	IRR/ING	1N375A	ARABIC	က	က	0	0207
	USAFR	E	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	2	2	0	0202
	USAFR	03	SELRES	44M3	ARABIC	5	2	S.	0010
	USAFR	E2	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	7	5+	0	9511
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	1N335A	ARABIC	5	7	0	9910
	USAFR	E2	IRR/ING	1N375A	ARABIC	2+	5	0	0110
	USAFR	04	STAND-BY	14N3	ARABIC	2	5	0	9308
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	ന	೮	o	6086
	USAFR	E2	IRR/ING	1N375A	ARABIC	5 +	5	0	0212
	USAFR	E7	SELRES	4N071	ARABIC	7	7	7	9610
	USAFR	02	SELRES	64P3	ARABIC	2	7	7	9612
	USAFR	E2	IRR/ING	1N375A	ARABIC	7	7	0	0109
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	က	5 +	0	9901
	USAFR	5	SELRES	43T3A	ARABIC	က	3	0	9307
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	2F051	ARABIC	7	5 +	0	6000
	USAFR	0	SELRES	E14N3	ARABIC	7	7	0	8003
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	1N355A	ARABIC	7	7	0	0110
	USAFR	E4	IRR/ING	4T051	ARABIC	4	4	4	9802
	USAFR	9		M45B3	ARABIC	2	5	ı,	9612
	USAFR	ES		2A513A	ARABIC	Ŋ	Ŋ	5	9705
	USAFR	五		081944356 ABIC	MABIC S	7	2+	0	0205

(9)(q)

		_	_						-	
_	9610	0110	5066	0111	0303	0106	9611	0304		9705
DLPTR DLPTS OLPT Date	ო	0	0	0	ო	0	ო	5		2
DLPTS	က	2	2	ო	ო	2 +	m	5	The second secon	2
DLPTR	ო	5+	7	2+	ო	2+	ო	ţ		2
DLPT L	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC		ARABIC
	2E071									4E051
PMOS	IRR/ING	IRR/ING	IRR/ING	IRR/ING	SELRES	STAND-BY	SELRES	SELRES		IRR/ING
Grade	E5	E5		E 4		E5	E 7	90		E 4
Serv	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR	USAFR		USAFR
SSN Name (last first middle)	(a)(a)									

RETIRED

NSS	Serv	Grade		Last name	First name	Middle name	Language	DLPTL	DLPT R	DLPT S	Retirement date
(9)(q)	USAF	004		(9)(q)			ARABIC	2	2	0	20020601
	USAF	00					ARABIC	2	2	0	20011001
	USAF	E07					ARABIC	7	7	0	20021101
	USAF	E07					ARABIC	က	က	0	20030301
	USAF	E06					ARABIC	က	က	0	20011201
	USAF	E07					ARABIC	7	7	0	20010601
	USAF	E07					ARABIC	2	5+	0	20010501
	USAF	E07					ARABIC	2	7	0	20010901
	USAF	E09					ARABIC	က	က	0	20010601
	USAF	900	44A3				ARABIC	ξ	က	0	20010401
	USAF	E07					ARABIC	က	က	0	20030201
	USAF	E05					ARABIC	7	7	0	20030318
	USAF	E06					ARABIC	2	7	0	20010901
	USAF	E07					ARABIC	က	ო	0	20020401

TAB

E

ACTIVE

Deployed in CENTCOM AO
Returned within past 6 months

SSN Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade	PMOS	Langnage	OLPT L	OLPT R	OLPT S	DLPT Date	OIC
(9)(q)	NAVY	E3	AN	ARABIC	5	5	2	6000	N20550
	NAVY	E2	GSM	ARABIC		Ŋ	5	0203	N21949
	NAVY	E5	Ϋ́	ARABIC	က	က	ო	9712	N46865
	NAVY	Е3	SI	ARABIC	ည	Ŋ	2	0210	N43494
	NAVY	9	2300	ARABIC	က	5+	0	0304	N00029
	NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	5+	က	2	0103	N41247
	NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	က	က	0	0210	N41247
	NAVY	E5	EM 4671	ARABIC	3	3	0	0203	N20635
	NAVY	E5	CT18296	ARABIC	2	2	1	0202	N31188
	NAVY	E3	N N	ARABIC	ĸ	വ	5	6000	N09943
	NAVY	E5	AM 8805	ARABIC	S.	2	2	9026	N09303
							- I		Total Control of the
	NAVY	E4	DK 2905	ARABIC	5	5	5	0004	N21979
	NAVY	03	1115	ARABIC	S	ιΩ	2	0000	N22178
	NAVY	E4	EM	ARABIC	4	4	4	0112	N05832
	NAVY	E 4	AM	ARABIC	က	ശ	က	9000	N09122
	NAVY	E4	CTI	ARABIC	3	3	2+	0302	N65804
	NAVY	, E4	CT19216	ARABIC	3	2+	1+	0109	N39901
	NAVY	E3	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2	. ~	2066	N30570
	NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	7	2	0106	N41247
	NAVY	E7	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2	0	0204	N41247
	NAVY	E4	CTI	ARABIC	7	2+	2	0303	N31050
	NAVY	E2	CT19216	ARABIC	က	ო	0	0211	N63987
	NAVY	E7	CT19216	ARABIC	က	5+	0	0212	N47002
	NAV	E2	AD 8201	ARABIC	က	ന	က	0110	N65554
	NAVY	E1	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2	1+	0212	N39901
									-
	NAVY	E5	EM 4671	ARABIC	2	3	0	0201	N46130
	NAVY	E5	CT19216	ARABIC	2	7	0	0203	N63987
	NAVY	E4	AD 6419	ARABIC	က	7	0	0105	N44326
	NAVY	9 9	SK 8012	ARABIC	4	4	0	9904	N09718
	NAVY	E5	GSM	ARABIC	5	5	5	9812	N21450
	NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2	1	0209	N39901
	ΑΛΑΝ	T.F.	CT19216	ABABIC	ď	~	c	2020	ME3087
	1 1 1	3	01135110			2	2	0201	1000001
		Ė	Olecco	SET 130					

SN Name (last first middle)	SeZ	Grade	PMCS	Language	DLPTL	DLPT R	DLPT S	DLPT Date	מכי
(9)(q)	Y>VV	E	CT19216	ARABIC	2	7	2	0211	N30500
	NAVY	E3	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2+	+	9707	N30921
	NAVY	ဗ	1615	ARABIC	7	က	0	9604	N31405
	NAVY	E5	CT19204	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0202	N31050
	NAVY	E4	CTI	ARABIC	7	2	<u></u>	0304	N31050
	NAVY	7	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2	+	0109	N32842
	NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	8	0	0110	N31050
	NAVY	E2	SA	ARABIC	က	ဗ	က	0206	N21560
	NAVY	E5	MΑ	ARABIC	2	5	5	9602	N46262
	NAVY	8	HN 8404	ARABIC	4	4+	ß	0201	N30496
	NAVY	E3	SN 9750	ARABIC	S	ഹ	r.	0304	N30646
	NAV	П (C119216	AKABIC	7	.7	-	0100	No398/
	NAVY	05	1135	ARABIC	7	7	7	0112	N08973
	NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	5 +	7	0212	N30500
	NAVY	E	CT19216	ARABIC	7	2+	<u>+</u>	0202	N41247
	NAVY	9 E	CTI8296	ARABIC	5 +	2+	0	0105	N48035
	NAVY	E7	CT19204	ARABIC	က	5+	0	9408	N64355
	NAVY	E	CTI	ARABIC	က	က	2	0303	N31050
			The state of the s						
		E4	CT19216	ARABIC	energen er senter er	Programmentos 2+	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	0205	N41247
	Control of the second				The same of	14.00			
	NAVY	E4	CTI	ARABIC	2	2+	-	0305	N31050
	NAVY	9	1630	ARABIC	2	2+	2	9511	N65792
	NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	7	7	+	0106	N41247
	NAVY	E5	Ϋ́	ARABIC	2	2	2	0110	N63217
	The state of the s								
	YVAN	δ	1645	ARABIC	2	2	0	0208	N32842
	NAVY	ဝိ	1635	ARABIC	7	5+	2	9504	N47855
	NAVY	E5	CT19204	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0211	N63987
	NAVY	E 4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2+	÷	0206	N41247
	NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	7	5+	0	0302	N32842
	NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2	2	0111	N32842
	NAVY	E4	CTI	ARABIC	2	2	++	0212	N65804
	NAVY	E5	CT18295	ARABIC	7	2	0	0208	N41247
	NAVY	E5	CT19216	ARABIC	က	က	0	0208	N63987
	VΔV	П 7.	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2+	.	0004	N32842
	2000	3 :	125 TO		۷ (. ,	> 0	1000	7407CNI
	YAKN	ם ה	CTIONA	ARABIC	n c	ף מ	N C	9020	N05504
	TAN T		CHSCIE	AKABIC		<u> </u>	> ;	0303	N4 24 /
	NAVY	1 1 1	KLESS C	CARABIS CA	, A 2+	5 +	+	6066	N41276
						,	(1000	07700

	E2	CT19216	ARABIC	3	2+	0	0302	N32842
NAV	<u>7</u>	CTI	ARABIC	7	2	+	0207	N3480B
NAVY	05	1310	ARABIC	3	3	0	8104	N00011
NAV	F6	CT19216	ARABIC	7	金融を表現している。	0	0208	N32842
NAVY	8	1630	ARABIC	2	5	5	0000	N49554
NAV≺	E4	CTI	ARABIC	က	ဗ	2 +	0105	N65804
NAVY	E3	HN 8404	ARABIC	3	3	0	0107	N40211
NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	7	2+	1+	0207	N41247
NAVY	E4	E	ARABIC	7	2	. 7	0205	N41247
NAV≺	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	7	2	0	0211	N41247
NAV	E5	CT19216	ARABIC	2	ო	0	0202	N41247
NAV ✓	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	7	+	0111	N41247
××××	E2	CT19216	ARABIC	7	ന	0	0103	N46462
λγ. Σ	Д (CT19216	ARABIC	0 0	7 0	0	0212	N63987
NAV.	9 6	CT19216	ARABIC	~ 6	N 6	0	0210	N41247
YAVY	֖֖֝֞֝֞֜֝֞֜֜֝֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֞֜֜֜֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֜֜֜֜֓֡֓֡֜֜֜֜֓֓֡֓֜֜֝֡֡	CHSZ16	AKABIC	უ (თ ;	- •	020	N41246
NAVY	E5	C118296	AKABIC	2	2+	1	0206	N32842
NAVY	60000000000000000000000000000000000000	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2+	2	9810	N30922
NAVY	8	1610	ARABIC	2+	2+	+	9702	N47784
NAVY	E5	AD 6418	ARABIC	5	5	5	9812	N09623
NAV≺	E4	SK	ARABIC	က	က	က	0110	N21949
NAVY	05	2305	ARABIC	က	ന	0	0304	N00183
NAV≺	E2	\$	ARABIC	က	ო	က	020	N07195
NAV≺	05	1635	ARABIC	2	2+	2	9812	N39906
NAVY	E4	EN	ARABIC	7	5+	0	0303	N65918
NAV	E6	SK 8012	ARABIC	က	ო	0	0204	N30929
γ NAVΥ	E3	N N	ARABIC	က	ന	က	0211	N21660
YAV ✓	E3	¥	ARABIC	IJ	വ	2	0005	N30639
	E	Z	ARABIC	7	က	0	0302	N21946
× NAV	E3	FT 1327	ARABIC	4	4 +	4 +	8066	N45235
N A∨	Н	AE	ARABIC	വ	Ç.	c,	0104	N09527
NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	3	3	1+	0210	N39901
		of si						
XΛVN	E3	EN 9760	APARIC	7	ц	ц	0.204	N21207
XAV	3 8	CT18296	ARABIC	2+2	, , 2) C	9410	N63987
NAV	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	7	5	0	0202	N41247
NAVY	E6	CT19216	ARABIC	l W	၂က	0	0207	N48002
NAVY	E5	DC	ARABIC	3	3	0	0212	N05848

E4 CTI9216 ARABIC E5 SK ARABIC E5 SK ARABIC E6 CTI9216 ARABIC E7 CTI9216 ARABIC E6 CTI9216 ARABIC E7 CTI9216 ARABIC E6 CTI9216 ARABIC E7 CTI9216 ARABIC E7

Name (last first middle)

(b)(d)

NAVY	Е	CTI	ARABIC	ဗ	က	2	0212	N65804
	Ĭ							
NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	3	3	2	0201	N41247
						A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		
YAV }	9 H	CTI9216	ARABIC	7	7	<u>+</u>	9406	N31932
Σ Δ Δ	9	CTI9216	ARABIC	5 +	5+	0	0105	N39901
<u>M</u>	03	1615	ARABIC	5 +	ო	7	9212	N48035
NAV≺	E 4	CT19216	ARABIC	7	5+	<u>+</u>	0207	N41247
NAVY	ES.	CT19216	ARABIC	2+	2	0	0110	N63987
							3000	100055
> X X X	נו נו	Z .	ARABIC	n (ກຸ	ກຸ	9088	N09333
NAV V	05	1310	ARABIC	2	2+	2+	9505	N00161
. *	a de la companya de l		o kee ²					
NAV	0.5	1440	ARABIC	5	2	5	0000	N35366
NAV	0	5100	ARABIC	S	ıΔ	. LΩ	0000	N60169
			24					
NAVY	E3	GSE	ARABIC	3	3	0	0302	N22996
NAV	E4	AE 8819	ARABIC	ო	*	0	0204	N09630
NAV	E3	N.	ARABIC	2	Ŋ	S	0109	N21879
NAV	Ē	AR	ARABIC	က	3	ო	0305	N30646
NAVY	Щ 4	CTI	ARABIC	7	5+	2	0302	N65804
NAV≺	E	HN 8506	ARABIC	Ŋ	ĸ	Ŋ	9812	N00183
NAV ≺	E5	CT19216	ARABIC	2+	٣	2	9902	N41247
NAV	Ö	2100	ARABIC	೯	5	2	9410	N48456
NAV	Щ 4	CTI	ARABIC	7	7	<u>+</u>	0212	N31050
YA\	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	7	7	7	0206	N41247
NAV ≺	E 4	CT18296	ARABIC	٣	٣	0	0107	N32842
NAV	E 4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2	2	0208	N41247
NAV	90	1610	ARABIC	ణ	ಣ	7	0000	N65487
NAVY	E4	MM	ARABIC	2	2	0	0105	N39088
NAV	E5	CT18201	ARABIC	2+	2+		0209	N32842
NAVY	93 E6	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2	0	0107	N41247
NAVY	Ξ	FN 9760	ARABIC	3+	3	+0	0211	N03367
NAVY	7.4	CTI9216	ARABIC	2	2	1+	0111	N39901
NAV V	T L	CT19216	ARABIC	1 0	5 ⁺		0107	0066EN
							The state of the s	
			The second second second	ent's annual			All the state of t	
NAVY	1 £4	HW 8404	CARABIS C	o 2+	က	2	0205	N31050

SSN Name (last first

E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 GSE ARABIC 5 5 E4 GSE ARABIC 2 2 E4 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CT1 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CT19206 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CT19206 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CT18296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CT18296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 <td< th=""><th></th><th>0108 9808</th><th>N41247</th></td<>		0108 9808	N41247
E4 GSE ARABIC 5 5 E4 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CT1 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CT1 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CT18296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CT18296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 <td< th=""><th></th><th>9808</th><th></th></td<>		9808	
E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2 E3 FA ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7			N22996
E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E3 FN ARABIC 2 2+ E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2+ E5 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E8 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E9 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E8 SK ARABIC 5 5 E8 SK ARA		0110	N47757
E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E3 FN ARABIC 2 2 E3 FN ARABIC 2+ 2+ E4 CTI ARABIC 2+ 2+ E7 CTI8296 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E7 ARABIC			
E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 24 E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E3 FN ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2 E3 FN ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI E296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI E296 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI E296 ARABIC 2 2 E8 CTI E296 ARABIC 2 2 E9 CTI E296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI E296 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI E296 ARABIC 2 2 E8 ARABIC 3 2 E8		0207	N32842
E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 3 2 E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E8 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E9 CTI92		070	10701
E4 CTI ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 3 2 E3 FN ARABIC 5 5 C3 1135 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E4 CTI ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9204	The second second second	OLLO	N4124/
E5 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E3 FN ARABIC 5 5 5 O3 1135 ARABIC 2 2 2 E4 CT1 ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E5 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E8 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E9 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 AM ARABIC 2 2 2 E8 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E8 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 2 E9			Action I say and a say a say
E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 3 2 E3 FN ARABIC 5 5 O3 1135 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E4 CTI ARABIC 2+ 2+ E7 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 3 E7 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E7 ARABIC 3+	2	0302	N65804
E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 3 2 E3 FN ARABIC 2+ 2+ O3 1135 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E4 CTI ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9204 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 3 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 3 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 4 E7 ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 ARABIC 2 2 2 E7 ARABIC 3	2 0	0207	N39900
E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 3 2 E3 FN ARABIC 2+ 2+ O3 1135 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E4 CTI ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E7 MM ARABIC 2+ 3 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 3 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 3 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 4 E7 ARABIC 5 5 E7 ARABIC 5 5 E7 ARABIC 5 5			4
E3 FN ARABIC 5 5 O3 1135 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9204 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9204 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 3 3 E7 ARABIC 4	2 1+	0212	N65804
03 1135 ARABIC 2 2 E4 CTI ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC <t< td=""><td></td><td>0305</td><td>N30646</td></t<>		0305	N30646
E4 CTI ARABIC 2+ 2+ 2+ E5 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2+ 2+ E5 CTI8216 ARABIC 2 2 2+ E5 CTI8216 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI8296 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI8296 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI8216 ARABIC 2 2 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 2+ E5 CTI9204 ARABIC 2 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 2+ E6 SK ARABIC 5 5 5 E8 SK ARABIC 5 5 5 5 E8 SK ARABIC 5 5 5 5 E8 SK ARABIC 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		0202	N08943
E7 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 E5 CTI8216 ARABIC 2 E6 CTI8296 ARABIC 2+ E5 CTI8296 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI8216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E7 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 4 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 4 E7 ARABIC 2 2+ 4 E7 ARABIC 3 4		0303	N34050
E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI8296 ARABIC 2+ 2+ D5 1610 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 4 4 E7 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E7 ARABIC 2 2+ 4 E7 ARABIC 3 4 4 E8	2+ 0	0303	N41247
E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI8296 ARABIC 2+ 2+ O5 1610 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E5 EN 4382 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 2 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 2 2+ 4 E7 ARABIC 3 3 E7 ARABIC	The state of the s	The state of the s	
E6 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 3 O5 1610 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9204 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E7 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 3 4 E8 ARABIC 5 5 E9 5 5 E9		0108	N63415
E6 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 3 O5 1610 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 EN 4382 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 3 4 E7 ARABIC 5 5 E7 ARABIC 5 5 E8 ARABIC 5 5 E7 ARABIC 5 5 E8 ARABIC 5 5 E9 ARABIC 5 5			
O5 1610 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 3 E6 CTI9204 ARABIC 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 2 2 E8 SK ARABIC 5 E8 SK ARABIC 5 E8 SK ARABIC 5 E9 5 5 E3 SK ARABIC 5 <t< th=""><th></th><th>0108</th><th>N41247</th></t<>		0108	N41247
E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 3 2+ E5 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2+ 3 E6 CTI9204 ARABIC 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 3 3 E7 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 5 5 E8 FA ARABIC 5 E7 ARABIC 5 5 E8 SK ARABIC 5 E9 ARABIC 5 5 E9 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 <t< td=""><td></td><td>0000</td><td>N41725</td></t<>		0000	N41725
E5 CTI8296 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9204 ARABIC 2+ 3 E4 MM ARABIC 2+ 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 3 3 E7 ARABIC 4 4 E7 ARABIC 5 5 E8 FA ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5	2+ 0	0108	N63987
E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E4 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTI9204 ARABIC 2+ 3 E4 MM ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E7 ARABIC 4 4 E7 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SA ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5	2 0	8066	N41247
E4 CTi9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTi9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 EN 4382 ARABIC 2 + 3 3 E6 CTi9204 ARABIC 2 + 3 3 E6 CTi9216 ARABIC 2 - 2 2 E6 CTi9216 ARABIC 2 - 2 2 E6 CTi9216 ARABIC 2 - 2 2 E7 ARABIC 4 - 4 4 E7 ARABIC 5 - 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 - 5 E4	2+ 0	0207	N41247
E4 CTi9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 CTi9216 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTi9204 ARABIC 2+ 3 E4 MM ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTi9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTi9216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 SK ARABIC 4 4 E7 ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5			
E5 CTi9216 ARABIC 2 2 E5 EN 4382 ARABIC 2 2+ E6 CTi9204 ARABIC 2+ 3 E4 MM ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTi9216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 SK ARABIC 4 4 E2 FA ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5	2 0	0209	N41247
E5 EN 4382 ARABIC 2+ 2+ E6 CTI9204 ARABIC 2+ 3 E4 MM ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 SK ARABIC 4 4 E2 FA ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5	2 0	0203	N41247
E6 CT19204 ARABIC 2+ 3 E4 MM ARABIC 3 3 E6 CT19216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 SK ARABIC 4 4 E2 FA ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5	2+ 0	0111	N31050
E4 MM ARABIC 3 3 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 SK ARABIC 4 4 E2 FA ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5	3 0	0207	N32842
E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 SK ARABIC 4 4 E2 FA ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SK ARABIC 5 5 E3 SK ARABIC 5 5	3	0112	N30896
E6 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2 E4 SK ARABIC 4 4 E2 FA ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SK ARABIC 5 5 E3 SK ARABIC 5 5	2 0	0303	N41247
E4 SK ARABIC 4 4 E2 FA ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SK ARABIC 5 5 E3 SK ARABIC 5 5	2 1	9705	N41247
E4 SK ARABIC 4 4 E2 FA ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5			
E2 FA ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SK ARABIC 4+ 4+		9910	N09223
E2 FA ARABIC 5 5 E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SK ARABIC 4+ 4+			
E4 MS 3527 ARABIC 5 5 E3 SN ARABIC 5 5 E3 SK ARABIC 4+ 4+		0203	N22999
E3 SK ARABIC 5 5		2000	N21533
E3 SK ARABIC 4+ 4+		0011	N21979
		0301	N30128
	3 2+	6056	N3028A
	in the state of th	The second secon	
NAVY E6 CTi8296 ARABIC 2 2+ 0		0204	N32842
E5 CTI9216 ARABIC 2 2		0204	N41247
NAVY LE4 EN A33 CARABIS 5 5 5		9610	N62813

(9)(q)

					r	=	0110	NACROR
NAVY	E9	CT19204	ARABIC	, w	· m	0	0102	N63987
NAVY	9 <u>3</u>	DT 8732	ARABIC	65	ღ	0	2086	N62753
NAVY	E3	MS	ARABIC	2	£	5	0102	N21451
		0000 ET						
NAV	i D	08781	AKABIC	+	n .	+ -	9403	N48002
NAVY	<u>ш</u> ј	AR I	ARABIC	m	ო	က	0000	N30646
NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	က	+	0206	N41247
NAV₹	H 4	CT19216	ARABIC	က	2+	5 +	0203	N41247
NAVY	E2	CTI9216	ARABIC	ന	က	0	0303	N32842
YACY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2+	1+	0208	N3480B
NAVY	E5	CT19216	ARABIC	2	ო	±	9810	N41247
NAVY	H	Σ	ARABIC	S	2	5	9806	N46875
NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2+	+	0111	N41247
NAVY	0.5	1320	ARABIC	7	2	-	0000	N69235
NAVY	<u>Д</u>	CT19216	ARABIC	2 +	2+	0	6000	N31050
NAVY	<u>9</u>	CT18296	ARABIC	2	2	0	9903	N48002
NAVY	4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2	+	0106	N41247
NAVY	E 2	CT19216	ARABIC	7	2+	2	0112	N63987
NAVY	E5	CT19216	ARABIC	7	2	0	0108	N41247
NAVY	E2	HM 8446	ARABIC	2	2	5	9201	N00259
NAVY	9 E	CT19216	ARABIC	2 +	က	2 +	9409	N39900
NAVY	9 E	CT19216	ARABIC	က	5+	7	8096	N63987
NAVY	8	CT18296	ARABIC	က	2	2	9703	N41246
NAVY	9	1630	ARABIC	ო	က	5 +	9409	N4171A
NAVY	02	1175	ARABIC	3+	3+	4	9611	N30896
Same distributed to the same	100		A COLUMN SOCIETY OF THE PARTY O		Section 1. Linear Section 1.			No. of the last of
NAVY	E4	CT19216	ARABIC	2	2	1+	0209	N41247
NAVY	E8	IS 3912	ARABIC	2+	2+	2	9205	N31086
NAVY	93 E	CT19216	ARABIC	4	4	2	9511	N41247
NAVY	9	1630	ARABIC	2	7	_	9702	N44860
NAVY	T	CT19216	ARABIC	5	2+	7	0211	N30669
NAVY	<u>Т</u>	CTI	ARABIC	7	2	+	0303	N31050
NAVY	E5	CT19216	ARABIC	ဗ	5+	0	0208	N63987
		Allen on the second second	ii. E ti		TOWN THE COURT		de de la companya de	,
The state of the s		ilia in in the second of the second	The state of the s				2	SHIPPING TIPE BUILDING HISTORY
NAVY	Ë	AN	ARABIC	ည	ις	5	0109	N63922
NAVY	Д	HM 8404	ARABIC	2	Ω	Ŋ	9703	N31948
NAVY	ဝိ	3105	ARABIC	က	က	0	6086	N57007
> <z< td=""><td>LC LL</td><td>2</td><td>ARABIC</td><td>LC.</td><td>Ľ.</td><td>ĽĊ.</td><td>9804</td><td>N30811</td></z<>	LC LL	2	ARABIC	LC.	Ľ.	ĽĊ.	9804	N30811

×

1897	N20574	N64355	901	N3480B	NGCC00	N69097	100	N46828	N63987	N30646	N66756		247		N31743	N31050		N31050	69889N	N09665	N31186	N41247	N46462	N63987	N32842	N41247	N31050		N41247	N30646	N39900	977		N09226	N0580A	N63908	N21351
	ZZ 2	NON S	N3990	N34	NO.	200	000	N40	E9N	2 30	Nee		N41247		N31	N31		Z E	89N	60 X	N 31	2 Z	N46	N63	N32	Z 4	N31		N41	N30	N36	N35977		NOON		192 193	N21
9012	0210	2120	0212	0207	0740	97 10	0000	9909	0210	0000	0212	Cu-	0202		9705	0303		0302	9807	0000	9905	0202	0206	0209	9803	020	0304		0208	0304	020	0000	The state of the s	9712	0110	9406	0202
	თ ;	<u>+</u> ‹	0	2		ם מ	> c	-	0	io.	2		0		0	2		7	+ '	2	0 (2 0	7	0	2	0	2		+1	ß	7	2		Andreas) (T)	2	0
្ត 	ന	ກ (3	2	1	ים כ	י ני	71 0	2	LO I	3		2+		2	2		5 +	5	S	5 +	77	2+	2	2	7	2	4.4	2+	2	5 +	သ) m	~	7
İ	ന	י פי	2	2		ָה ה	,	* 7	2 1	ر م	3		2		2	2		2	5	S	ကျ	2 .	+7	3	2	က	2		2+	S	က	2		5	ന	5	2+
ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	AKABIC	ARABIC			ARABIC	ARADIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC		ARABIC		ARABIC	ARABIC	and the second	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	AKABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	· pre	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	Sur soni	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC
	SN 9700	C 18296	C119216	CT19216		CTIONALE	C 19210	1045	CT19216	SR	CT19208		CT19216		CT18296	CTI	A STATE OF THE STA	E ·	7151	1320	CT19216	C119216	C119204	CT19216	CT18296	CT19216	CT19216		CT19216	SR	CT19216	2300	Tonics.	AM 8347	EN 4324	CT18295	EM
E5 2	1 1 1	ן ה	E5	E4	4		8 5	5 ใ	i E	<u>П</u>	E5	i de Roja	E4	· · · · · ·	<u>E6</u>	E4		Щ ;	W3	ဝ	E2	Д 4	ES	9 <u>3</u>	E5	ES	ES		E4	Ē	E4	ဝဒ	in the state of th	F5	9	E	E4
NAVY	NAV V	NAVY	NAVY		XXVV	>/\VN	NAVI	IVAVI	×××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××××	NAV			YAZ Y		NAVY	NAVY		×ΛΥ.	YAV.	NAVY	XAV.	NAV	NAVY	NAVY	NAVY	NAVY	NAV		NAVY	NAV≺	NAV	NAV≺	The state of the s	ΥΔΝ	NAV X	NAVY	NAV≺

RESERVE

Deployed in CENTCOM AO
Returned within past 6 months

SSN Name (last first middle)	Serv	Grade		Language	DLPTL	L DLPTR	DLPT S	DLPT Date	
	USNR	02		ARABIC	4	4	ന	9710	
	USNR	S O		ARABIC	ß	S	5	0204	
	USNR	E3		ARABIC	4	4	4	0109	
	USNR	E5		ARABIC	5+	2 +	5 +	6096	
	USNR	90	2105	ARABIC	7	2	7	9206	
	USNR	E5		ARABIC	÷	÷	5	9109	
	USNR	05	1635	ARABIC	7	7	7	0210	
	USNR	E4	CTI 9216	ARABIC	7	2	0	0003	

RETIRED

11-L-0559/OSD14376

Retirement date	0010801	0020331	20020731	20020401	20010901	20021130	0030401	0030331
Retiren	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200
DLPT S	0	0	0	7	7	2	0	0
DLPTR DLPTS	က	2	7	ဗ	3	2	က	က
DLPTL	2	2	က	2	က	7	æ	5+
Language	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC
Middle name								
First name								
Last name	(p)(q)							
PMOS	1110	CT19216	OS 0342	1630	7441	AM 8378	1630	IT 2306
					W02			
Serv	NSO	NSO	NSO	NSO	NSO	NSO	NSO	NSO
SSN	(9)(q)							

Deployed in CENTCOM AO Returned within past 6 months

TAB

F

ACTIVE

	46
	nths
ð	ĕ
Σ	9
ö	ıst
ENTCO	past
ĕ	<u>=</u>
ŏ	Ē
=	3
oyed	ĕ
5	Ę
ф	eti
	껕

(9)(q)	Se US	Serv Grad USMC E4	Grade PMOS E4 0121	Language ARABIC	DLPT L 3	DLPTL DLPTR DLPTS 3 3 0	DLPT S 0	DLPT Date 0303
		USMC E4	4 3531	ARABIC	3	3	0	0111
	\$n	USMC E4	1 2671	ARABIC	~	2+	0	0211
			ř			10 Page 10 Pag		II SECTION AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF TH
	ethin in the second sec							
	SN	USMC E3	3 0121	ARABIC	3	3	0	0207
	SN	USMC E3	3 2600	ARABIC	2	2	0	0202
	511	I SMC E	1 2671	ARABIC	, +C	24	0	0000
	sn	USMC E4		ARABIC	<u>,</u> ო	<u></u> 60	0	0211
	SN	USMC E3	3 2671	ARABIC	2	2+	2	0205
	sn			ARABIC	7	7	0	0303
	8n <u> </u>	USMC ES	5 2671	ARABIC	7	7	0	0207
	SO	USMC E5	5 2671	ARABIC	2	2	0	0302
	SO	USMC E5		ARABIC	2	2+	0	0103
	SO	USMC E	3 2671	ARABIC	2+	3	0	0205
		USMC E5	5 2671	ARABIC	2	3	c	0305
	SO	USMC E7	7 2671	ARABIC	က	က	0	0302
	SN		į.	ARABIC	3	3	0	0212
	sn	SMC	USMC 4 JE3 2608 C CARABIGAC	OPABIC.	2	c	7	0303

DLPT Date 0304 0206 0212	0109 0206 9812 0301 0212 0304	0301 0301 0303 0304	0212 0304 0204 0303	9408 0304 0203 0208 0202 0202
0 0 2	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0000	0000 #	000000
DLPTR DLPTS 2+ 0 2+ 0 2+ 2	2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	2 5 5 3 5 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	ლ დოლ ი	2
DLPTL 2+ 2 2	2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	₅ m m m , m ,	2 33	2 2 3 3 3 30 2
Language ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC	ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC	ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC	ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC	ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC ARABIC OSARABIC
Grade PMOS E4 2671 E3 2671	2671 2671 7202 0300 2600 2671		2671 2671 9901 0302 2600	7562 2671 0231 2671 2671 2674
A CONTROLL				၀၀၀၀၀ 1 2 အအအအ က်
Serv USMC USMC	USMC USMC USMC USMC USMC USMC	DWSN DSWC DSWC DSWC	USMC USMC USMC USMC	USMC USMC USMC USMC USMC USMC USMC
SSN Name (last flirst middle)				

	Serv	Grade	Grade PMOS	Language	DLPT L	DLPT R	S	DLPT Date
1	USMC	F4	2671	ARABIC		2		0211
	USMC	E4	2671	ARABIC	~	^	0	0304
	USMC	W2	2602	ARABIC	7	101	0	0107
Al The Control of the	USMC	90	9066	ARABIC	2	2	1+	9411
				The state of the s				
	CSMC	<u>Ф</u>	2671	ARABIC	က	ന	0	0209
	USMC	E2	2671	ARABIC	5+	2	0	0207
	USMC	Д	2671	ARABIC	5+	5+	0	0302
	USMC	E3	2600	ARABIC	2+	5+	+	0303
	The second second							
	USMC	E3	2671	ARABIC	2	2	0	0208
	USMC	E 4	2671	ARABIC	5 +	က	O	0302
	USMC	E4	2671	ARABIC	7	7	0	0301
	USMC	9 E	2671	ARABIC	2	5 +	0	0208
	USMC	E5	0200	ARABIC	2	2	2	0305
				date a red ill.			of the second se	=
			100 mm	or consequently speciments				文 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
	USMC	93	2671	ARABIC	2	2	0	0202
	USMC	E2	2671	ARABIC	5+	က	0	0202
	USMC	E8	3051	ARABIC	က	က	Q	0202
	USMC	E3	0311	ARABIC	5	5+	-	0206
ă.								
	USMC	E	2600	ARABIC	2	2	+	0110
To the second	USMC	E2	2671	ARABIC	2	2+	+	0205
modilatine emerce en entre in the	LISMC	F6	2671	ARABIC				0110
	USMC	E :	2600	ARABIC	- 5+	· *	· +	0206
	USMC	E5	2671	ARABIC	7	7	0	0211
10 mm	LED CARD AND A STATE OF THE STA							E CONTROL
	USMC	E3	3381	ARABIC	2	2	0	0212
	USMC	<u>Ш</u>	2671	ARABIC	က	က	0	0304
	USMC	E4	2671	ARABIC	2+	3	0	0107
	USMC	E3	2671	ARABIC	2	2	0	0305
. The state of the	USMC	E3	2671	ARABIC	2+	3	2	0212
The second second second	ويتأسب فتعيد والمتعادية			Commence of the second	H 356			
				a jak				
			1, 1,44	46.00	(Sec.)			

DLPT	•
DLPT R	5 +
DLPTL	7
Language	ARABIC
PMOS	2600
Grade	E3
Serv	OSMC

.....

Serv	Grade		Language	DLPT L	DLPT R	DLPT S	DLPT Date
OSMC	Е3	2600	ARABIC	7	5 +	-	0305
USMC	E7	2671	ARABIC	7	7	0	0107
USMC	4	0151	ARABIC	က	က	0	0303
USMC	ដ	2671	ARABIC	2+	2+	1+	0211
USMC	E6	2671	ARABIC	2	2	0	6000
					A.		
OSMC	7	2671	ARABIC	5	5 *	0	0207
USMC	E2	2671	ARABIC	7	7	0	0302
USMC	7	2600	ARABIC	7	7	0	0301
CMC	Ī	2671	ADABIC	7	,	1+1	0205
USMC	5 S	4402	ARABIC	5 t	1 m	. 0	0211
USMC	E5	2671	ARABIC	3	3	0	0302
USMC	E2	2671	ARABIC	2	2	0	0208
USMC	8 1	2691	ARABIC	2	2	0	6026
USMC	ဗိ	7208	ARABIC	က	ო	0	0212
USMC	05	7210	ARABIC	2	5 +	0	0108
USMC	5	9901	ARABIC	2+	ო	7	0001
USMC	E6	2671	ARABIC	3	3	0	0303
USMC	E5	1142	ARABIC	3	3	0	0209
NSMC	E	0151	ARABIC	7	5 +	0	0205
USMC	<u>E</u> 6	2671	ARABIC	က	က	0	0012
USMC	E7	2671	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0211
JSMC.	Εĥ	2671	APARIC	3	7	1+	0206
LSMC	3 7	2671	ARABIC	, ,	, ;	. c	0303
USMC	E 7	2671	ARABIC	5	رى ا	0	0211
USMC	E5	2671	ARABIC	2	2	0	0207
OSMC	5	9901	ARABIC	က	5 +	<u> </u>	0001
USMC	E3	3051	ARABIC	3	3	0	0209
		24.74					2044
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	۲/	2141	ARABIC	±7	ر 		0211
							districtor
					1000	The second secon	
USMC	N N	-1200 U/C	O CATE ATTECC	52.2	5 +	0	0303

. .

		•	•	i
NSS	Name (last first middle)	Ze∑	Serv Grade PM	ž
(9)(q)		USMC	E3 260	260
			Control of the Contro	200

USMC E3 2600 ARABIC 2+ USMC E4 7372 ARABIC 2+ USMC E3 2600 ARABIC 2+ USMC E3 2600 ARABIC 2+ USMC E3 2600 ARABIC 2 USMC E3 2671 ARABIC 2 USMC E3 2671 ARABIC 3 USMC E4 2671 ARABIC 3 USMC E3 2600 ARABIC 3 USMC E4 2671 ARABIC 3 USMC E4 2671 ARABIC 3 USMC E4 2671 ARABIC 2+ USMC E6 2671 ARABIC 2+ USMC E6 2671 ARABIC 2+ USMC E3 2671 ARABIC 2+ USMC E4 2671 ARABIC 2- <t< th=""><th>niddle)</th><th>Serv</th><th>Grade</th><th>Grade PMOS</th><th>Language</th><th>DLPTL</th><th></th><th>DLPTR DLPTS</th><th>DLPT Date</th></t<>	niddle)	Serv	Grade	Grade PMOS	Language	DLPTL		DLPTR DLPTS	DLPT Date
E5 7372 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC		USMC	E3	2600	ARABIC	5+		5	0302
E5 7372 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 2671 ARABIC E8 2671 ARABIC E9 2671 ARABIC E9 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E5<				A STATE OF THE STA		A De Company		A. C.	
E4 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 <td></td> <td>NSMC</td> <td>E5</td> <td>7372</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>2+</td> <td>3</td> <td>0</td> <td>0207</td>		NSMC	E5	7372	ARABIC	2+	3	0	0207
E4 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC		The Charles are the second and the second are the second and the second are the second as the second are the second as the second are the sec	, and the same	The alphabath gall with the second state of the second sec	Charles of the second s	With the state of	et miles in miles like intern	The second second second	Hammeline service and sometimes are
E4 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E7									
E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC </td <td></td> <td>USMC</td> <td>E4</td> <td>2671</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>2</td> <td>2+</td> <td>0</td> <td>0302</td>		USMC	E4	2671	ARABIC	2	2+	0	0302
E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 2671 ARABIC E8 2671 ARABIC E9 2671 ARABIC E9 2671 ARABIC E1 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E2 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E7 2671 ARABIC E7 2671 ARABIC E8 2671 ARABIC E8 2671 ARABIC E9 2671 ARABIC E1 2600 ARABIC E1 2600 ARABIC E2 2671 ARABIC E2 2671 ARABIC E2 2671 ARABIC		The state of the s		and the second					
E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 267		USMC	E3	2600	ARABIC	5+	5+	7	0302
E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC<		NSMC	Щ	2671	ARABIC	ന	e,	5+	0107
E6 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E		USMC	E2	2671	ARABIC	7	5 +	0	0302
E5 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 <td></td> <td>USMC</td> <td>9 E</td> <td>2671</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>7</td> <td>7</td> <td>0</td> <td>0210</td>		USMC	9 E	2671	ARABIC	7	7	0	0210
E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 <td></td> <td>OSMC</td> <td>E5</td> <td>2671</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>7</td> <td>7</td> <td>0</td> <td>0205</td>		OSMC	E5	2671	ARABIC	7	7	0	0205
E4 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC		USMC	E3	2600	ARABIC	က	63	7	0303
E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2600 ARABIC E7 <td></td> <td>USMC</td> <td>E4</td> <td>2671</td> <td>ARABIC</td> <td>2</td> <td>7</td> <td>+</td> <td>0202</td>		USMC	E 4	2671	ARABIC	2	7	+	0202
E3 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC C03 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC		USMC	H	2671	ARABIC	m	რ	0	0204
E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 2670 ARABIC		USMC	E3	2600	ARABIC	ო	ఱ	5	0105
E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC C3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC		OSMC	E5	2671	ARABIC	က	5+	0	0202
E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC O3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E8 2670 ARABIC		USMC	E 4	2671	ARABIC	7	7	0	0303
E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC O3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC E8 2600 ARABIC			Į						
E6 2671 ARABIC O3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E6 2670 ARABIC		USMC	ES	2671	ARABIC	7	7	0	0302
E6 2671 ARABIC O3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC								- - - - -	
O3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC		CNS	History of the Control of the Contro	2671	ARABIC	ent Proposition	E. Maria br>Maria Maria Ma	Oren deprendable intensite intensite	2050
O3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC		The second secon	San Iv			,	100 State of the last	- CHICKEN	
O3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC			* 4						3
O3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC									
O3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC									
O3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E7 ARABIC ARABIC									
O3 4402 ARABIC E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC C3 0402 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2670 ARABIC									
E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC C3 0402 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2670 ARABIC		USMC N	03	4402	ARABIC	2+	3	0	0302
E3 2671 ARABIC E4 2600 ARABIC C3 0402 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC									
E4 2600 ARABIC O3 0402 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC W1 1310 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC		OSMC	E3	2671	ARABIC	2+	2+	+	0206
E4 2600 ARABIC O3 0402 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC W1 1310 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC									
E4 2600 ARABIC O3 0402 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC W1 1310 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC		and the second of the second o		to office of the	And the second distance of the second		How the Little E.		A STATE OF THE STA
O3 0402 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC E4 2671 ARABIC W1 1310 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC		OSWC	E4	2600	AKABIC	2	2+	2	0303
E4 2671 ARABIC W1 1310 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC		CWSII	ő	0402	ARABIC	3	3	0	9503
E4 2671 ARABIC W1 1310 ARABIC E5 2671 ARABIC E3 2600 ARABIC		CINCI) H	2671	ARABIC	۰ ۵	۰ ،	· c	020
E3 2600 ARABIC		OMO	ם נ	2671		۱ ر	10	,	0407
E3 2600 ARABIC		OMGI	1 3	1310	ARABIC	4 69	7 6	7 C	0204
E3 2600 ARABIC			֓֞֞֜֜֞֜֞֜֜֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֜֜֜֓֓֓֡֓֓֓֡֡֜֜֡֓֡֡֡֡֡֡	2017		•	,		1020
E3 ZOW AKABIL		ONSO ONSO	ព្ឋ	7000	ARABIC	7 (۷ (> (0204
		USMC	E3	2600	AKABIC	2	7	2	0305
					N. A.	,			

(b)(6)	Name (last first middle)	1	Serv USMC	Grade E3	PMOS 2600	Language ARABIC	DLPT L	DLPT R 2+	DLPT S	DLF (
							700			
		X	USMC	E6	2671	ARABIC	2	2	0	(
			USMC	O5	0402	ARABIC			0	
			OSIVIC		0402	ARABIC			U	: :74
			USMC	E3	2600	ARABIC	2	2+	1+	(
			USMC	E3	2671	ARABIC	2 50 Ha	2	1+	(
							The state of the s			
		iiiiaantaattaniiantiiikiiiiikianiii.			0.074				lancivation market comme dente.	
		1	USMC USMC	E6 E5	2671 2671	ARABIC ARABIC	2	2 3	0	(
			USMC	O6	9904	ARABIC	3	2+	ŏ	8

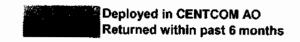
RESERVE

,	<u>ن</u> د	3			CLAIR 	How will		t d'ann	12	! 	2	†	 Í	2	0106	0102		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0205	0108		02				0210	0205			0105	0304	0005	0112			0201	
	DLFI Date OIC								.100		7000	70		0104	0	10	s udia.	- , :	02	1 5		0102	10 m			02	02		The state of the s	2	33	00	01			02	
i	ב ב									A CONTRACTOR				0	0	0				0		O	a articular do T			0	0		O Company	0	0	0	0	Y-10.		0	
6 6	2 2 4		53				+						T	2+	2	2+			ε	, ,		2+		(F.)		3	2+	1. September 1. September 1. Se	1	7	က	3	2+			3	
	7 + 7 - 7 + 7										0			2	2	7	drawith offerents	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 3	۰ ۸	Water Barrell Street	2	番が			2	2+	manufacti, and the	Surface Control	2	3	3	2+			3	
	ARARIC								ARARIC		A D A D I		Billist Community of the	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	Miles and the second se		ARABIC	ARABIC	ald hellikomostone de sanom se atoriti	ARABIC	in in the state of the			ARABIC	ARABIC	nik Kalifana ya madani mata ama ani	The second secon	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC	ARABIC			ARABIC	
	Language 9900								0602		- T			2671			SEE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS		2671		And the state of t	2671				2671	2671		A STATE OF THE STA	2671	1302	2671	2671			0311	001100
	Grade FMCS F2 SFIRES								IRR/ING					IRR/ING	STAND-BY	IRR/ING	THE STREET STREET		STAND-BY	IRR/ING		IRR/ING			· · · · · ·	IRR/ING	IRR/ING	Ŧ	A STATE OF THE STA	IRR/ING	IRR/ING	 IRR/ING	STAND-BY			IRR/ING	OPPOP
j	Grade F2								C C			1		E4	E4	E5	ulthous many		EDS TISS	F 4		E5	ii si samma andi			E5	E2			<u>Т</u>	0	E5	E5	April 1985		E4	
į	USMCR					544			IISMCR		LICATO	LONGO	では、 できる重要を表現を	USMCR	USMCR	USMCR	History and the standard bullifile		USMCR	USMCR		USMCR	olb Madi merebreakisi			USMCR	USMCR	The state of the s	Total Control	USMCR	USMCR	USMCR	USMCR			USMCR	
	(9)(q)																															 					

Serv Grade PMOS Language DLPT L DLPT R DLPT S DLI USMCR E6 IRR/ING 2671 ARABIC 3 3

11-L-0559/OSD14388

RETIRED



SSN	Serv	Grade	PMOS	Last name	First name	e Middle name	Language	DLPT L	DLPT R	DLPT
(b)(6)	USMC	O05	0302	(b)(6)		Α	ARABIC	2+	3	0
	USMC	004	0202			J	ARABIC	2	2	1+
	USMC	E03	3533				ARABIC	3	3	0

11-L-0559/OSD14390

TAB

G

PERSONNEL AND READINESS

UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE 4000 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301-4000

MAR 10 2008

MEMORANDUM FOR SECRETARIES OF THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS

SUBJECT: Defense Language Capability

As we continue to prosecute the Global War on Terrorism, the availability of individuals capable of speaking the necessary languages is of increasing concern. Our Defense-wide database of Arabic language speakers, for example, reveals that there are 4500 members of the armed forces (active and selected reserve) identified as Arabic speakers, with almost 2,500 considered proficient at level 2 or higher on the Defense Language Proficiency Test.

To meet our current and emerging language needs it is imperative that we maximize use of all available language speakers. In so doing, we must go beyond a traditional approach of assigning only those with linguist specialties to positions requiring language skills.

Therefore, I ask that you take action to screen all those identified as Arabic, Dari and Pashto speakers, regardless of specialty, to create a base of individuals capable of meeting language requirements. These individuals should be considered eligible for reassignment in support of those language requirements unless the loss of the service member will critically affect the mission capability of the unit to which they are currently assigned. Services shall take positive action to ensure that undertaking these assignments does not adversely effect these individual's advancements and careers. These critical language assignments must be viewed positively in all promotion and selection board processes.

Due to the importance of this skill, it may be necessary to source command requirements without regard to the Service of the individual. We will work with the Joint Staff in reviewing the implementation of this approach.

Please forward a summary of the results of your screening efforts to Mrs. Susan Kelly (Susan Kelly@osd.mil) (703) 697-1898 of this office by March 21, 2003.

David S. C. Chu

Butdl. C. Chn

cc: Director, Joint Staff

dipatell 3/10/03 (3) 10/03 (5) (05D14392



GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE 1600 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, D. C. 20301-1600

INFO MEMO

September 22, 2003, 5:00 p.m.

FOR:

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM:

William J. Haynes II Wolfamer

SUBJECT: Legislation on Treatment of Detainees

- In light of the August 13, 2003 Daily Telegraph article entitled "The Guantanamo Solution" you asked whether we have thought about seeking legislation regarding how we should treat the detainees. Tab A.
- The disadvantages of seeking such legislation far outweigh the advantages of seeking such legislation. Nevertheless, more interaction with Congress and the public on this issue could help us and could be achieved through means other than seeking legislation.
- Reasons to Seek Legislation.
 - Seeking legislation offers the prospect of additional legitimacy for the continued detention and treatment of the individuals held at Guantanamo Bay (GTMO).
 - o The President acts at the height of his power when he acts with congressional authorization.
 - o Legislation could reduce arbitrariness and the appearance of arbitrariness in the detention and treatment of detainees.
- Reasons Not to Seek Legislation.
 - o The President has the legal authority to detain those individuals currently being held at GTMO and to determine the course of their treatment without congressional authorization.
 - Determinations about the detention and treatment of enemies detained during an armed conflict are tactical determinations made in prosecuting a war. The Constitution vests in the President alone the ability to make such determinations.
 - o Executive branch practice is an important factor in judicial determinations regarding the scope of presidential power. If the President seeks legislation



when he does not need to do so, he may limit his legal authority as well as the legal authority of future Presidents to act in a similar manner absent congressional authorization.

- o Moreover, the President is already acting at the height of his authority in the current context.
 - Congress has authorized the President to detain individuals held at GTMO through its authorization of the use of force, permitting him "to use all necessary and appropriate force" against those responsible for the September 11 attacks and to prevent future such attacks against the United States. 50 U.S.C.A. § 1541 Note (2001).
 - Even if Congress had not expressly authorized the President to detain such individuals, it has done so tacitly through similar authorizations and permitting unbroken executive practice of such detention. As a result, the President would still be acting at the height of his authority.
 - > Through the Alien Enemies Act of 1789, 10 U.S.C. § 21, which remains in force today, Congress has authorized the detention and removal of enemy aliens.
 - There is an unbroken history of the President's authority as Commander in Chief to detain enemy combatants.
- o As a matter of policy, seeking legislation would also bear substantial risks.
 - There is no way to predict the rules that Congress would impose.
 - The legislation potentially could limit the President's ability to react to new intelligence and his ability to gather intelligence from those detained at GTMO.
 - Seeking legislation from Congress regarding the detention of those at GTMO may also expose the military commission process to legislative efforts to dictate the rules and procedures to be used by the commissions.
- Alternative to Seeking Legislation. The reduction of arbitrariness and the appearance of arbitrariness can be accomplished through actions undertaken by the Department.
 - o The Department could adopt a plan for the periodic review of the need for continued detention of those individuals detained at GTMO, which could reduce any arbitrariness present in the current system.
 - The appearance of arbitrariness could be reduced through making that plan public, to the maximum practicable.
 - As you may recall, I briefed you a few weeks ago on a concept for such a process. Tab B. We are currently seeking views within the

Department on that concept, which we revised based on comments received in the briefing. Tab C.

- o Reaching out to Congress in ways other than seeking legislation may be helpful to us.
 - We need not seek legislation in order to reach out to Congress.
 - There is value in going to the Hill and inviting their informal
 participation, such as in seeking their comment on any long-term
 detention plan that we might wish to adopt.

COORDINATION: NONE

Attachment: As stated

Prepared by: Jennifer L. Koester, DoD OGC, (b)(6)

TO:	Jim Hayne
	•

FROM: Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Detainees

I just read this piece from the London Daily Telegraph on Guantanamo. I wonder if we have given any thought to going up and asking for legislation as to how we should treat the detainees, so we get off the hook legally.

Thanks.

"The Guantanamo Solution," London I	Daily Telegraph, August 13, 2003
DHR:db 081403-12	
*********************	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Please respond by 9 5 03

London Daily Telegraph August 13, 2003

The Guantanamo Solution

President Bush and Donald Rumsfeld, the US Defence Secretary, have been unfairly maligned in this country for their decision to put terrorist suspects on trial in Guantanamo Bay.

Paradoxically, their difficulties stem not so much from their alleged illiberalism as from a desire to maintain some measure of due process in a time of a new and horrific kind of asymmetric warfare.

The Bush Administration has been wrestling with the problem - not dissimilar to that faced by Whitehall during the early years of the Troubles in Northern Ireland - about whether to treat suspects as prisoners of war or common criminals. His dilemma was understandable. Had he called them PoWs, he would have been obliged by the Geneva Conventions to release them at the end of hostilities.

But when can a war against global terrorism be said to be at an end? With the fall of the Taliban? With the deposition of Saddam? Mr Bush had every reason to believe - he still has - that, if he were to release the prisoners in Camp Delta, a great many of them would return immediately to the war against the West, and plot a new atrocity like the destruction of the Twin Towers. That was something that no responsible leader could countenance.

But if he could not call his captives PoWs, nor could he treat them quite like common criminals. Under the US Constitution, criminal suspects have to be put on trial, and judged according to the rules of evidence. Any competent defence lawyer would make short work of testimony gathered from secret sources or from prisoners held for many months, in harsh conditions, without access to lawyers.

Mr Bush's liberal instincts told him that it was wrong to hold possibly innocent men for long periods without trial. But, equally, he knew that no ordinarily conducted criminal trial could be expected to result in a conviction, no matter how guilty the defendant might be.

So it was that the President hit upon the idea of treating them neither as PoWs nor as criminals, but as something in between. He decided to put them on trial by military tribunal, and instructed his Defence Secretary, Donald Rumsfeld, to draft special rules of evidence and procedure that would make convictions more likely than in a civilian court. In so doing, he landed himself in the worst of all possible worlds.

Mr Rumsfeld's rules, drafted on March 21, 2002, are not nearly as illiberal as his critics maintain. They include many safeguards of the rights of the defendant. But the fact is that they fall well short of the standards of justice required by civilian courts in both Britain and America.

By being as liberal and fair-minded as he dared, Mr Bush succeeded only in making himself look more authoritarian than he appeared before he suggested trials of any sort. The British Government, which has never wanted responsibility for British prisoners held in Camp Delta, has been forced into the hypocritical position of defending the rights of its citizens against Mr Bush.

Only a fool would dispute that Mr Bush was right to hold and interrogate prisoners while they might still have useful information about planned terrorist atrocities. But the longer their detention goes on, in this limbo between PoW and criminal status, the less justified it seems to many in this country.

The answer, surely, lies not in subjecting the prisoners to military tribunals, but in regularising their status under the law. During the Second World War, many Germans and Italians were humanely interned in Britain, under a form of administrative detention that made no comment on their guilt or innocence of Nazi sympathies. The prisoners in Guantanamo Bay should be treated like that.

January 2, 2003 12:13 PM

TO:

ADM Thomas B. Fargo

CC:

Gen. Myers

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld TA

SUBJECT:

Priorities

Thanks for sending along your five top priorities. They look good to me.

Happy New Year.

DHR:dh 010203-38 Paron

2 Jan 03



SECRETARY OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON

INFO MEMO



January 6, 2003, 5:00 p.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Thomas E. White, Secretary of the Army / Kornas E. White

SUBJECT: Congressman Saxton's Letter

- We have previously addressed all of these issues in numerous fora.
- Prior to receipt of Congressman Saxton's letter, GEN Jack Keane personally briefed him and addressed his concerns with Stryker.
- In December, I extended a written invitation to both Congressmen Saxton and Hunter to examine the Stryker vehicle at Aberdeen Proving Ground or visit the Stryker Brigade Combat Teams at Ft. Lewis, Washington. I will reinforce this invitation by phone later this month.
- We stand ready to re-engage him on any remaining issues.

COORDINATION: NONE

Attachment: Memorandum from Secretary Rumsfeld, December 30, 2002, subj:

Stryker

December 30, 2002 6:55 PM

TO:

Tom White

Gen. Shinseki

CC:

Paul Wolfowitz

FROM:

Gen. Myers
Pow See Moore
Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Stryker

Attached is a letter I received from Congressman Saxton from the Armed Services Committee on the Stryker. Chairman Duncan Hunter raised it with me. I would be curious to know how you respond to this.

Thanks.

Attach.

11/19/02 Cong. Saxton ltr to SecDef re: Stryker

DHR:dh

123001-18 (ts computer) doc

Please respond by 01/10/03

MEMORANDUM FOR THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

23 JM -6 M 5 40

FROM: Steve Cambone

SUBJECT: Transformation

You asked for a short list of things we might do if we had the funds:

- 1. Accelerate next generation intelligence capabilities.
 - The heart of new capabilities: "universal situational awareness"
 - > Treat intell databases as if they were databases accessed today through the internet.
 - Those internet databases are refreshed without specific demand from the user; the existence of the database, and the rate of refreshment are a function of user interest; but once the level of interest is established, the database is refreshed at a rate sufficient to satisfy the interest.
 - How would it work?
 - Example Database: Iraq
 - ➤ All entries from all intell sources converted to digital formats, tagged and entered in database
 - ➤ Database indexed, with all entries cross referenced
 - ➤ Each new datum entered as collected
 - ➤ User demand for a particular datum would go from database to collector which would automatically collect on next available opportunity
 - ➤ Deconfliction schemes sort priority activity for a given collector
 - ➤ New datum posted as collected
- Result: User drives collection, not as today, the collector giving the user what the collector can gather and thinks the uses should have.

381

b Janoz

- ➤ Think of the PDB everyday. Except for what is specifically asked for, it is filled with what the collector has make available to the analyst.
- ➤ If it were a web-based product, you could enter your preferences and search engines would find what you want.
- ➤ As the system became smart about your choices, it would adapt, providing more of what you want.
- The effect on operations could be profound:
- ➤ Planner would have a readily available, time-phased history of his target in all "INTS."
 - ➤ He could adjust his target folders in real time
 - ➤ He could the latest data even as his operation unfolds.

> Assumptions:

- ➤ Persistent surveillance with which to build the baseline
- ➤ Internet-based database and database access system
- > Requires complete overhaul of our current system.

2. Improved Computer Network Capabilities

- We added considerable money in FY 04 for computer network defense.
- We created Strategic Command and gave it the global IO—e.g., computer network attack, defense and exploitation—mission.
- However, the DOD is not "manned, trained and equipped" to conduct operations in this emerging mission area.
- It may be that we need to create something for Computer/Information Operations akin to the reforms on space that we implemented last year.
- At a minimum we are looking at investing billions per year.

3. At least 2-3 more UCAV demonstration programs

- The F/A-22, JSF has no real competitor—manned or unmanned
- We understand the limits of manned aircraft; need to learn whether and how UCAVs can make a difference

- On current plans, we do no have enough variety; need to get to situation like the 1960s when multiple airframes were in development.
- Result: more competition, potentially lower cost and increased effectiveness for known missions, might develop new mission capabilities
- 4. New forms of access to space
 - Single stage to orbit still languishes
 - New fuels, materials, engines, etc. needed
 - New applications need concept development
- 5. New ship designs
 - We continue to build mono-hulled, steel/aluminum ships
 - Composite materials, with two or more hulls, with different propulsion designs are possible
 - Result: speed, stealth, new ways to do minesweeping, ASW, etc.
- 6. New weapon designs
 - We have few programs that aren't driven either by high explosive (bombs, bullets, artillery) or nuclear energy.
 - Alternative energy sources could revolutionize warfare, e.g.,
 - ➤ Directed energy
 - > Electo-magnetic rail guns
 - ➤ Non-lethal weapons
 - Would require a joint program office, incorporating DARPA, Service, National Laboratory activity.
 - Investment would be needed at a level to permit extensive experimentation and testing.
 - Key is to avoid creating the White Elephant or Silver Bullet; what we need are weapons applicable to a wide variety of circumstances.

7. Undersea Operations

- A great deal of investment has gone into beating surface to air missile systems, e.g., F-22, JSF, etc.
- Little has been devoted to undersea activity, to include antisubmarine warfare (ASW), unwarned attack (underwater, surface, land, air), etc.
- The advent of quieter diesel subs, capable of air independent operations, advanced torpedoes, computing to support adversary listening devices, etc., all point to the possibility of "sub-surface anti-access" operations by potential adversaries.
- Current submarine designs—the Virginia class—may not meet our needs in the coming decades. We have nearly abandoned the underwater arrays by which we mapped activity below the surface.
- New investment is needed to characterize the emerging threat and design responses.

8. Bio-mechanical devices

- Should give more support to robotics—even the big robots of today
- Future is in micro systems, including those that are selfconstructing and healing; industry has started down this path; not obvious we are exploiting that effort

9. High speed computing

- This is related to Computer operations, above, but goes beyond the operational domain. Moore's law continues to hold. But we are making progress in sometimes inelegant ways—massive parallel processing, for example.
- Moreover, much of our problem with advanced systems is related to software/hardware integration.
- More attention to what it takes to do high speed computing and integrating hardware and software is key to continued progress in the development of advanced systems.

10. New materials, e.g.,

- Ambient temperature, conducting materials for advanced computer applications;
- Other materials are needed to enable concepts like "adaptive wings"—e.g., aircraft wings that can be reshaped in flight to affect drag, radar signature, etc.
- Armor protection is another area for work. Materials capable of withstanding the impact of projectiles—bullets, tank rounds, shrapnel, etc.—are still desired.
- Lightweight, high strength materials for applications in space, underwater, etc., are of interest.

12:28 PM

TO: Steve Cambone

FROM: Donald Rumsfeld

DATE: December 21, 2002

SUBJECT: Transformation

Please give me a list of the things we are not doing that would be transformational that we would be doing if we had a larger budget. Not one hundred things, but 10, 15-20.

Thanks.

DHR/azn 122102.13

Please respond by: 115 03





THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20301-1200

23 27 - 7 出7:54

JAN 3 2003

INFO MEMO

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE William Winkenwerder, Jr., MD, ASD (Health Affairs)

SUBJECT: Update on Maternal and Child Health Care Project in Afghanistan

- On December 16, 2002, you asked the question, "How are we doing on the midwifery program?" (TAB A)
- The Department of Defense (Stability Operations) facilitated a December 6-16, 2002 joint Department of Defense/Health and Human Services trip to Afghanistan to select a site and develop an implementation plan to provide post-graduate Obstetrics/Gynecology teaching clinic for Afghan physicians and mid-level health care providers (e.g. midwives).
- The Afghani Minister of Public Health requested the Rabia Balkhi Hospital in Kabul be selected as the teaching clinic site.
- Health and Human Services and Health Affairs physicians agreed this is an optimal location for the clinic. The hospital is a large women's general hospital, but emphasizes maternal/child health care. The hospital already has a large physician training program to serve as a training base and a potential training staff for the clinic.
- Civil Affairs soldiers have already begun renovation of the hospital. Renovation completion is expected within 90 days. Work is proceeding in two shifts per day.
- The Health and Human Services Team Chief, Dr. Peter Van Dyck, briefed a plan for the clinic to the Health and Human Services Secretary on December 23, 2002, but has not yet filed his written report. Health and Human Services is working to identify funding of this program other than the Department of Defense-funded reconstruction. Health and Human Services expects initial phases of the program to begin within 90 days and has formed three committees to work on details of the proposal.
- Representatives of the Department of Defense and Health and Human Services will meet on January 7th at the Pentagon to discuss the next steps for the project.

C	OOI	Σ	$\mathbf{N}A$	\TTC	·2M	TAB	\mathbf{R}
┖	V /V /I	\	111/		21 N.D.	-1.0	

Prepared by: CAPT Jack Smith, C&PP (b)(6)	PCDOCS # 44051
---	----------------

Winkenwerder, William, Assistant Secretary of Defense, ASD(HA)

From:

Ritchie, Elspeth, LtCol, OASD(HA)/TMA

Sent:

Friday, December 13, 2002 5:46 PM

To:

Coates, Marianne, CIV, OASD/HA; Winkenwerder, William, Assistant Secretary of Defense,

ASD(HA); Tornberg, David, DASD/C&PP, OASD(HA); Smith, Jack, CAPT, OASD(HA)

Subject:

FW: A Country in Need: U.S. Forces Help Restore Afghan Health Care

----Original Message-----

From: Press Service (mailto:afisnews sender@DTIC.MIL)

Sent: Friday, December 13, 2002 3:31 PM To: DEFENSE-PRESS-SERVICE-L@DTIC.MIL

Subject: A Country in Need: U.S. Forces Help Restore Afghan Health Care

By Linda D. Kozaryn American Forces Press Service

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13, 2002 -- Pictures coming out of Afghanistan show a land seemingly forgotten by time -- and modern medicine. After 20 years of war, medical clinics and hospitals are in ruins and in dire need of basic medical supplies and equipment.

With U.S. and coalition aid, the situation is on the mend.

The United States has been "indispensable" in helping to restore health care in Afghanistan, according to Dr. Abdullah Sherzai, director of planning at the Afghan Health Ministry in Kabul.

"Just the presence of the American military creates the security background within which you can work -- from nutritional work, to health care, to reconstruction," he said. "The Afghan people understand this and we appreciate it."

Sherzai, a neurologist and a U.S. citizen, gave up his research work at the National Institutes of Health in May to go to Afghanistan. This week, he accompanied Health Ministry officials to Washington to meet with U.S. government leaders.

During a Dec. 10 interview at the Pentagon, Sherzai served as spokesman for Afghan Deputy Health Minister Ferozudin Feroz. Expressing the minister's appreciation for America's help, Sherzai said the Afghan people hope the United States intends to create a long-term partnership with Afghanistan.

"The purpose of our visit is to make sure that the world attention, specifically America's attention, is still kept on Afghanistan," Sherzai said. "We are very thankful for all the help, but there is a lot more needed. We're not even close to resolving our problems."

Afghanistan needs help rebuilding, equipping and supplying its medical facilities, according to Sherzai. The first step toward security is health care. It should be everyone's No. 1 priority, he stressed.

"There's nothing more primary and immediate than health care," he said. "Without health, women aren't able to secure the household and, therefore, society is not secure. Without health, men are not able to work and the household situation falls apart and, again, society is insecure."

The people suffering most in Afghanistan are women and children, he reported. Of every 100,000 pregnancies, an estimated 1,600 women die. In one province alone, 7,000 of every

100,000 pregnancies result in the mother's death.

"We would like your help to change these statistics and help us reverse the calamity that is the health care system for women in Afghanistan," Sherzai said.

The U.S. Defense Department, he pointed out, is helping to rebuild Rabia Balkhi, one of the major women's hospitals in Afghanistan. During the Taliban regime, it was the only women's hospital in operation. The hospital was completely destroyed after the Taliban fell, he said, and now "Americans are the main component reconstructing it."

According to Feroz, about 174 hospitals in Afghanistan need some reconstruction and refurbishing.

Afghanistan's overall health care system right now is "pretty basic," Sherzai said. "We are way below 'zero' at this point. We need a lot of help just to come to an even playing ground.

"There's plenty to be done," he affirmed. "We need a little bit of coordination, and if all our coalition partners and all our friends take one section, we'll be in good shape."

The U.S. military, in particular, Sherzai said, "has been of great help so far -- indispensable help."

U.S. medics are providing basic medical care to Afghan men, women and children. Military veterinarians are treating Afghan farm animals. U.S. forces have helped rehabilitate clinics around Bagram and completely refurbished and reconstructed one hospital. Troops have also dug several hundred wells.

"The American military has multiple campaigns of immunization, treatment and reconstruction going on right now," Sherzai said. Spanish and Jordanian medical officials have set up hospitals. Other coalition partners have focused assistance in different areas.

The Afghan people greatly appreciate these efforts, Sherzai said, and would welcome more U.S. and coalition medical care beyond Bagram and Kabul.

The DoD, Department of Health and Human Services and U.S. Agency for International Development are "an incredible force in Afghanistan," Sherzai concluded. "We appreciate the collaborative nature of their help, and (hope) they'll take a part in the reconstruction of a lot of the clinics in Afghanistan.

"We hope the Defense Department and the rest of the team will help in refurbishing those as well, because no matter how many clinics we have, when there are obstructive emergencies, the clinics can't take care of that, so there has to be a referral system that takes these patients from the clinics into the hospitals."

U.S. military officials are now seeking guidance from the Health Ministry on what they can do next. "They want to participate in a collaborative, organized fashion in rehabilitating and reconstructing the health care system," Sherzai said. "That's of utmost importance to us."

Helping the ministry gives legitimacy to the government, which is directly related to security, he said. At present, the Health Ministry is "semi-organized."

The ministry has the capacity to receive help and disperse it. "We don't need to have a middle man, or go through multiple levels," Sherzai said. "Hopefully, within a few months, we will have the financial structure to take the money, have accountability and transparency to show that what you gave was directly transferred into a clinic, directly linked to the health care of this woman and this woman and this woman."

Along with U.S. and coalition military forces, he noted, nongovernment organizations also have been an indispensable help. As the Afghan government restores health care, Sherzai said, the NGOs and others can help in the interim. "They have to come with the realization that they have to work themselves out of business. They have to give capacity to the Afghan government itself and also to the private sector. But even in the next few years, they'll be indispensable. We need to use their help and their capacity building." American church groups and private U.S. citizens are also doing what they can to help, according to Sherzai. "The Memphis-Afghanistan Friendship Council has a relationship with us on a continuing basis. They came to educate people. Other Americans are coming to Afghanistan. There are a lot of American church groups that have come to Afghanistan and helped financially. "Loma Linda University is directly helping our medical school. Tufts University is directly helping our nutrition department. Georgetown University has relations with Afghanistan. Johns Hopkins University is also helping us directly. National Institutes of Health has sent us equipment through Health and Human Services. Nebraska University is helping us with capacity-building and education." Sherzai said people who want to help could communicate directly with the Ministry of Health by writing to neurondr@hotmail.com. 200212133a.jpg U.S. Army Capt. (b)(6) of the B2nd Forward Support Battalion examines an Afghan girl from the village of Qadzi Kariz during a humanitarian medical aid visit. The 82nd FSB is an element of the 82nd Airborne Division at Kandahar Army Airfield, Afghanistan. Photo by Spc. $\overline{(b)(6)}$ USA. 200212133a_hr.jpg High-resolution image available. 200212133b.jpg Afghan women wait in line for U.S. medical care in the village of Deh Baba Ali, Afghanistan. Soldiers of the 339th Combat Support Hospital were on hand to provide medical assistance to Afghan locals as part of a medical assistance missi Providing aid such as this is part of Operation Enduring Freedom. Photo by Spc. (b)(6) USA. (b)(6)200212133b hr.jpg High-resolution image available. 200212133c.jpg Three girls of the Afghanistan village of Qadzi Kariz, sit outside the perimeter of a U.S. medical aid station waiting to receive care from medics of the 102nd Forward Surgical Team, which is attached to the 82nd Airborne Division at Kandahar Army Airfield. U.S. Army photo by Spc. |(b)(6)|USA. 200212133c hr.jpg High-resolution image available. NOTE: This is a plain text version of a web page. If your e-mail program did not

NOTE: This is a plain text version of a web page. If your e-mail program did not properly format this information, you may view the story at http://www.defenselink.mil/news/Dec2002/n12132002_200212133.html
Any photos, graphics or other imagery included in the article may also be viewed at this web page.

Visit the Defense Department's Web site for the latest news and information about America's response to the Sept. 11, 2001, terrorist attacks and the war against terrorism: "Defend America" at http://www.DefendAmerica.mil.

December 16, 2002 6:01 PM

TO:	Bill Winkenwerder
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld Th
SUBJECT:	Midwifery Program
	doing on the midwifery program?
Thanks.	
DifR dh 126602-43	
44.014.44	\$444£\$144£\$444£\$446\$446\$446\$446\$46\$45\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$

Please respond by 01/03/12

MIDWIFERY SNOWFLAKE

COORDINATION

CoS, HA

Ms. Diana Tabler

1/3/03

PDASD, HA

Mr. Wyatt

USD, P&R

Dr. David S. C. Chu.

11-L-0559/OSD14413

January 3, 2003 8:29 AM

TO:	LTG Mike Hayden								
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld 71								
SUBJECT:	Breakthrough								
Thanks for your note on the breakthrough. It sounds terrific.									
Thanks.									
DHR:dh 010303-12	***************************************								
Please respo	ond by								

COO. 1

3 year 03





UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

1100 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1100 . Section of the sections

233 JUL-7 DI 5: 12

COMPTROLLER

INFO MEMO

January 7, 2003, 3:00 PM

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Dov S. Zakheim 🌫

SUBJECT: Supplemental

- Newt is right, it would be advantageous to align our supplemental request with the congressional schedule to enact the FY 2003 funding for the domestic agencies.
- We have finalized the initial supplemental request for ongoing operations. If the Office
 of Management and Budget approves the supplemental request in an expeditious
 manner, Congress will have our request by late January.
- I would add that given the urgency of finding funds for allies such as Turkey, the case for an early supplemental becomes even stronger.
- The supplement request totals \$19.9 billion. This includes \$13 billion for deployment-related costs, \$4 billion for reserve component mobilization, \$1.5 billion for preparatory tasks and \$1.5 billion for other costs, such as reimbursement for host nation support.
- A second supplemental request will address future operations. It is premature to submit this request now because it will raise questions about operational plans that cannot be discussed at this time. The Services have just finalized their cost estimates. As with the first supplemental, my staff will work with the Joint Staff to review the requirements. We should be ready to submit this supplemental request in February.

COORDINATION: None required.

Prepared By: John M. Evans,

, ,	(b)(6)	

7 Tar. 03

December 23, 2002 10:50 AM

TO:	Larry Di Rita
CC:	Paul Wolfowitz Dov Zakheim Powell Moore
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld
SUBJECT:	Supplemental
We need to g	get our supplemental on a bill in January. What do we do to do that?
Thanks.	
DHR:dh 22302-21	
D*	12 01/03/23

December 23, 2002 5:35 PM

TO:

Paul Wolfowitz

Dov Zakheim Steve Cambone

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Supplemental

Attached is a useful e-mail from Newt on the supplemental. I agree with his assessment. Let me know what you folks think, and let's get moving.

I talked to the President on Friday about an early supplemental, and he agrees with us. The Vice President and Andy Card were in the room.

Thanks.

Attach.

12/07/02 Gingrich e-mail to SecDef re: Supplemental

DHR:dh 122302-62

Please respond by 01/10/03

January 2, 2003 9:07 AM

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

John Walters

Please check and find out how well we are cooperating with John Walters. Read his Christmas note.

Thanks.

Attach.

12/02 Walters card to SecDef

DHR:dh 010203-12

Please respond by 01/24/03

10 7 01

Ve are cooperating in that

We scaled back but did not

gut his military detailer Roster. in

Otherwise, we have the origing counter-dup

of support Interest in Dob. I have

of support Interest in Dob. I have

11-L-0559/OBD144118 views as they work the

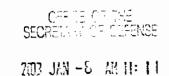
orograms of interest. Dilita



December 20, 2002

Dear Don,
at the end of my find year as
dietor of the ding office I want to
thank you for your continued support
at this time of war. I know this
has been difficult in the free of other dominate.
Thenhas for listening to our proposale
and altering us to manter a smaller
member of outstanding professionals from
the service. I would ask that you
consider adding only the course

Senior Mulitary advisor position to
the new list of tetailers because I
have found such an officer to be
If tremedous value.
We have just seen survey resulte
shaving we have dung use by young
people heading down again for the
first time to in 10 years. Thanks for
DOD'S help in the national effort.
Happy holidays to you hard Joyce
and your tentire family. Regard, the



January 3, 2003 9:20 AM

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld M -

SUBJECT:

List of Documents

Please pull together a list of all of those documents we talked about yesterday that the Joint Staff, the Chairman and the Vice Chairman seemed to think they have to put out on vision, strategies and all that stuff.

We ought to get our arms around them, compare them with what we put out overall and get a single DoD document rather than a Joint Staff document. It is just a lot of people spinning their wheels doing things we probably have to edit and improve.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 010303-19

Please respond by 01/24/33

/ 8 ! !

(3 Jan	
* (Cs)	

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE CORRESPONDENCE ACTION REPORT				
This form must be completed and (CCD), WHS Room 3A948. Susj 695-1219 Email: Suspense_Desk	pense Desk: (703) 697-9287 FAX		Action Agency Suspense Date	JCS 01/15/2003
1. ACTION TAKEN (Ch	eck one)	•		
a. ACTION HAS BEEN	COMPLETED (Copy attached)			
b. REQUEST EXTENSI	ON OF SUSPENSE DATE TO	(lustify below)	
c. INTERIM REPLY HA	AS BEEN SENT (Copy sttached)	EXTEND SUSPENSE	то	(Justify below)
d. REQUEST CANCEL	LATION (Justify below)			
e. REQUEST TRANSFI	ER TO	(Justify below tinc	lude POC Name & P	hone Number)
f. REQUEST DOWNGE	LADE TO	(Justify belo) (w)	
2. JUSTIFICATION After review by the Joint Staff (DJ-5 and DJS level) and previous discussions with the appropriate offices within OSD, believe this has been answered by other means and this action should be closed out.				
3. REPORTING AGENCY				
a, ACTION AGENCY	e. APPROVING A	UTH ORIT Y		
Joint Staff		ider Secretary/ASD/Militar	y Executive Assistant Le	evel)
b. NAME OF ACTION OFFICER (b)(6) (c) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (e) (e) (f)				
c, TELEPHONE NO.	5. ACTION TAKEN	(PO) EXSECT COTTESPO	ngence Control Division	i Use Only)
695-4550	a. EXT	Approved		Disapproved
d. DATE	b. CANX	Approved		Disapproved
06/26/2003	c. DWNGRD	Approved		Disapproved
4. CCD CONTROL #	d. TRANSFER	Approved		Disapproved
	e. OTHER (Specify)			
U00271-03	Signature			Date Signed

SD FORM 391, DEC 2000



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WASHINGTON, D.C. 2031B-9999

INFO MEMO

CM-700-03 8 Japuary 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJC FMU 1/6

SUBJECT: Report on the Suitability of the Eritrea Range

- In response to your request (TAB A), the following information is provided.
- The Eritrea range offered for US use can replace some aspects of Vieques. It provides a useful training alternative for carrier battle groups (CVBGs) while conducting operations in the vicinity of the Red Sea. Transiting units or deployed units can use Eritrea to their advantage in two primary areas:
 - Naval gunfire proficiency training
 - Amphibious training
- While valuable, the Eritrea range lacks the following key elements inherent in the Vieques range that the Navy considers necessary for training prior to deployment:
 - not close enough to US east coast ports for use in predeployment CVBG certification.
 - location in the Red Sea offers limited air operations maneuver space for the CVBG.
 - no suitable alternate airfields in close proximity to accommodate aircraft that cannot land on the carrier with live ordnance malfunctions. This is vital to carrier safety.
 - existing range infrastructure will not support day and night aircraft operations.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Prepared By: Lt Gen N. A. Schwartz, USAF, Director for Operations, (b)(6)

Snowflake

TAB A

December 16, 2002 4:15 PM

TO:	Gen. Myers
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld Th
SUBJECT:	Eritrea
	to know why the Eritrea test range we have been offered couldn't aspects of Vieques.
DHR UN 121002-27	
Please respo	end by'

Tab A

TAB B

COORDINATION PAGE

USN CAPT D. D. Thompson

20 December 2002

January 8, 2003 7:23 AM

TO:

Bill Steiger

Director, International Affairs, Office of the Chief of Staff,

£

Office of the Secretary of Health and Human Services

CC:

Bill Winkenwerder

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Midwife Program

I hope the midwife program doesn't migrate up into a major women's hospital. I think the midwife idea was solid and important, and there is always a tendency for things to be elevated up.

What is happening?

Thanks.

DHR:dh 010803-8 Afghaniss.

January 6, 2003 8:15 AM

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld M

SUBJECT:

Reserve Call-Ups

Let's get me some more headroom for Reserve call-ups. We need to keep track of where I am and of where they are. It looks like we are close to the limit that I set, and it looks like we could go as high as the limit the President set.

Æ

Let's get a projection.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 010603-5

Please respond by 01/17/03

To: De Chu-Would your proposal To Dep Sec help with this? Please advise in ester evant: That

U00353 /03

January 8, 2003 3:16 PM

TO:

ADM Giambastiani

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

House

Is this the house of the ex-Senior Military Assistant to the Secretary of Defense?

If so, where is the Secretary of Defense's house?

Happy New Year!

Attach. Card

DHR:dh 010803-25



SECDEF CABLES	
DISTRIBUT SECDEF	ION
SPLASST	
EXECSEC	
DEPSECDEF	
C&D	
COD	_
USDP	
 	
CABLECH	
FILE	

0	()
25	7
2	,

33550

£

August 20, 2002 5:59 PM

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Briefing Senator Hagel

Please get on top of this. I am concerned about it.

Thanks.

Attach.

08/20/02 SecDef memo to ASD(LA) 082002-17

DHR:dh 082002-18

Please respond by ____09/5ょ/シレ

337

One granger

U00587 /03

August 20, 2002 5:57 PM

TO:

Powell Moore

CC:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld TA

SUBJECT:

Briefing Senator Hagel

I don't feel like I am being kept up to date on how we are briefing Hagel—who is doing it, where it is being done, whether or not I am aware of it before it happens, what the topics are, and who is sitting in.

I need to be on top of that. It is important, and I do not feel like anyone is getting back to me.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 082002-17

Please respond by 09/04/02



READINESS

UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE 4000 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301-4000 INFO MEMO



233 JULIA MA 8:00

January 13, 2003 – 1:30 PM

FOR:

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM:

DR. DAVID S. C. CHU, UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

(PERSONNEL AND READINESS)

SUBJECT: Reducing Turbulence—SNOWFLAKE

• Tab A identifies a central contributor to today's turbulence: the 1990s drawdown reduced long-tour structure (e.g., Europe) at a pace three times faster than short-tours (e.g., Korea). This hiked turbulence.

- As you see at Tab B, most rotations (59%) are caused by people entering or quitting service, followed by postings overseas or returning from overseas (22%), by intra-theater (including CONUS) "developmental" assignments (13%), and by professional education or training (5%).
- I believe that reductions in forward stationed forces particularly in Europe should be a priority, as I argued in our recent meeting. Per your direction, I will work with PA&E to develop a preliminary proposal within 30 days. Meanwhile, there are a number of other steps that can generate quick results:
 - Stabilize Where it Counts Most. This includes the generals or admirals, as well as commanders of all grades those are key.
 - Managing General and Flag Officers. We are scheduled to brief you on January 28 on new approaches to improve stability. Currently, average time in each job is 23 months.
 - Ommand Stability. We should establish 24 months as a required minimum now. Most services are meeting or exceeding that on average (Tab C). You (or I) should discuss this with the Service Secretaries and Chiefs. A further goal could be extending the average by six months or possibly longer. The downside, of course, is that fewer officers will have had this experience.
 - Other Tour Lengths: We are looking at other positions and locations where longer minimum tours are appropriate. We will be ready to brief you on this initiative within 30 days.



U00659 /03

- Voluntary Incentives: We can make it in the individual's interest to want a longer tour (Tab D).
- New Educational Paradigms. School seats at Staff and War Colleges did not shrink in proportion to the force; thus, opportunity for resident attendance went up. Should we bring that opportunity back to preceding levels? Can we accomplish educational goals in ways that reduce turbulence?
 - Opportunity. The present opportunity is richer than the past by a few percentage points. Had the opportunity held constant, about 600 fewer officers, grade O4-O6, would be moving each year to meet professional education demands.
 - Length of Residency. I have tasked the Services to evaluate their PME curriculum and recommend modules for distance learning, as a means of reducing PCS moves and associated turbulence in jobs. Their first reports are due March 5th.
- There are other steps specific to the circumstances of the individual Services. I will begin developing these for action. A first important one involves the Army: The separation of its schoolhouse system (e.g., the Armor School at Fort Knox) from its maneuver units (e.g., Fort Hood) induces geographic turbulence as individuals move from troop positions to instructor positions and back. I will include this issue in Ray DuBois' BRAC effort.

RECOMMENDATION: Info only

Attachments: As stated

Prepared by: Captain Stephen M. Wellock (b)(6)

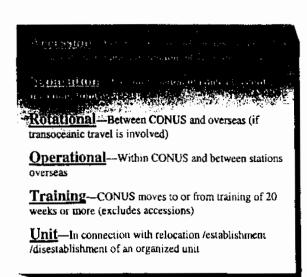
Changes in OCONUS Strengths and Rotational Moves			
(All figu	ires in thou	sands)	
	FY 87	FY 97	% Change
Long-Tour structure	247.7	89.4	-64
Short-Tour structure	42.2	33.4	-21
Total OCONUS Structure	289.9	122.8	-58
Rotational Moves	151.7	73.0	-52

PCS Moves per 1,000	End Strei	ngth, FY97
	Officer	Enlisted
Accession and separation	162	436
Rotational	97	158
Other (training, operational, unit)	150	52
Total	409	646

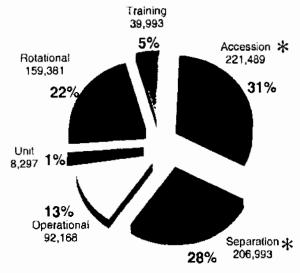
PCS Moves: Rand Study 1998 (will do appropriate footnote)

PCS Environment

Types of PCS Travel



Number of Moves (FY01)



Total = 728,321 Moves

* MustMoves

Average Time in Command		
Army	MONTHS	
GO (Line Cmd)	23	
Field Grade	24	
Navy		
FO (Line Cmd)	30	
Senior Grade	28	
USMC		
GO (Line Cmd)	24	
Field Grade	24	
Air Force		
GO (Line Cmd)	25	
Field Grade	24	
Average Time	e in Command: 25	

Stabilization Incentives

The following authorities support the goal of reducing personnel turbulence by increasing retention and stability. Special and incentive pays work in concert with robust compensation and enhanced quality of life factors to affect an individual's retention decision. A decision to stay means one less person needs to be replaced, trained and relocated to a new duty station—the retention of a trained and ready individual ultimately impacts job tenure. Other authorities specifically target "voluntary" overseas tours. Together these authorities work to increase personnel stability.

FY 2003 NDAA -Issues

- Pay Raises The January 1, 2003 pay raise was targeted as per the Department's proposal and the President's budget. All members received a minimum raise of 4.1% (ECI+1/2%), with additional raises targeted to mid-grade officers and NCOs. The average raise was 4.7%.
- BAH Reduction in Out-of-Pocket Expenses The President's budget continued
 the Secretary of Defense plan to lower out-of-pocket housing costs from 11.3 percent
 in 2002 to 7.5 percent in 2003 and to eliminate average out-of-pocket costs altogether
 by 2005.
- Assignment Incentive Pay Provided authority for monthly incentive pay to a
 member while in a 'hard-to-fill' assignment designated by the Service Secretary.
 Payable up to \$1,500 per month in addition to any other pay and allowance to which
 entitled.
- Increased Maximum Amounts Payable for Medical Officers Increased maximum multiyear retention bonus from \$14,000 to \$50,000 and special pay from \$36,000 to \$50,000.
- Increased Maximum Amounts Payable for Other Health Care Professionals –
 Increased maximum rates per year for dental officers, nurses, optometrists and
 pharmacy officers.
- Retention Incentives for Health Care Providers Qualified in a Critical Skill Provided exceptions to 'maximum bonus amount' and 'years of service limitation.'
- Extension of Leave Travel Deferral Period for Members on Consecutive
 Overseas Tours of Duty Allowed leave travel anytime before consecutive tour and
 up to 1 additional year if travel precluded by duty in conjunction with a Contingency
 Operation.

- Expansion of Vehicle Storage Authority Authorized storage of privately owned vehicles in CONUS when assigned to Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, N. Mariana's, or any US Possession.
- Overseas Tour Extension Incentive Program Modified leave incentive to allow members flexibility in where they take the additional leave.

FY 2002 NDAA – Issues

- Pay Raises The January 1, 2002 pay raise was targeted as per the President's budget. Officers received a minimum of 5%; enlisted received a minimum of 6%. Raises of up to 10% were targeted to mid-grade officers and NCOs. The average raise was 6.9%. This represented the President's promised additional \$1B (above the by law raise of ECI + ½% (4.6%).
- Basic Allowance for Housing (BAH) Reduction in Out-of-Pocket Expenses The President's budget continued the Department's plan to lower out-of-pocket housing costs from 15% in 2001 to 11.3% in 2002 and to eliminate out-of-pocket costs altogether by 2005.
- Extension of BAH During PCS for All E-4s and Below Eliminated the requirement to be "E-4 (4 or more years of service) and above" for receipt of BAH during PCS.
- Certain Career Continuation Bonuses for Early Commitment to Remain on Active Duty Authorized aviation officers and surface warfare officers the eligibility for career continuation bonuses to remain on active duty by initiating a continuation agreement during the last year of completing current service commitment.

Others

- Critical Skills Retention Bonus- authorized in FY 2001 NDAA for FY 2002 implementation. Provisions are flexible enough to implement a policy that would allow for payment of CSRB for individuals in certain skills at certain locations to be eligible for the bonus provided they remain in the job for a designated period of time.
- Non-Monetary Incentives Review currently contracted study which examines non-monetary incentives that can not only enhance retention, but also encourage personnel to extend in their current tour.

January 6, 2003 12:26 PM

TO:

David Chu

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Turbulence

I am at the end of my string. We have a global war on terrorism going on, and we are business as usual in terms of people moving from assignment to assignment to assignment every 15 or 18 months. It is irrational.

Please screw your head into it, and get back to me within 5 working days and tell me precisely what you think I can do to create greater stability and less turbulence. There is no question, absolutely no question, but that by reducing turbulence, unless it is conscious and intentional to get rid of somebody, that we will increase military capability and warfighting capability.

Please respond with a program that is short, simple and will be effective.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 010603-20

Please respond by Ol 13 | 93

January 6, 2003 12:26 PM

TO:

David Chu

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Turbulence

I am at the end of my string. We have a global war on terrorism going on, and we are business as usual in terms of people moving from assignment to assignment to assignment every 15 or 18 months. It is irrational.

Ú,

Please screw your head into it, and get back to me within 5 working days and tell me precisely what you think I can do to create greater stability and less turbulence. There is no question, absolutely no question, but that by reducing turbulence, unless it is conscious and intentional to get rid of somebody, that we will increase military capability and warfighting capability.

Please respond with a program that is short, simple and will be effective.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 010603-26

Please respond by 01/13/03

6 Jan 03

322

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

DATE:

January 13, 2003

SUBJECT:

House/Senate

Give me a piece of paper so we can call the top people in the House and the Senate Authorization and Appropriation at least once a month. Give me a check off list and each week I will call one of them over every week, and we just keep working through it.

Thanks.

DHR/azn 011303.21

Lany Di Rite

Please respond by:

Moley



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999



INFO MEMO

CM-719-03 15 January 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJC 45001/15

SUBJECT: Comments on US-Russia Military-to-Military Way Ahead

- In response to your memorandum (TAB), the position outlined by the Russian DATT on 18 December 2000 is correct. The positive shift in US-Russian relations may have already resulted in increasing Russian political desire to normalize military contacts. At the July 2002 Joint Staff Talks in Moscow, the Russian General Staff indicated it had been instructed to "get the relationship right." The initial success in operational and intelligence cooperation (much of it Russian-instigated) in the Global War on Terrorism suggests potential new venues.
- Despite protests over the Unified Command Plan change, the Russian Ground Forces have rapidly developed a very active relationship with USAREUR. In addition, USAFE, USPACOM and USSTRATCOM continue to plan events with their counterparts. While much of this circumvents Ministry of Defense and General Staff apparatus, it is evident that the lack of a signed plan is currently not impacting ongoing contacts.
- The overall goal remains to "normalize" the military-to-military relationship. Therefore, it is important to support USEUCOM as the lead for military contacts with Russia (as with all other nations in that AOR) and allow time for the relationship with the Russian General Staff to develop.

COORDINATION: None

Attachment: As stated

Prepared By: LTG G. W. Casey, USA; Director for Strategic Plans and Policy (b)(6)

December 30, 2002 11:59 AM

TO:	Gen. Myers
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld DA
SUBJECT:	Russia
Please take a the contact.	look at this paper on Russia. My instinct is to stick with EUCOM as
Let's talk.	
Thanks.	
Attach. 12/18/02 DATT	Moscow paper: "A Way Ahead on US-Russian Military Contact Plan"
DHR: th	er).doc
7V	

A Way Ahead on US-Russian Military Contact Plan

Situation. During the December visit of Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, General Myers, to Russian Chief of General Staff, General Kvashnin, Kvashnin verbalized what the US side has been hearing in whispers since about November. The Russian Chief of the General Staff does not like the shift of responsibilities from Joint Staff to European Command Staff for coordinating our mutual contact plan. Saying that he "does not accept the change," Kvashnin said he had directed his First Deputy, General Baluyevskiy, to work with whomever General Myers nominated to work out the details of how to resolve the disconnect. Both the Chairman and Kvashnin left the subject for further discussion by their deputies. The question now is how to proceed with 2003 contacts.

The position taken by General Kvashnin actually places the General Staff and Russian military services in a tough spot. is the Russian side, which needs an agreed contact plan more than the American side. The Russian General Staff first and foremost wants to exercise central control over the coordination and planning process, a requirement that a single overarching contact plan helps satisfy. Secondly, the Services need an agreed contact plan, because the document becomes the justification for allocation of funding from the General Staff to the Services for contacts, trips, and activities with the US military. Without the plan, the Services must fund their own activities from their operating budget or rely on US funding. Pinally, the plan provides justification for Service Chiefs who work for Kvashnin to request permission for themselves and their subordinates to participate in joint activities and travel abroad. Kvashnin personally approves all requests by general officers to travel abroad, and he has been known to cancel their travel days before an event.

Kvashnin's announcement that he does not accept the new US conditions for coordinating and planning contacts, comes at an awkward time for both sides, but especially for the Russian side. The US side has already planned for its expenses by and large and in many cases has penciled activities into the operational and training calendars. The Russian side, which starts its operational year on 1 January, is behind the power curve. Proposals by the Russian Services for events should have been submitted to the General Staff in November and incorporated into the 2003 plan already. USDAO Moscow knows that the General Staff is already working on the 2003 plan, because the Staff has

For Official Use Only

For Official Use Only

translated the EUCOM draft plan for discussion within MoD and has distributed it to the Services. In fact, the Ground Forces have already provided the General Staff their response for 2003 and given a copy to DAO Moscow. Some joint activities are already being worked between US and Russian organizations. For example, the Ground Forces have accepted several events including participation in two MREs and a visit by Chief of Ground Forces to the Chief of the US Army. The Russian Air Force CINC has accepted a visit to USAFE Commander sometime in the spring. The lack of an agreed plan is not completely halting coordination, but it will undoubtedly slow development of new contacts.

Next Steps. The US side can proceed in several ways toward contacts in 2003. USDAO Moscow suggests that the first step should be a good faith effort to attend any meeting with General Baluyevskiy that the Russian side proposes. Since the proposal for this meeting comes from General Kyashnin, there is no imperative on the US side to call for or arrange the meeting, but the Chairman did give his verbal consent to sending a representative to such a meeting. A good choice to represent the Chairman would be General Wald, new Deputy Commander of That would reinforce a relationship established already by General Fulford and would support the goal of promoting EUCOM as the main point of contact for military contacts. meeting will afford the US side another opportunity to minimize the role of an overarching plan and to push for a more flexible and normalized coordination process. A process that gives EUCOM the freedom and authority to coordinate all the requirements for military contact with Russia (PACOM, CENTCOM, STRATCOM, Services, etc.). While Joint Staff waits for a Russia proposal for a Baluyevskiy-level meeting, EUCOM can proceed with its various proposals (coordinated among the various US organizations that have military contacts with Russia) that have been already been passing directly to Services and Military Districts since this past summer. These initiatives include letters from component commanders offering exchanges and training as well as recommendations for operational combined activities and programs such as IMET. USDAO Moscow can continue passing and following up on these activities. The top-down pressure from Putin and MinDef on the Russian military to maintain good relations will continue to work in our favor. USDAO Moscow believes that, if US commands can allow the Russian side some time to work through its position, the US will get a more flexible process than previously existed.

For Official Use Only

Prepared by BG K. Ryan USDAO Moscow, Russia 18 Dec 2002

11-L-0559/OSD14448



UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE 4000 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301-4000

2002 THE 17 PR 7: 83

INFO MEMO

January 16, 2003 – 1:00 PM

FOR:

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM:

DR. DAVID S. C. CHU, UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

(PERSONNEL AND READINESS) MICHAUL Cha 16 Ton 03

SUBJECT:

Coordination with the Department of Veterans Affairs—

SNOWFLAKE (TAB A)

I believe we've established an excellent relationship with the VA:

- Together we've helped shape a very constructive interim report by the Presidential Task Force to Improve Health Care Delivery for our Nation's Veterans. Its final report is due in March, and we expect it to call for institutionalizing the rejuvenated DoD-VA relationship.
- Central to that relationship is the Joint Executive Council that we established with the VA Deputy Secretary, to oversee the existing Health Executive Council, and a newly established Benefits Executive Council. Together these have:
 - Concluded an agreement establishing a single discounted rate for the provision of medical services by VA to DoD and vice versa. We believe it will encourage the efficient sharing of resources.
 - Initiated a system for the transfer of protected electronic health information (so we can send veterans' service health records to the VA electronically)
 - Facilitated procurement sharing arrangements under which we either buy together, or one uses the preferential procurement arrangements of the other (for example, we will be using the VA's access to better drug prices)

- Provided a forum for deciding the administration of "Purple Heart Plus," the program Congress enacted in lieu of concurrent receipt. We hope this forum can be used to revamp the overall disability program in a way that focuses funds on those injured by military service. (Congress' recent direction focused on conditions associated with the aging process, including a bill this year that will make hearing loss presumptively a service connected disability for many)
- DoD and VA are collaborating on future facilities planning, through a Strategic Planning Executive Steering Committee we have created, and through a coordinated approach to our BRAC process and the VA's analogous process "Capital Asset Realignment for Enhancement of Services (CARES).
- We are also collaborating on deployment health issues—i.e., anticipating the
 concerns raised after the last Persian Gulf War that became known as "Gulf
 War Illness."

Attachment: As stated

Prepared by: Dr. William Winkenwerder, Jr., MD, ASD (Health Affairs)

TAB

A

December 23, 2002 4:10 PM

TO:

David Chu

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld M

SUBJECT: Coordination with VA

The President wants a progress report on how we are doing with the Veterans Administration and Toni Principi on coordinating and cooperating our activities. Please give me a report by January 8.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 122302-49

Please respond by 01/08/03

TO:

Dr. Winkenwerder

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Amphetamines

Have you looked into the issue of giving amphetamines to pilots? What are your thoughts?

£

Thanks.

DHR dh 010703-13

Please respond by 11/24/2

7 Jan 03

HEALTH AFFAIRS

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

1200 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1200

INFO MEMO

OCT 16 2002

FROM. William Winkenwerder, Jr., MD, ASD (Health Affairs)

SUBJECT. Operational Use of Dextroamphetamine in Pilots

- You asked, "Why don't you get some folks to think about it a little bit?"
 in reference to operational use of dextroamphetamine by pilots. (TAB A)
 My staff called a meeting of Army, Navy, and Air Force medical
 specialists to review this practice
- Fatigue is linked to an average of ten Air Force class A aviation mishaps and several fatalities each year
- The remedy for fatigue is adequate sleep. However, sleep is not always
 possible. For example, two-man B-2 bomber missions from Whiteman
 AFB to Central Asia require in excess of 48 hours of continuous flight
- When fatigue countermeasures, such as adjusting sleep patterns, in-flight
 naps and exercise, fail, pharmaceuticals can aid the pilot in completing
 the critical mission. Dextroamphetamine is the most effective of the
 drugs available and is safe when properly used. The use of these
 medications is closely supervised by medics and the line, and supported
 by experience, research and mission requirements. No aviation mishaps
 have been attributed to use of fatigue management medications.
- The Army, Navy and Air Force have strict policies on use of stimulant medications to maintain performance during long or frequent operational flights. Each allows use of stimulants only as a last resort.
- Pilots also undergo extensive ground-testing to preclude inadvertent complications before they are "cleared" to use controlled stimulant medications. Unused doses are returned and accounted for to preclude non-operational diversion of the medications.
- Based on this review, my medical opinion is that the practice is limited, acceptable in support of certain military missions, and is well controlled.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Attachments. As stated

Prepared by COL James M Benge, C&PP, (b)(6)
PCDOCS# 41751,

September 30, 2002 9:32 AM

TO:

Bill Winkenwerder

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Dextroamphetamine

I just can't believe using these pills is a good idea. Why don't you get some folks to think about it a little bit? I admit I've got kind of a bias against putting things into your body unless you absolutely have to, but please take a look at it.

Thanks.

Attach.

09/06/02 ASD (Health Affairs) memo to SecDef re: Operational Use of Dextroamphetamine in Aviators [U14912-02]

OHR:dh 093002-4

Please respond by 1:12 : | 02

Dr.7 -

Thoughts? Amy possibility we could (should?) develop Policy with tighter quidelies for use of these pills? I fend to agree we see Def Pla. respond whim 5 business days.

MEALTH AFFAIR

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, D C 20301-1200

INFO MEMO

SEP 6 2002

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: William Winkenwerder, Jr. MD, ASD (Health Affairs)

SUBJECT: Operational Use of Dextroamphetamine in Aviators

- You directed that we "look into this business about pilots using amphetamines." (TAB A)
- Dextroamphetamine, known as "go pills," has been used by military aviators
 since World War II to counter the effects of fatigue during combat operations.
 It is only used if alternatives such as adjusting sleep patterns, in-flight naps or
 exercise are either unsuccessful or not an option. There have been no reported
 safety incidents involving aircrew members' use of "go pills."
- The wing commander, or deployed commander equivalent, in consultation
 with the senior flight surgeon, determines if the use of Dextroamphetamine is
 medically warranted. The authorization for its use is time and/or mission
 specific.
- Countering pilot fatigue is an "off label" use of Dextroamphetamine; informed
 consent is necessary from the crew member. Commanders may not order its
 use. There is no penalty, punishment, loss of benefits, or adverse action of any
 kind for those who decline the use of stimulants. Ground testing prior to
 combat use and rigorous accountability measures must also be in place.
- Military medical research laboratories are currently studying alternative drugs to effectively combat pilot fatigue, including Modafinil, a Food and Drug Administration approved medication used to treat narcolepsy.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Prepared by: COL John Powers, C&PP, (b)(6) PCDOCS# 40336, 40197

8:29 AM C

David Chu

Donald Rumsfeld

August 8, 2002

ਗ਼¢CT:

Please look into this business about pilots using amphetamines. I don't think that is a good idea. What's going on?

Thanks.

DHB/344 080902.02

Please respond by: 825/02

U14910-02





DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY





ACTION MEMO

U-2791/DO-5

January 16, 2003, 6:00 PM

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

DepSec Action_____

FROM, L. E. Jacoby, Vice Admiral, USN, Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

SUBJECT: Defense Attaché Paris

- The U.S. Air Force (USAF) plans to move the defense attaché (DATT) Paris, Brigadier General Felix Dupre, USAF, in February, prior to his promotion to Major General.
- The options for replacing General Dupre are to send another O-7 to Paris or to designate one of the O-6 service attaches assigned in Paris as acting DATT.
- The USAF does not have a language-qualified O-7 available to complete the remainder of General Dupre's assignment as DATT.
- If a flag officer entered attaché training in early January 2003, he/she would graduate in late April 2003 and would require an additional 6 months of language training.
- The proposed legislative change as drafted by the OSD General Counsel to remove the Title 10 requirement that the DATT Paris be an O-7 is attached at TAB A.
- The DATT Paris was an Army general officer from 1965 to 1989 and an Army O-6 from 1992 to 2000.

RECOMMEND THAT YOU APPROVE:

2 port

 Naming the Army attaché, Colonel Ralph Steinke, as acting DATT upon General Dupre's departure, until legislative resolution of the Title 10 O-7 requirement.

s 7 (

21245 OF

As a contingency, pending a change in the Title 10 requirement, Army identify an O-7 to assume the DATT position no earlier than summer 2004.

JAN / 8 2003

ALKER .

Revert the DATT Paris position to an O-6 billet filled by Army foreign area officers, if the Title 10 O-7 requirement is lifted.

JAN 18 2003

1/18

Attachments: As stated

Prepared by: Ms. Beth Wald, Office of Plans, Programs, and Policy, (b)(6)

18,200

an ou

1) Draft Legislative Language:

SEC. ____. REPEAL OF REQUIRED GRADE FOR DEFENSE ATTACHE IN FRANCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 714 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter

41 of that title is amended by striking the item relating to section 714.

Section-by-Section Analysis

Repeal of this provision will eliminate the requirement that only one-star military officers or those selected for promotion to that grade may be selected as defense attache to the United States embassy in France. Following this repeal, the Secretary of Defense may assign an officer to the position of defense attache to the United States embassy in France in the grade that the Secretary determines to be most appropriate. This repeal will permit the Secretary to dedicate scarce general/flag officer assets in ways that he determines are most heneficial to the Department of Defense.

Snowflake

1111

August 20, 2002 7:17 AM

VCJES chop on this action are marginal notes, left side of the paper

TO:

General Myers

CC:

RADM Jacoby

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Flag Defense Attachés

I would like to stop the assignment of Dupré to Paris. I don't think a two-star is appropriate.

I think we ought to assign an O-6 so we don't end up with a two-star there if he gets promoted.

I will ask the General Counsel to prepare a proposal to change the law, so we can go back to an O-6, as in other countries.

Thanks.

Attach.

08/19/02 DIA memo to SecDef re: Flag Defense Attachés

DHR:dh 081902-45

Please respond by 09/06/02

- Response Atlachest

(Refuse & Meno as rear

August 15, 2002 4:15 PM

Snowflake

TO:

RADM Jacoby

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Defense Attachés

I understand we have a two-star defense attaché in Paris. What is normal in a country like France—an O-6? Do we have two-stars anywhere else, or are there one-stars in China and Russia?

Please advise. I want to talk to Senator Warner about this soon.

Thanks.			
DHR:dh 061502-23		 	
Please respond by	08/20/02	 - 	-



THE VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999

ACTION MEMO

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE	DepSec Action
FROM: General Peter Pace, VCJCS / 6/22	August 22, 2002 GFO 289/74-02
SUBJECT: Defense Attaché - France	

- You asked Gen Myers to stop the assignment of Brig Gen Felix Dupre, USAF, as the Defense Attache (DATT) France (TAB) in order to avoid having a two star fill this position. Brig Gen Dupre is projected to be promoted to Major General in June 2003.
- I certainly agree that the DATT-France position should be downgraded to a Colonel and fully support your legislative proposal to change the law that currently requires the grade to be an O-7. However, in the interim, recommend Brig Gen Dupre continue with his scheduled assignment based on the timing of your request.
- Brig Gen Dupre is already in France. He has relocated his family and received his household goods. He is currently scheduled to assume the position on 4 September. In addition, Brig Gen and Mrs. Dupre both just completed four months of extensive preparation and training at the Defense Intelligence Agency. The incumbent, RADM Larry Poe, has also shipped his household goods and is preparing to retire.
- In light of these circumstances, recommend Brig Gen Dupre be allowed to serve as DATT-France until his promotion to Major General. This solution avoids a two-star in the position and alleviates undue personal hardship for General Dupre and his family, while affording the department sufficient time to amend the legislation and adequately prepare his replacement.
 - The Air Force concurs with curtailing his assignment.

RECOMMENDATION: SecDef approve the assignment of Brig Gen Dupre to be Defense Attaché – France until the month prior to his effective promotion date to Major General (currently projected as May 2003).

COORDINATION: NONE	
Attachments; As stated	
Prepared By: Colonel Julia K. Sennewald, USA, Spec Asst for G/FO Matters, (b)(6)	

SECDEF DECISIONSEP	3 2002	U13869 02
Approve	Disapprove	Other
•	11-L-0559/OSD14462	11/3869.02



THE VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999

ACTION MEMO

10

ALL S DE STATE OF THE STATE OF	2007 AUG 23 PM 12: 1 (
FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE	DepSec Action
FROM: General Peter Pace, VCJCS 14 12	August 22, 2002 GFO 289/74-02
SUBJECT: Defense Attaché - France	
 You asked Gen Myers to stop the assignment of Defense Attache (DATT) - France (TAB) in order to Brig Gen Dupre is projected to be promoted to Major 	avoid having a two star fill this position.
• I certainly agree that the DATT-France position fully support your legislative proposal to change the last an O-7. However, in the interim, recommend Brig General assignment based on the timing of your request.	aw that currently requires the grade to be
 Brig Gen Dupre is already in France. He has rehousehold goods. He is currently scheduled to assume addition, Brig Gen and Mrs. Dupre both just complete and training at the Defense Intelligence Agency. The shipped his household goods and is preparing to retire 	e the position on 4 September. In ad four months of extensive preparation incumbent, RADM Larry Poe, has also
• In light of these circumstances, recommend Br DATT-France until his promotion to Major General. position and alleviates undue personal hardship for Ge affording the department sufficient time to amend the replacement.	This solution avoids a two-star in the eneral Dupre and his family, while
The Air Force concurs with curtailing his assig	nment.
RECOMMENDATION: SecDef approve the assignment Attaché – France until the month prior to his effective (currently projected as May 2003).	
COORDINATION: NONE	
Attachments: As stated	
Prepared By: Colonel Julia K. Sennewald, USA, Spec	: Asst for G/FO Matters
SECDEF DECISION	
ApproveDisapprove 11-L-0559/OSD1	Other

SECDEF HAS SEEN 8/19
AUG 1 9 2002 48/1

INFO MEMO

U-090/DR

August 19, 2002

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Acting Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

SUBJECT: Flag Defense Attachés

Sir, you noted that we have a two-star defense attaché (DATT) in Paris and asked what rank DATT would normally be assigned to a country like France, whether two-stars are assigned to any other country, and if one-stars are assigned in China and Russia.

(horse)

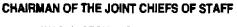
Public Law 105-85 of Nov 1997 specified the DATT in France hold (or be on the promotion list for promotion to) the grade of one-star. The law was the result of Sen Warner's promise to Amb Harriman in France to enact this change.

- Sen Warner pressed the Department to fill with a one-star. Eventually RADM Larry Poe, a Reserve two-star assigned to ASD(C3I) as a civilian, was activated and assigned as DATT. He arrived in Jul 2000 and is scheduled to depart in Sep 2002.
- The previous DATT was an Army O-6. At various times in the past there were Flag/General officers assigned to France.
- Brig Gen Felix Dupre, USAF, is scheduled to replace RADM Poe. Brig Gen
 Dupre is a two-star select. He was assigned as Military Assistant to SACEUR,
 GEN Ralston, from Apr 2000 to Mar 2002. Dupre is fluent in French.
- The other one-star DATT positions are in Russia and China. Both are filled with one-stars. France is the only country with a two-star.
- DATT assignments equivalent to France (U.K., Germany, Italy, Australia, Japan for example) are O-6's.

COORDINATION: NONE.

Prepared By: RADM L.E. Jacoby, Rear Admiral, U.S. Navy









INFO MEMO

CM-728-03 22 January 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJC 4741121

SUBJECT: Staff Reductions

- In response to your request (TAB) for opinions on initiating an outside review of the OSD and Joint Staff, concur in the idea for an independent study to gain efficiencies, reduce duplication and potentially free assets to meet future challenges. In addition, Larry Welch is, without a doubt, the right person to take a look at this issue.
- It would be beneficial to have full Joint Staff participation in this effort to include
 the development of the terms of reference, the selection of team members, and the
 review and implementation of any study recommendations. Regardless of our
 challenges while prosecuting the Global War on Terrorism, please be assured of
 our support for this study initiative.

COORDINATION: NONE

Attachment: As stated

Prepared By: Brig Gen Maria I. Cribbs, USAF; Director, J-1 (b)(6)

January 2, 2003 1:05 PM

TO:

Gen. Myers

Gen. Pace

CC.

FROM:

Paul Wolphitz
Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Staff Reductions

I am inclined to get someone outside to take a look at OSD and Joint Staff reductions. We have now have Ken Krieg's and Arnold Punaro's ideas. My instinct is to get Larry Welch to put together a small group of folks who have worked on the Joint Staff and in OSD and help us figure out a way how we can cut down the size of this place and stop duplicating everything.

Please let me know what you think. I would like to get on with it fast.

Thanks.			
DHR:ժክ 010203-31			
Please respond by	7 / 7 / 3		 ,,,,,,

TO:

Gen. Myers

Gen. Pace

CC.

PAUL WOLFOUTZ

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Staff Reductions

I am inclined to get someone outside to take a look at OSD and Joint Staff reductions. We have now have Ken Krieg's and Arnold Punaro's ideas. My instinct is to get Larry Welch to put together a small group of folks who have worked on the Joint Staff and in OSD and help us figure out a way how we can cut down the size of this place and stop duplicating everything.

Æ

Please let me know what you think. I would like to get on with it fast.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 010203-31

2 Jano

SO QU

January 22, 2003 9:38 AM

TO:

Honorable Anthony J. Principi

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld ()

SUBJECT:

Statement

I am sure you have seen the flap. Here is the statement I issued. I hope you can give me a hand by calling some of your friends in the veterans' organizations.

The most active ones on this issue apparently are the Vietnam Veterans of America and the national office of the American Legion.

Thanks so much for any help you can provide.

Regards,

Attach.

01/21/03 SecDef statement, DoD Press Release No. 029-03

DHR:dh 012203-5 (2C)



United States Department of Defense

News Release

On the web: http://www.defenschipk.mil

Media contact: media@defenselink.mil or +1 (703) 697-5131 Public contact: public@defenselink.mil or +1 (703) 428-0711

IMMEDIATE RELEASE

No. 029-0. January 21, 200.

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE STATEMENT ON THE DRAFT

During a recent press briefing at the Pentagon, a reporter asked my views on the old military draft system. Although not eloquently stated, I responded to the question in part as follows:

"If you think back to when we had the draft, people were brought in, they were paid some fraction of what they could make in the civilian manpower market, because they were without choices. Big categories [of people] were exempted-people that were in college, people that were teaching, people that were married... And what was left [those who were not exempted] were sucked into the intake, trained for a period of months and then went out, adding no value, no advantage really, to the United States Armed Services over any sustained period of time, because (of) the churning that took place - it took an enormous amount of effort in terms of training and then they were gone."

Again, my statement was not eloquent. A few columnists and others, though, have suggested that those words were intended to mean that draftees added no value to the military. That is not true. I did not say they added no value while they were serving. They added great value. I was commenting on the loss of that value when they left the service. I certainly had no intention of saying what has been reported, or of leaving that impression. Hundreds of thousands of military draftees served over years with great distinction and valor - many being wounded and still others killed.

The last thing I would want to do would be to disparage the service of those draftees. I always have had the highest respect for their service, and I offer my full apology to any veteran who misinterpreted my remarks when I said them, or who may have read any of the articles or columns that have attempted to take my words and suggest they were disparaging.

The intent of my comments was to reflect a view I have held for some time: that we should lengthen tours of duty and careers for our all-volunteer forces, so that these highly trained men and women in uniform can serve in specific assignments longer, and also not be forced to leave the service when they are at the peak of their skills and knowledge.

It is painful for anyone, and certainly a public servant whose words are carried far and wide, to have a comment so unfortunately misinterpreted.

It is particularly troubling for me that there are truly outstanding men and women in uniform or their families -- past and present -- who may believe that the Secretary of Defense would say or mean what some have written. I did not. I would not.

I hope this deeply felt statement reaches those who have served those who are serving, and their families.

http://www.defenselink.mil/news/Jan2003/b01212003_bt029-03.html

January 21, 2003 2:03 PM

TO:

Honorable George Tenet

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld ()

SUBJECT:

UAVs

Are we focusing the right amount of collection assets on UAVs?

£

Thanks.

DHR:dh 012103-10

272 311 24 31 7: 42

January 21, 2003 7:02 AM

TO:

Pete Aldridge

CC:

Gen. Myers

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld 7 1

SUBJECT:

Combat Support Agency Review Team

Here is a memo and summary of a study the Joint Staff did on the DLA. Why don't you look it over and suggest how we should proceed?

Thanks.

Attach.

11/13/02 CJCS memo to SecDef re: CSART [U00063/03]

012103-1

Please respond by $\frac{02(21)03}{}$



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999 ACTION MEMO

CH-607-02 13 November 2002

JAN 2 1 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

DepSec Action _____

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJC 4/11/9

SUBJECT: 2002 Combat Support Agency Review Team (CSART) Assessment of the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA)

- Title 10, United States Code, section 193, requires a biennial assessment of the combat support agencies' responsiveness and readiness to support operating forces in the event of war or threat to national security. The CSART recently completed its assessment of DLA.
- DLA is ready to execute its mission to support the operating forces as specified in current operations and concept plans, and is responsive to the current requirements of DOD combatant commands. Of particular note, DLA received high marks for bulk fuel and provisioning support to Operation ENDURING FREEDOM.
- However, combatant commands are not confident that the current in-transit
 visibility (ITV) system is capable of providing logistic visibility from the depot to
 the field unit during a contingency. Although there are a number of plans
 addressing asset visibility and ITV, there is no comprehensive DOD strategy to
 improve and integrate ITV across the Department of Defense. Recommend the
 Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology and Logistics develop a
 long-term strategy for improving asset visibility for the joint warfighter.
- I have forwarded the report to the relevant parties for information, and have already directed the implementation of those report recommendations within my authority (TAB A). Attached for your information is a copy of the DLA executive summary (TAB B).

building (1125 b).	
-(TAB C) forwarding the summary	your signature on the enclosed proposed memorandum-
COORDINATION: TAB D	Sected Recommend you consider The attached memo.
Attachments: As stated	The attended memo. Diketer
Prepared By: LtGen James E. Car	rtwright, USMC; Director, J-8; (b)(6)



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999

CM-609-02 13 November 2002

MEMORANDUM FOR: Commander, US Northern Command

Commander, US Transportation Command Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition,

Technology, and Logistics

Director, Defense Logistics Agency Director, Defense Information Systems

Agency

Subject: 2002 Combat Support Agency Review Team (CSART) Assessment of

the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA)

1. Title 10, United States Code, section 193, requires a biennial assessment of the combat support agencies' responsiveness and readiness to support operating forces in the event of war or threat to national security. The CSART recently completed its assessment of DLA.

- 2. DLA is ready to execute its mission to support the operating forces as specified in current operations and concept plans, and is responsive to the current requirement of DOD combatant commands. Of note, DLA received high marks for bulk fuel and provisioning support to Operation ENDURING FREEDOM. A summary of the findings and the executive summary of the report have been forwarded to the Secretary of Defense.
- 3. The enclosed specific recommendations to improve DLA's readiness have my support for implementation. The Joint Staff has initiated actions as a result of the assessment. A copy of the final report is enclosed for your information; a formal tasker from the Office of the Secretary of Defense will be provided later.

RICHARD B. MERS

Chairman

of the Joint Chiefs of Staff

Enclosure

Copy to:

Commander, USCENTCOM
Commander, USEUCOM
Commander, USJFCOM
Commander, USPACOM
Commander, USSOUTHCOM
Commander, USSOCOM
Commander, USSTRATCOM
Army Operations Deputy
Navy Operations Deputy
Air Force Operations Deputy
Marine Corps Operations Deputy
Director for Logistics, Joint Staff
Director for Operational Plans
and Joint Force Development,
Joint Staff

TAB B

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY COMBAT SUPPORT AGENCY REVIEW TEAM 2002 REPORT ON THE DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY

- 1. Overall. The Combat Support Agency Review Team (CSART) assessed the readiness and responsiveness of the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) to support the operating forces in accordance with title 10, United States Code, section 193. The CSART found DLA to be ready and responsive to provide logistic supply support to all CONPLANs and OPLANs with minor discrepancies. DLA also participates satisfactorily in joint exercises. DLA is to be commended for significant improvements in customer support, supply support, bulk fuel management, and provisioning support to operating forces. Detailed findings and recommendations are contained in the enclosure to TAB C.
- 2. <u>Combat Support Readiness</u>. DLA's combat support strength lies in its supply chain management processes. DLA supports contingency operation logistic requirements with a mix of depot stocks, commercial industry, and host-nation support using both military and commercial transportation to deliver supplies. The primary DLA risk to readiness is the constraint imposed on both military and commercial transportation networks into a theater of war.
- a. DLA has several major opportunities for increasing its contribution to the support of the warfighter. It can improve command confidence in the commercial capabilities of the supply chain management process by developing and exercising contingency plans in the event of a computer network attack against the DLA commercial industrial base and exercising medical prime vendors' ability to surge for a large contingency. Achieving the DOD 85 percent availability goal for aviation repair parts is the major contribution DLA can make to assist the commands and Services in increasing the readiness rates of their aircraft.
- b. The economic pressures on DLA to downsize and consolidate inventories, while still meeting a high state of logistic readiness, are the greatest threats to readiness. This is a result of DOD budget constraints and expectations for DLA to mirror commercial business operations. Balancing these demands with readiness is the greatest challenge facing the Director, DLA. Applying commercial concepts such as the Army's Velocity Management and the Air Force's Lean Logistics offer the opportunity for increased readiness. The Department of Defense can support DLA efforts to move commercial business operations while balancing readiness by reestablishing an overarching actionable DOD strategic plan for asset visibility. However, implementing these concepts must be assessed against the risk incurred in regions where austere environments and inadequate commercial hubs limit delivery modes and commercial suppliers.

- 3. <u>Assessment Criteria</u>. The CSART evaluated DLA in the seven assessment areas summarized below.
- a. <u>Contingency Operations</u>. Based upon its support to on-going and recent contingencies, DLA is ready to support similar level contingency operations. However, no recent contingency has fully challenged DLA's supply chain management capability as might be expected in the execution of multiple major conflicts as envisioned in the future.
- b. Deliberate and Crisis Planning Support. DLA is assigned tasks in the all-regional combatant command OPLANs and CONPLANs. DLA is an active participant in the Joint Planning and Execution Community (JPEC) and has active headquarters and field-level planning elements. Its participation in the JPEC, review of combatant command plans for supportability, and development of internal plans are indicators that DLA properly plans for success. However, there are areas where DLA, the Joint Staff, and the combatant commands can improve the planning process.
- c. Exercise and Training Support. Recent involvement in CJCS and combatant command exercises indicates DLA is poised to provide responsive and effective support to the major OPLANs and CONPLANs. However, combatant commands are requesting DLA to assume a greater role in educating and training their staffs.
- d. <u>Security Cooperation Support</u>. The combatant commands have assigned DLA no security cooperation missions in their theater engagement plans, although DLA is an active participant in theater engagement planning conferences.
- e. <u>Supply Support</u>. Combatant commands believe DLA is ready to provide Class II (clothing, individual equipment, tents, tool sets, and administrative and housekeeping items); Class IV (construction materials); Class VI (personal demand items); Class VIII (medical supplies); and Class IX (consumable repair parts and components for equipment maintenance) supplies. However, there is room for DLA to improve the support for Class IX consumable aviation repair parts, Class VIII medical prime vendor support, and for the Department of Defense to improve in transit visibility (ITV) for all deliveries.
- f. <u>Bulk Fuel Support</u>. DLA is responsive regarding fuel support and has repeatedly demonstrated the ability to meet all Class III requirements. The combatant commands, particularly the USCENTCOM/J-4, praised DLA and its field level activity, the Defense Energy Support Center, for its fuel support.
- g. <u>Provisioning Support</u>. DLA is responsive in providing provisioning support (Class I). In particular, USCENTCOM cited DLA for excellent provisioning support during Operation ENDURING FREEDOM.



THE SECRETARY OF C 1000 DEFENSE PENTA WASHINGTON, DC 2030

Col 3/1

Net interfront.

Mr.

Mr.

MEMORANDUM FOR CHAIRMAN OF THE JOIN UNDER SECRETARY OF 1 TECHNOLOGY, AND I DIRECTOR, DEFENSE INI AGENCY DIRECTOR, DEFENSE LOGÍSTICS AGENCY

SUBJECT: 2002 Combat Support Agency Review Team (CSART) Assessment of the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA)

Title 10, United States Code, section 193/requires the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to conduct a biennial assessment of gombat support agencies' responsiveness and readiness to support operating forces in the event of war or threat to national security.

The CSART conducted the DLA assessment in calendar year 2002 which contains specific recommendations for improving DLA readiness and has my support for implementation. A summary of findings and recommendations is attached.

I commend the Director, DLA, for exceptional bulk fuel and provisioning support during Operation ENDURING FREEDOM. I particularly agree with the findings on intransit visibility (ITV) and aviation repair parts. DOD efforts to establish ITV are critical to US warfighting capability. Request the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics develop a long-term strategy for improving asset visibility for the joint warfighter within the Department of Defense. Addresses should provide the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff an update on recommendations within three months and a complete status prior to the next scheduled CSART assessment of DLA in January 2004.

Attachment: As stated



Copy to:

CSA

CNO

CSAF

CMC

Commander, USCENTCOM

Commander, USEUCOM

Commander, USJFCOM

Commander, USNORTHCOM

Commander, USPACOM

Commander, USSOUTHCOM

Commander, USSOCOM

Commander, USSTRATCOM

Commander, USTRANSCOM

CJCS, ATTN: Director for Logistics,

Joint Staff

CJCS, ATTN: Director for

Operational Plans and Joint Force

Development, Joint Staff

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

*	FINDING	RECOMMENDATION SUMMARY	LEAD ACTION
-i	DLA Liaison Officers (LNOs). Increased combatant command operational tempo and DLA responsibilities have placed additional requirements that often exceed	Establish, train and exercise a cadre of LNOs that are available to immediately augment the current LNO support at a combatant command in the event of a crisis.	Director, DLA
	the capability of the current DLA LNOs.		
	DLA Secure Communications. Limited DLA secure communications risk operational security and hinder the combatant	 a. In coordination with DLA and DISA, develop and implement a DLA secure communications plan to reduce the secure communications shortfalls and risks. 	Joint Staff/J-6
	commands' ability to communicate with DLA.	 b. Submit a by-exception JMRR identifying DLA's secure communications shortfalls. 	Director, DLA
G	Commercial Delivery Concept. Commercial delivery concepts increase logistic risk in	a. Develop and implement a mitigation strategy that minimizes the risks of velocity management in an	Joint Staff/J-4
	theaters with undeveloped commercial transportation hubs.	undeveloped theater and incorporate said concepts in the next revision of CJCSI 3110.03A, "Logistic Supplement to the Joint Strategic Capabilities Plan."	
		 b. In coordination with HQ USTRANSCOM, identify areas where undeveloped infrastructure would restrict commercial deliveries. 	Director, DLA
		c. In coordination with HQ USTRANSCOM, develop a concept of logistic support for areas where undeveloped infrastructure would restrict commercial deliveries and, upon execution, incorporate concept into the logistic	Director, DLA
		support plan. d. In coordinate with the Services and Defense agencies, develop a strategy for the CONUS entry of contractor logistics support (CLS) into the DOD distribution pipeline. Implementation will be a Service/agency responsibility as program managers of programs and projects that utilize CLS.	Director, DLA

*	FINDING	PECOMMENDATION SITMWARV	LEAD ACTION
4.	Commercial Defensive Information	a. In coordination with Joint Staff/J-3 and J-6,	Director, DLA
	Operations. Commercial vendor computer systems are prone to computer network attack (CNA), which may impact DLA's procurement and distribution processes.	USSPACECOM and DISA, conduct an information operations risk assessment of DLA's commercial vendor Director, DLA base to determine DOD's vulnerability and develop requisite mitigation strategies. b. Incorporate training guidance in the next update of CJCSI 3500.02, "Joint Master Training Plan for the Armed Forces of the United States," to test the logistic community's response to a CNA on the commercial and unclassified networks.	Joint Staff/J-7
رن ن	Supply Support. Outdated logistic guidance for units deploying in contingency operations results in unclear timelines for when DLA sustainment	a. Review joint logistic guidelines for contingency operations to clearly define the supplies that units should deploy with in support of an operation and the expected timelines that DLA is expected to begin sustainment of supplies.	Joint Staff/J-4
		b. In coordination with Joint Staff/J-4 and J-7, develop an exercise and training strategy for DLA and the combatant commands to implement the logistical doctrine for contingency operations.	Director, DLA
ં છે	Training Support. Continuous DLA education is needed at the combatant commands due to personnel turnover rates.	a. Develop and execute a yearly DLA training program at each combatant command with the purpose of training staff members on DLA missions, function, roles, products, services, and capabilities. b. Establish and develop curriculum on DLA capability to be taught in Service and joint schools and courses.	Director, DLA Joint Staff/J-7
7.	Aviation Repair Parts. DLA meets the DOD's 85 percent aircraft repair parts supply availability goal for all Services, except for Air Force (Air Force should meet the goal by end FY 2003). DLA improved its aggregate availability percentage to 87.6	a. Joint Staff/J-4 assess the FY 2004–2009 Program Objective Memorandum (POM) to determine if sufficient resources are allocated DLA to meet and sustain the DOD 85 percent supply availability goal for aviation repair parts. Report any deficiencies to the Joint Readiness Oversight Council.	Joint Staff/J-4
	percent which is a 2.6 percentage increase from the last CSART. However, DLA is facing funding challenges and must	b. Ensure the strategy and implementation plan continually improves stocking policies, forecasting models, and contractor delivery performance for aviation	Director, DLA

4482	
SD1	
559/C	
-F-0	
-	

ment		
techniques in order to maintain performance at or above the goal. C. St. Revie part going	repair parts to increase DLA's supply availability to meet DOD 85 percent goal. c. Submit a by-exception Joint Monthly Readiness Review (JMRR) identifying DLA-managed aviation repair part availability shortfalls if the 85 percent goal is not going to be met.	Director, DLA
Medical Material Readiness. Exclusive a. Er reliance upon medical prime vendor suppliers increases the risks of not meeting Mater surge requirements for a large-scale broad contingency. Contingency. Broad and and and and and and and and and a	a. Ensures the implementation of the Joint Warfighter Capability Assessment Commercially Based Medical Materiel Readiness study recommendation to develop broad scope medical prime vendor contracts. b. Develop and execute realistic medical exercises to test and assess medical prime vendor surge capability with the goal of increasing the warfighter's confidence in the medical prime vendor's ability to surge. c. Submit a by-exception JMRR identifying medical prime vendor risks.	Director, DLA Director, DLA Director, DLA
In Transit Visibility. Incomplete implementation of ITV hinders the combatant commander's ability to obtain a term study complete logistic supply picture. Services Services Defense Services Defense Strategy c. In codevelop theater system. d. Devendate GTN syrequisit	a. Publish (in coordination with DLA, Joint Staff/J-4, Services, DLA, and the combatant commands) a long-term strategy for improving asset visibility for the joint warfighter within DOD. b. In coordination with USD(AT&L), DLA, Joint Staff J-4, Services and the combatant commands, revise the Defense ITV Integration Plan to align with the long-term strategy in Recommendation 9a above. c. In coordination with the combatant commands, develop and execute a strategy to incorporate intra-theater visibility into the Global Transportation Network system. d. Develop and implement a confirmation process that validates the accuracy of the information entered into the GTN system against actual supply data being requisitioned and feeder systems uploading data.	USD(AT&L) HQ USTRANSCOM USTRANSCOM HQ USTRANSCOM

TAB D

COORDINATION PAGE

USD(AT&L)	Hon. E. Aldridge	20 September 2002
HQ DLA	VADM K. Lippert	Briefed 4 September 2002
USA	Colonel S. Loving	14 August 2002
USN	Captain V. Andrews	14 August 2002
USAF	Colonel D. Estep	21 August 2002
USMC	Colonel A. Van Dyke	13 August 2002
USEUCOM	Colonel E. Kramer	25 August 2002
USCENTCOM	Colonel R. Radin	12 August 2002
USPACOM	Colonel K. Andrews	17 August 2002
USSOCOM	Colonel J. Hampton	20 August 2002
USJFCOM	Mr. K. Speights	14 August 2002
USSTRATCOM	Captain T. Purcell	16 August 2002
USSPACECOM	Colonel K. Selva	21 August 2002
USTRANSCOM	Maj Gen W. Welser	22 August 2002
USSOUTHCOM	Lieutenant Colonel R. D	iaz 29 July 2002
Joint Staff/J-1	Colonel C. Bowker	24 July 2002
Joint Staff/J-2	Mr. T. McNeil	24 July 2002
Joint Staff/J-3	Colonel R. Jassey	31 July 2002
Joint Staff/J-4	Colonel M. Stine	12 August 2002
Joint Staff/J-5	Captain D. McClain	2 August 2002
Joint Staff/J-6	Colonel R. Kenney	1 August 2002
Joint Staff/J-7	Colonel D. Laine	5 August 2002





DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

1010 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1010

March 6, 2003

MEMORANDUM FOR: CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

(ACQUISITION, TECHNOLOGY, AND LOGISTICS)
DIRECTOR, DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEMS AGENCY

DIRECTOR, DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY

SUBJECT: 2002 Combat Support Agency Review Team (CSART) Assessment of

The Defense Logistics Agency (DLA)

Title 10, United States Code, Section 193, requires the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to conduct a biennial assessment of combat support agencies' responsiveness and readiness to support operating forces in the event of war or threat to national security.

The CSART conducted the DLA assessment in calendar year 2002. The assessment contains specific recommendations for improving DLA readiness and has my support for implementation. A summary of findings and recommendations is enclosed.

I commend the Director, DLA, for exceptional bulk fuel and provisioning support during Operation ENDURING FREEDOM. With regard to the finding on in-transit visibility (ITV), the Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics) will continue to work with the combatant commands, the Military Departments and DLA on implementing the Future Logistics Enterprise (FLE). The FLE is transforming the underlying deployment and sustainment business processes of the combatant commands and the Military Services, as well as DLA, and is significantly improving the overall logistics support provided to the warfighter. Enhanced visibility is a by-product of these improvements.

Further, DLA shall have the recommended Readiness Improvement Initiatives identified in the enclosed Summary of Findings completed by September 2003.

Addressees should provide the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff an update on the completion of recommendations no later than May 15, 2003.

Enclosure: As stated

11-L-0559/0SD14484

Taul Wolffurte

U02257-03

CMAROS

Copy to:

CSA

CNO

CSAF

CMC

Commander, US Central Command

Commander, US European Command

Commander, US Joint Forces Command

Commander, US Northern Command

Commander, US Pacific Command

Commander, US Southern Command

Commander, US Special Operations Command

Commander, US STRATCOM

Commander, US Transportation Command

CJCS, Director for Logistics, Joint Staff

CJCS, Director for Operational Plans and

Joint Force Development, Joint Staff

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS CSART Assessment of DLA

*	FINDING	RECOMMENDATION SUMMARY	LEAD ACTION
- i	DLA Liaison Officers (LNOs). Increased combatant command operational tempo and DLA responsibilities have placed additional requirements that often exceed the capability of the current DLA LNOs.	Establish, train and exercise a cadre of LNOs that are available to immediately augment the current LNO support at a combatant command in the event of a crisis.	Director, DLA
2	DLA Secure Communications. Limited DLA secure communications risk operational security and hinder the combatant commands' ability to communicate with DLA.	a. In coordination with DLA and DISA, develop and implement a DLA secure communications plan to reduce the secure communications shortfalls and risks. b. Submit a by-exception JMRR identifying DLA's secure communications shortfalls.	Joint Staff/J-6 Director, DLA
က် က	Commercial Delivery Concept. Commercial delivery concepts increase logistic risk in theaters with undeveloped commercial transportation hubs.	a. Develop and implement a mitigation strategy that minimizes the risks of velocity management in an undeveloped theater and incorporate said concepts in the next revision of CJCSI 3110.03A, "Logistic Supplement to the Joint Strategic Capabilities Plan." b. In coordination with HQ USTRANSCOM, identify areas where undeveloped infrastructure would restrict commercial deliveries. c. In coordination with HQ USTRANSCOM, develop a concept of logistic support for areas where undeveloped infrastructure would restrict commercial deliveries and, upon execution, incorporate concept into the logistic support plan. d. In coordinate with the Services and Defense agencies, develop a strategy for the CONUS entry of contractor logistics support (CLS) into the DOD distribution pipeline. Implementation will be a Service/agency responsibility as program managers of programs and projects that utilize CLS.	Joint Staff/J-4 Director, DLA Director, DLA

#	FINDING	RECOMMENDATION SUMMARY	LEAD ACTION
4.	Commercial Defensive Information Operations. Commercial vendor computer systems are prone to computer network attack (CNA), which may impact DLA's procurement and distribution processes.	a. In coordination with Joint Staff/J-3 and J-6, USSPACECOM and DISA, conduct an information operations risk assessment of DLA's commercial vendor Director, DLA base to determine DOD's vulnerability and develop requisite mitigation strategies. b. Incorporate training guidance in the next update of CJCSI 3500.02, "Joint Master Training Plan for the Armed Forces of the United States," to test the logistic community's response to a CNA on the commercial and unclassified networks.	Director, DLA Joint Staff/J-7
.5.	Supply Support. Outdated logistic guidance for units deploying in contingency operations results in unclear timelines for when DLA sustainment	a. Review joint logistic guidelines for contingency operations to clearly define the supplies that units should deploy with in support of an operation and the expected timelines that DLA is expected to begin sustainment of supplies. b. In coordination with Joint Staff/J-4 and J-7, develop an exercise and training strategy for DLA and the combatant commands to implement the logistical doctrine for contingency operations.	Joint Staff/J-4 Director, DLA
.9	Training Support. Continuous DLA education is needed at the combatant commands due to personnel turnover rates.	 a. Develop and execute a yearly DLA training program at each combatant command with the purpose of training staff members on DLA missions, function, roles, products, services, and capabilities. b. Establish and develop curriculum on DLA capability to be taught in Service and joint schools and courses. 	Director, DLA Joint Staff/J-7
.7	Aviation Repair Parts. DLA meets the DOD's 85 percent aircraft repair parts supply availability goal for all Services, except for Air Force (Air Force should meet the goal by end FY 2003). DLA improved its aggregate availability percentage to 87.6 percent which is a 2.6 percentage increase from the last CSART. However, DLA is facing funding challenges and must	a. Joint Staff/J-4 assess the FY 2004-2009 Program Objective Memorandum (POM) to determine if sufficient resources are allocated DLA to meet and sustain the DOD 85 percent supply availability goal for aviation repair parts. Report any deficiencies to the Joint Readiness Oversight Council. b. Ensure the strategy and implementation plan continually improves stocking policies, forecasting models, and contractor delivery performance for aviation	Joint Staff/J-4 Director, DLA



SECRETARY OF THE WASHINGTON





INFO MEMO

203 月月 24 間 9: 24 January 21, 2003, 9:00 a.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

ZZ JAN 24 2003 FROM: Thomas E White, Secretary of the Army

SUBJECT: Report on Tank Operation

- This responds to your request to see a report after steps had been taken with respect to the Lima Tank operation, based on observations by former Secretary of the Treasury, Honorable Paul O'Neill, during a visit to Lima Army Tank Plant regarding underutilized capacity, plant management, and safety issues (Tab A).
- Lima Army Tank Plant is a Government-Owned, Contractor-Operated facility operated by General Dynamics Land Systems with oversight provided by the United States Army Tank-automotive and Armaments Command, and the in-plant Defense Contract Management Agency Office. This facility has diversified by applying its manufacturing capabilities to products beyond tanks. In addition to the Abrams tank produced for the Army and Egypt, they currently fabricate upper hull structures for the Stryker, complete structures for the Marine Corps' Advanced Amphibious Assault Vehicle, as well as gun turrets for Navy Cruisers. The facility is also used to assemble the Wolverine Heavy Assault Bridge and test the Stryker Anti-Tank Guided Missile variant.
- General Dynamics Land Systems currently employs 610 personnel at Lima Army Tank Plant, of which 90% operate on the first shift. Remaining personnel on other shifts are primarily dedicated to equipment and facility maintenance.
- Observations made by former Treasury Secretary O'Neill:
 - ➤ Observation 1: Lima Army Tank Plant was disorganized.

Response: The recent reductions in Abrams tank production requirements and the termination of the Crusader program have resulted in pockets of underutilized manufacturing space within the plant, leaving the facility not as efficient as it could be, and creating some facility maintenance issues. The pockets of manufacturing may have caused the perception of disorganization. However, it is important to note that within the current production operations

dedicated to the existing Abrams, Stryker, and other service programs, efficient operations are being used.

To address Lima Army Tank Plant's efficiency shortcomings and facility maintenance issues, a Contractor and Government team has been formed to review the methods by which we contract for management of facility operations. The objective of the team will be to introduce more efficient methods for operating the installation, to establish clearly understood standards for non-production related functions, and to gain better visibility over the installation operation costs. We invite your representatives to visit Lima Army Tank Plant in the June 2003 timeframe to see the results of these efforts.

The future of Lima Army Tank Plant beyond the current known projected workload is dependent on the Future Combat Systems (FCS). Lima Army Tank Plant is no longer exclusively dedicated to Heavy Combat Vehicle manufacturing. The facility is also being used for Medium/Light Vehicle manufacturing (i.e. Stryker and Advanced Amphibious Assault Vehicle component/structure fabrication) as outlined in the FCS Acquisition Strategy. Discussions with General Dynamics Land Systems indicates that they are considering using Lima Army Tank Plant for their Manned Ground System proposal to the Lead System Integrator for FCS. The Army has made a significant investment in Lima Army Tank Plant that can be used to offset FCS facilitization costs. The current planned workload can provide a bridge for Lima Army Tank Plant to be utilized in support of the FCS Program. In the event Lima Army Tank Plant is on the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) list, the Army must be prepared to make a significant investment in relocating Lima's capability. Non-Army customers would be forced to establish their own capability or support the Army relocation. FCS would lose the advantage of any facilitization cost savings associated with using Lima Army Tank Plant.

Observation 2: The plant appears to be an unsafe environment.

Response: General Dynamics Land Systems has an excellent safety record utilizing Lima Army Tank Plant. The appearance of an unsafe environment may have been attributed to: (1) retention of inactive equipment in place, (2) pockets of manufacturing activity, and (3) outstanding facility maintenance issues. Again, these problems are being worked by a Government/Contractor team.

SUBJECT: Report on Tank Operation

➤ Observation 3: People seemed to be standing around at the end of the shift.

Response: General Dynamics Land Systems' policy for hourly workers provides five minutes for wash up at lunchtime and five minutes at shift change. During Honorable O'Neill's visit, workers had cleaned up their workstations, and in some cases had moved to the checkout points, in accordance with their established labor standing operating procedures.

- > Observation 4: The production capacity was low.
- Response: Reduction in Abrams requirements has adversely affected the use of Lima Army Tank Plant capacity. Lima Army Tank Plant was designed to meet a surge rate requirement of 120 tanks per month on a 3/8/5 shift basis. However, today the plant is only funded to produce 10 per month on a 1/8/5 shift basis. General Dynamics Land Systems will utilize 45% of available Industrial Plant Equipment capacity/capability to meet FY03 requirements.
- Ongoing efforts to workload Lima Army Tank Plant:
 - General Dynamics Land Systems is incentivized to increase facility utilization through the use of a "Rent-Free Use" contract clause. This clause allows General Dynamics Land Systems to produce products for other DoD customers without an equipment usage charge.
 - > Foreign Military Sales tank requirements are being pursued by General Dynamics Land Systems that could potentially increase the plant's utilization. Possible customers are Taiwan and Turkey.
 - > The Army is exploring options to allow for introduction of non-DoD work into the plant as a means of further reducing overhead costs.
 - ➤ Lima Army Tank Plant's future is being evaluated as part of the upcoming BRAC and the Army's Transformation requirements, especially as it relates to FCS workload.

COORDINATION: NONE

Attachment: Memorandum from Secretary Rumsfeld, November 23, 2002, subj: Report on Tank Operation

Prepared By: Mr. Prince Young, Jr., (b)(6)

November 23, 2002 3:35 PM

TO:

Tom White

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Report on Tank Operation

I want to see a report after you have taken your steps with respect to the Lima tank operation.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 112302.12

Please respond by 12 20 | 82 01 | 09 | 03 (EXT. APPROVED BY 050) 01 | 22 | 03 (EXT. APPROVED BY 050)

January 24, 2003 11:27 AM

TO:

John McLaughlin

CC:

Honorable George Tenet

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

It was enormously helpful having you at that Senate presentation yesterday with Colin and me. Thanks for doing it.

335 50

DHR:dh 012403-13

January 22, 2003 10:38 AM

TO:

LTG Hayden

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Update

Thanks for the update on the Giesler project. I appreciate it.

DHR:dh 012203-12

Please respond by _____

January 22, 2003 10:25 AM

TO:

Honorable Colin Powell

Honorable Condoleezza Rice

CC:

Vice President Richard B. Cheney

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld TA

SUBJECT:

Funds

We need to think about "tin cupping" the world for the situation if we do end up using force in Iraq. Someone ought to be putting together a plan as to how we do it, so we can implement it near immediately.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 012203-11 Hran

22 Jan 03

January 21, 2003 7:08 AM

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld 🏻 🕅

SUBJECT:

Invitation and Response

Please see me on that invitation to speak to the McDonald's board. I am inclined not to do it, but I have to answer.

Also, I have to answer Penn James, who wrote me about J.J. Quinn.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 012103-2

Please respond by 01 24 03

001.155



THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20301-1200

INFO MEMO

JAN 2 4 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: William Winkenwerder, Jr., MD, Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health

Affairs)

SUBJECT: Response to Secretary of Defense about an Alignment between Armed Forces Institute of Pathology and the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences

- In the enclosed letter from Dr. Bernie Wagner, he suggests that "an alignment between the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology and the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences would reinforce the major strengths of both institutions and also result in significant cost savings for the Department of Defense." (TAB A)
- We agree with Dr. Wagner that there are potential educational advantages and economies to be gained from closer links between the two Department of Defense organizations. Indeed, in our recent response to the Program Analysis and Evaluation's study on the Program Decision Memorandum on the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology, we recommended that the Institute should increase formalized collaborations with or realign to become part of the Uniformed Services University of Health Sciences.
- We are taking steps to explore opportunities for improved collaboration this year with the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology Board of Governors and the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences Board of Regents.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Attachments: As stated

Prepared by: LTC E.C. Ritchie, C&PP, HA, (b)(6) PCDOCS #44679,44556

U01258-03

December 20, 2002 8:04 AM

TO:

David Chu

CC:

Larry Di Rita Ray DuBois

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

AFIP and USUHS

Please take a look at this letter from my friend, Dr. Bernie Wagner, and get back to me with an indication of what you think.

Thanks.

Attach.

11/21/02 Wagner ltr to SecDef

DHR:dh 122002-4

Please respond by 01/17/03

Start, Check of Ogst. Hellsek and soi if Wintenwarder has the achin and please Keysina informed.

Szi also my sicked que, hors.

220 12.23.02

Bernard M. Wagner, M.D.

Emericus Research Professor of Pathology New York University Medical Center

(b)(6)			

SECDEF HAS SEEN

DEC 2 0 2002

November 21, 2002

by when ?

Mr.Donald Rumsfeld Suite 405 400 North Michigan Avenue Chicago, Illinois 6061!

Dear Don:

The Armed Forces Institute of Pathology (AFIP), plays a vital role in our country's military preparedness. Virtually all of its programs are directly related to military readiness. Furthermore, many of these programs are unique in their specificity to the needs of DoD. For example, many cities, counties and states have forensic pathology programs. However, the Armed Forces Medical Examiner System is specifically designed to address the unique circumstances attendant to deaths among the military. As we have discussed in the past, the AFIP has the strongest group of pathologists in the world. Their expertise is focused not only upon the appropriate diagnosis and treatment of disease among military personnel but also the support of DoD in research of specific importance to the Armed Forces and the education of health professionals throughout the military health care system.

This education component of the AFIP's mission has prompted the recommendation that it be united with the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS). Careful examination of these two organizations reveals an amazing degree of possible synergy should they be combined. Such a combination would not only provide benefits to DoD and our country but could result in major cost savings.

In summary, the AFIP is vital to the mission of DoD in terms of military readiness, Force Health Protection and homeland security. The value of USUHS to DoD is well known and respected. An alignment between the AFIP and USUHS would reinforce the major strengths of both institutions and also result in significant cost savings for DoD. I served for 15 years as a member of the Committee on Toxicology, National Academy of Sciences. During this time, the DoD was our major sponsor of studies. Repeatedly, we used the AFIP as a consultant to our committee.

Here's wishing you and your family a happy Holiday Season and I hope to see you soon.

With very best personal regards,

Who so What's behaved then?

Berrie

JAMES	М.	DENI	VY.	
)(6)				

(b)(6)

November 25, 2002

(b)(6)

Office of Secretary of Defense Department of Defense 1000 Defense-Pentagon Room 3E-880 Washington, DC 20301-1000

(b)(6)

Attached is a letter that Bernie Wagner asked me to pass on to Don. Bernie was a member of the Scientific Advisory Board at Searle when Don was CEO and has been a member of the Scientific Advisory Board at Gilead for some time

Kindest Regards,

James M. Denny

JMD/kdm

D:/Kalli/2002tettets/112902-Numb

Cc. Large Rita - Large





Colonel Stacey K. Hirata

Military Deputy Office of the Deputy Under Secretary of Defense Installations and Environment

23 Dec 2002

CAPT Steve Wellock P&R

Steve,

Can you tell me who within P&R will be responding to the attached SecDef snowflake?

Request they keep us informed of the reply to the SecDef.

Further request they attempt to answer Mr DuBois' handwritten questions (on the snowflake).

Thanks.

RESPONSE TO SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ABOUT AN ALIGNMENT BETWEEN AFIP AND USUHS

COORDINATION

DASD, HB&FP	1/17/03	
CoS, HA		
PDASD, HA	\	
USD B&B	Tands Com	Jad Jan 03



OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1200

ACTION MEMO

HEALTH AFFAIRS

January 10, 2003; 6:00 PM

FOR: ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE (HEALTH AFFAIRS)

FROM: David Tornberg, DASD, C&PP, Health Affairs 1901 1/17/03

SUBJECT: Response to Secretary of Defense about an Alignment between Armed Forces Institute of Pathology (AFIP) and the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS)

- The enclosed memorandum is in response to a letter from Dr. Bernie Wagner to Secretary Rumsfeld.
- Dr. Wagner suggests that "an alignment between the AFIP and USUHS
 would reinforce the major strengths of both institutions and also result in
 significant cost savings for DoD."(TAB B)
- We agree with Dr. Wagner that there are potential educational advantages
 and economies to be gained from closer links between the two DoD
 organizations. Indeed, in our recent response to the Program Analysis
 and Evaluation's study on the Program Decision Memorandum on the
 AFIP, we recommended that the Institute should increase formalized
 collaborations with or realign to become part of the Uniformed Services
 University of Health Sciences.

RECOMMENDATION: That the ASD (HA) forward INFO Memo (TAB A) to SECDEF.

COORDINATION: TAB C

Attachments: As stated

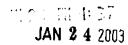
Prepared by: LTC E.C Ritchie, C&PP, HA, PCDOCS #44679



THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20301-1200

INFO MEMO



FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE,

FROM: William Winkenwerder, Jr., MD, ASD (Health Affairs)

SUBJECT: Research Regarding Pain Relieving Drugs and Vaccines

- You asked, "What do you know about the following: 1) a drug Fort
 Detrick is working on that eliminates pain for a period, just by a whiff of
 something, and 2) a synthetic vaccination that covers all or most
 particular risks." (TAB A)
- Fort Detrick is coordinating research on a formulation of ketamine for self-administration by intranasal spray. Ketamine may provide an alternative treatment for acute, moderate to severe pain associated with burns, bullet wounds, blunt trauma, and other war-related injuries. In addition to the benefits of being non-invasive (no needle involved) and having a wide margin of safety, this formulation of ketamine does not decrease blood pressure and pulse like morphine which is the current standard for tactical field pain relief. The product does not appear to have any significant mental effects at the dosage tested and can provide immediate pain relief while the victim is conscious, unlike morphine which produces drowsiness and even loss of consciousness depending upon the dose.
- The ketamine research is at an intermediate stage. Successful completion of ongoing studies may support filing an investigational new drug application with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
- Fort Detrick is also working on a vaccine that can deliver multiple vaccine antigens simultaneously. The delivery system would incorporate vaccine antigens being developed as individual products, such as anthrax, botulism and Marburg virus. While the system is being designed to deliver multiple vaccine antigens, it is technically not a "synthetic" vaccine. The payoffs for the delivery system include improved readiness, improved ease of administration and potentially reduced manufacturing costs. Research is in the early stage.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Prepared by: Lt Col Roger Gibson, C&PP, (b)(6)

U01266-03

December 23, 2002 4:52 PM

TO:	Bill Winkenwerder
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld DA
SUBJECT:	Information
What do you	know about the following:
•	g Fort Detrick is working on that eliminates pain for a period, just by f of something.
2. A synt	hetic vaccination that covers all or most particular risks.
Apparently th	e Surgeon General of the Army has been looking at this, or Fort
Detrick. Al H	laig mentioned them to me. Is there any prospect to them?
Thanks.	
DHR:dh 122302-56	
Please respo	nd by 01 24 / 13

RESEARCH REGARDING PAIN RELIEVING DRUGS AND VACCINES

COORDINATION

USD (P&R)	David S. C. Chu	
USD (FOLK)	David S. C. Chu	

RESEARCH REGARDING PAIN RELIEVING DRUGS AND VACCINES

COORDINATION

PDASD (HA)	Mr. Wyatt	
COS (HA)	Ms. Tabler	
DASD, C&PP	Dr. Tomberg	1/17/03



OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1200

ACTION MEMO

HEALTH AFFAIRS

January 15, 2003, 2:00 PM

FOR: ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE (HEALTH AFFAIRS)

FROM: David N. Tornberg, DASD(C&PP) [1/1/43]

SUBJECT: Research Regarding Pain Relieving Drugs and Vaccines

- ASD(HA) should forward the subject memorandum at TAB A to SECDEF
- The SECDEF asked ASD(HA) at TAB B, "What do you know about the following: 1) A drug Fort Detrick is working on that eliminates pain for a period, just a whiff of something, 2) A synthetic vaccination that covers all or most particular risks.
- We have coordinated with the Fort Detrick on these issues and obtained information on both. Research on an intranasal formulation of ketamine is ongoing. Currents tests show the product provides rapid, non-invasive analgesia without the cardiovascular and mental depressive effects seen with morphine, the current standard for field situations. Research is at an intermediate stage leading to an investigational new drug submission to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.
- Fort Detrick is also working on a multi-agent vaccine delivery system.
 While not a "synthetic vaccine" per se, the delivery system allows for
 simultaneous administration of multiple antigens (currently anthrax,
 botulism and Marburg virus) and can potentially save vaccine production
 costs, ease administration and improve readiness.

RECOMMENDATION: That the ASD(HA) forward the report (TAB A) to the SECDEF.

COORDINATION: TAB C

Prepared by:	Lt Col Roger Gibson, C&PP	(b)(6)	PCDOCS #44851
--------------	---------------------------	--------	---------------



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

cm 17102 51 1:43

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999 INFO MEMO

CM-736-03 28 January 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJCS 128

SUBJECT: Activating the Guard and Reserve

- In response to your request (TAB A) the following information is provided.
- The Joint Staff will form a General and Flag Officer Steering Committee (GOSC) representing the combatant commands and Services, with a mandate to offer specific recommendations and provide a framework for operation by 28 February 2003.
- GOSC will evaluate three alternatives to consolidate responsibility for activating Reserve Components (RCs) into one location:
 - Establish a manpower allocation task force similar in doctrine and procedures to the Office of the Secretary of Defense Priority Allocation of Industrial Resources Task Force whenever the activation of RC personnel is contemplated.
 - Create a Joint Manpower Priorities and Allocation Board analogous to the Joint Material Priorities and Allocation Board to administer the activation program.
 - Charge US Joint Forces Command, in its force provider role, to make force allocation decisions for both Active and Reserve Components.
- Each of these alternatives offers considerable change to organization, doctrine and business processes for the Services, combatant commanders and Joint Staff. GOSC will complete its report by the above stated due date.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Attachments:

As stated

Prepared By: VADM G.S. Holder, USN; Director, J-4]

(b)(6)

TAB A

9:06 AM

TO: Gen. Dick Myers

CC:

Admiral Giambastiani

David Chu

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld M

DATE:

December 21, 2002

SUBJECT:

I think we are going to have to find a way to take all of the responsibility for activating the guard and the reserve from the services, the joint forces command and the combatant commanders and put them in one place so that the flow of forces, whether it is active duty or reserves, is all in one location. We can't do anything skillfully the way it is currently dishursed.

Please come back to me with a recommendation.

Thanks.

DHR azn 122102-05

Please respond by:

120A U20034-0J

TAB B

COORDINATION PAGE

USJFCOM	CAPT Burdon	17 January 2003
USA	COL Chappell	16 January 2003
USN	CAPT Thompson	16 January 2003
USAF	Col Estep	16 January 2003
USMC	Col Bultemeier	16 January 2003

Received 1/27

TO:

Dov Zakheim

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld 🕥 🖊

SUBJECT:

Djibouti

Could we pay Djibouti for the use of that bombing range?

Æ.

Thanks.

DHR:dh

Please respond by 01/31/03

Dever Tosh

Summer 1/29

22 Jan 03

D51 bost;

U01286 / 03



UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE 1100 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1100



703 JAN 23 PH 4: 14

INFO MEMO

January 28, 2003, 1:57 PM

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Dov S. Zakheim

SUBJECT: Payment for bombing range in Djibouti

- You asked whether we could pay Diibouti for the use of a bombing range. The answer is "yes."
- The United States has a current lease with Diibouti for the use of Camp LeMonier for \$4.75 million per year. The Office of the General Counsel has determined that we can renegotiate the current leasing agreement to include additional facilities, space, and other land, the cost of which reflects the special use of the land (e.g. using bombing ranges to train for the global war on terrorism).
- USCENTCOM currently has an assessment team in Djibouti to evaluate the facilities, space and ranges, and will report back next week.
- USCENTCOM advises that the United States currently does not pay for the use of bombing ranges in the USCENTCOM area of responsibility. Any such agreement that provides payment for the use of bombing ranges would be precedent setting.
- My office and Policy are also pressing U.S. Embassy, Djibouti to provide an itemized list of the costs that Djibouti has incurred supporting U.S. military operations in connection with the global war on terrorism. Once we obtain the itemized list, we can proceed with making a payment using FY 2002 Emergency Supplemental funds. My staff believes that the payment should be approximately \$3 million.

COORDINATION: Attached

Attachment: As stated

Prepared by: Josh Boehm,

(b)(6)

U.S. Government Support to Djibouti FY03 Howard

DOD: 6.05M

• Humanitarian Assistance -- \$1M -- OK - ODAHCA

• Airport Landing/Parking Fees -- \$300K (\$25K per month).

• Renewal of Lease of Camp Lemonier -- \$4.75M

(larger well hant scrow by last for

Center 1 1121

J. 7.

SECURITY ASSISTANCE: \$2.185K

Foreign Military Financing -- \$2M
 International Military Education and Training (IMET) -- \$185K

STATE DEPARTMENT: \$10.25M

- Economic Support Funds (ESF) -- \$5M
- USAID Development Assistance -- \$2M
- Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism Demining and Relating Programs (NADR)-Humanitarian Demining -- \$250K
- USAID Food for Peace -- \$3M

GRAND TOTAL \$18.5M

IN PROCESS:

- Reimbursement for Djibouti services provided in support of OEF -- (Djibouti has submitted \$4,000,939 in expenses which are under review) ± 3 miles
- Additional FMF for military to military support (including coastal security support)
- Additional ESF and USAID funding for economic/education/medical support
- Continued IMET (FY04 and beyond)

COORDINATION

OGC (Fiscal)

Scott Castle

January 28, 2003

USD(P)/ISA/Africa

Theresa Whelen

January 28, 2003





UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE 1100 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1100



200 JUL 28 FIL4: 14

INFO MEMO

January 28, 2003, 1:57 PM

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Dov S. Zakheim

SUBJECT: Payment for bombing range in Djibouti

- You asked whether we could pay Djibouti for the use of a bombing range. The answer is "yes."
- The United States has a current lease with Djibouti for the use of Camp LeMonier for \$4.75 million per year. The Office of the General Counsel has determined that we can renegotiate the current leasing agreement to include additional facilities, space, and other land, the cost of which reflects the special use of the land (e.g. using bombing ranges to train for the global war on terrorism).
- USCENTCOM currently has an assessment team in Djibouti to evaluate the facilities, space and ranges, and will report back next week.
- USCENTCOM advises that the United States currently does not pay for the use of bombing ranges in the USCENTCOM area of responsibility. Any such agreement that provides payment for the use of bombing ranges would be precedent setting.
- My office and Policy are also pressing U.S. Embassy, Djibouti to provide an itemized list of the costs that Djibouti has incurred supporting U.S. military operations in connection with the global war on terrorism. Once we obtain the itemized list, we can proceed with making a payment using FY 2002 Emergency Supplemental funds. My staff believes that the payment should be approximately \$3 million.

COORDINATION: Attached

Attachment: As stated

Prepared by: Josh Boehm (b)(6)

28 JAN 0

U01288 /03

U.S. Government Support to Djibouti FY03

DOD: 6.05M

Humanitarian Assistance -- \$1M -- OK - ODAHCA

• Airport Landing/Parking Fees -- \$300K (\$25K per month)

• Renewal of Lease of Camp Lemonier -- \$4.75M

(Lexion usell han to denow by lost for

SECURITY ASSISTANCE: \$2.185K

Foreign Military Financing -- \$2M

• International Military Education and Training (IMET) -- \$185K

STATE DEPARTMENT: \$10.25M

- Economic Support Funds (ESF) -- \$5M
- USAID Development Assistance -- \$2M
- Nonproliferation, Anti-terrorism Demining and Relating Programs (NADR)-Humanitarian Demining -- \$250K
- USAID Food for Peace -- \$3M

GRAND TOTAL \$18.5M

IN PROCESS:

- Reimbursement for Djibouti services provided in support of OEF -- (Djibouti has submitted \$4,000,939 in expenses which are under review) ± 3 miles
- Additional FMF for military to military support (including coastal security support)
- Additional ESF and USAID funding for economic/education/medical support
- Continued IMET (FY04 and beyond)

COORDINATION

OGC (Fiscal) Scott Castle January 28, 2003

USD(P)/ISA/Africa Theresa Whelen January 28, 2003

Recised 1/27

January 22, 2003 11:40 AM

TO:

Dov Zakheim

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Djibouti

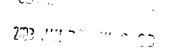
Could we pay Djibouti for the use of that bombing range?

Thanks.

DHR:dh 012203-24

Please respond by 01/31/03

Dave Took





CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999 INFO MEMO

CM-742-03 29 January 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJC W

SUBJECT: Alerts and Mobilization

- In response to your question (TAB A), the following is provided. All Services have similar processes for alerting and mobilizing forces.
- An Alert memorandum is generated from you to the respective Secretary of the Military Department, who then notifies the command structure via standard message traffic. An automated retransmission is then sent to the affected units. Individual notification of Service members is by the unit commanding officers via telephone (phone tree is activated).
- The process for alerting forces and the process for mobilizing forces are the same, except mobilization requires that orders be generated for the individual.
- Service inputs indicate that the period between a signed SecDef memorandum and notification of the individual varies from 24 to 96 hours.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Attachment: As stated

Prepared By: Gordon S. Holder, VADM, USN; Director, J-4; (b)(6)

January 21, 2003 7:17 AM

TO:

Gen. Pace

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Alerts and Mobilization

Please tell me how we alert people and how we notify them that they are being mobilized. Is it done by phone, mail or e-mail? Is it uniform among the Services? How long does it take?

The reason I ask is that it is my recollection that in World War II when Norway decided to mobilize their reserves they did it by mail, and the letters went out and arrived after they had already surrendered.

Thanks.

DHR:dh
012103-3

TAB B

COORDINATION

USN	Captain Thompson	23 January 2003
USA	Colonel Wright	23 January 2003
USAF	Colonel Murphy	23 January 2003
USMC	Colonel(S) McCarron	23 January 2003

Æ,

#373

January 21, 2003 7:17 AM

TO:

Gen. Pace

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Alerts and Mobilization

Please tell me how we alert people and how we notify them that they are being mobilized. Is it done by phone, mail or e-mail? Is it uniform among the Services? How long does it take?

The reason I ask is that it is my recollection that in World War II when Norway decided to mobilize their reserves they did it by mail, and the letters went out and arrived after they had already surrendered.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 012103-3

21 Jan 03

្ទ័្ធ 11-L-053៉ឺ9/OSD14523 Tab A U01380 /03

Cili

TO: Doug Feith

FROM:

Dønald Kumsfeld

DATE:

January 10, 2003

SUBJECT: MFO-Sinai

Draft a memo on the subject of the MFO-Sinai Reconfiguration for me to send to the President. Short and sweet.

Œ

Thanks.

DHR/azn 011003.11 Jo Soc Del Larry Di Hite 129

Please respond by:

115

MEMO ATTACHED

NR

01-13-03 15:42 IN



January 30, 2003 1:26 PM

TO: Rich Haver

CC: Paul Wolfowitz

Gen. Myers VADM Jacoby

FROM: Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: 9/11 Commission

You will need to pull together a team within the Department to start planning our interaction with the 9/11 Commission.

Please come back to me with your thoughts fast.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 013003-13

Please respond by Outon

18E

February 3, 2003 4:01 PM

TO:

Gen. Franks

CC:

Gen. Myers

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld DL.

SUBJECT:

Dr. Schlesinger

Jim Schlesinger is going to be out at your command in Tampa on Wednesday.

I would appreciate it if you would pull him aside for an hour, just you or a small group. He is a very smart guy and has some very interesting ideas. He wants to be helpful. I think you would find it was a good investment of time. I hate to add to your burden, but I would appreciate it.

Thanks.

DHR:dh
020303-23

Please respond by _____

SECDEF CABLES		
DISTRIBUTION		
SECDEF		
SPLASST		
EXECSEC		
DEPSECDEF		
CAD	X	
CCD		
USDP		
CABLECH		
FILE		
,		

3 Febos

U01564 /03

367 1¹⁴

January 6, 2003 9:07 AM

TO:

Gen. Pace

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Joint Con Ops/Capstone

I don't think we ought to change the name of the Joint Con Ops to Capstone. I think it is a big mistake. It means nothing and it confuses the issue.

Æ

Ç

Let's talk.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 010603-15

Please respond by 01/17/03

2/4

HCTION MENO

ATTACHED

12 day 0

بالإ

TO:

Bill Schneider

Pete Aldridge

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

DATE:

January 13, 2003

SUBJECT:

Lou Branscomb, formerly of IBM is a very smart guy. You ought to see if you think he ought to be on any of our scientific advisory boards. Please report back to me.

Æ

Thanks.

DHR/azn 011303.31

Please respond by:

214

ALDRIDGE RESHOUSE

ATTACHED

VIR 13 Jan (

14

334 DSB





CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999

INFO MEMO

CM-752-03 5 February 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJC Symuls

SUBJECT: Governors and Modernizing the National Guard

- In response to your question (TAB A), the following is provided. Engaging the governors in tabletop exercises and integrating their input into ongoing discussions concerning the evolving role of DOD in Homeland Security will be beneficial.
- These exercises could detect gaps in individual state planning, define the National Guard's role in homeland security, provide USNORTHCOM additional insight into the dynamics involved with different states and their consequence management efforts, and pinpoint interagency shortfalls in supporting the states.
- Assisting governors in identifying specific National Guard capabilities and requirements will also be useful. However, the Department of Defense should be wary about potentially getting governors involved in force structure deliberationsthis should remain a separate DOD responsibility.
- Currently, the Army and National Guard Bureau are converting 18 Army National Guard combat brigades to combat support and combat service support units to meet the strategic guidance developed in response to the Quadrennial Defense Reviews of 1997 and 2001, as well as the events of 11 September.
- Will continue to work with the Service Chiefs; Commander, USNORTHCOM; and the President of the National Defense University.

COORDINATION:	TAB B
---------------	-------

Attachments: As stated

Prepared By: Maj Gen Michael M. Dunn, USAF; Acting Director, J-5; (b)(6)

11-L-0559/OSD14529 U01699 / 03

Snowflake

December 30, 2002 11:56 AM

TO:

Gen. Myers

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Governors and Modernizing the National Guard

Please take a look at this note from Newt Gingrich. This might be something we want to do. Do you want to fashion something for me to send to Gaffney and Eberhart? Is it something that Giambastiani should be involved in?

Let's talk.

Thanks.

Attach.

12/15/02 Gingrich e-mail to SecDef re: National Guard

DHR:ch

123001-5 (ts computer).doc

Please respond by 01/10/03

Tab A

From Newt Gingrich

CC: Diffire

(b)(6)

CIV, OSD

From:

Thirdwave2@aoi.com

Sent:

Sunday, December 15, 2002 11:01 AM

To:

@osd.pentagon.mll; Larry.DiRita@osd.pentagon.mll;

John.Craddock@OSD.Pentagon.mil

Cc:

jaymie.duman@osd.pentagon.mij

Subject: Governors and modernizing the National Guard

for secdef.depsecdef from newt 12/14/02 Getting the Governors to help modernize the National Guard

The fiscal pressure combined with the new realities of terrorist threats give you a real opportunity to modernize the National Guard. A series of war games in which every Governor and their civil defense staff dealt with two or three consequence management problems would then lead the Governors to see that they needed a lot more healthcare, engineering and military police capability in their National Guard. If you had the Governors helping make the case you would have a lot easier time getting the changes through Congress.

Gaffney and Eberhart ought to be able to collaborate to develop a game that could educate each state as it is played. A small team should travel to each capital to play It on site so it is easy for the Governor's staff to fully participate.

After each game the local team should work with the DOD-Homeland Security team to develop a set of recommendations.

the NY times reference follows

Deficits Looming, Governors Worry About Antiterror Costs

Government and business officials who met in Las Vegas to discuss national security issues said the U.S. may have too many vulnerable targets and not enough money. http://www.nytimes.com/2002/12/07/national/07WEST.html?todaysheadlines

TAB B

COORDINATION

NDU	ADM Gaffney	24 January 2003
OSD(HLS)	Mr. Verga	23 January 2003
OSD(RA)	Mr. Hall	24 January 2003
USA	COL Chappell	24 January 2003
USAF	Col Richburg	27 January 2003
USN	CAPT Leenhouts	27 January 2003
USMC	Col Van Dyke	24 January 2003
USNORTHCOM	COL Aylward	27 January 2003
NGB	COL Mathis	28 January 2003

February 5, 2003 1:28 PM

W

TO:

Gen. Myers

Gen. Pace

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld M

SUBJECT:

Plans

I absolutely must have the rack up that shows the date that all of the contingency plans and excursions will be brought to me at their various iterative states. I cannot see any reason in the world why that is so difficult to produce.

I am now getting asked by the President what the dates are, and I have still not seen the rack up. I need to see it soon.

Thanks.

DHR:dh	
020503-	•

Please respond by $\frac{02/14/03}{}$

Stedas

£

8:29 AM

3

TO:

Gen. Dick Myers

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

DATE:

January 15, 2003

SUBJECT:

I think we need to get your group working on the idea of harmonizing levels of threat so that "one" is always high, and anything lower is always lower. I agree with Ed Eberhart.

Thanks.

DHR/azn 011503.09

Please respond by:

15 Jan 03

Tab A

TO:

Gen. Pete Pace

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld 1

DATE:

January 17, 2003

SUBJECT:

Don't forget you owe me a report back as to how we can wire this building so that any alerts that take place are fed through this office, my office, and coordinated with Homeland Security and the White House rather than being done individually by NORTHCOM. That includes any alerts out of this building and any alerts with respect to the services.

₹

78 E

Thanks.

DHR azn 911703.94

Please respond by:

17 Jan 03

A-2

Tab A

8:42 AM February 6, 2003

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld ()L

SUBJECT:

Senate Hearings

Here is my testimony from the HASC hearing. It should be fixed and edited for the Senate. Here also is my notebook, which I think should probably be updated for the Senate.

Thanks.

Attach.

Testimony Budget book

DHR:dh 020603-18

Please respond by $\frac{0^2/11/33}{}$

MCB_

Control snowflake

by 3 pap of index to attack

Substantial testing the Theory

U01854 /03

DoD FY 2004 BUDGET

Secretary of Defense

PREP BOOK

FY 2004 Defense Budget Q&As

War on Terrorism/Near-Term Requirements

A. War on Terrorism

- 1. Cost of the War
- 2. FY02 Supplemental Appropriations
- 3. FY03 Supplemental Appropriations
- 4. Allied Support
- 5. Foreign Assistance to Other Countries
- 6. Counterterrorist Train and Equip
- 7. Chemical, Biological, Radiological, and Nuclear (CBRN) Defense
- 8. Guantanamo Detainees
- 9. Homeland Defense
- 10. Small Pox Immunizations

B. Other International Issues

- 1. National Security Strategy: Preemptive vs Deterrence
- 2. Nuclear Posture Review
- 3. Iraq
- 4. US presence in S. Korea
- 5. Afghanistan Reconstruction

C. <u>Intelligence</u>

- 1. Intelligence for the War on Terrorism
- 2. Information Assurance
- 3. Command and Control
- 4. Shared Intelligence among Federal Agencies
- 5. Total Information Awareness

Quality People and Forces

D. Readiness and Force Structure

- 1. PERSTEMPO
- 2. Spares
- 3. UCP
- 4. Viegues
- 5. Guard/Reserve Mobilization
- 6. Assistance to Customs
- 7. Range Preservation: Relief From Environmental Limitations
- 8. Special Operations Forces
- 9. Military Construction Recapitalization

E. People/Quality of Life

- 1. Pay Raise
- 2. Recruitment and Retention
- 3. Health Care
- 4. Military Housing
- 5. Domestic Violence
- 6. US Forces in Korea Quality of Life
- 7. National Security Personnel System

Transformation

F. Transforming Military Capabilities

- 1. Transformation
- 2. Missile Defense
- 3. PAC-3
- 4. Stryker
- 5. Future Combat Systems
- 6. Comanche
- 7. Army Systems Terminations and Realignments
- 8. Shipbuilding Plan
- 9. Ship Force Structure
- 10. CVN-21
- 11. SSGN Conversions
- 12. DD (X)
- 13. Tactical Aircraft Programs
- 14. F-22
- 15. JSF
- 16, C-17
- 17. Tanker Retirement and Leasing
- 18. UAVs
- 19. C4ISR
- 20. Science and Technology

G. Transforming the Business of Defense

- 1. Performance-based Budgeting
- 2. Financial Management Modernization Program Progress
- 3. Defense Agency Streamlining
- 4. Security Clearance Process
- 5. BRAC 05
- 6. Proposed Legislative Package

H. Other

- Percent of GDP and Federal Spending
 DoD Topline
 Budget Slides





THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE WASHINGTON

FEB 10 2003

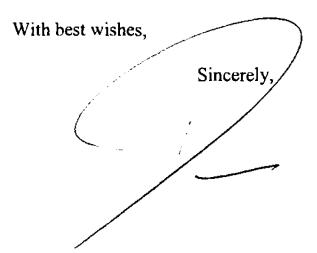
Dr. Bernard M. Wagner Emeritus Research Professor of Pathology New York University Medical Center

14077	TOIR CHITCISHY
(b)(6)	

Dear Bernie,

I asked our folks about your idea of uniting the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology and the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences. The experts here think the idea has merit and are pursuing it farther.

Thanks so much for the suggestion. Keep them coming!



10Febo3

U01862 /03

December 20, 2002 8:04 AM

_	_	s	•	
-		L	- 1	۰
		•	,	٠.

David Chu

CC:

Larry Di Rita

Ray DuBois

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld N

SUBJECT: AFIP and USUHS

Please take a look at this letter from my friend, Dr. Bernie Wagner, and get back to me with an indication of what you think.

Thanks.

Attach.

11/21/02 Wagner Itr to SecDef

DHR:dh 122002-4

Please respond by 01/17/03

1/28 MO

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20301-1200

INFO MEMO

JAN 2 4 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: William Winkenwerder, Jr., MD, Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health

Affairs)

SUBJECT: Response to Secretary of Defense about an Alignment between Armed Forces Institute of Pathology and the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences

- In the enclosed letter from Dr. Bernie Wagner, he suggests that "an alignment between the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology and the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences would reinforce the major strengths of both institutions and also result in significant cost savings for the Department of Defense."
- We agree with Dr. Wagner that there are potential educational advantages and economies to be gained from closer links between the two Department of Defense organizations. Indeed, in our recent response to the Program Analysis and Evaluation's study on the Program Decision Memorandum on the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology, we recommended that the Institute should increase formalized collaborations with or realign to become part of the Uniformed Services University of Health Sciences.
- We are taking steps to explore opportunities for improved collaboration this year with the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology Board of Governors and the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences Board of Regents.

COORDINATION: TAB B	SPL ASSISTANT DI RITA SR MA CRADDOCK
Attachments: As stated	EXECSEC WHITMORE
Prepared by: LTC E.C. Ritchie, C&PP, HA, #44679,44556	PCDOCS

U01258-03

Bernard M. Wagner, M.D. Emerins Research Professor of Pathology

Emering Research Professor of Pathology
New York University Medical Center

(b)(6)		

SECDEF HAS SEEN

DEC 2 0 2002

November 21, 2002

Mr.Donald Rumsfeld Suite 405 400 North Michigan Avenue Chicago, Illinois 6061 t

Dear Don:

TILEDIEDAT DATES THE

The Armed Forces Institute of Pathology (AFIP), plays a vital role in our country's military preparedness. Virtually all of its programs are directly related to military readiness. Furthermore, many of these programs are unique in their specificity to the needs of DoD. For example, many cities, counties and states have forensic pathology programs. However, the Armed Forces Medical Examiner System is specifically designed to address the unique circumstances attendant to deaths among the military. As we have discussed in the past, the AFIP has the strongest group of pathologists in the world. Their expertise is focused not only upon the appropriate diagnosis and treatment of disease among military personnel but also the support of DoD in research of specific importance to the Armed Forces and the education of health professionals throughout the military health care system.

This education component of the AFIP's mission has prompted the recommendation that it be united with the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences (USUHS). Careful examination of these two organizations reveals an amazing degree of possible synergy should they be combined. Such a combination would not only provide benefits to DoD and our country but could result in major cost savings.

In summary, the AFIP is vital to the mission of DoD in terms of military readiness, Force Health Protection and homeland security. The value of USUHS to DoD is well known and respected. An alignment between the AFIP and USUHS would reinforce the major strengths of both institutions and also result in significant cost savings for DoD. I served for 15 years as a member of the Committee on Toxicology, National Academy of Sciences. During this time, the DoD was our major sponsor of studies. Repeatedly, we used the AFIP as a consultant to our committee.

in calculate

by where ?

Here's wishing you and your family a happy Holiday Season and I hope to see you soon.

With very best personal regards.

Benie

11-L-0559/OSD14544

٠Ţ	AM	ES	M.	Dr	NNY

(b)(6)	 	 	

(b)(6)

November 25, 2002

(b)(6)

Office of Secretary of Defense Department of Defense 1000 Defense-Pentagon Room 3E-880 Washington, DC 20301-1000

(b)(6)

Attached is a letter that Bernie Wagner asked me to pass on to Don. Bernie was a member of the Scientific Advisory Board at Searle when Don was CEO and has been a member of the Scientific Advisory Board at Gilead for some time

Kindest Regards,

James M. Denny

D://(elli/2002letten/1)2502-Nestel

Cc. Large Rita - Large

February 10, 2003 10:12 AM

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Invitation to Norway

Here is an invitation from Kristin Devold. She gave it to me at Munich. Why don't we try to do it when I have to go over there for the June meeting.

Æ

Thanks.

Attach.

5 February 2003 MoD Norway note to SecDef

DHR:dh 021003-18

Please respond by $\frac{12/28/53}{}$

Munay

The Royal Norvegian Ministry of Definee The Minister

SECDEF HAS SEFN

FEB 1 0 2003

Oslo, 5. February 2003

The Honorable Donald H. Rumsfeld Secretary of Defense The United States of America

In these challenging times frank discussions and constructive consultations across the Atlantic are needed more than ever. I always value our discussions and I am pleased to hear that our staffs seem to cooperate very well.

I enjoyed my visit to Norfolk last month. The Open Road seminar was very interesting. As you know, I believe the task of linking U.S. and European transformational efforts is central to ensuring a viable future for NATO.

I am pleased with the fact that U.S. and Norwegian forces already enjoy a relatively high degree of interoperability, but I am working to ensure that this is improved continuously and that new allies also will benefit from our experiences. This is one reason why I am a firm believer in a strong Norwegian presence in the transformational side of the new allied command structure.

I know a U.S. – Norwegian dialogue on many of the challenges facing the international community and NATO would be mutually beneficial. I would therefore like to invite you to visit me in Norway this year. We should let our staffs work out the details, but my initial suggestion is a visit to Norway in conjunction with the NATO-ministerials in June.

I look forward to seeing you in Munich this weekend and hopefully in Oslo this Summer.

Yours sincerely

Kristin Krohn Devold

February 11, 2003 7:32 AM

TO:	Doug Feith				
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld				
SUBJECT:	Russians in Bosnia				
Here is the ar	nswer Ivanov gave me as to that dust up with the Russians in Bosnia.				
Please take a	Please take a look at it, and let's see if we have different facts. If we do, I will				
send them to him.					
Thanks.					
Attach. Undated Russ	ian Military Contingent paper				
DHR:dh 021103-5					

Please respond by _____

SUBJECT: ON THE DEPLOYMENT OF A US TEAM

IN THE AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY OF THE RUSSIAN MILITARY CONTINGENT IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA IN THE

TOWN OF BIELINA

According to the data received from independent sources at the end of 2002, there is a group of foreign nationals deployed and conducting intelligence in the town of Bielina, 7 Milesevska street, falling into the Area of Responsibility (AOR) of the Russian Military Contingent (RMC) stationed in Bosnia and Herzegovina. Those unidentified persons are armed and wear plainclothes. It was indicated that the building housed concealed antennas and other radio equipment.

The provision of the group with potable water, fuel for a diesel generator, and food supplies, was effected via vehicles bearing US Armed Forces license plates.

On January 29, 2003, the RMC Commander's office put a number of questions to the US side, as pertaining to the point in issue, with a request filed to reply within three days.

On February 2, 2003, after an elapse of the deadline, with no reply coming back from Colonel Beck, multinational brigade (MNBgd (N)) Deputy Commander, the RMC Commander decided on checking out on the location by a 6-strong patrol from a recon platoon, reinforced with three policemen from the Ministry of the Interior Security Center of the town of Bielina, as well as a group of RMC officers.

The inspection established that the building was rented by the US Contingent for a long period of time by then. The US servicemen residing in the building are armed with pistols, rifles, and pump guns, which constitutes a gross violation of the international law. The arms were loaded and ready for use. It was purely by chance that Russian and US servicemen did not sustain any injuries.

Apart from that, the transponder mounted on the said facility is not designated on the relevant MNBgd (N) maps.

This unit is unaccounted for in the SFOR-10, SFOR-11, SFOR-12 listings of the US servicemen deployments.

The presence of the unit is not stipulated by the bilateral agreements and provisions laid down in the current Standing Operations Procedure for the NATO Allied Forces in Europe.

Attempted concealment of the true objectives pursued by that group and the transponder housed in the building bring about a breach of evolving mutual understanding and trust between the members of the Russian and US Armed Forces.

February 10, 2003 12:05 PM

TO:

Doug Feith

Gen. Franks

CC:

Gen. Myers

Gen. Pace Gen. Jones

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Italy and the Balkans

Minister of Defense Martino of Italy told me Italy would be willing to backfill some of our forces in the Balkans. If we have to have those forces for Iraq, we might want to think about paring down some, but not reducing to zero.

Please have someone look into it and get back to me.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 021003-17

021003-17

Please respond by $\frac{02/21/03}{}$

10 Febos

February 10, 2003 11:36 AM

TO:

ADM Giambastiani

Œ

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

Thanks for your note. It was quite a time!

DHR:dh 021003-23

10 Febo3

From Admiral

(b)(6)

CIV, OSD

From:

Giambastiani, Edmund P ADM J00 [giambastiani@jfcom.mil] Monday, February 10, 2003 8:38 AM (b)(6) (E-mail)

Sent:

To:

Subject:

Munich

SECDEF --

Great job in Munich this weekend. It was another tour de force.

Glad to be on the team. V/r Ed

TO:

Jim Haynes

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Opinion

Could I write General McInerney a note and tell him I thought his column in the Wall Street Journal was excellent?

Æ.

Thanks.

Attach.

McInerney, Thomas. "Friendly Fire: From Tragedy to Justice," Wall Street Journal, January 21, 2003.

DHR:dh 012103-9

Please respond by

01/24/03

Afghan Stan

Friendly Fire: From Tragedy to Justice

McInerney

., 2002, around 12:52 a.m., an Airg and Control Aircraft (Awacs) Cone two F-16 pilots of Coffee 51 Flight, Need more details on Safire," the surface-to-air fire that one of the at was tracking the other's aircraft. s, in the sky near Kandahar, Afghanon what is termed an "on call intersion, circling the area to respond to om ground units needing their cover, after the Awacs order to hold fire, an—Coffee 52—rolled in on a target "I got some men on a road and it looks are firing at us. I am rolling in in use."

cican Rules of Engagement (ROE) alathorize a response in self-defense. Cofdropped a 500-pound laser-guided bomb ored a direct hit on Alpha Company, 3rdion, Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Inywhich was engaged in night live-fire ng at Tarnak Farms Range. Four Canadian ers were killed, and eight wounded.

ar minutes elapsed from the time Coffee initially saw the firing on the ground to the it released the laser-guided bomb. Eight secafter impact, Awacs called out "friendlies."

nswered Questions

cople make mistakes in the heat of combat. This one that we should accept as a tragic of and write off as an honest mistake? Many a made during Desert Storm, when we had and 30% of our casualties attributed to ndly fire. Why hadn't this hive-fire exercise is briefed to the pilots, Maj. William Umbach Maj. Harry Schmidt, two very well-qualified ts from the Illinois Air National Guard? What the urgency of this target that it had to be acked after Awacs had already told Coffee 52 Hold fire" when he initially requested to fire the location with his 20mm cannon? We all we that they would not deliberately fire on endly forces. What went wrong that night?

The military has a process to answer these lestions, and it is under way. Earlier, a Coalion Investigation Board (CIB) found the cause I this friendly-fire incident to be the failure of he two pilots to exercise appropriate flight disci-

pline. This resulted in a violation of the ROE and inappropriate use of lethal force. Commander of the U.S. Central Command, Gen. Tommy R. Franks, approved the CIB findings and returned the report to the Air Force for action.

Last week, an Article 32 hearing (the military equivalent of a grand jury) started at Barksdale Air Force Base, Louisiana. Prior to the start of the Article 32, the case had been wellpublicized in the medla by the pilots' attorneys

Four brave Canadian soldiers were killed—a full and fair accounting is in order.

and supporters. Unfortunately, virtually all those who have appeared on television are not fighter pilots and have not experienced surface-to-air fire at night. In addition, none were in the chain of command as a General Court Martial Authority. Because I have served in both of those capacities, I want to explain the facts to the public as I understand them.

We have an extraordinary amount of recorded audio and video to reconstruct this case and most of it is in the public domain. I have personally reviewed the audio and video tapes from both cockpits plus talked to Air Force members who have appeared at the Article 32 hearing.

The issue is whether Coffee 52, Maj. Schmidt, was acting in self-defense when he dropped the laser-guided bomb on friendly forces. The initial evidence does not support this contention for several reasons. First, he had been told to "Stand by" and "Hold fire" by the Awacs controler. Second, surface-to-air fire—for those who have experienced it at night—is very easy to distinguish from ground-to-ground fire, and Maj. Schmidt apparently mistook ground fire for fire aimed at his flight leader.

Coffee 51 Flight was at 18,000 feet or higher and surface-to-air fire is not very effective at that altitude—which is why they were there. Third, if the surface-to-air fire was tracking them, they took no evasive action nor discussed it when it happened. There was never any urgency expressed on the audio recordings. Fourth, from the time he locked his Forward Looking Infra Red Pod on the target there was no enemy fire coming at either plane according

to both their cockpit video recorders. After bomb impact, and only when asked by Awacs, Coffee 52's audio recording did say "it seemed like it [Safire] was tracking around us and trying to lead us, with some sort of continuous fire with tops around 10,000 ft." Fifth, the dally Air Space Control Order had stipulated that Tarnak Farms was a Restricted Operating Zone (ROZ) with small arms firing up to 11,000 feet 24/7! Unfortunately, the pilots had not seen this nor had their squadron intelligence briefed them about this continuous ROZ.

These facts compel me to say that there is sufficient reason for the CIB to have acted, and for the ongoing Article 32 investigation to proceed. We have an important obligation to protect the integrity of our Command and Control System and our support of Coalition Ground Forces. People make mistakes in combat and we accept that, but when it appears that there is a violation of the ROE we must investigate and take appropriate action. This was not a split-second life or death decision. This was done during a very slow hight of no combat activity by two very skilled pilots.

That said—and this cannot be stressed enough—there is absolutely no evidence to support the ongoing, spurious claims made in the media that "go pills," faulty night-vision goggles, or, most incredibly, U.S.-Canada relations had anything to do with why the ROE were violated that night above Afghanistan.

Close Scrutiny

As Coffee 52 was exiting the area after being told by Awacs that there were "friendlies" in the area, he said, "I hope that was the right thing to do," and his leader, Coffee 51, responded, "Me too." Both men knew they would be scrutinized closely for their actions that night. What counts most now is that the process of military justice be fair, as I have every expectation it will be. The Air Force must continue to do the right thing, as must Majors Schmidt and Umbach. A tragic mistake was made and four brave Canadian soldiers were killed and eight injured. Weand they-are entitled to a full and fair accounting by our military authorities. Trying this case in the media would be a great injustice to both men, and to the service to which they belong.

Gen. McInerney, a retired three-star Air Force lieutenant general and former assistant vice chief of staff, is now a Fox News military analyst.

TO:

Honorable George Tenet

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

(b)(1),(b)(3):50 U.S.C. § 3024(i),(b) (3):50 U.S.C. § 3507

I agree completely that the DCI ought to have a U.S.C. § 3024(i),(b)(3):50 U.S.C. § 3507

I will even go further-

(b)(1),(b)(3):50 U.S.C. § 3024(i),(b)(3):50 U.S.C. § 3507

Good for you!

DHR:dh 022103-10





THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20301-1200

INFO MEMO

FEB 1 2 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: William Winkenwerder, Jr., MD, ASD (Health Affairs)

SUBJECT: Update on Afghanistan Maternal and Child Health Joint Project with Health and Human Services

- This is updated information in response to your January 8 memo querying of Mr. Bill Steiger, "What is happening?" (TAB A)
- Health and Human Services publicly announced last week that they have secured \$5 million in the upcoming Fiscal Year 04 federal budget for healthcare in Afghanistan. The Rabia Balkhi Women's Hospital program in Kabul will serve as a base of operations for four satellite teaching clinics to be established in outlying rural areas in 2004.
- Rabia Balkhi was chosen as the first site for perinatal specialty training to initially focus on physician refresher and residency training because:
 - The Department of Defense sponsored renovation of the hospital had already been scheduled (completion and a ribbon-cutting ceremony are scheduled for March 8, with training to begin in

- Obstetrical physicians in Kabul have had no refresher training for more than 20 years.

- Non-governmental organizations in Afghanistan are already engaged in training of midwives and traditional birth attendants. Physician focused training at Rabia Balkhi is consistent with the wishes of the Ministry of Health, will complement existing nongovernmental organization sponsored programs, and will serve as a training model which can be rapidly expanded to rural areas, once established.
- We plan to continue oversight of this program to recommend, once the physician training is completed, rural clinics with midwifery services are established.

COORDINATIONS: TAB B

Attachments: As stated

Prepared by: CAPT Jack Smith, Director, C&PP Integration,

TAB

A

January 8, 2003 7:23 AM

TO:

Bill Steiger

Director, International Affairs, Office of the Chief of Staff,

Office of the Secretary of Health and Human Services

CC.

Bill Winkenwerder

FROM

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT. Midwife Program

I hope the midwife program doesn't migrate up into a major women's hospital I think the midwife idea was solid and important, and there is always a tendency for things to be elevated up.

What is happening?

Thanks.

DHR db 010603-8

TAB

B

ACTION MEMO

FOR: ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE (HEALTH AFFAIRS)

FROM: Dr. David Tomberg, DASD, Clinical & Program Policy 74/02

SUBJECT: Update on Afghanistan Maternal and Child Health Joint Project with Health and Human Services

- In response to your memo of January 13, a coordination meeting between DoD and HHS representatives for the Afghan Maternal and Child Health Project was held in the Stability Operations office at the Pentagon on January 31. We were informed that Secretary Rumsfeld's January 8 memo to Bill Steiger (TAB B-1) had been answered informally.
- Dr. Van Dyck updated the group on the three committees (equipment, curriculum, and request for proposal (RFP)/logistics) working on detailed plans for the Rabia Balkhi Hospital Training Program, which will serve as a center for refresher and post-graduate medical education training for Afghan Obstetricians and Midwives. Dr. Van Dyck's full report to Secretary Thompson is at TAB B-2.
- HHS publicly announced last week that they have secured \$5 million in the upcoming Fiscal Year 04 federal budget for healthcare in Afghanistan. The Rabia Balkhi Women's Hospital program in Kabul will serve as a base of operations for four satellite teaching clinics to be established in outlying rural areas in 2004 (TAB B-3).
- DoD plans to establish eight Provincial Reconstruction Teams (PRTs) in rural areas of Afghanistan in the months ahead. HHS has expressed interest in a partnership with PRTs to establish the rural training clinics.
- Rabia Balkhi was chosen as the first site for perinatal specialty training because
 - DoD sponsored renovation of the hospital had already been scheduled (completion and a ribbon-cutting ceremony are scheduled for March 8)
 - Obstetrical physicians in Kabul have had no refresher training for more than 20 years

- Non-governmental organizations (NGO) in Afghanistan are already engaged in training of midwives and traditional birth attendants
- Physician focused training at Rabia Balkhi is consistent with the wishes of the Ministry of Health, will compliment existing NGO sponsored programs, and will serve as a training model which can be rapidly expanded to rural areas, once established
- Next steps
 - The three committees will complete their initial recommendations by Feb 7
 - o HHS will send Dr. Linda Brown to Kabul on Feb 13 to work with Rabia Balkhi staff, further refine program requirements and to serve as local resource coordinator.
 - A joint DoD/HHS team (Dr. Bill Haffner to represent DoD) will join Dr. Brown in Kabul the first week in March, and will be present for the ribbon-cutting on March 8
 - o Rabia Balkhi training program start-up is scheduled for April 03

RECOMMENDATION: That the ASD forward the Info Memo at TAB A

COORDINATION: TAB C

Attachment: As stated

Prepared by: CAPT Jack Smith, Director, C&PP Integration, (b)(6)
PCDOCS # 45481

Update of Afghanistan Maternal and Child Health Joint Project with Health and Human Services

COORDINATION

CoS (HA)	Ms. Diana Tabler	
PDASD (HA)	Mr. Ed Wyatt	
USD (P&R)	Dr. David S. C. Chu	minds C.C.m. 14FM23



THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20301-1200



~ 50 14 원 호텔

FEB 1 2 2003

INFO MEMO

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FROM: William Winkenwerder, Jr., MD, Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health

Affairs)

SUBJECT: Potential use of Viroxyn/Orthopoxyn

- You directed that we may wish to "look into a possible smallpox product" (TAB A).
- Viroxyn/Orthopoxyn was developed by Quadrex Pharmaceuticals. Four studies with male immuno-suppressed hairless mice showed improved results versus placebo for nuce inoculated with smallpox vaccine.
- The projected market for this product is as an alternative to Vaccinia Immuno-Globulin or Cidofovir for those individuals experiencing adverse events from smallpox immunization. Quadrex Pharmaceuticals suggests there is also potential for treatment of smallpox lesions from a bio-terrorist attack for those individuals who have not received vaccine or have developed lesions despite vaccine.
- U.S. Army Medical Research Institute for Infectious Disease is familiar with this product which is characterized by a very low therapeutic index (concentration necessary to inhibit smallpox replication is close to the toxic concentration). Moreover, recent primate studies have demonstrated that smallpox disease is characterized by high viral concentrations in body tissues; topically applied medication has no efficacy in such situations. They recommend against further investment in this drug for treatment of orthopox infections. (TAB B)
- I strongly favor increased investment in research and development of new treatments and vaccines and am committed to working with the Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition Technology & Logistics) to improve our medical defensive posture against biological weapons such as smallpox.

COORDINATION:	TAB C
---------------	-------

Attachments: As stated

Prepared by: COL John Powers, C&PP, ((b)(6)

TAB

A

October 30, 2002 7:07 AM

TO: Bill Winkenwerder

FROM: Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Smallpox

Attached is a memo from my doctor in Chicago about a possible smallpox product you might want to look into.

Thanks.

Attach. 10/29/02^{(b)(6)} tr to SccDef re: Smallpox Therapy

DHR:dh 103002-1

Please respond by _____ 11 12 102

Plo. provide response for me.

You should committe w/ others in

THP-MR, and Dr. Johnson-Winegars

office if a more technical assersment

of this possible product will yield a

more complete response to soc Def

Plo. respond but Thaths

Bril

(b)(6)

Associates In Internal Medicine 211 East Chicago Avenue, Suite 1050 Chicago Illinois 60611

SECDEF HAS SEEN

OCT 3 0 2002

Joseph H. Skom, M.D. Joan C. Mullan, M.D. Eric W. Terman, M.D. Michael D. Zielinski, M.D. Sean D. O'Connor, M.D.

Cardiovascular Disease Neil J. Stone, M.D.

Endocrinology/Diabetes
David S. Oyer, M.D.
Richard S. Crawford, M.D.

October 29, 2002

Re. Smallpox therapy

Dear Donald,

I apologize for bothering you with your busy schedule. Through a bizarre set of circumstances, I have learned of a company out west that claims to have a lotion that can be applied to the skin and kills the small pox virus. They were looking for a treatment for herpes and supposedly had access to small pox and discovered that in nude mice the lotion prevented death from small pox. They will be in NYC Wed through Friday this week, and want to link with a major pharmaceutical firm to pursue research and production

I heard about this through my good friend Craig Goldberg in NYC, an ex-investment banker now advising the secret service, Secretary of the Treasury and the White House on white-collar crime and securities abuse. Because I was just at a meeting with a director of research at Merck about a diabetes drug, Craig gave my name to Mike Guidry (?), a government operative who was approached by the small company. Supposedly, Mike Guidry presented the information to the military, which expressed interest, and to Orin Hatch, but no connection with a drug company was made. Claiming only patriotic motivation, Mike is looking for a name at a drug company. The companies mentioned as good candidates were Pfizer and Johnson and Johnson. The company should be American.

The infectious disease friend I spoke to thinks it unlikely a lotlon could work, especially for inhalation small pox. So I apologize if the small company is making false claims. But it seems that even a long shot is worth pursing.

Do you have any drug company names that you would want me to give Mike? If not, I will cold call people at Pfizer and Johnson an

Regai	rds,	
Regar (b)(6)		
<u> </u>		
_	i î	

TAB

B

Powers, John, COL, OASD(HA)/TMA

From: Jahrling, Peter B Dr USAMRIID [Peter.Jahrling@us.army.mii]

Sent: Monday, January 27, 2003 7:42 PM

To: John Powers (John.Powers@ha.osd.mil)

Cc: Boudreau, Ellen F Dr USAMRIID

Subject: Viroxyn
Importance: High

Col Powers,

Dr. Boudreau passed along your inquiry regarding Viroxyn. This product is known to us, and our NIAID collaborators have tested it for its ability to inhibit orthopoxvirus replication in vitro, and to treat vaccinia infections in scid mice.

My understanding is that Viroxyn is characterized by a very low therapeutic index in cell culture. The concentration necessary to inhibit orthopoxvirus replication is close to the toxic concentration for cells. Also, the compound showed little to no therapeutic efficacy when tested in scid mice with disseminated vaccinia. Although the compound may have some marginally beneficial effects in amelioration of the vesicular skin lesions, topical application does not reduce the viral burden in visceral tissues, where the infectious virus concentrations can exceed 10⁶ virions/gram.

From out recent primate studies using infectious smallpox virus, we now know that systemic infection with exceedingly high viral burdens in visceral tissues characterizes the smallpox disease. Thus, topical application of this compound would not be expected to have beneficial effects in treatment of smallpox. While Viroxyn may have some beneficial effects on vesicular lesions associated with Herpes, the restricted distribution of Herpes virus to sharply localized sites, accessible to topically applied drugs, is a very different situation from the overwhelming systemic infection (with associated cytokine storm and septic shock syndrome) which characterizes smallpox infection. For these reasons, I would recommend against further investment in this drug for treatment of orthopoxvirus infections.

Peter Jahrling Senior Research Scientist, USAMRIID

TAB

C

Potential use of Orthopoxyn

COORDINATION

DASD (C&PP) David N. Tomberg Concurred 11/21/02 (see attached)

CoS, HA Ms. Diana Tabler _____

PDASD, HA Mr. Ed Wyatt

USD (P&R) Dr. David S. C. Chu Burd. C. Lim 14 13003

#376

January 28, 2003 4:40 PM

ТО:	Gen. Myers
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld
SUBJECT:	Reserve Combat Deployments
I would like	to visit with you about this issue.
Thanks.	
Attach. 12/29/02 Mark Kirk e-mail for SecDef re: Reserve Combat Deployments; SecDef reply	
DIIR:dh p12803-16	
Please resp	ond by

Carozza, Mary Beth, CIV, OSD-LA

From: Mark Kirk [(b)(6)

Sent: Sunday, December 29, 2002 4:18 PM

To: MaryBeth.Carozza@osd.mil

Subject: Reserve Opportunities

Dear Mary Beth:

Merry Christmas and Happy New Year. I spoke with Powell on the issue below (and attached). I wonder if you could run it by the Secretary. Just a note and some thoughts to make our lives easier selling the Reserve program to Congress in a post-lraq environment.

Give me a call (b)(6) if you have any questions.

Mark

MEMORANDUM

TO: Secretary Rumsfeld

FROM: U.S. Rep. Mark Kirk

RE: Reserve Combat Deployments

DATE: December 29, 2002

Kimberly and I loved dinner at your place. Joyce is a great hostess and Joyce's book shows you are a "not-so-covert" romantic.

I wanted to raise one issue:

Problem

Reserve units offer higher levels of capability in key specialties (e.g. doctors or air tanking pilots) for lower cost than active duty alternatives (roughly a 60% savings). Key units are needed on day one of any U.S. conflict.

Our current plan for Iraq (1003V) involves a substantial reserve contribution. Everyone agrees that a large reserve contribution is essential.

Tactical aircrews will be the key combat veterans in the coming campaign. Given our experience in *Allied Force* and *Enduring Freedom*, the performance of precision-guided munitions indicates that tactical aircrew's role will likely

increase, with fewer other combat specialties actually involved in fighting.

The majority of combat tactical air will be flown by Air Force and Navy aircraft. With regard to the Navy, I understand the service limited the number of wings to participate. The Navy owns one reserve wing of eight squadrons -- this wing has not been asked to prepare for deployment.

Out of eight Navy combat tactical aircraft squadrons, only one has been planned (fragged) for the operation. Seven remaining squadrons are making no preparations.

We depend on the reserves for a large amount of the coming mission. While reservists overwhelmingly perform essential, non-combat duties, the reservists who participated in prior combat operations performed well. The combat veterans sold the entire reserve program.

Using the combat performance of previous reserve units, we effectively outlined the nation's need and congressional budget for the reserve program. In Desert Storm, all National Guard units were left at home. No one from this program was enabled to return home to explain their mission, role, budget or importance for America's defense using examples of their combat performance. In Allied Force, only 40 naval reserve aviators saw combat and became the "rock stars" and salesmen of the entire navy reserve program.

If no changes to the current plan are made, "Desert Storm II" will involve only 40 naval air crew reservists in combat -- all attached to VFA 201, based out of Dallas (The reservists of VFA 201 just scored highest in the Atlantic fleet on their carrier qualifications). If we limit reserve combat tactical air to just one squadron, it will limit our ability to explain the reserve mission, justify the DoD's budget and tell the story of the military. It will limit our message to only one major U.S. city in one major state and will create precious few role models for the entire reserve program upon which our defense does depend.

Solution

Ask the planners writing 1003V to include other Air Force and Navy tactical air squadrons in the planning for the MODEP. I know of at least two other Navy squadrons that could be deployed in expeditionary roles to support future Air Tasking Orders.

This would increase our ability to highlight the role of reserves, tell their story in other states and highlight their importance in Congress.

Just a thought.

You are doing great and we are 100% proud of you in Winnetka!





CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

AFF 200 FED 10 00 12 31

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999 INFO MEMO

CM-778-03 18 February 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJC \$2002/15

SUBJECT: Reserve Combat Deployments

- In response to your request (TAB A), the following information is provided regarding Reserve combat deployments.
- Currently Tasked Forces:
 - Carrier Air Wing 20 and its assigned squadrons are slated for mobilization and employment to provide surge capability for the Navy in case of a protracted conflict.
 - VFA (Fixed Wing Fighter/Attack) 201 (F/A-18A+) mobilized and deployed aboard USS THEODORE ROOSEVELT in place of an active squadron undergoing transition to F/A-18F. (F/A-18A+ are low-fatigue life F/A-18A aircraft modified to provide enhanced weapons capability comparable with F/A-18C.)
 - Naval Air Reserve support aircraft squadrons are currently deployed, or will be deployed shortly (C-40A, C-9B, C-130, C-20).
- Lack of a more robust Naval Air Reserve presence in 1003V is due to a number of operational or maintenance factors unrelated to 1003V:
 - 1 F/A -18A squadron is slated for disestablishment (POM 04).
 - 1 F/A-18A squadron is undergoing upgrade to F/A-18+ and not available until 4th quarter FY03.
 - 1 E-2C squadron is scheduled to begin upgrade in 4th quarter FY03.
 - 1 EA-6B squadron returned from an Operation NORTHERN WATCH expeditionary deployment in September 2002.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Attachments:

As stated

Prepared By: Lt Gen N. A. Schwartz, USAF; Director, J-3; (b)(6)

18 FEBO

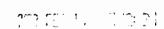
TAB B

COORDINATION PAGE

ORGANIZATION	NAME	DATE
USN	CAPT Thompson	7 Feb 03
Director, Naval Reserve	CDR Cutcheon	7 Feb 03



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF



WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999 INFO MEMO

CM-778-03 18 February 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJC \$\square\$ 15

SUBJECT: Reserve Combat Deployments

- In response to your request (TAB A), the following information is provided regarding Reserve combat deployments.
- Currently Tasked Forces:
 - Carrier Air Wing 20 and its assigned squadrons are slated for mobilization and employment to provide surge capability for the Navy in case of a protracted conflict.
 - VFA (Fixed Wing Fighter/Attack) 201 (F/A-18A+) mobilized and deployed aboard USS THEODORE ROOSEVELT in place of an active squadron undergoing transition to F/A-18F. (F/A-18A+ are low-fatigue life F/A-18A aircraft modified to provide enhanced weapons capability comparable with F/A-18C.)
 - Naval Air Reserve support aircraft squadrons are currently deployed, or will be deployed shortly (C-40A, C-9B, C-130, C-20).
- Lack of a more robust Naval Air Reserve presence in 1003V is due to a number of operational or maintenance factors unrelated to 1003V:
 - 1 F/A -18A squadron is slated for disestablishment (POM 04).
 - 1 F/A-18A squadron is undergoing upgrade to F/A-18+ and not available until 4th quarter FY03.
 - 1 E-2C squadron is scheduled to begin upgrade in 4th quarter FY03.
 - 1 EA-6B squadron returned from an Operation NORTHERN WATCH expeditionary deployment in September 2002.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Attachments:

As stated

Prepared By: Lt Gen N. A. Schwartz, USAF; Director, J-3; (b)(6)

U02180 /03

TAB

A

January 28, 2003 4:40 PM

Snowflake

	Gen. Myers
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld ?
SUBJECT:	Reserve Combat Deployments
l would like	to visit with you about this issue.
Thanks.	
Attach. 12/29/02 Mai	k Kirk e-mail for SecDef re: Reserve Combat Deployments; SecDef reply
DIIR dh 312803-16	
Please resni	and hv

402176-03

Carozza, Mary Beth, CIV, OSD-LA

From:

Mark Kirk (b)(6)

Sent:

Sunday, December 29, 2002 4:18 PM

To:

MaryBeth.Carozza@osd.mil

Subject: Reserve Opportunities

Dear Mary Beth:

Merry Christmas and Happy New Year. I spoke with Powell on the issue below (and attached). I wonder if you could run it by the Secretary. Just a note and some thoughts to make our lives easier selling the Reserve program to Congress in a post-Iraq environment.

Give me a call (b)(6)

(b)(6)

f you have any questions.

Mark

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Secretary Rumsfeld

FROM:

U.S. Rep. Mark Kirk

RE:

Reserve Combat Deployments

DATE:

December 29, 2002

Kimberly and I loved dinner at your place. Joyce is a great hostess and Joyce's book shows you are a "not-so-covert" romantic.

I wanted to raise one issue:

Problem

Reserve units offer higher levels of capability in key specialties (e.g. doctors or air tanking pilots) for lower cost than active duty alternatives (roughly a 60% savings). Key units are needed on day one of any U.S. conflict.

Our current plan for Iraq (1003V) involves a substantial reserve contribution. Everyone agrees that a large reserve contribution is essential.

Tactical aircrews will be the key combat veterans in the coming campaign. Given our experience in *Allied Force* and *Enduring Freedom*, the performance of precision-guided munitions indicates that tactical aircrew's role will likely

increase, with fewer other combat specialties actually involved in fighting.

The majority of combat tactical air will be flown by Air Force and Navy aircraft. With regard to the Navy, I understand the service limited the number of wings to participate. The Navy owns one reserve wing of eight squadrons -- this wing has not been asked to prepare for deployment.

Out of eight Navy combat tactical aircraft squadrons, only one has been planned (fragged) for the operation. Seven remaining squadrons are making no preparations.

We depend on the reserves for a large amount of the coming mission. While reservists overwhelmingly perform essential, non-combat duties, the reservists who participated in prior combat operations performed well. The combat veterans sold the entire reserve program.

Using the combat performance of previous reserve units, we effectively outlined the nation's need and congressional budget for the reserve program. In Desert Storm, all National Guard units were left at home. No one from this program was enabled to return home to explain their mission, role, budget or importance for America's defense using examples of their combat performance. In Allied Force, only 40 naval reserve aviators saw combat and became the "rock stars" and salesmen of the entire navy reserve program.

If no changes to the current plan are made, "Desert Storm II" will involve only 40 naval air crew reservists in combat -- all attached to VFA 201, based out of Dallas (The reservists of VFA 201 just scored highest in the Atlantic fleet on their carrier qualifications). If we limit reserve combat tactical air to just one squadron, it will limit our ability to explain the reserve mission, justify the DoD's budget and tell the story of the military. It will limit our message to only one major U.S. city in one major state and will create precious few role models for the entire reserve program upon which our defense does depend.

Solution

Ask the planners writing 1003V to include other Air Force and Navy tactical air squadrons in the planning for the MODEP. I know of at least two other Navy squadrons that could be deployed in expeditionary roles to support future Air Tasking Orders.

This would increase our ability to highlight the role of reserves, tell their story in other states and highlight their importance in Congress.

Just a thought.

You are doing great and we are 100% proud of you in Winnetka!

TAB

B

TAB B

COORDINATION PAGE

ORGANIZATION	NAME	DATE
USN	CAPT Thompson	7 Feb 03
Director, Naval Reserve	CDR Cutcheon	7 Feb 03

February 13, 2003 9:35 AM

TO:

Paul Wolfowitz

Doug Feith Gen. Myers Gen. Pace

Dov Zakheim

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Supplemental

Attached is a note from Mitch Daniels on the supplemental. Let's get our heads together and figure it out fast, by tomorrow, so I can get back to him.

We will go over it at tomorrow's Round Table, and Dov will need to attend.

Thanks.

Attach.

02/11/03 Director, OMB ltr to SecDef

DHR:dh 021303-12

Please respond by 02/14/03

.0



THE DIRECTOR

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENTS OF TH

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20501

201013 0 300

February 11, 2003

TO:

Secretary Rumsfeld

FROM:

Director Daniels MILD.

I think the time is right for a discussion with the President about our approach to a supplemental in the event of hostilities in Iraq, and have requested time in the next few days. The objective would not be to settle on specific amounts, but rather to secure the President's guidance on an overall approach. I would array the choices this way:

- 1.) Make a request for the kind of conflict ("six days to six weeks") and early occupation the public has come to expect.
- 2.) Make a request for a worst case conflict and aftermath.
- 3.) Make a request for the "expected" conflict, but also ask for some kind of reserve fund accessible by notification to the Congress, without another full round of legislating.

There may be other permutations, but I think those ideas bracket the range. I believe duty requires us to be ready with a well-thought out request almost instantaneously with a Presidential decision, so now is the time to determine our general plan and prepare a request to have at the ready.

ala Cc: DiRita. Zakheim Wolfowitz

U02008 /03





SECRETARY OF THE AROMOYO WASHINGTON .





203 FEB 20 FM 12: 29

INFO MEMO

February 12, 2003, 1:30 p.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FROM: Thomas E. White, Secretary of the Army

SUBJECT: Costs of the U.S. Army Center of Military History's (CMH) Pentagon Research Team

- Memo responds to your question on subject (Tab A).
- Costs of maintaining CMH's Pentagon Research Team are salaries and communications.
 - Salaries are for one GS-13/9 (\$86,494) and one GS-12/6 (\$66,992).
 - Communications costs are \$400 annually.
 - Total is \$153,886 annually.
- Office serves Headquarters, Department of Army, other Army and DoD entities, Congressional offices, on call (Tab B).
- Office performs liaison and outreach for CMH, steers research, provides accurate and official historical data and publications, provides information on CMH services and resources, prepares information papers and essays, provides historical quality control on uses and interpretations of historical data, covers and collects information on Army Transformation and operations (Tab B).
- CMH would have to perform these functions in any event, whether from Pentagon or elsewhere.
- Pentagon office saves travel costs and time, facilitates face-to-face coordination and understanding of customer needs.

COORDINATION: NONE

Attachments:

As stated

Prepared By: James L. Yarrison,

0-1/03	_
(b)(b)	

2 Febo3

TAB

A

December 5, 2002 10:41 AM

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Costs

Please find out how much we spend on this Pentagon Research Team in the Army Center of Military History.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 120502-14

Please respond by ____

Fleave let i

discussion

Dill

TAB

B

Constituencies Served by the U.S. Army Center of Military History's (CMH) Pentagon Research Team

The Pentagon Research Team serves all of Headquarters, Department of Army, and other Army entities. It supports DoD offices, and various Congressional offices, on call on Army-related issues. The office provides particular support to drafters of speeches and articles and to high-level officials in the agencies described who have historically-related questions for which they need accurate, official information. During the past year, for example, the office has assisted the OSD, the Office of the Chief of Naval Operations, several Senators' and Representatives' offices, in addition to offices and commands throughout the Army. Serving these constituencies requires that the office be manned with seasoned historians who are extremely knowledgeable of the Army and its history and closely tied into current Army issues and operations.

Pentagon Research Team Functions

The Pentagon Research Team performs several functions for CMH and the Army. It acts as the Chief of Military History's liaison element within the Pentagon, gathering information and facilitating CMH's support to the offices and officials requiring it and providing information on CMH services and resources. The office assists action officers within its various constituencies in planning and conducting historical research and assists them in the proper use and interpretation of the historical data that they collect. In response to queries from constituents, it conducts research and provides, where possible, official and accurate oral or written responses and finished publications, as appropriate, and, on request, prepares timely and focused information papers and essays for those requesters. The office also serves as the repository for information that it collects on the ongoing Army Transformation and other Army initiatives and operations.

Ġ

February 22, 2003 5:09 PM

TO:

Vice President Richard B. Cheney

Honorable Colin Powell Honorable Condoleezza Rice

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld (()

SUBJECT:

German Defense Minister Struck's Comments

I am considering sending this memo to MoD Peter Struck. A copy of the article in question is attached. What do you think? My view is that we should get something out promptly.

Thanks.

Attach.

02/22/03 Draft memo to MoD Struck 02/21/03 Paris AFP story, FBIS EUP20030221000118[100]

DHR:dh 022203-12 Dunary

DRAFT

February 22, 2003 5:14 PM

TO:

Minister of Defense Peter Struck

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

Mr. Minister-

I have just been shown news reports with the headline, "Germany Threatens to Withdraw Peacekeepers from Afghanistan in the Event of Iraq War." It quotes you as saying that Germany would "first evacuate civilian colleagues by planes within a week and then the soldiers."

As someone who understands the hype that headline writers can add to comments taken in the wrong context, I still am concerned about the signal your statement is sending: All terrorists have to do is put some pressure on the Germany-led ISAF and Germany will withdraw. That, of course, could well incite terrorists to engage in terrorist acts against ISAF, in that they would feel they now know what the result will be—Germany will withdraw, which is their goal.

If the sentiment of your comments as reported is not accurate, I believe the impression should be promptly corrected. If the sentiment is accurate, it seems to me that you should have talked to the United States and your ISAF partners before publicly committing to such a course of action. Discussing such a unilateral action without consulting with one's coalition partners is surprising.

If what is being carried in the press is the policy of the German government, it would be best if you made prompt arrangements to move German forces out of ISAF as soon as possible. The United States is willing to work with the remaining ISAF countries to fill that gap. To wait until after a terrorist attack and then to

DRAFT

DRAFT

withdraw your forces would signal to terrorists that terrorism works. This would be unfortunate.

German troops on the ground in Kabul have been performing well. I have heard from General McNeill that the German forces on the scene believe that the way to prevent terrorist attacks is to be seen out aggressively patrolling. I agree.

If you find that you cannot promptly correct the record, then I suggest we immediately discuss withdrawing German troops now, rather than withdrawing them precipitously after a terrorist attack.

Sincerely,

DHR:dh 022203-11

DRAFT

TO:

Vice President Richard B. Chency

Honorable Colin Powell Honorable Condoleezza Rice

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld (

SUBJECT: German Defense Minister Struck's Comments

I am considering sending this memo to MoD Peter Smick. A copy of the article in question is attached. What do you think? My view is that we should get something out promptly.

Thanks.

Attach.

02/22/03 Draft memo to MoD Struck 02/21/03 Paris AFP story, FBIS EUP20030221000118[100]

OHEM 013203-12

3

TO:

Minister of Defense Peter Struck

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

Mr. Minister-

I have just been shown news reports with the headline, "Germany Threatens to Withdraw Peacekeepers from Afghanistan in the Event of Iraq War." It quotes you as saying that Germany would "first evacuate civilian colleagues by planes within a week and then the soldiers."

As someone who understands the hype that headline writers can add to comments taken in the wrong context, I still am concerned about the signal your statement is sending: All terrorists have to do is put some pressure on the Germany-led ISAF and Germany will withdraw. That, of course, could well incite terrorists to engage in terrorist acts against ISAF, in that they would feel they now know what the result will be—Germany will withdraw, which is their goal.

If the sentiment of your comments as reported is not accurate, I believe the impression should be promptly corrected. If the sentiment is accurate, it seems to me that you should have talked to the United States and your ISAF partners before publicly committing to such a course of action. Discussing such a unilateral action without consulting with one's coalition partners is surprising.

If what is being carried in the press is the policy of the German government, it would be best if you made prompt arrangements to move German forces out of ISAF as soon as possible. The United States is willing to work with the remaining ISAF countries to fill that gap. To wait until after a terrorist attack and then to

DRAFT

withdraw your forces would signal to terrorists that terrorism works. This would be unfortunate.

4

German troops on the ground in Kabul have been performing well. I have heard from General McNeill that the German forces on the scene believe that the way to prevent terrorist attacks is to be seen out aggressively patrolling. I agree.

If you find that you cannot promptly correct the record, then I suggest we immediately discuss withdrawing German troops now, rather than withdrawing them precipitously after a terrorist attack.

Sincerely,

DIAR:46 422201-11

DRAFT

February 22, 2003 9:57 AM

TO:

Honorable George Tenet

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

(b)(1),(b)(3):50 U.S.C. § 3024(i).(b)(3):50 U.S.C. § 3507

I agree completely that the DCI ought to have a (3):50 U.S.C. § 3024(i),(b) (3):50 U.S.C. § 3507

I will even go further-

(b)(1),(b)(3):50 U.S.C. § 3024(i),(b)(3):50 U.S.C. § 3507

Good for you!

DHR:dh 022103-10

January 30, 2003 7:52 AM

TO:

J.D. Crouch

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Paddy Ashdown

Thanks for your memo on Paddy Ashdown. Do you think we ought to have a meeting with him every six months to see how he is doing, get him to report and force him to make progress?

Thanks.

Please respond by 02/11/33

FEB 2 1 2003

FER 13 2003

SecVef:

Yes. We will most with him every six months to keep the pressur or. And we will report to you every 60 days or so on prayers. Do you want to meet with him regularly? FEB 13 2003',540 T.D.

in any 6 mb

11-L-0559/5 Sp 1/2 1055

30Jano3

amy Di Rite





INSPECTOR GENERAL
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
400 ARMY NAVY DRIVE
ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22202-4704

Pm 3:10

INFO MEMO

February 25, 2003, 11:30 a.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Joseph E. Schmitz, Inspector General of the Department of Defense

SUBJECT: Response to February 13, 2003, Snowflake Subject "Award of A-76

Contract" and A-76 Status Update

- The short answer to your question, "How often . . . [have our audits] determined that the Government contractor underbid the private contractor," is that the subject Defense Financing and Accounting Service (DFAS) A-76 competition was the first.
- My office has conducted an independent review on a total of five A-76 competitions; in all but the most recent DFAS competition, there was either no contractor proposal or the contractor proposal was determined not technically responsive.
- According to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, OUSD(AT&L), the results of 314 A-76 competitions from FY97 through FY01 show that the government competitor won 187 (60%) of the competitive awards. It is not clear how many of these instances were a result of "the Government contractor underbid[ding] the private contractor." I have tasked my staff to clarify this detail, and will supplement this response upon receipt and review of the responsive data from the OUSD(AT&L).
- As I mentioned in my February 11, 2003, Info Memo on this subject, I had requested the GSA Inspector General independently to review the events surrounding the DFAS A-76 error. In his February 20, 2003, report (attached), the GSA IG concluded, "the [DoD Office of Inspector General] audit work materially departed from the audit plan and was performed in a manner that does not meet several generally accepted government auditing standards [and] these short-comings substantially lessened the likelihood that the OIG DoD's audit work would detect the error(s) made by management or its contractor in preparing the actual cost study."
- I am working with my senior leadership both to implement prudent measures to avoid even the appearance of either a departure from any OIG audit plan or performance by any of our auditors "in a manner that does not meet . . . generally accepted government auditing standards," and I have tasked my Audit leadership to prepare a proactive plan of action, based on the findings and the record of the GSA Peer Evaluation, for: (a) issuing any accolades; and (b) determining whether and to what extent personnel at all levels should be held accountable for any omission, commission, or failure to meet professional standards.

Attachment: As stated

cc: Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)/Chief Financial Officer

Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics)

Assistant Secretary of Defense (Legislative Affairs)
Assistant Secretary of Defense (Public Affairs)

Director, Defense Finance and Accounting Service

Prepared by: Joseph E. Schmitz, (b)(6)

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY 11-L-0559/OSD14606

GSA REPORT

FEB 2 D 2003

The Honorable Joseph E. Schmitz Inspector General

Department of Defense

Dear Mr. Schmitz

Enclosed is our Office of Auditing's final report of its peer evaluation of the audit work performed by the Office of Inspector General, Department of Defense under its engagement entitled, "Independent Review of the Cost Comparison Study of Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Function," Report Number D-2001-167, dated August 2, 2001. The purpose of the evaluation was to express an opinion regarding whether the audit work on this project was conducted in a manner consistent with generally accepted government auditing standards.

In our opinion, the work performed relative to the subject audit materially departed from the audit plan and does not meet several generally accepted government auditing standards. These shortcomings in practice substantially lessened the likelihood that the audit work would detect the error(s) made by agency management in preparing the actual cost study.

We undertook this review at your request. Accordingly, we consider your office to be the owner of the final report. We will not release the report to other parties. Any inquiries requesting the report will be referred to your office for your consideration.

Thank you for the courtesies extended to our staff during the review. We would be pleased to respond to any questions or provide additional assistance if needed.

Sincerely

Daniel R. Levinson, Inspector General

Enclosure

February 20, 2003

The Honorable Joseph E. Schmitz Inspector General Department of Defense 400 Army Navy Drive Arlington, Virginia 22202

Dear Mr. Schmitz:

The U.S. General Services Administration's Office of Inspector General has completed a pecr evaluation of audit work performed by the Office of Inspector General Department of Defense (OIG DoD) related to its engagement entitled, *Independent Review of the Cost Comparison Study of Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Functions*, Report Number D-2001-167, dated August 2, 2001. The purpose of the evaluation was to express an opinion regarding whether the OIG DoD's work on this project was conducted in a manner consistent with generally accepted government auditing standards, commonly referred to as the Yellowbook standards. We undertook this engagement at the request of the OIG DoD and performed it in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. We did not evaluate the OIG DoD's system of internal controls and accordingly, we did not include an assessment statement of their internal control structure. The fieldwork was performed at the OIG DoD offices in Arlington, Virginia during January and February 2003.

To accomplish our objective, we:

- 1. reviewed the working paper files associated with Report Number D-2001-167, Independent Review of the Cost Comparison Study of Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Functions (R&A audit);
- 2. reviewed the working paper files associated with Report Number D-2001-173, Independent Review of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service Cost Comparison Study of Civilian Pay Function;
- 3. reviewed the working papers compiled by the OIG DoD's Deputy Assistant Inspector General for Audit Policy and Oversight (APO) during their independent review of the R&A audit's audit plan and procedures;
- 4. reviewed other documents maintained by the lead auditor on the R&A review that were not incorporated into the official working papers;
- 5. reviewed the draft report and associated working papers for Project Number D2002CH-0074, Report on the Public/Private Competition for the Defense Finance and Accounting Service Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Functions; and
- 6. interviewed appropriate OIG DoD audit staff.

Results in Brief

Based on our review of the R&A audit report and supporting documentation, it is our opinion that the audit work materially departed from the audit plan and was performed in a manner that does not meet several generally accepted government auditing standards. The audit documentation does not demonstrate that due professional care was exercised during the course of the audit. Moreover, the audit work did not meet several fieldwork standards, specifically: gathering sufficient audit evidence to support conclusions; preparing adequate audit documentation; and providing appropriate supervision to ensure audit objectives were being achieved. All of these shortcomings substantially lessened the likelihood that the OIG DoD's audit work would detect the error(s) made by management or its contractor in preparing the actual cost study.

Background

All federal agencies under the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Circular A-76 are required to perform selective cost comparison competitions to determine whether commercial type work performed currently by federal employees could be performed by private sector firms at lower overall costs. The government organization is given the opportunity to prepare its cost bid based upon what it believes is its Most Efficient Organization (MEO), provided that the MEO is prepared consistent with the standards and formulas established in the A-76 guidance. An independent review official (IRO) is provided for by the circular. It is their responsibility to ensure the validity of the data used in crafting the MEO and ensuring that the A-76 guidelines were followed in its development.

The Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS) subjected its Military Retired and Annuitant (R&A) Pay Functions to an A-76 cost comparison study. DFAS engaged MEVATEC Corporation to assist them in this effort. On November 8, 2000, DFAS established the cost of their MEO with the issuance of an In-House Cost Estimate (IHCE) totaling \$347,173,983.

The OIG DoD served as the IRO, charged with auditing the DFAS's R&A study and certifying as to the reasonableness and appropriateness of the estimated costs. After DFAS adopted some adjustments recommended by the OIG DoD, the OIG DoD certified the MEO's amounts. Subsequently, the bid process determined that a private contractor could perform the work for lower costs than proposed in the MEO. After a union appeal and a review, the contractor was still found to have submitted the lowest bid for the work and was awarded the contract. The DFAS R&A activity was disbanded affecting the employment of over 500 federal employees.

A subsequent inquiry from a Member of Congress caused the OIG DoD to further reexamine the work it performed in connection with the R&A audit. In the course of this review (headed by a different supervisory team), an OIG DoD staff member found that a material error in salary computations went undetected in the original IRO audit. The analysis of the audit established that the original DFAS MEO costs were overstated by \$31.8 million. More significantly, had the correct amounts been used in the cost competition, the government activity would have retained



TO:

Joseph Schmitz

CC:

Dov Zakheim

FROM:

T)A Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Award of A-76 Contract

Thank you for the report on the A-76 error.

If I understand it correctly, your audit determined that the Government contractor underbid the private contractor. How often does that happen?

₹

Thanks.

Attach.

02/11/03 IG memo to SecDef re: "Error Results in Award of A-76 Contract with Potential Value of \$346 Million to Higher Bidder" [U01946/03]

DHR.dh 021303-21

£

February 20, 2003 10:01 AM

TO:

Doug Feith

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: NATO and ISAF

Lord Robertson wants NATO to do the ISAF. I told him that was fine with me.

Where do we stand?

Thanks.

DHR:db

Please respond by 02/28/03

Jashed ISP to January Later, do aquick note on Snowfeller, VR UH

U02648 /03

FEB 2 1 2003/1340

TO:

Joe Schmitz

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Article

Thanks for your note and the journal with your article.

700,7

DHR:dh 022803-1

£

Please respond by _____



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999

Company of the first A FO

INFO MEMO

CM-804-03 3 March 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJC 4641143

SUBJECT: United Kingdom Provincial Reconstruction Team

- In response to your concern (TAB A) regarding the United Kingdom (UK) leading one of the provincial teams in Afghanistan, the following information is provided. The UK, through its Senior National Representative at HQ CENTCOM, began discussions in December 2002 to take leadership of a Provincial Reconstruction Team (PRT) in Afghanistan.
- The UK Ministry of Defence has initiated formal staffing to obtain approval to deploy forces in April to assume leadership of the Mazar-e-Sharif PRT in May and has top-down direction from Prime Minister Blair to take on this mission.

COORDINATION: TAB B

Attachments:

As stated

Prepared By: MG Michael M. Dunn, USAF; Acting Director, J-5; (b)(6)

February 13, 2003 10:51 AM

TO:	Doug Feith Gen. Myers		
CC:	Gen. Franks		
FROM:	Donald Rumsfeld		
SUBJECT:	UK Provincial Team		
Yesterday Geoff Hoon, the UK MoD, said the UK wants to lead one of the provincial teams in Afghanistan.			
Please have someone get in touch with them and get that moving.			
Thanks.			
DHR:db 021303-16			

Please respond by 03/07/03

TAB B

COORDINATION PAGE

OSD(P)

Marc Cheek

February 21, 2003



February 13, 2003 10:51 AM

TO:

Doug Feith

Gen. Myers

CC:

Gen. Franks

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

UK Provincial Team

Yesterday Geoff Hoon, the UK MoD, said the UK wants to lead one of the provincial teams in Afghanistan.

Please have someone get in touch with them and get that moving.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 021303-16

Please respond by 03/07/03

M

13 Alo3

TO:

Doug Feith

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld 1

SUBJECT:

Letter to South Korean MoD

I think we have to get a letter from me to the South Korean MoD proposing a planto-go forward, so we get this project underway.

Thanks.

DER:db

Please respond by 01 14 03

75an 03

Úz.

6x 3955 UA

January 7, 2003 12:08 PM

TO:

Doug Feith

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld 🕅

SUBJECT:

South Korea

I have talked to Condi Rice, Colin Powell, the President and the Vice President—everyone agrees we should proceed with the discussions with South Korea.

Please come back to me with a proposal telling me how you think we ought to initiate the dialog as to how we rearrange our forces in a way that fits the current military and political situation.

Thanks.

DHR:dh

Please respond by 01/14/03

7 Jan 07

U02806#/03

01-08-03 12:37 IN



SECRETARY OF THE ARM Y



INFO MEMO

March 03, 2003, 3:00 p.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE	DepSec Action
FROM: Thomas E. White, Secretary of the Army	4 2003

- Memo responds to a follow-on question to the SecDef 's request (Tab A).
- The CMH is responsible for the execution of the Army Historical Program that preserves, critically interprets, disseminates and teaches military history; provides historical advice; and stimulates historical mindedness within the Army, Department of Defense, and throughout the nation and world.
- The CMH FY03 budget is \$14.044 million including:
 - \$8.452M for center operations and civilian pay

SUBJECT: Annual Budget for the Center of Military History (CMH)

- \$3.092M for mission requirements
- \$2.5M for the National Museum of the United States Army (NMUSA)
- The CMH functions include: supervising 124 museums (active, reserve and national guard); the preservation and stewardship of over one million artifacts, valued at over \$1 billion; providing technical oversight for over 120 MACOM and field historians, and 25 military history detachments (active, reserve and national guard); maintaining the Army's organizational history, lineage and honors; writing, editing and publishing the Army's official history.

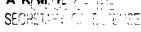
COORDINATION: None

Attachments:
As stated

Prepared By: LTC Steven C. Larson



SECRETARY OF THE ARCHITECTURE SECRETARY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE





203 FEB 20 FH 12: 29

INFO MEMO

February 12, 2003, 1:30 p.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
FROM: Thomas E. White, Secretary of the Army
SUBJECT: Costs of the U.S. Army Center of Military History's (CMH) Pentagon Research Team
• Memo responds to your question on subject (Tab A).
• Costs of maintaining CMH's Pentagon Research Team are salaries and communications.
 Salaries are for one GS-13/9 (\$86,494) and one GS-12/6 (\$66,992).
 Communications costs are \$400 annually.
• Total is \$153,886 annually.
 Office serves Headquarters, Department of Army, other Army and DoD entities. Congressional offices, on call (Tab B).
 Office performs liaison and outreach for CMH, steers research, provides accurate and official historical data and publications, provides information on CMH services and resources, prepares information papers and essays, provides historical quality control on uses and interpretations of historical data, covers and collects information on Army Transformation and operations (Tab B).
• CMH would have to perform these functions in any event, whether from Pentagon or elsewhere.
• Pentagon office saves travel costs and time, facilitates face-to-face coordination and understanding of customer needs.
COORDINATION: NONE
Attachments: As stated SR HG CRADDOCK SR HG CRADDOCK
Prepared By: James L. Yarrison, (b)(6) EXECUTE WHITMORE EXECUTE WHITMORE

December 5, 2002 10:41 AM

TO:

Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Costs

Please find out how much we spend on this Pentagon Research Team in the Army Center of Military History.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 120502-14

Please respond by _

Col Ferrell-Please let i d's cues: Dill

11-L-0559/OSD14622

11 02231-03

March 4, 2003 9:21 AM

TO:

Tom White H. T. Johnson

Gen. Shinseki ADM Clark

James Roche

Gen. Jumper

David Chu

Gen. Hagee

CC:

Gen. Myers

Paul Wolfowitz

Gen. Pace

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Waivers from Joint Service

Given the many years that have passed since Goldwater-Nichols became law, I wonder if we ought to simply end the policy of waivers for the absence of joint service to officers being selected for promotion to General and Flag rank.

I also wonder if we might want to review what positions give joint service credit. As I have talked to people I interview, I have the impression that some of the positions they say give them joint service credit tend not to really be very joint.

Therefore, I would like you to review the list of assignments that qualify for joint service. My impression is that the list very likely has grown so that more people are enabled to punch that ticket, and it may very well be that we want to tighten it up.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 030303-27

Please respond by 3/28/03

4 monas



ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

... 2400 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, DC 20301-2400

2m3 111 - 5 111 2: 53

I-002295/03 EF4278

INFO MEMO

FOR:

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM:

Assistant Secretary of Defense (ISA)

(Peter W. Rodman, 695-4351)

SUBJECT: Oversight of the Regional Centers

In reply to your question as to who in my office oversees the Regional Centers, the breakdown is as follows:

- Peter W. Rodman oversees the following Centers:
 - Asia-Pacific (PACOM)
 - Africa (NDU)
 - Near East and South Asia (NDU)
 - Center for Hemispheric Defense Studies (Latin and Central America) (NDU).
- J.D. Crouch oversees the Marshall Center (EUCOM).
- The respective Deputy Assistant Secretaries provide the policy guidance for each of the regional centers.
- ISA's office of International Negotiations and Regional Affairs, supervised by Peter Rodman, coordinates cross-cutting administrative and policy matters, such as funding, policy guidance, and hiring of new directors.

Prepared by Dan Haendel, Principal Director, International Negotiations and Regional Affairs, (b)(6)

02-28-03 00:23 19



INRA	EF4278	Marmaism
I-002296/03		工艺
1	Pahruary 20-2003	1-87 1-43 PM

TO:

Doug Feith

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Centers

Who in your office oversees these centers we have around the world] such as The Marshall Center, Asia-Pacific Center, en so forth.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 022003-2

Please respond by 02/18/03

USDPThis is Rodman
except for Marshall
which soes to JD.

"IR MA

COORDINATION

PDASD Flory Cui

-5	n	n	w	Ŧ	5	k	١

IN & A

Z-0022996/03

EF4278

Mormaismo

February 20, 2003 1:43 PM

TO:

Doug Feith

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld T

SUBJECT:

Centers

Who in your office oversees these centers we have around the world] such as The Marshall Center, Asia Pacific Center, en so forth.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 022003-2

Please respond by 02/28/03

USDPThis is Rodman
except for Marshall
which soes to JD.

IR MA

20 Fesas

U02876 /03

FEB 2 1 2003/1346

March 3, 2003 3:47 PM

TO:

VADM Giambastiani

CC:

Gen. Myers

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld 1)

SUBJECT:

Joint Concepts of Operations

Here is an interesting letter from Barry Blechman about Joint Concepts of Operations. What do you think about his suggestion?

Thanks.

Attach.

2/14/02 Blechman ltr to SecDef

DHR:dh 030303-26

Please respond by 02/21/03

U02891 /03



SECDEF HAS SEEN

MAR - 4 2003

Barry M. Blechman CLO and Present

February 14, 2003

The Honorable Donald H. Rumsfeld Secretary of Defense 1000 Defense Pentagon Washington, DC 20301-1000

Dear Secretary Rumsfeld,

Thanks very much for taking the time to talk with me on Tuesday, and for providing the proverbial free lunch! It was a pleasure to see you and have the chance to better understand your priorities in transforming the Department, as well as to discuss key foreign policy issues.

Our discussion of your efforts to lead the Services into Joint Concepts of Operations brought to mind the frustrations that we experienced when assisting the Air Force's Directorate of Plans (XP) in attempts to engage the other Services in a discussion of joint concepts for expeditionary operations. Official channels for communication proved to be ineffective and ad hoc initiatives equally fruitless. Without a forcing function, XP's efforts to develop a Joint CONOP that could be tested, exercised, and, ultimately, implemented have so far come to naught.

The priority that you now ascribe to progress in this area provides a new opportunity to encourage the Services to come to the table. JFCOM is the logical "honest broker" to manage a series of all-Service workshops to develop Joint CONOPS. In order to generate a constructive discussion, participants should be handpicked and include representatives from the Unified Commands, Joint Staff, and OSD. A board of retired "gray beards" charged with thinking across Service lines on this issue might additionally aid the process.

The process might also include informal, off-line meetings under private auspices, as well as more structured, top-level sessions, to maximize creativity while driving towards specific, actionable agreements. More than just an opportunity to compare slides and share jargon, these activities should be structured toward tangible results – a focused set of CONOPS that could be tested in the field in 2004.

I would welcome the opportunity to discuss this concept further with Admiral Giambastiani's team. DFI's work for the Services and OSD has made clear that encouraging the Services to work together outside of existing stovepipes is a vital step toward transforming our military capabilities.

Thanks again for lunch. I look forward to seeing you at the Defense Policy Board meeting later this month.

Sincerely,

Barry Blechman

hill ppines

March 5, 2003 4:08 PM

TO:

Doug Feith

CC:

Gen. Myers

ADM Fargo

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Philippines

We ought to get somebody going pretty fast on trying to work out some arrangement with the Philippines.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 030303-23

Please respond by 03/14/03

March 5, 2003 1:38 PM

TO: Honorable George Tenet

FROM: Donald Rumsfeld \(\overline{\chi} \)

SUBJECT: Director of TTIC

John Brennan sounds terrific. We're delighted. Charge ahead, my friend.

DHR:dh 030503-10 DYO CIA

March 3, 2003 1:21 PM

TO:

Gen. Franks

CC:

Gen. Myers

Gen. Pace Gen. Jones

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld DA

SUBJECT:

CENTCOM Is the Supported Command

This memo is to underscore the arrangements I have made whereby CENTCOM will be the supported command. All other commands will be supporting commands.

I hope there is no doubt in anyone's mind, at any level, as to how this will work.

Thanks.

DHR:dh
030303-22

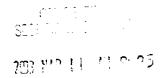
Please respond by





INSPECTOR GENERAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE 400 ARMY NAVY DRIVE ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22202–4704

INFO MEMO



March 7, 2003, 1630 p.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Joseph E. Schmitz, Inspector General of the Department of Defense

SUBJECT: Further Response to February 12, 2003, Snowflake Subject "Award of A-76 Contract" and A-76 Status Update

- As mentioned in my February 25, 2003, Info Memo on this subject (attached) the results of 314 A-76 competitions from FY97 through FY01 show that the government competitor won 187 (60%) of the competitive awards. The Government competitor underbid the private contractor in 118 competitions.
- According to the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology and Logistics, independent of who wins, the cost to perform that function decreases by 25 to 30 percent. When the Government employees win they are 25 to 30 percent below prior costs and lower than the private contractor.
- A future review will address the quality of data on A-76 competitions in a new automated DoD system. The review will help the Department validate data used for measuring performance of A-76 competitions and ensure that accurate and timely data is available for management decisions.

Attachment: As stated

cc: Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)/Chief Financial Officer
Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics)
Assistant Secretary of Defense (Legislative Affairs)
Assistant Secretary of Defense (Public Affairs)
Director, Defense Finance and Accounting Service

Prepared by: Joseph E. Schmitz, (b)(6)



INSPECTOR GENERAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE 400 ARMY NAVY DRIVE ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22202–4704

INFO MEMO

February 25, 2003, 11:30 a.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Joseph E. Schmitz, Inspector General of the Department of Defense

SUBJECT: Response to February 13, 2003, Snowflake Subject "Award of A-76

Contract" and A-76 Status Update

• The short answer to your question, "How often . . . [have our audits] determined that the Government contractor underbid the private contractor," is that the subject Defense Financing and Accounting Service (DFAS) A-76 competition was the first.

- My office has conducted an independent review on a total of five A-76 competitions; in all but the most recent DFAS competition, there was either no contractor proposal or the contractor proposal was determined not technically responsive.
- According to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, OUSD(AT&L), the results of 314 A-76 competitions from FY97 through FY01 show that the government competitor won 187 (60%) of the competitive awards. It is not clear how many of these instances were a result of "the Government contractor underbid[ding] the private contractor." I have tasked my staff to clarify this detail, and will supplement this response upon receipt and review of the responsive data from the OUSD(AT&L).
- As I mentioned in my February 11, 2003, Info Memo on this subject, I had requested the GSA Inspector General independently to review the events surrounding the DFAS A-76 error. In his February 20, 2003, report (attached), the GSA IG concluded, "the [DoD Office of Inspector General] audit work materially departed from the audit plan and was performed in a manner that does not meet several generally accepted government auditing standards [and] these short-comings substantially lessened the likelihood that the OIG DoD's audit work would detect the error(s) made by management or its contractor in preparing the actual cost study."
- I am working with my senior leadership both to implement prudent measures to avoid even the appearance of either a departure from any OIG audit plan or performance by any of our auditors "in a manner that does not meet . . . generally accepted government auditing standards," and I have tasked my Audit leadership to prepare a proactive plan of action, based on the findings and the record of the GSA Peer Evaluation, for: (a) issuing any accolades; and (b) determining whether and to what extent personnel at all levels should be held accountable for any omission, commission, or failure to meet professional standards.

Attachment: As stated

cc: Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)/Chief Financial Officer

Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics)

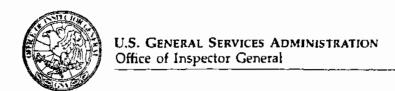
Assistant Secretary of Defense (Legislative Affairs)
Assistant Secretary of Defense (Public Affairs)

Director, Defense Finance and Accounting Service

Prepared by: Joseph E. Schmitz, (b)(6)

1FPIL 975559/0 915191635

402639-03



FEB 2 D 2003

The Honorable Joseph E. Schmitz Inspector General Department of Defense

Dear Mr. Schmitz.

Enclosed is our Office of Auditing's final report of its peer evaluation of the audit work performed by the Office of Inspector General, Department of Defense under its engagement entitled, "Independent Review of the Cost Comparison Study of Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Function," Report Number D-2001-167, dated August 2, 2001. The purpose of the evaluation was to express an opinion regarding whether the audit work on this project was conducted in a manner consistent with generally accepted government auditing standards.

In our opinion, the work performed relative to the subject audit materially departed from the audit plan and does not meet several generally accepted government auditing standards. These shortcomings in practice substantially lessened the likelihood that the audit work would detect the error(s) made by agency management in preparing the actual cost study.

We undertook this review at your request. Accordingly, we consider your office to be the owner of the final report. We will not release the report to other parties. Any inquiries requesting the report will be referred to your office for your consideration.

Thank you for the courtesies extended to our staff during the review. We would be pleased to respond to any questions or provide additional assistance if needed.

Sincerely

Daniel R. Levinson, Inspector General

Enclosure

February 20, 2003

The Honorable Joseph E. Schmitz Inspector General Department of Defense 400 Army Navy Drive Arlington, Virginia 22202

Dear Mr. Schmitz:

The U.S. General Services Administration's Office of Inspector General has completed a pecr evaluation of audit work performed by the Office of Inspector General Department of Defense (OIG DoD) related to its engagement entitled, Independent Review of the Cost Comparison Study of Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Functions, Report Number D-2001-167, dated August 2, 2001. The purpose of the evaluation was to express an opinion regarding whether the OIG DoD's work on this project was conducted in a manner consistent with generally accepted government auditing standards, commonly referred to as the Yellowbook standards. We undertook this engagement at the request of the OIG DoD and performed it in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. We did not evaluate the OIG DoD's system of internal controls and accordingly, we did not include an assessment statement of their internal control structure. The fieldwork was performed at the OIG DoD offices in Arlington, Virginia during January and February 2003.

To accomplish our objective, we:

- reviewed the working paper files associated with Report Number D-2001-167, Independent Review of the Cost Comparison Study of Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Functions (R&A audit);
- reviewed the working paper files associated with Report Number D-2001-173, Independent Review of the Defense Finance and Accounting Service Cost Comparison Study of Civilian Pay Function;
- reviewed the working papers compiled by the OIG DoD's Deputy Assistant Inspector General for Audit Policy and Oversight (APO) during their independent review of the R&A audit's audit plan and procedures;
- 4. reviewed other documents maintained by the lead auditor on the R&A review that were not incorporated into the official working papers;
- 5. reviewed the draft report and associated working papers for Project Number D2002CH-0074, Report on the Public/Private Competition for the Defense Finance and Accounting Service Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Functions; and
- 6. interviewed appropriate OIG DoD audit staff.

Results in Brief

Based on our review of the R&A audit report and supporting documentation, it is our opinion that the audit work materially departed from the audit plan and was performed in a manner that does not meet several generally accepted government auditing standards. The audit documentation does not demonstrate that due professional care was exercised during the course of the audit. Moreover, the audit work did not meet several fieldwork standards, specifically: gathering sufficient audit evidence to support conclusions; preparing adequate audit documentation; and providing appropriate supervision to ensure audit objectives were being achieved. All of these shortcomings substantially lessened the likelihood that the OIG DoD's audit work would detect the error(s) made by management or its contractor in preparing the actual cost study.

Background

All federal agencies under the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Circular A-76 are required to perform selective cost comparison competitions to determine whether commercial type work performed currently by federal employees could be performed by private sector firms at lower overall costs. The government organization is given the opportunity to prepare its cost bid based upon what it believes is its Most Efficient Organization (MEO), provided that the MEO is prepared consistent with the standards and formulas established in the A-76 guidance. An independent review official (IRO) is provided for by the circular. It is their responsibility to ensure the validity of the data used in crafting the MEO and ensuring that the A-76 guidelines were followed in its development.

The Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS) subjected its Military Retired and Annuitant (R&A) Pay Functions to an A-76 cost comparison study. DFAS engaged MEVATEC Corporation to assist them in this effort. On November 8, 2000, DFAS established the cost of their MEO with the issuance of an In-House Cost Estimate (IHCE) totaling \$347,173,983.

The OIG DoD served as the IRO, charged with auditing the DFAS's R&A study and certifying as to the reasonableness and appropriateness of the estimated costs. After DFAS adopted some adjustments recommended by the OIG DoD, the OIG DoD certified the MEO's amounts. Subsequently, the bid process determined that a private contractor could perform the work for lower costs than proposed in the MEO. After a union appeal and a review, the contractor was still found to have submitted the lowest bid for the work and was awarded the contract. The DFAS R&A activity was disbanded affecting the employment of over 500 federal employees.

A subsequent inquiry from a Member of Congress caused the OIG DoD to further reexamine the work it performed in connection with the R&A audit. In the course of this review (headed by a different supervisory team), an OIG DoD staff member found that a material error in salary computations went undetected in the original IRO audit. The analysis of the audit established that the original DFAS MEO costs were overstated by \$31.8 million. More significantly, had the correct amounts been used in the cost competition, the government activity would have retained

the work in-house at a cost to the government well below the contractor's price. (Please refer to the appendix for a timeline of significant events in the IRO review process.)

The internal reviews performed by the OIG DoD also concluded that the audit team that performed the original IRO audit did not perform the work in conformance with Yellowbook auditing standards. The OIG DoD requested that our office conduct an independent evaluation of the R&A audit for the purpose of expressing an opinion regarding whether applicable auditing standards were followed during the course of the audit. Our work confirmed that the original audit was not performed in a manner consistent with several major auditing standards.

Background - Management's Error

MEVATEC Corporation provided DFAS technical and analytical support from June 12, 2000 to June 30, 2001. Among MEVATEC's tasks was to input data into COMPARE, a software package specifically developed to facilitate A-76 cost comparison studies. After all appropriate data is input, COMPARE generates an IHCE that is compliant with OMB's A-76 provisions.

Personnel costs comprised the largest line item in the R&A study's IHCE. A key determination to be made was whether the personnel contemplated in the MEO were subject to the Service Contract Act. A-76 guidelines stipulate that because positions covered by the Service Contract Act are subject to an Economic Price Adjustment (EPA), the wages associated with these positions are not to be inflated beyond the first year. Conversely, for positions not covered by the Service Contract Act, and not subject to an EPA, costs are to be annually inflated for each year of the study. DFAS had advised MEVATEC that 502 of 503 positions were subject to an EPA. However, MEVATEC erred while inputting data into COMPARE and reversed the EPA determination – they mistakenly coded 502 positions as non-EPA and 1 position as EPA. This data input error resulted in a \$42.7 million overstatement of the MEO's cost estimate. Actually, the OIG DoD's re-audits of the entire IRO process concluded that DFAS' guidance (i.e., 502 positions subject to EPA) was not "fully correct." The additional OIG DoD analysis determined that only 426 positions should have been subject to EPA, reducing the error to \$31.8 million.

Findings

Independent Review of the Cost Comparison Study of Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Functions Did Not Meet Government Audit Standards

Our review of the OIG DoD's Independent Review of the Cost Comparison Study of Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Functions (R&A Audit) concluded that the audit work was performed in a manner that does not meet several generally accepted government auditing standards. The audit documentation does not demonstrate that due professional care was exercised during the course of the audit. We believe that the error made by management could have been detected by the auditors, had some fundamental testing been performed. Moreover, the audit work did not meet several fieldwork standards, specifically: gathering sufficient audit evidence to support conclusions; preparing adequate audit documentation; and providing appropriate supervision to

ensure audit objectives were being achieved. All of these shortcomings substantially lessened the likelihood that the OIG DoD's audit work would detect the error made by management or its consultant in preparing the actual cost study.

Auditors Did Not Exercise Due Professional Care

The auditors on the A-76 R&A audit did not exercise due professional care in the conduct of the audit. Government auditing standards provide for the following:

"Due professional care should be used in conducting the audit and in preparing related reports.

This standard requires auditors to work with due professional care. Due care imposes a responsibility upon each auditor within the audit organization to observe generally accepted government auditing standards.

Exercising due professional care means using sound judgment in establishing the scope, selecting the methodology, and choosing tests and procedures for the audit. The same sound judgment should be applied in conducting the tests and procedures and in evaluating and reporting the audit results."

Our review found the following examples where due professional care was not exercised:

- Based on our review of all available documentation, including DFAS documents that had not been incorporated into the official working paper file by the lead auditor, we believe that the error made by management could have been detected by the auditors, had some additional testing been done. As a matter of fact, during another A-76 IRO audit of DFAS' Civilian Pay study (which commenced about two months after the initial IG certification of the R&A study), the auditor detected an identical data input error made by a different consultant. The lead auditor on the Civilian Pay audit found this error by simply tracing EPA input data (i.e., Y or N) back to source documents instead of merely accepting management's representations. This basic level of audit testing to source documents was not evident on the R&A review.
- Although the R&A and Civilian Pay reviews had the same Program Director, Project Manager and three audit staff members common to both jobs, the connection was never made between the error found on the Civilian Pay review and the R&A review. The Civilian Pay error was found on or about March 22, 2001, two months after the first R&A certification but two months before the second R&A certification (June 8, 2001). Additionally, an updated A-76 audit guide was issued on June 6, 2001, two days prior to the second R&A certification. This audit guide, authored by the R&A/ Civilian Pay Project Manager, incorporated additional steps related to reviewing the EPA determination. Finally, the second R&A certification on June 8, 2001 dealt with inflation factors and cost of capital, the same inflation factors that came into play by virtue of the EPA error. Therefore, while it remains unclear why no one involved in these parallel

¹ Electronic Codification of Government Auditing Standards as of July 1999 (through Amendment 2), §3.26, §3.27 & §3.28

reviews made the connection between the two identical errors, it is apparent that ample opportunity existed for such a connection to be made.

- The audit guide was given to DFAS to fill in. The filled in version became the working paper. However, there is no evidence that the auditors tested any of DFAS' responses to the audit steps.
- The COMPARE software program was run by a junior GS-9 auditor with no prior experience because "he had the only computer that was capable of running the software". He was not trained in COMPARE, but was given a COMPARE manual that he reviewed on his own. We were told that this auditor was not given a copy of the audit guide at the time and the degree to which he was supervised is not determinable.

Working Papers Did Not Meet Government Auditing Standards

The working papers in evidence in the official audit file did not meet the following minimal government auditing standards:

"Evidence should be sufficient, competent, and relevant. Evidence is sufficient if there is enough of it to support the auditors' findings. In determining the sufficiency of evidence it may be helpful to ask such questions as: Is there enough evidence to persuade a reasonable person of the validity of the findings? When appropriate, statistical methods may be used to establish sufficiency. Evidence used to support a finding is relevant if it has a logical, sensible relationship to that finding. Evidence is competent to the extent that it is consistent with fact (that is, evidence is competent if it is valid)."

As of January 22, 2001, insufficient evidence existed in the working papers to support the OIG DoD's IRO certification that the MEO cost data was valid and prepared consistent with A-76 guidelines. The only working papers prepared as of the certification date support adjustments that resulted in a \$25.5 million increase to the IHCE. The major issue, regarding a reclassification of subcontract costs, had been raised by a reassigned Project Manager in an informal meeting with the assigned lead auditor, before the R&A audit started.

The majority of the working papers were prepared in the June/July 2001 timeframe – approximately five months after the OIG DoD issued its original certification. It appears, however, that all substantive audit work was done prior to the first certification (January 22, 2001) – all later work constituted mathematical/mechanical checks for updated rates using COMPARE software. Apparently, there was a belief among the staff that workpapers did not have to be finalized prior to certification. The Project Manager told us that that was the way it was done on previous A-76 audits. Additionally, the lead auditor told us that after certification, he started working on another A-76 review and, consequently, set aside his R&A working papers to be completed at a later date.

² Electronic Codification of *Government Auditing Standards* as of July 1999 (through Amendment 2), §6.53

Government auditing standards also stipulate the following regarding the quality of working papers:

"Working papers serve three purposes. They provide the principal support for the auditors' report, aid the auditors in conducting and supervising the audit, and allow others to review the audit's quality. This third purpose is important because audits done in accordance with GAGAS often are subject to review by other auditors and by oversight officials. Working papers allow for the review of audit quality by providing the reviewer written documentation of the evidence supporting the auditors' significant conclusions and judgments.

Working papers should contain

- a, the objectives, scope, and methodology, including any sampling criteria used;
- b. documentation of the work performed to support significant conclusions and judgments;
 and
- c. evidence of supervisory review of the work performed."3

We found that many of the working papers do not lend themselves to a credible review of the quality and extent of the audit effort. Specifically, we noted:

- For many working papers, it was impossible to identify the source of information presented, who answered questions or provided information or ran reports. Only summary working papers indicated a source and a date supporting papers did not contain this information.
- There was no indication on any of the COMPARE printouts labeled "IG-generated" as to what source data was used. This was especially confusing when cost comparisons were re-run by the auditors; there was absolutely no way for a reviewer to ascertain what source data was changed to arrive at the revised numbers.
- R&A audit team briefings to the Certifying Official were given verbally. These briefings were not formally documented and were apparently limited to the adjustments that resulted in the \$25.5 million increase to the IHCE.

Supervisory Oversight Did Not Meet Government Auditing Standards

Overall, supervisory oversight on the R&A review did not meet the following auditing standards for supervision:

"Staff are to be properly supervised.

Supervision involves directing the efforts of auditors and others who are involved in the audit to determine whether the audit objectives are being accomplished. Elements of supervision include instructing staff members, keeping informed of significant problems encountered, reviewing the work performed, and providing effective on-the-job training.

^a Electronic Codification of Government Auditing Standards as of July 1999 (through Amendment 2), §6.63 & §6.64

Supervisors should satisfy themselves that staff members clearly understand what work they are to do, why the work is to be conducted, and what it is expected to accomplish. With experienced staff, supervisors may outline the scope of the work and leave details to assistants. With a less experienced staff, supervisors may have to specify not only techniques for analyzing data but also how to gather it."

Specifically, the following shortcomings were noted:

- None of the working papers were signed by a supervisor (sign-off indicates supervisory review and acceptance of the working paper) prior to the first certification on January 22, 2001; the first supervisory sign-off did not appear until June 2001.
- Both the Program Director and Project Manager were absent during critical time periods during the audit and prior to the initial certification: the Program Director attended extended out-of-town training starting January 8, 2001 and the Project Manager was on annual leave from December 15, 2000 through January 3, 2001.
- The Project Manager had no prior A-76 experience. The R&A audit was initially staffed with two GS-12's and one GS-9: One GS-12 had worked on five previous A-76 jobs while the other GS-12 and the GS-9 had no prior A-76 experience.
- Although there were copies of e-mails that evidenced the Project Manager's involvement
 in the audit prior to the initial certification, the fact is that he did not charge any time to
 this assignment.
- There was no evidence of any supervision given to the GS-9 prior to certification. The GS-9 told us that he was not given a copy of the audit guide but was given verbal instructions.

Comments on Staffing

In the interest of presenting a complete picture, it is important to point out there was another, higher profile A-76 review at the time that required staffing allocations that impacted the availability of staff for the R&A and Civilian Pay assignments. On December 22, 2000, the AIGA at the time sent an e-mail emphasizing the importance of the upcoming Lackland Air Force Base A-76 review. "This is CM's (Contract Management) highest priority audit and you should resource it accordingly. The work papers must be impeccable because they are liable to be subpoenaed some day and the senior auditors could be called as expert witnesses in a legal proceeding, if it comes to that."

In response, the Director of Contract Management (CM) informed all Program Directors and Project Managers to be prepared to contribute "your best staff or, in other words, the ones I want,

⁴ Electronic Codification of Government Auditing Standards as of July 1999 (through Amendment 2), §6.22, §6.23 & §6.24

not the ones you necessarily want to give up." As a result, the "best staff" was assigned to Lackland while remaining staff was assigned to other jobs.

The Program Director is ultimately responsible for staff assignments made in his own division. In the case of the R&A review, the lead auditor had been a GS-12 for over ten years but the Director of Contract Management had expressed concern about this particular GS-12's ability to handle this assignment. However, both the original Project Manager (who was reassigned to Lackland) and Program Director believed he was capable.

Comments on Time Charges

During the course of our review, it became apparent that the OIG DoD's internal time reporting system lacks credibility due to careless input by the audit staff. The following examples illustrate this problem:

- The audit file documents that the GS-9 staff auditor prepared working papers prior to the initial certification date of January 22, 2001. However, he did not charge any time to this project until June 2001. A review of his timesheets showed that around the time the auditor was working on the R&A project, he was charging his time to the Lackland A-76 assignment and a project to evaluate the redesign of the COMPARE Software.
- As we previously stated, although there were copies of e-mails that evidenced the Project Manager's involvement in the R&A audit prior to the initial certification, he never charged any time to this assignment. A review of his timesheets showed that leading up to the initial certification date, the Project Manager charged his time to another competitive sourcing assignment and the COMPARE Software Redesign job.

Time charging is an important management tool for evaluating level of effort and assessing the audit process on a post issuance basis.

OIG DoD's Internal Review Process

We examined the OIG DoD's internal inquiry that assessed the R&A audit and found the effort to be a thorough and objective review of the project.

In response to a Congressional inquiry, including questions about an EPA clause in the contract document, a separate OIG DoD review was started on January 17, 2002. This review, which was essentially a re-audit of the entire Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Function A-76 process, found the EPA-related mistake that resulted in a \$31.8 million overstatement. As a result of this review, the original R&A audit report was retracted.

In addition, the OIG DoD's Audit Policy and Oversight (APO) group performed two reviews of this situation at the request of the Acting Assistant Inspector General for Auditing, concluding

that audit standards were not met. Specifically, APO determined that the R&A review suffered from a lack of supervision, inadequate working papers and a lack of due diligence.

Based on our review of the above work products, it is clear that the OIG DoD's post-review process was thorough and credible.

This review was performed at the request of the OIG DoD and contains proprietary Department of Defense information. Accordingly, our office will not release the report to outside parties. We will refer any such requests to your office for consideration and appropriate action.

We wish to thank you and your staff for the assistance and courtesies extended to our staff during this review. If you have any questions concerning this report, please contact me at (202) 501-0374.

Sincerely,

Eugene Waszily

Assistant Inspector General for Auditing

General Services Administration

TIMELINE OF SIGNIFICANT EVENTS IN THE IRO REVIEW PROCESS

Date	IHCE	Event
11/08/00	\$347,173,983	DFAS established the cost of their Most Efficient Organization (MEO)
11/08/00		DFAS submitted their cost estimate to the OIG DoD for an independent review
11/27/00		R&A project start date
	\$372,695,229	The OIG DoD recommended changes to the IHCE, resulting in an upward adjustment
01/22/01	\$372,695,229	The OIG DoD certifies the amount as the Independent Review Official (IRO)
06/08/01	\$382,921,642	Estimate adjusted for updated inflation and cost of capital factors; IG Recertification
06/15/01		Decision to award contract to ACS Government Services Inc. based on low bid of \$364.7 million
07/06/01		Union appeals the DFAS decision to contract out
08/06/01	\$366,622,226	After review, estimate was adjusted (mainly due to transition costs); IG Recertification
08/14/01		Letter from Congress alleging circumvention of A-76 process
09/05/01		Contract awarded to ACS for \$364.7 million
11/14/01		OIG DoD responds to Congress, finding no fault with competition
12/07/01		Additional questions from Congress, including the issue of the Economic Price Adjustment (EPA) clause in ACS' contract
03/21/02		Re-audit of process reveals an EPA related error made in IHCE was not detected in the original audit
04/30/02		Internal review by Audit Policy and Oversight (APO) confirms that error was made and not detected
11/27/02	\$334,789,625	OIG DoD draft report quantifies error to be a \$31.8 million overstatement of the IHCE



INSPECTOR GENERAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE 400 ARMY NAVY DRIVE ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22202-4704

INFO MEMO

February 25, 2003, 11:30 a.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Joseph E. Schmitz, Inspector General of the Department of Defense

SUBJECT: Response to February 13, 2003, Snowflake Subject "Award of A-76

Contract" and A-76 Status Update

• The short answer to your question, "How often . . . [have our audits] determined that the Government contractor underbid the private contractor," is that the subject Defense Financing and Accounting Service (DFAS) A-76 competition was the first.

- My office has conducted an independent review on a total of five A-76 competitions; in all but the most recent DFAS competition, there was either no contractor proposal or the contractor proposal was determined not technically responsive.
- According to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, OUSD(AT&L), the results of 314 A-76 competitions from FY97 through FY01 show that the government competitor won 187 (60%) of the competitive awards. It is not clear how many of these instances were a result of "the Government contractor underbid[ding] the private contractor." I have tasked my staff to clarify this detail, and will supplement this response upon receipt and review of the responsive data from the OUSD(AT&L).
- As I mentioned in my February 11, 2003, Info Memo on this subject, I had requested the GSA Inspector General independently to review the events surrounding the DFAS A-76 error. In his February 20, 2003, report (attached), the GSA IG concluded, "the [DoD Office of Inspector General] audit work materially departed from the audit plan and was performed in a manner that does not meet several generally accepted government auditing standards [and] these short-comings substantially lessened the likelihood that the OIG DoD's audit work would detect the error(s) made by management or its contractor in preparing the actual cost study."
- I am working with my senior leadership both to implement prudent measures to avoid even the appearance of either a departure from any OIG audit plan or performance by any of our auditors "in a manner that does not meet . . . generally accepted government auditing standards," and I have tasked my Audit leadership to prepare a proactive plan of action, based on the findings and the record of the GSA Peer Evaluation, for: (a) issuing any accolades; and (b) determining whether and to what extent personnel at all levels should be held accountable for any omission, commission, or failure to meet professional standards.

Attachment: As stated

cc: Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)/Chief Financial Officer Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics)

Assistant Secretary of Defense (Legislative Affairs)
Assistant Secretary of Defense (Public Affairs)

Director, Defense Finance and Accounting Service

Prepared by: Joseph E. Schmitz, (b)(6)

FOR ORFIGONOUS E DARAZ



INSPECTOR GENERAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE 400 ARMY NAVY DRIVE ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22202-4704

INFO MEMO

February 25, 2003, 11:30 a.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Joseph E. Schmitz, Inspector General of the Department of Defense

SUBJECT: Response to February 13, 2003, Snowflake Subject "Award of A-76

Contract" and A-76 Status Update

• The short answer to your question, "How often . . . [have our audits] determined that the Government contractor underbid the private contractor," is that the subject Defense Financing and Accounting Service (DFAS) A-76 competition was the first.

- My office has conducted an independent review on a total of five A-76 competitions; in all but the most recent DFAS competition, there was either no contractor proposal or the contractor proposal was determined not technically responsive.
- According to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, OUSD(AT&L), the results of 314 A-76 competitions from FY97 through FY01 show that the government competitor won 187 (60%) of the competitive awards. It is not clear how many of these instances were a result of "the Government contractor underbid[ding] the private contractor." I have tasked my staff to clarify this detail, and will supplement this response upon receipt and review of the responsive data from the OUSD(AT&L).
- As I mentioned in my February 11, 2003, Info Memo on this subject, I had requested the GSA Inspector General independently to review the events surrounding the DFAS A-76 error. In his February 20, 2003, report (attached), the GSA IG concluded, "the [DoD Office of Inspector General] audit work materially departed from the audit plan and was performed in a manner that does not meet several generally accepted government auditing standards [and] these short-comings substantially lessened the likelihood that the OIG DoD's audit work would detect the error(s) made by management or its contractor in preparing the actual cost study."
- I am working with my senior leadership both to implement prudent measures to avoid even the appearance of either a departure from any OIG audit plan or performance by any of our auditors "in a manner that does not meet . . . generally accepted government auditing standards," and I have tasked my Audit leadership to prepare a proactive plan of action, based on the findings and the record of the GSA Peer Evaluation, for: (a) issuing any accolades; and (b) determining whether and to what extent personnel at all levels should be held accountable for any omission, commission, or failure to meet professional standards.

Attachment: As stated

cc: Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)/Chief Financial Officer

Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics)

Assistant Secretary of Defense (Legislative Affairs)

Assistant Secretary of Defense (Public Affairs)

Director, Defense Finance and Accounting Service

Prepared by: Joseph E. Schmitz (b)(6)

TOIL COST SAND STE104948



INSPECTOR GENERAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE 400 ARMY NAVY DRIVE ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22202-4704

INFO MEMO

February 25, 2003, 11:30 a.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Joseph E. Schmitz, Inspector General of the Department of Defense

SUBJECT: Response to February 13, 2003, Snowflake Subject "Award of A-76

Contract" and A-76 Status Update

- The short answer to your question, "How often . . . [have our audits] determined that the Government contractor underbid the private contractor," is that the subject Defense Financing and Accounting Service (DFAS) A-76 competition was the first.
- My office has conducted an independent review on a total of five A-76 competitions; in all but the most recent DFAS competition, there was either no contractor proposal or the contractor proposal was determined not technically responsive.
- According to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and
 Logistics, OUSD(AT&L), the results of 314 A-76 competitions from FY97 through FY01 show
 that the government competitor won 187 (60%) of the competitive awards. It is not clear how
 many of these instances were a result of "the Government contractor underbid[ding] the private
 contractor." I have tasked my staff to clarify this detail, and will supplement this response upon
 receipt and review of the responsive data from the OUSD(AT&L).
- As I mentioned in my February 11, 2003, Info Memo on this subject, I had requested the GSA Inspector General independently to review the events surrounding the DFAS A-76 error. In his February 20, 2003, report (attached), the GSA IG concluded, "the [DoD Office of Inspector General] audit work materially departed from the audit plan and was performed in a manner that does not meet several generally accepted government auditing standards [and] these short-comings substantially lessened the likelihood that the OIG DoD's audit work would detect the error(s) made by management or its contractor in preparing the actual cost study."
- I am working with my senior leadership both to implement prudent measures to avoid even the appearance of either a departure from any OIG audit plan or performance by any of our auditors "in a manner that does not meet . . . generally accepted government auditing standards," and I have tasked my Audit leadership to prepare a proactive plan of action, based on the findings and the record of the GSA Peer Evaluation, for: (a) issuing any accolades; and (b) determining whether and to what extent personnel at all levels should be held accountable for any omission, commission, or failure to meet professional standards.

Attachment: As stated

cc: Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)/Chief Financial Officer

Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics)

Assistant Secretary of Defense (Legislative Affairs)

Assistant Secretary of Defense (Public Affairs)

Director, Defense Finance and Accounting Service

Prepared by: Joseph E. Schmitz, (b)(6)

F99L25555955574649

February 13, 2003 12:59 PM

TO:		Joseph Schmitz
CC:		Dov Zakheim
FRO	M:	Donald Rumsfeld
SUB	JECT:	Award of A-76 Contract
Than	ık you f	or the report on the A-76 error.
If I u	ndersta	nd it correctly, your audit determined that the Government contractor
unde	rbid the	private contractor. How often does that happen?
Than	ıks.	
Attach	•	
		memo to SecDefre: "Error Results in Award of A-76 Contract with Potential Million to Higher Bidder" [U01946/03]
DHR dh 021303-		
*****		***************************************
Pleas	se resp	ond by



INSPECTOR GENERAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE 400 ARMY NAVY DRIVE ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22202-4704 INFO MEMO

SECDEF HAS SEEN

February 11, 2003, 5:F5 a.m.

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: Joseph E. Schmitz, Inspector General of the Department of Defense

SUBJECT: Error Results in Award of A-76 Contract with Potential Value of \$346 Million to Higher Bidder

- I will issue an audit report during the week of February 24, documenting a DFAS consultant's error in a public/private competition that resulted in the award of an A-76 contract with potential 10 year value of \$346 million to the contractor rather than to the lower in-house bid. Congressman Kucinich, in particular, supported the in-house bidder who should have won the A-76 contract. In order to avoid any unnecessary adverse media, I will offer to brief Congressman Kucinich, Senator Grassley, and the Counsels of the SASC.
- The Audit component of my office acted as the independent review officer of the public/private competition for the DFAS Military Retired and Annuitant Pay Functions. My Audit component should have detected, but did not detect, an error that inflated the in-house cost estimate by \$31.8 million. The inflated in-house cost estimate was \$1.9 million greater than the contractor estimate.
- The good news is that our audit report recognizes opportunities for systemic improvements to A-76 competitions. As a result of the audit, I have also requested OMB to revise overhead cost factors and to use net present value in competitions that exceed 3 years. The correction of these issues by the Department and OMB should provide better competitions in the future.
- I have also requested the GSA Inspector General independently to review the events surrounding the \$31.8 million error. In the meantime, my office has implemented new procedures to preclude any recurrence of our oversight error.

COORDINA	TION: None	(L)(A)
Prepared by:	John R. Crane,	(D)(O)

		The Party of the P	
cc:	Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)/Chief Financial Officer	SPL ASSISTANT DI RITA	
	Assistant Secretary of Defense (Legislative Affairs)	SR MA CRADDOCK	
	Assistant Secretary of Defense (Public Affairs)	MA BUCCI	
	Deputy Under Secretary of Defense (Installations and Environmen	EXECSEC WHITMORE	1 mill
	Director, Defense Finance and Accounting Service		J

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

S



THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE WASHINGTON

MAR 1 1 2003

Mr. Richard P. Libretti Principal Sandler O'Neill & Partners 919 Third Avenue 6th Floor New York, NY 10022

Dear Mr. Libretti:

Thank you so much for taking time to visit with me at the Statesmanship Awards dinner in Washington. It was good meeting you.

I am delighted to have the metal cross you presented me. It is a profound memento of the World Trade Center and the human toll behind the important purpose to which our nation has committed itself.

With my appreciation and best wishes,

Sincerely,

11/1/12 03

Mr. Richard P. Libretti Principal Sandler O'Neill & Partners 919 Third Avenue 6th Floor New York, NY 10022

JOHN DI BER

Dear Mr. Libretti:

Thank you so much for taking time to visit with me at the Statesmanship Awards dinner in Washington. It was good meeting you.

will serve to always remind me of those who lost their lives
that tragio day. The reported

With my appreciation and best wishes,

Sincerely,

With my definition of the World Trade Center and the human tell

will serve to always remind me of those who lost their lives

that tragio day. The reported

With my appreciation and best wishes,

Sincerely,

Committed their lives

Committed their lives

Committed their lives

Committed their lives I am delighted to have the metal cross you presented that tragio day. The reporter

March 5, 2003

Memorandum To:

Larry Di Rita

From:

Mary Claire Men

Re:

Thank you note for World Trade Center Metal Cross

At last night's Awards dinner at the Willard, Mr. Libretti, from NY, came up to the SecDef and presented him with a framed metal cross, made out of metal from the World Trade Center --

It is my understanding that he was presenting it on behalf of his boss, who had a friend whose daughter died at the Trade Center, and knew Mr. Libretti was going to see the SecDef. etc.

Evidently, Former Congressman LaRocca (sp) knows this gentleman ---

March 5, 2003 8:21 AM

TO:

Protocol

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Gift

When you get the box that has a cross in it, it was a gift from Richard Libretti—his card is attached. The cross was made from metal from the World Trade Center, from Tower 2, I believe.

We need to send him a very nice thank you note and register the gift. It is something I will want to keep.

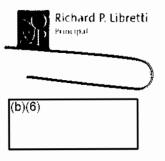
Thanks.

Attach.

Business card

DIR dh 0.00503.6

Please respond by ______03 | 14 | 3



Sandler O'Neill & Partners, L.P.	
919 thed Avenue	1
oth Floor	
New York, NY 10022 www.sandleronell.com	

March 5, 2003 8:21 AM

TO:

Protocol

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Gift

When you get the box that has a cross in it, it was a gift from Richard Libretti—his card is attached. The cross was made from metal from the World Trade Center, from Tower 2, I believe.

JJ (5)

We need to send him a very nice thank you note and register the gift. It is something I will want to keep.

Thanks.

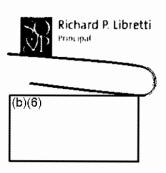
Attach.

Business card

DBR db 030503-6

no luit a

Please respond by 03/14/13



Sandler O'Neill & Partners, t.P. 919 Third Avenue 5th Floor New York, NY 10022 www.sandlercorell.com 5 Man oz



THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE WASHINGTON

MAR 11 2003

Mr. Richard P. Libretti Principal Sandler O'Neill & Partners 919 Third Avenue 6th Floor New York, NY 10022

Dear Mr. Libretti:

Thank you so much for taking time to visit with me at the Statesmanship Awards dinner in Washington. It was good meeting you.

I am delighted to have the metal cross you presented me. It is a profound memento of the World Trade Center and the human toll behind the important purpose to which our nation has committed itself.

With my appreciation and best wishes,

Sincerely,

50 74/17

March 8, 2003 1:43 PM

TO:

Gen. Franks

LTG Garner (Ret.)

CC:

Gen. Myers Gen. Pace

Torie Clarke

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld Duk A

SUBJECT:

Humanitarian Effort

The President is determined that there be a great humanitarian effort. In addition, he is determined that it be effectively communicated.

I would like to have some sort of a briefing—neither of you need do it personally—but have the people who are doing this for you set up a time for Torie Clarke, and Gen. Pace and me to hear this briefing, so we can develop conviction that the things the President needs to have happen are happening and that we have figured out ways to see that they are properly communicated. I would sure appreciate it.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 030803-23

Please respond by $\frac{3/14/33}{}$

120

& Mai 03

8 May 03

March 8, 2003 10:41 AM

TO:

Gen. Franks

Torie Clarke Gen. Myers

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Undefended Places

Attached is a letter from Ed Koch, the former mayor of New York, whom I served with in Congress.

He has an interesting idea here—let's talk about it.

Thanks.

Attach.

2/25/03 Koch ltr to SecDef

DHR:dh 030803-1

Please respond by 03/11/03

U03230 /03

SECDEF HAS SEEN

MAR - 8 2003

Edward I. Koch

1290 Avenue of the Americas 30th Floor New York, New York 10104

February 25, 2003

(b)(6)		

The Honorable Donald H. Rumsfeld Secretary of Defense Department of Defense The Pentagon Washington, D.C. 20301

Dear Don:

I support President Bush's position on Iraq and the need to have a regime change. I hope that short of Iraq's complying with United Nations Security Council Resolution 1441, which is highly unlikely, we will use the armed forces of the United States with those nations willing to join us to bring Iraq to the full defeat that should have occurred in 1991. We are lucky to have President George W. Bush and his superb fearless leadership, as we are lucky to have you in your position.

The President has gathered an extraordinary team around him including Vice President Cheney, Secretary of State Powell and National Security Advisor Rice. Each of you could be running the country, and I am not blowing smoke.

Almost all of the critics raise the issue of huge casualties that would result from an attack on Baghdad with house-to-house fighting. I have a suggestion. There are a number of protocols either signed by the U.S. or, if not signed, recognized by the U.S. affording the rights thereunder which refer to "undefended places" sometimes called "non-defended zones or localities." Designating an area as such a locality requires that it be emptied of all combatants, mobile weapons and that its fixed weapons be restricted with no hostile acts by its population in which case it would not be subject to bombing. Why not demand of Saddam Hussein that he give Baghdad such status by observing all of the requirements which would make Baghdad an "undefended place?" If he refuses to do so, as he probably will, then the U.S. Air Force should drop leaflets on the city advising its inhabitants that they have 48 hours to evacuate the city before it will be attacked from the air and effectively destroyed. Citizens should be informed that their government has deprived them of safety having been given the opportunity to protect them by turning the city into an "undefended place."

The provisions of various treaties, protocols and other articles on the subject of undefended places are: The Hague Regs of 1907, Article 25; Article 4 of the Geneva Convention; Protocol 1 of the Geneva Convention of 1977 [we have not signed it for other reasons, but afford rights thereunder] and The Army Field Manual, Section 39.

LD- Not coped to SD 2/24/03

11-L-0559/OSD14660

All the best.

Sincerely,

Edward J. Koch

March 8, 2003 12:04 PM

TO:

Jim Schlesinger

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Your Memo on Iraq

Thanks so much for your note on the plans for post-military Iraq. It is helpful, and I will get it moved around.

Hrag

DHR:dh 030803-14

SECDEF HAS SEEN

MAR - 8 2003

MEMORANDUM

FOR: Donald Rumsfeld

FROM: Jim Schlesinger

DATE: 5 March 2003

SUBJ: Timely Implementation of Plans for Post-military Iraq

Don:

Your mentioning last Friday that the DoD still seeks authorization from OMB for spending money on post-attack clean-up and reconstruction efforts in Iraq causes evergrowing concern.

Assuming that the United States goes in, you may immediately be faced with Saddam's use of chemical or biological use of agents in country. You will want to start clean-up operations as quickly as possible. If such agents are not disbursed, we will nonetheless be faced with de-mil-ing the WMD that we will assuredly uncover. We will want to do this expeditiously, recognizing that there will be capacity limits, and that an early start means an earlier finish.

These are time-consuming processes. To move a rotary kiln from the interior of this country to an appropriate spot near Baghdad—and set it up—will require many months. Such a kiln is 40 feet long and, I think, 16 feet wide. Conceivably, it might fit into a C5A, but I doubt that you would want to devote airlift to such a purpose, while military operations are being prepared or executed. Therefore, such equipment should now be in the process of being barged over to Kuwait.

Two or three months ago I mentioned to Bill Luti that we should start getting contractors aboard. Private contractors will not undertake such expenditures without certainty of compensation. We have already lost some months. We need to start identifying appropriate contractors for the reconstruction effort in Iraq now. Needless to say, we also need to authorize them to get the needed logistical effort underway.

Phil Merrill has indicated that he is prepared to underwrite reconstruction efforts (with the usual Ex-Im criteria). That could help. If there is anything that I can do at NSC, OMB, etc. to help get the requisite authorization, please let me know.

3/5/03 Sint via Email from Dr. Schlesinger Cc: L. D. Ritar 11-L-0559/OSD14663

//o*28⁶2*03

* * * COMMUNICATION RESULT REPORT (MAR.11.2003 12:43PM) *

TTI EXECSEC SPECIAL PROJECTS OFC

FILE		OPTION		(GROU	′	RESULT	PAGE	
	MEMORY TX		(p)(p)			0K	P. 1/	

REASON FOR ERROR
E-1) HANG UP OR LINE FAIL
E-3) NO ANSWER
(b)(6)

March 8, 2003 12:04 PM

TO:

Jim Schlesinger

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Your Memo on Iraq

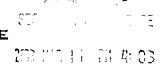
Thanks so much for your note on the plans for post-military Iraq. It is helpful, and I will get it moved around.

DHR:dh 030803-14



READINESS

UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE 4000 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301-4000



INFO MEMO

March 11, 2003 - 1100

FOR:

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM:

David S. C. Chu, USD (PER) Tournes C. Char 11 Mar 63

SUBJECT: Average Mobilization of Guard/Reserve--SNOWFLAKE

- You suggested (Tab A) it would be helpful to have a good metric reflecting the
 average usage of Reserve component (RC) members, especially for mobilizations –
 and that we should determine the average pre-notification time to RC members before
 they are mobilized/deployed.
- Development of a well-populated metric for the second issue will require additional time (our next survey of reserve personnel (May) will cover this issue).
- However, use of available data (Tab B) does provide the following for the first issue.
- An average RC member had the following probabilities of being mobilized:
 - Serving from 1991 to 1992 .24 for DESERT SHIELD/DESERT STORM.
 - Serving from 1993 to 2000 .06 for Haiti, Bosnia, Kosovo, Southwest Asia.
 - Serving from 2001 to 2003 .33 thus far for NOBLE EAGLE/ENDURING FREEDOM, Bosnia, Kosovo, Southwest Asia.
- An average RC member serving from 1991 to 2003 had a .65 probability of being mobilized for 1 contingency; a .04 probability of being mobilized for 2 contingencies; and less than .01 probability of being mobilized for 3 or more contingencies.
- This includes only data on involuntary mobilizations, not voluntary support for operational missions.

COORDINATION: NONE

Prepared By: Mr. Dan Kohner, OASD/RA(M&P)

(b)(6)

TAB

A



Snowflake

February 11, 2003 6:30 AM

TO	David Chu.
CC	Ger. Myer
FROM	Donald Rumsfelc 3/
SUBJECT	Average Mobilization of Guard Reserve
the average i	relpful to have some metric to consider the average number of times esservist has been called to active duty in the past 2, 4, 6, or 10 years. Ime period would provide useful information
got between	should try to get some data on how much time, on average, reservists the time they were notified they may be mobilized, activated, and of the time they actually were mobilized, etc
Thanks.	
DHR dl 021103-1	***************************************
Please resp	ond by03/14

TAB

B

11-L-0559/OSD14669

	200	9	1	0	1001	200	7881	58.		
9,374 9,243	43 4,704	8,519	8,296	3,618	2,300	•	11,000	225,242		
				,					13 jr sverage	200
		902,216	920,371	945,852	998,330	1,057,676	1,114,905	1,154,570	948,136	
80,822 59,566		61,812	57,833	52,377	49,848	57,419	68,552	67,104	60,731	6.4%
	41 64,249	64,772	65,508	64,874	67,598	70,516	73,028	74,516	67,347	7.1%
19,611 20,284	34 20,549	21,010	21,563	22,337	23,737	25,006	26,159	27,187	22,185	2 3%
165,871 144,891	31 144,349	147,594	145,004	139,588	140,183	152,941	167,739	158,807	150,263	15.8%
699,372 726,026	26 737,143	754,622	775,367	806,264	858,147	904,735	947,166	985,763	797,873	84 2%

Number Mobilized 1991 - 2003 (Feb) (NEFF, SWA, KOSOVO, HAIT, BOSNIA, DS/DS)

_			
966,465 average deployable strength 92.91	235,242 mobilized	24 44% Probability of mobilization	
782,709 average deployable strength 00-93	46,054 mobilized	5 88% Probability of mobilization	
725,917 average deployable strength 01-03	240,351 mobilized	33 11% Probability of mobilization	

22.85%

1 16%

0 00%

0.27%

0.45%

1.07%

1.13%

0.64%

1.27%

1.34%

3 95%

12 95%

16.06%

% of deployable force mobilized

Probability of Mobilization over a career spanning 1991 - 2003	Probability	64.84%	3.57%	0.36%	0.05%	%00.0
zation over	# T	517.3	28 5	2.9	0 :0	0 03
Probability of Mobiliz	# of Mobilizations	-	77	60	4	נע



February 11, 2003 6:30 AM

TO

David Che.

C

Oct. Myer-

FROM

Donald Rumsfeld 77 /

SUBJECT. Average Mobilization of Guard Reserve

It would be helpful to have some metric to consider the average number of times the average reservist has been called to active duty in the past 2, 4, 6, or 10 years; or whatever time period would provide useful information.

We probably should try to get some data on how much time, on average, reservists got between the time they were notified they may be mobilized, activated, and or deployed and the time they actually were mobilized, etc.

Thanks.

DHR di ((2)1105-)

11Fe503



READINESS

UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE 4000 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301-4000

293 110 12 11 7: 55

INFO MEMO

March 3, 2003 - 1600

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: David S. C. Chu, USD(P&R) and S. C. Chu 11 Mar 33

SUBJECT: Senator Clinton's Inquiry on Reservists—SNOWFLAKE (attached)

- You said that Senator Clinton wants to see you on two subjects the military callup of Reservists who are first responders, and issues relating to the Gulf War syndrome.
- Regarding the callup of first responders, we have a well-established process, initiated in 1979, to screen individuals out of the Ready Reserve who are in critical civilian positions effecting national security and the safety of the American population.
- Though we can only proactively screen the 2.7 million federal employees, the program is available to state/local government agencies as well as the private sector.
- Recognizing the unique situation created by the events of September 11, 2001, we immediately established another program recognizing that certain individuals, who may not have been screened out of the Ready Reserve because of their civilian jobs, may occupy civilian positions now regarded as critical to national security and safety.
- This new program processes requests for delay/exemption from mobilization for Ready Reserve members based on the critical nature of their civilian employment.
- The first case we processed was a request from the New York City Office of Emergency Management, in which we accommodated the request not to mobilize 17 of their first responders for 90 days.
- Since that time we have received requests on over 1,000 individuals. Through coordination with requesting agencies, we reduced the number of those being processed to 211 - granting 53 exemptions, 88 delays, and denying 51 requests, with 19 pending final adjudication.
- We have recently overcome Privacy Act concerns and are now preparing to mandate collection of civilian employer information that will facilitate better identification and management of first responders.

COORDINATION: NONE

Prepared By: Mr. Dan Kohner, OASD/RA(M&P), (b)(6)



February 13, 2003 1:56 PM

TO:

Powell Moore

William Winkenwerder

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Senator Clinton

Hillary Clinton wants to see me down here on two subjects—one is the problem of first responders in the state and local government in the Reserves getting called up, and second is a medical problem from the Gulf War syndrome. She said the same thing has hit the people who were involved in Ground Zero in New York. Have we found anything like that from the Pentagon problem?

Thanks.

DHR:dh 021303-23

Please respond by 02/18/03

February 13, 2003 1:56 PM

Jague input

TO:

Powell Moore

William Winkenwerder

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT:

Senator Clinton

0 x 0

3FE603

Hillary Clinton wants to see me down here on two subjects—one is the problem of first responders in the state and local government in the Reserves getting called up, and second is a medical problem from the Gulf War syndrome. She said the same thing has hit the people who were involved in Ground Zero in New York. Have we found anything like that from the Pentagon problem?

₹

Thanks.

DHR:dh 021303-23

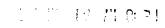
Please respond by 02/18/03



THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20301-1200

INFO MEMO



MAR 1 3 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: William Winkenwerder, Jr., MD, ASD (Health Affairs)

SUBJECT: Senator Clinton "Snowflake"

- In your February 13, 2003, memo (TAB A), you asked whether medical problems observed in people in the September 11, 2001, Pentagon attack might be similar to those reported by first responders to the World Trade Center attack or those reported as "Gulf War Syndrome." There are few similarities among those involved in those different situations.
- Medically, there is no Gulf War "syndrome." No single medical syndrome has been found among Gulf War veterans. About 20% of the ailing Gulf War veterans have medically unexplained symptoms that cannot be attributed to traditional diagnoses.
- Many of the illnesses experienced by World Trade Center workers are respiratory
 in nature and likely due to heavy exposures to numerous airborne contaminants.
 Other symptoms appear to be due to psychological trauma. Such psychological
 health effects have been observed consistently among the survivors of disasters
 and warfare.
- In comparison to the World Trade Center, the attack on the Pentagon was much smaller in scale and duration. Extensive indoor air quality and other environmental sampling data do not indicate any medically significant exposures to Pentagon personnel on or after September 12th.
- Medical surveillance of Department of Defense clinics in the Washington DC area has shown no net increase in overall visits for patients having depression, anxiety, acute and post-traumatic stress disorder, substance use disorders, or other behavioral health problems.
- Several special follow-up programs have been initiated for Pentagon workers and rescue and cleanup personnel.
- TAB B provides more details on the medical problems reported by World Trade Center workers and on programs to assist Pentagon workers.

COORDINATION: TAB C
ATTACHMENTS: As stated

Prepared by: Mr. Jeff Prather, DHS, (b)(6) PCDOCS #46029/R46225

アンタをです

Information Paper

Comparisons between the Medical Problems Associated with the World Trade Center, Gulf War Syndrome, and the Pentagon Disaster

Background: Following the September 11th World Trade Center attack, many personnel who worked at Ground Zero in New York experienced persistent health problems. Senator Clinton (D-NY) likened these problems to those experienced by Gulf War veterans (labeled by the media as "Gulf War Syndrome"). Senator Clinton asked whether similar symptoms are occurring in Pentagon personnel.

Facts:

- The media uses the term "Gulf War Syndrome" as a way of broadly referring to the occurrence of health problems among Gulf War veterans. The term wrongly applies the traditional medical use of the word "syndrome," which refers to a combination of symptoms, signs, and diagnostic tests unique in a way that their combination represents a single disease process that can be distinguished from other diseases. No single such syndrome has been found among Gulf War veterans. About 20 percent of the ailing Gulf War veterans have had medically unexplained physical symptoms that cannot be attributed clearly to traditional diagnoses. This is not an unexpected phenomenon, since the US has seen similar symptoms in veterans after every war since the Civil War.
- Many of the illnesses experienced by World Trade Center workers are respiratory in nature and likely due to heavy exposures to numerous airborne contaminants (glass, smoke, asbestos, heavy metals, and fibrous materials). Other symptoms appear to be due to the psychological trauma that was experienced. Such psychological health effects have been observed consistently among the survivors of disasters and warfare.
- The DoD began steps immediately after the attack to assess the physical and behavioral health of Pentagon occupants and to implement programs to support the health and welfare of Pentagon personnel including:
 - In early Oct 2001, a comprehensive "Pentagon Post-Disaster Health Assessment Survey" designed to document injuries, exposures, and illnesses sustained by Pentagon personnel was administered between 4 and 12 weeks post attack. Of the 19,450 Pentagon personnel, 4,751 participated in the survey. Eighty-six percent of those reported some type of exposure to smoke/dust/odors. Smoke exposure was generally of light intensity with a median duration of less than 15 minutes, in stark contrast to longer-term exposures at the World Trade Center where great amounts of smoke and dust were generated for days afterwards. Among the respondents who were at or near the Pentagon during the attack, 186 (5 percent) indicated they were injured during the initial blast and or the evacuation. A total of 1,700 (35 percent) of the respondents reported a worsening of prior-health problems or new health problems, the majority of which were stress related (54 percent).
 - Operation Solace began on September 11th to reduce the severity and/or chronicity of reactions to stress and grief, of other psychiatric illness, and of medically unexplained physical symptoms among active duty and civilian Pentagon personnel. Contact was

made with anyone who indicated the desire for it on the Pentagon Post-Disaster Health Assessment Survey. Over 75,000 contacts have been made to date through various means. Approximately 800 Pentagon personnel continue to be seen/contacted periodically by the Operation Solace team. Ten clinicians continue to go office-to-office and desk-to-desk either providing care on the spot or discreetly arranging for a follow-up meeting. Informal sessions are held in the location of the worker's choosing. In addition, support groups are run; classes are offered; presentations at staff meetings are made to address stress, grief and other topics; and referrals to higher levels of care are arranged where desired. Operation Solace also provides clinical behavioral health care for those active duty desiring it (~75 active cases).

- Medical surveillance of DoD's clinics in the National Capitol Region has shown no net increase in visits for patients having depression, anxiety, acute and posttraumatic stress disorder, substance use disorders or other behavioral health problems. In addition, there were no increases in behavioral medicine clinic visits but there were significant changes in the number of diagnoses for anxiety disorders and acute stress reactions in children, and adjustment reactions in adults. Monitoring for increased numbers of patients having "medically unexplained symptoms" has shown no increases, although variability in coding at the practitioner level make confidence in the comprehensiveness of these data less certain.
- Review of the worker's compensation data for DoD civilians working in the Pentagon shows no significant increase in the number of claims.

The DoD Deployment Health Clinical Center at Walter Reed Army Medical Center reports that, of the patients clinically evaluated between April and December 2002 as a result of the Pentagon attack, approximately 40 patients were identified with a high level of unmet mental health needs and self-described unexplained physical symptoms. Although the clinical data may be misleading because it may not capture all civilians who sought help (civilians are more likely to go to private doctors than DoD clinics), the clinical data coupled with the outreach surveys, counseling sessions, and review of workers compensation claims give a fairly complete picture (definitely better than New York City) of the impact of the attack on Pentagon employees.

TAB A

£

February 14, 2003 2:02 PM

TO:

Gen. Myers

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Forces Worldwide

We have to start looking at forces worldwide and make sure that the people sending in their plans are not feeling restricted to use only the forces allocated to them or vice versa—not feeling obliged to use all the forces allocated to them.

We also have to make sure they start putting assumptions up, like I told Admiral Fargo. We have to make sure they start including a State Department element, an information operations element and an intelligence element.

Thanks.

DHR:ch 021403-13

Please respond by

Tab A U03392 /0**3**



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999

yay ma 12 mm 50

INFO MEMO

CM-831-03 13 March 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJCS

SUBJECT: Lessons Learned

- In response to your note (TAB), the following information is provided:
- As forces prepare for operations in Iraq, my staff, the combatant commands and the Services have redoubled efforts to capture, analyze and distribute lessons learned.
 We're looking at good ideas emanating from the Global War on Terrorism, Homeland Security, Operation ENDURING FREEDOM and all other operations.
- In addition to the continuing efforts in the Services and energized efforts at Joint Forces
 Command's Lessons Learned Center, we have also supplemented USJFCOM with
 resources from the Institute for Defense Analyses' Joint Advanced Warfighting Program.
 USJFCOM will provide immediate feedback on joint operational and interoperability
 observations from the planning and execution of operations.
- Currently, there are no formal procedures for meeting with you and your staff to
 ensure your ideas, concerns and recommendations are included in the process. If you
 have no objections, my J7 is prepared to conduct interviews with your staff on a
 recurring basis, to include your Senior MA and you as desired.

• The results will be periodically compiled and forwarded for your review.

COORDINATION: NONE

Attachment: As stated

Copy to: DepSecDef USD(P) USD(AT&L)

USD(AT&L)

Prepared By: BG Mark P. Hertling, USA; Director, J-7

U03393**%/03**

February 18, 2003 9:42 AM

TO:

Paul Wolfowitz

Gen. Myers Gen. Pace LTG Craddock Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Lessons Learned

When the lessons learned from the Iraq effort gets underway, and I assume that is soon, I want to make sure all of us keep good notes, so we can feed into that process.

The previous times there were lessons learned, nobody checked with me. I don't know if they checked with Paul, General Myers or General Pace, but we sure want to get our ideas, concerns and corrections into the process.

Please advise.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 021803-8

Please respond by 02/28/93

February 18, 2003 9:42 AM

TO:

Paul Wolfowitz

Gen. Myers Gen. Pace LTG Craddock Larry Di Rita

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld V

SUBJECT:

Lessons Learned

When the lessons learned from the Iraq effort gets underway, and I assume that is soon, I want to make sure all of us keep good notes, so we can feed into that process.

₹

The previous times there were lessons learned, nobody checked with me. I don't know if they checked with Paul, General Myers or General Pace, but we sure want to get our ideas, concerns and corrections into the process.

Please advise.

Thanks.

DHR:dh 021803-8

Please respond by 02/28/93

1550203

4:17 PM

TO:

Gen. Richard Myers

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

DATE:

February 1, 2003

SUBJECT:

We need to pull up all the authorities that Ed Eberhart has as Commander of Northern Command and have a piece-by-piece review. We should not have the same authorities for the Northern Command that we do for the other areas of responsibility. There is an enormous difference.

I would like a review of how this space shuttle accident was handled precisely.

Then I want to have lessons learned and a recommendation as to how we need to rearrange the authorities so that we have the proper lines in the chain of command.

Thanks,

DHR/szn 030103.11

Please respond by: __

2 15 03

Douth Cary

March 18, 2003 5:32 PM

TO:

Pete Aldridge

Michael Wynne

CC:

Gen. Myers

FROM:

Donald Rumsfeld

SUBJECT: Defense Contract Management Agency

Here is an analysis of the Defense Contract Management Agency the Joint Staff has completed. I have not read it.

Please review it and let the Chairman and me know if there is any particular action required.

Thanks.

Attach.

3/14/03 CJCS Action memo re: 2002 Combat Support Agency Review Team (CSART) Assessment of the Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA) [U03535/03]

DHR:dh 031803-9

Please respond by 4/18/3



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999

ACTION MEMO

CM-838-03 14 March 2003

FOR: SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

DepSec Action

FROM: General Richard B. Myers, CJC Spull 3 14

SUBJECT: 2002 Combat Support Agency Review Team (CSART) Assessment of the Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA)

- Title 10, United States Code, section 193, requires a biennial assessment of the combat support agencies' responsiveness and readiness to support operating forces in the event of war or threat to national security.
- DCMA became a combat support agency on 27 March 2000. This is the first ever CSART of DCMA. The CSART determined that DCMA is ready to execute its mission to support the operating forces and is responsive to the current requirements of our combatant commands with minor shortfalls.
- I have forwarded the report to the relevant parties for information and have already directed the implementation of those report recommendations within my authority (TAB B). Attached for your information is a copy of the DCMA executive summary (TAB C).

RECOMMENDATION: Request your signature on the enclosed proposed memorandum (TAB A) forwarding the summary of findings for implementation.

COORDINATION: TAB D

Attachments:

As stated

Prepared By: LtGen James E. Cartwright, USMC; Director, J-8.

-1
43/17



THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

1000 DEFENSE PENTAGON WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1000

MEMORANDUM FOR: UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR ACQUISITION,
TECHNOLOGY, AND LOGISTICS
DIRECTOR, DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT
AGENCY

SUBJECT: 2002 Combat Support Agency Review Team (CSART) Assessment of the Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA)

Title 10, United States Code, section 193, requires the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to conduct a biennial assessment of combat support agencies' responsiveness and readiness to support operating forces in the event of war or threat to national security.

The CSART conducted the DCMA assessment in calendar year 2002 that contains specific recommendations for improving DCMA readiness, and has my support for implementation. A summary of findings and recommendations is enclosed.

I commend the Director, DCMA, for the contingency contract administration support during Operation ENDURING FREEDOM, which is a combat multiplier, releasing military members to perform critical battlefield functions. Addressees should provide the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff an update on all recommendations within 3 months and a complete status prior to the next scheduled CSART assessment of DCMA in June 2004.

Attachments As stated



```
Copy to:
  USD(P&R)
  CJCS
  CSA
  CNO
  CSAF
  CMC
  Commander, USCENTCOM
  Commander, USEUCOM
  Commander, USJFCOM
  Commander, USNORTHCOM
  Commander, USPACOM
  Commander, USSOUTHCOM
  Commander, USSOCOM
  Commander, USSTRATCOM
  Commander, USTRANSCOM
  Director for Operations, Joint Staff
  Director for Logistics, Joint Staff
  Director for Operational Plans and
     Joint Force Development, Joint
     Staff
```

ENCLOSURE

DCMA SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

*	FINDING	RECOMMENDATION SUMMARY	LEAD ACTION
<u>-</u>	Lack of full integration of DCMA functions	a. Educate the combatant and the component commands	-
	at the combatant commands impedes	on DCMA's service offering and capabilities for	DCMA
	DCMA's ability to execute its combat	contingency contract administration.	
	support mission,	 b. Assign a representative to liaise with each combatant 	Director,
		command to ensure DCMA is part of all planning and	DCMA
		deployments.	
		c. Increase liaison officer (LNO) engagement of	Director,
		component command staffs to coordinate issues germane	DCMA
		to the combatant commander.	
		d. Coordinate with Joint Staff, J3, to monitor timely	Director,
		receipt of deployment orders.	DCMA
		e. Place DCMA as an addressee on all future planning	Joint Staff, J3
		orders for coordination or information.	
6	DCMA's fill rate for military manpower is	a. Coordinate with the Office of the USD(P&R) and the	USD(AT&L)
	75 percent of authorization.	Services to assess the number of military authorizations	
		necessary to achieve DCMA mission accomplishment	
		using the Defense Agency Manpower Review Process.	
		This review should include existing Service component	
		contingency contracting capability, already committed to	
		the combatant commander's OPLAN, to perform the	
		Contingency Contract Administrative Support (CCAS)	
		mission.	
		 b. Assess the impact of military fill rate on DCMA's 	Director,
		ability to perform its CCAS missions and submit as a	DCMA
		readiness deficiency, as appropriate.	
ю	Insufficient joint doctrine and policy	a. In coordination with Joint Staff, J4, develop joint	Joint Staff, J7
	concerning contractor support on the	doctrine and procedures for contractor utilization on the	
	battlefield hampers the combatant	battlefield and contingency contracting support,	
	commander's ability to efficiently employ	standardizing the terms of reference, definitions of	
	and manage contractor assets in the area	responsibilities and employment.	
	of responsibility.		

Enclosure

Enclosure

*	FINDING	RECOMMENDATION SUMMARY	LEAD ACTION
છ	Continued	b. In coordination with Joint Staff, J4, develop joint doctrine and procedures that outline the roles and responsibilities for joint task force or theater special operations command when they are designated the operational lead.	Joint Staff, J7
4	Lack of a process at the combatant command level impacts management of contractor and associated personnel information in the area of responsibility.	a. In coordination with principal contracting officers for the theater executive agent for contracting, predesignate the appropriate contract administration agent; DCMA or Service component for theater contracts in their OPLANs and CONPLANs. b. In coordination with the Joint Staff, J4, develop guidance for the CCAS teams to advise the joint commander within the AOR on contractor issues, visibility of contractors, and integration of contractor capability.	Combatant commanders Director, DCMA
ည်	DCMA lacks an approved Agency Mission Essential Task List (AMETL) and associated metrics to objectively assess agency readiness to support contingency contracting missions and focus agency training.	Develop, approve and submit to the Joint Staff, J7, the AMETL and the metrics required to validate the missions.	Director, DCMA
ဖ်	DCMA has not identified and trained sufficient personnel to meet DCMA's anticipated requirement for deployment of CCAS Teams.	a. Enforce an emergency essential clause as a condition of employment for employees in skills that are necessary for initial response team (IRT) and CCAS deployment. b. Review manning and equipment requirements for future IRT and CCAS missions (to include an assessment as to whether some CCAS missions can be accomplished using existing Service component contracting assets as a mean of mitigating possible manning and equipment shortfalls) and prepare to support them or identify the shortfall as a Joint Quarterly Readiness Report deficiency.	Director, DCMA Director, DCMA
		c. Define unit type codes for the initial response and contingency contract administration support teams for utilization in the Global Status of Resources and Training database.	Director, DCMA

*	FINDING	RECOMMENDATION SUMMARY	LEAD ACTION
7	7. DCMA CCAS teams require additional	a. Review the length of the BSC training program and	Director,
	training on the Balkan Support Contract	revise it as required to ensure administrative contract	DCMA
	(BSC) before deployment to the AOR.	officers are fully trained on the BSC before deployment.	
		b. Develop rotation policy that maximizes productive	Director,
		time that continues to be consistent with USEUCOM	DCMA
		deployment policies for the AOR.	



CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20318-9999

CM-839-03 14 March 2003

MEMORANDUM FOR: Distribution List

Subject: 2002 Combat Support Agency Review Team (CSART) Assessment of

the Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA)

1. Title 10, United States Code, section 193, requires a biennial assessment of the combat support agencies' responsiveness and readiness to support operating forces in the event of war or threat to national security. The CSART recently completed its assessment of DCMA.

- 2. DCMA is ready to execute its mission to support the operating forces as specified in current operations and concept plans, and is responsive to the current requirement of our combatant commands. A summary of the findings and the executive summary of the report have been forwarded to the Secretary of Defense. Under CJCSI 3401.01C, 1 October 2002, combatant commanders should utilize the results of this assessment to support the assessment of DCMA's readiness to support respective commands.
- 3. The enclosed specific recommendations to improve DCMA's readiness have my full support for implementation. The Joint Staff has initiated actions as a result of the assessment. A copy of the final report is enclosed for your information; formal tasking from the Office of the Secretary of Defense will be provided later.

RICHARD B! MYERS

Chairman

of the Joint Chiefs of Staff

Enclosure

DISTRIBUTION LIST

Copies

Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics 1	
Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness1	
Commander, USCENTCOM1	
Commander, USEUCOM	
Commander, USJFCOM1	
Commander, USNORTHCOM1	
Commander, USPACOM1	
Commander, USSOUTHCOM1	
Commander, USSOCOM1	
Commander, USSTRATCOM1	
Commander, USTRANSCOM1	
Operations Deputy, US Army1	
Operations Deputy, US Navy1	
Operations Deputy, US Air Force1	
Operations Deputy, US Marine Corps1	
Director, Defense Contract Management Agency 1	
Director for Operations, Joint Staff1	
Director for Logistics, Joint Staff	
Director for Operational Plans and Joint Force	
Development, Joint Staff1	



COMBAT SUPPORT AGENCY REVIEW TEAM ASSESSMENT OF THE



DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY

(20 Pages)

March - October 2002

Information Cutoff Date: 18 October 2002

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	CHAPTER TITLE	PAGE
	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	ii
J	CSART PURPOSE AND ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY	I-1
	PART 1 CSART Purpose and Authority	1-1
	PART 2 Assessment Methodology	1-2
11	DCMA PROFILE	II-1
111	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	111-1
	PART 1 General	111-1
	PART 2 Findings and Recommendations	111-1
	CONTINGENCY OPERATIONS	111-1
	DELIBERATE AND CRISIS PLANNING SUPPORT	JII-4
	EXERCISE AND TRAINING SUPPORT	111-7
	SECURITY COOPERATION SUPPORT	III-7
	CONTINGENCY CONTRACTING SUPPORT	III-7

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

COMBAT SUPPORT AGENCY REVIEW TEAM (CSART) 2002 REPORT ON THE DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY (DCMA)

Combat Support Agency Review. The CSART assessed the readiness and responsiveness of the DCMA to support the operating forces under the authority granted the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff pursuant to Title 10, United States Code, section 193. DCMA is one of the seven designated combat support agencies that can be tasked to directly support a combatant commander. In the role of a combat support agency, DCMA provides intheater contingency contract administration services to several ongoing operations. While contractor support on the battlefield allows uniformed personnel to concentrate on core military responsibilities, doctrine has not been fully developed. Contract administration provides the oversight necessary to assure that contractor support is performed to specification, and in a timely and agile manner. DCMA is the quality-control link between the combatant command and the contractor. One should note that combat support constitutes only about 5 percent of DCMA's mission; the agency's primary work is in support of the Defense acquisition community, an area of study beyond the purview of CSART.

Combat Readiness. DCMA is ready and responsive to provide contingency contracting with minor shortfalls. These include a lack of knowledge within the combatant commands about the services and capabilities offered by DCMA; insufficient doctrine and policy concerning the management of contracts and contractors on the battlefield; DCMA liaison; and contingency contract administration support (CCAS) team manning, equipping and training.

Combatant commands are generally unaware of DCMA's services and capabilities because they delegate contingency contract administration to a component command designated as an executive agent within the AOR. Additionally, at the component command level, only a small number of staff personnel are familiar with the services and support capabilities DMCA offers. DCMA needs a comprehensive plan for educating combatant and component commands about what support it brings to the battlefield. ¹

Contingency Contract Support. DCMA provides direct support to combatant commands by administering external theater support contracts like the Logistics Civil Augmentation Program (LOGCAP), the Air Force Contract Augmentation Program (AFCAP), and the Balkan Support Contract (BSC). DCMA administers these contracts upon the principal contract officer (PCO) delegating authority to DCMA. In coordination with the PCO, DCMA deploys tailored CCAS teams to an AOR. These teams rely heavily on the use of both military and civilian personnel assigned to other billets at

¹ Defense Contract Management Agency CSART Internal Operation Assessment (IOA) Status Briefing, 13 May 2002.

DCMA. However, the fill rate of military billets at DCMA is 75 percent, and the continuing demands of global operations stress the organization. The Defense Agency Manpower Review Process should be used to assess the level of fill necessary to accomplish the DCMA mission.

Conclusions. To improve its readiness and responsiveness, DCMA needs to improve combatant command knowledge of the services and capabilities offered by increasing the liaison between DCMA and the combatant and component commands. An aggressive education of customers about what contracts DCMA supports, what should be expected when DCMA supports a contract, and the development of a metrics system to measure the effect DCMA has on theater readiness will improve customer support. DCMA should also continue its progress in resolving the employment, manning, training, composition and equipping issues surrounding CCAS teams. Finally, there is a recognized need for joint doctrine to guide future operations.

CHAPTER I

CSART PURPOSE AND ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY

PART 1 - CSART Purpose and Authority

Authority. CSART assessed the readiness and responsiveness of the DCMA to support the operating forces in accordance with title 10, United States Code, section 193. This law mandates three focus areas:

a. <u>Combat Readiness</u>. Paragraph 193(a) requires that "Periodically (and not less often than every two years) the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall submit to the

CSART Objective:

Make a determination with respect to the *responsiveness* and *readiness* of each agency to support operating forces in the event of war or threat to national security.

Secretary of Defense a report on the combat support agencies." Each report shall include "a determination with respect to the responsiveness and readiness of each agency to support operating forces in the event of war or threat to national security;" and "any recommendations that the Chairman considers appropriate." The law requires a review of "the plans of each such agency with respect to its support of operating forces in the event of a war or threat to national security..." and grants the Chairman, with the approval of the Secretary of Defense, the authority to "take steps to provide for any revision of those plans that the Chairman considers appropriate."

- b. <u>Participation in Joint Exercises</u>. Paragraph 193(b) requires the Chairman to "provide for the participation of the combat support agencies in joint training exercises to the extent necessary to ensure that those agencies are capable of performing their support missions," and to "assess the performance in joint training exercises of each such agency," and to "take steps to provide for any change that the Chairman considers appropriate to improve that performance."³
- c. Readiness Reporting System. Paragraph 193(c) requires the Chairman to "develop ... a uniform system for reporting to the Secretary of Defense, the commanders of the unified and specified combatant commands, and the Secretaries of the military departments concerning the readiness of each such agency to perform with respect to a war or threat to national security." Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Instruction (CJCSI) 3401.01C, 1 October 2002, "Chairman's Readiness System," directs combat support agencies to submit a Joint Quarterly Readiness Review (JQRR).

Chapter I

¹ Title 10, United States Code, Section 193, (a) (1).

² Ibid. (a) (2).

 $^{^3}$ Ibid. (b)

⁴ Ibid. (c).

PART 2 - Assessment Methodology

Assessment Methodology. The CSART conducted its assessment in accordance with the procedures in CJCSI 3460.01, 14 January 2002, "Combat Support Agency Review Team Assessments." Detailed findings and recommendations are contained in Chapter 3. The CSART visited selected combatant commands and the component commands tasked to be the executive agent for contingency contracting in the AOR. The combatant commands provided the over-arching view of operations in the AOR, while the component commands gave the corresponding contract sustainment and logistics perspective. The CSART also visited the PMs for the LOGCAP, AFCAP, and the BSC. These three contracts are the primary vehicles for logistics, infrastructure and sustainment support during contingency operations.

Assessment Areas. To arrive at an overall conclusion concerning DCMA readiness and responsiveness, the CSART assessed DCMA support of military operations of the combatant commanders in the following five assessment areas.

- a. <u>Contingency Operations Support</u>. The CSART assessed DCMA support to ongoing or recent contingency operations as a primary indicator of the readiness of the agency to support similar operations. The CSART assessed DCMA support of Kosovo Force (KFOR), Sustainment Force (SFOR) and Operation ENDURING FREEDOM. The CSART also evaluated the direct effect DCMA contract management had on the readiness of the combatant commands during contingency operations.
- b. <u>Deliberate and Crisis Planning Support</u>. The CSART assessed DCMA support to Joint Strategic Capabilities Plan (JSCP) and combatant command planning, supporting plans and internal contingency plans and planning capability on the presumption that such an agency capability enhances their readiness to execute assigned missions.
- c. Exercise and Training Support. The CSART assessed DCMA participation and performance in major exercises as an indicator of DCMA readiness to accomplish its mission in major combat operations. This included support and participation in combatant command, CJCS and internal exercises and training programs.
- d. <u>Security Cooperation Support</u>. The CSART identified no security cooperation issues germane to DCMA's mission.
- e. <u>Contingency Contracting Support</u>. The CSART assessed the readiness and responsiveness of DCMA to support combatant command readiness in contingency contracting support, DCMA's primary combat support mission.

Chapter I

CHAPTER II

DCMA PROFILE

DCMA Background. On 27 March 2000, DCMA was designated a combat support agency by the Secretary of Defense in DOD Directive 5105.64, 27 September 2000, "Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA)." Prior to that time, DCMA was a subordinate command of the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA). The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics (USD (AT&L)) provides oversight, supervision, direction, authority and control of DCMA.

a. The DCMA manages contracts awarded by the military Services, Defense agencies, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, other federal agencies and foreign governments that are delegated to the agency for administration. In its role as a combat support agency, DCMA provides CCAS to the combatant commands and their component commands across the full continuum of warfare, from humanitarian aid to major combat operations and from pre-contract award through the contract execution and closeout phases.

Although DCMA is a combat support agency, roughly 5 percent of its mission is in direct support of the combatant commanders through CCAS and 95 percent of its mission support is to the defense acquisition community PEO and PMs. The agency's purpose is to minimize risks to customers associated with both

DCMA Mission Statement

"Provide Customer Focused Acquisition Support and Contract Management Services to Ensure Warfighter Readiness, 24/7, Worldwide."

internal and external factors that affect on-time delivery of conforming products and services within cost according to contractual requirements. DCMA manages over 320,000 prime contracts with current work valued at over \$850 billion.²

b. DCMA was authorized 11,747 civilians full time equivalents (FTEs) and 625 military positions in Fiscal Year (FY) 2002. DCMA currently employs 10,823 civilians representing 92 percent of its FTE authorization and 471 military members, or 75 percent of its military authorization.³ The DCMA budget is approximately 90 percent appropriated funding and 10 percent reimbursable funding through foreign military sales (FMS) and other non-DOD customer support. The FY 2002 budget appropriation was \$927M and the FY 2003 budget request is for \$983M. Of the FY 2003 budget request, \$809M (82 percent) is dedicated to personnel funding. The DOD reimbursed DCMA

¹ Under Secretary of Defense memorandum, 1 October 2001, * Fiscal Year (FY) 2003-2007 Defense Contract Agency (DCMA) Program Objectives Memorandum (POM) and Budget Estimates Submission (BES)*

 $^{^2}$ Defense Contract Management Agency Transformation Roadmap, undated, page 2.

³ Agency In-Brief for DCMA CSART, chart 8 (Manning), dated 11 June 2002.

\$1.2M to fund Operation ENDURING FREEDOM CCAS requirements during FY 2002. In October 2002, DCMA identified FY 2003 funding requirements of \$4.92M, including \$3.3M for CCAS support and \$1.6M for counterterrorism. The agency laid out the continuing requirement below for FY 2004-2009 due to an increase of requirements for deployed CCAS teams to support Counterterrorism and Operation ENDURING FREEDOM requirements:

FY	FY 2004	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007	FY2008	FY2009
TOTAL	\$4.3M	\$5.7M	\$7.2M	\$8.6M	\$9M	\$9.4M

Mission. DCMA ensures that the contract logistics and sustainment support of the operating forces are provided through contract administration. Contract administration is a mechanism for combatant commanders to leverage the full capability of contractor support to assist in completing a major portion of the logistical mission of a contingency operation. Due to military downsizing and complex technical military weapon systems, the combatant and component commanders rely on contractor support to perform many logistical functions on the battlefield. Leveraging contractors allows military personnel to concentrate on core military responsibilities. Contract administration provides the oversight necessary to assure the contractor support on the battlefield is performed to specification, in a timely manner, and provides the agility to negotiate supplemental changes to respond to unforeseen situations. DCMA is the link between the command and the contractor that ensures contractor responsiveness to the needs of the command. In support of the warfighter, DCMA's draft Mission Essential Task list includes:

- a. Contract Management Services. DCMA contract management offices provide readiness information to buying agencies throughout the life of the contract. During the presolicitation phase of an acquisition, DCMA provides planning advice to help construct effective solicitations, identify potential risks, select capable contractors and write contracts that are easy to manage. After contract award, DCMA assesses contractors' systems to ensure they are controlling products, costs and schedules in compliance with the contract.⁴
- b. <u>Readiness and Delivery</u>. DCMA supports the readiness of the combatant forces by using its in-plant presence in industry to assure on-time, accelerated and expedited delivery of mission-essential equipment to the warfighter.⁵ Through this supply chain linkage, DCMA enables warfighter readiness.
- c. <u>Providing Industrial Analysis</u>. At the direction of the USD(AT&L), DCMA can provide the combatant commander information about the industrial base capability to support a contingency, planned or in execution. Based upon analysis results, logistics and operations can be linked to ensure supportability through contract accelerations or constraint imposition.

⁴ Defense Contract Management Agency Transformation Roadmap, undated, page2.

⁵ Ibid, page 15.

- d. <u>CCAS</u>. DCMA's mission of administering select contingency contracts for logistics and sustainment directly supports the warfighter and constitutes its primary combat support mission. The combatant commanders, through OPLANs and CONPLANs, assign this mission to DCMA. DCMA executes its CCAS mission through review and update of deliberate plans as a member of the Joint Planning and Execution Community (JPEC), and through deployment of CCAS teams in response to a crisis.
- (1) DCMA reviews OPLANs, CONPLANs and exercise plans to ensure resources (personnel and equipment) are available to meet the mission requirement. DCMA uses this information to evaluate training and deployment requirements for the personnel selected as CCAS team members. CCAS team members must be trained in contract administration as well as Basic Contingency Operations Training (BCOT) prior to deployment and they must be designated Emergency Essential (EE) DOD employees. The composition of the team is tailored to meet the requirements outlined by the combatant or component command when it is requested. DCMA has determined that the requirement for CCAS team support involves the fielding of teams to meet a

scenario involving one major combat operation (MCO), two lesser regional conflicts, and three immediate response teams for two 6-month rotations.

(2) Since 1993, DCMA (or the Defense Contract Management Command, DCMC, as they were designated while under DLA) has deployed more than 400 people in support of contingency operations. Currently, DCMA has 31 personnel deployed in support of ongoing contingency operations. Eighteen DCMA personnel are administering contracts worth \$442M to sustain Operation ENDURING FREEDOM in this FY alone.

Currently Deploy	<u>zed</u>
Country # Der	oloyed
Bosnia	6
Kosovo	7
Kuwait	4
Qatar	3
Uzbekistan	3
Philippines	3
Afghanistan	6
Republic of Georgia	2
Djibouti	1
TOTAL	31
As of 25 October 20	02

(3) DCMA provides combatant and their component commands with contingency contracting support only to one of the three elements of contingency contracting: External theater support contracts. External theater support contracts are those in which the supporting headquarters is outside of the mission area (e.g., LOGCAP, AFCAP, emergency construction capabilities contract, Civil Reserve Air Fleet, the BSC, and War Reserve contracts). 10

⁶ Defense Contract Management Agency Directive 1 (The One Book), Chapter 13.1 (Draft), Readiness Reporting, June 2002.

⁷ Ibid

 $^{^8}$ Agency In Brief, Support to Contingency Operations, 11 June 2002.

⁹ Agency provided information, 25 October 2002.

¹⁰ Joint Publication 4.0, Joint Logistics, Chapter V, Contractors on the Battlefield, 6 April 2000.

DCMA does not provide direct support to combatant commands for theater support ¹¹ or in-theater systems support contracting. ¹²

(4) Over the course of the SFOR, KFOR, and Operation ENDURING FREEDOM contingencies, DCMA has administered logistics and sustainment contracts in support of combatant commands. The chart below provides information showing the depth of DCMA support to recent and ongoing operations.¹³

Organization. HO DCMA is comprised of the following directorates: Contract Management Operations: Program Integration, Financial and Business Operations; Human Resources; Information Technology; Aircraft Operations; and the Special Staff. DCMA has three contract management districts: Defense Contract Management District East, Defense Contract Management District West,

LOCATION		SCOPE OF WORK					
Contingency Operation Name of contract Supported combatan) command	Comrad slan date	Contract total \$ value	# people (customers) served	Contractors	CCAS team		
SFOR Balkan Support Contract* USEUCOM	Nov-95	2.5B	3,124/day 8,260/day	6,1 2 7 10,939	-6		
KFOR Balkan Support Contract* USEUCOM	Nov-95		5,136/day	4,812	7		
Operation Enduring Freedom LOGCAP USCENTCOM	Apr-02	fABr	1,850	295	6		
Operation Enduring Freedom LOGCAP USPACOM	Jan-02	20M	~1,300	391	1		
Operation Enduring Freedom AFCAP USCENTCOM	Feb-02	403M	14	1	1		

and Defense Contract Management District International. Each district office is responsible for contracts in their respective area.

a. The districts oversee 65 subordinate Contract Management Offices (CMOs) that are responsible for the work performed at over 900 operating locations worldwide. The CMOs manage contracts within specific geographic areas and within contractor's plants. Their management duties include daily, on-site surveillance of contractor processes, systems and program specific concerns that cannot be viewed by off-site agencies. ¹⁴ The employees at the district offices provide readiness information to military buying agencies during the acquisition cycle and throughout the life of the contract.

¹¹ Theater Support Contracting refers to support given to the combatant commands from sources within the mission area or through pre-arranged host-nation support contracts with regional businesses or vendors (e.g. trash removal, fresh produce delivery, fuels, utilities, etc.).

¹² In-Theater Systems Support Contracting refers to contractors that support deployed forces with prearranged contracts awarded by Service Program Managers to meet specific system needs (e.g. Abrams Tank or Apache Helicopter contractor support, communications, or C2 infrastructure, etc.). In-Theater System Support Contracting is usually an arrangement made among a Program Manager, a manufacturer or maintenance provider, and a unit. The relationship is often habitual and DCMA does not administer these contracts.

¹³ Agency provided information.

¹⁴ Deputy Secretary of Defense memorandum, 12 April 2002, "Defense Agency Performance Plans"